Markets for Environmental Services from Forests: Local Perspectives

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Who lives in the forest?

Livelihood source	Main economic activity
Forest Resources	Hunters and gatherers
	Shifting cultivators
	Herders
Forest	Artesan traders and small
Commodities	entrepreneurs
	Forest industry employees
Farming	Landless workers
	Poor farmers
	Wealthier farmers

Opportunities for local people

- * New income sources
- Improve land productivity
- * Improve local environment
- * Training for commercial activity
- * Local institutional development



Risks for local people

- Loss of land use rights
- Loss of rights to harvested products or environmental services
- Loss of land ownership rights
- * Loss of employment



How to minimize risks

- Strong local input in project design
- Transparency in contracts and distribution of benefits
- * Tailor to local conditions
- Clearly define and enforce land and resource rights of local people



Implications for the design of markets

- Use Social Impact Assessments
- Provide incentives to pursue multiple benefits
- Pursue forest resource management options that clearly benefit local livelihoods
- Work with intermediaries to reduce transaction costs of local participation
- * Strengthen capacity of local people



Markets for environmental services could help the poor...

... by paying them for the real services they provide as forest stewards.

