Dealing with fraud in the forest sector

Arthur Blundell, PhD Natural Capital Advisors, LLC Forest Trends

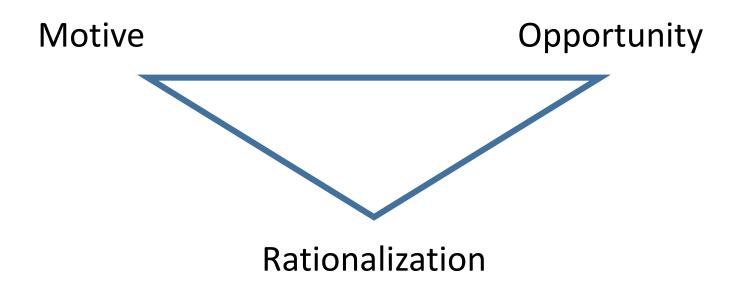
art@naturalcapitaladvisors.com

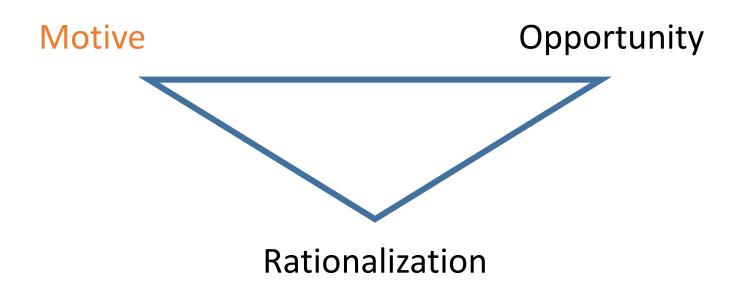


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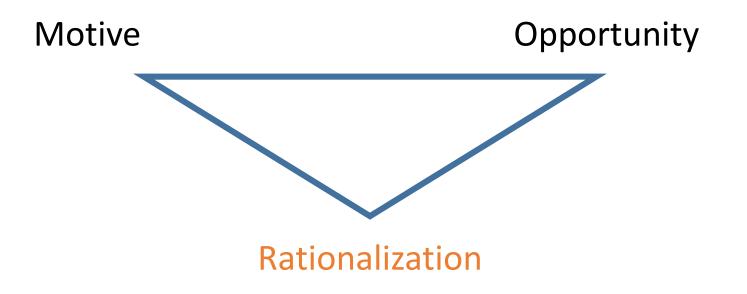
- deception intended to result in personal gain
 - \circ act or omission
 - \circ knowingly or recklessly
 - \odot financial or other benefit
 - $\odot\,\text{or}$ to avoid an obligation

• deception intended to result in personal gain





Legal does not differ in quality from illegal, so customer derives no additional benefit despite increased cost Public good, often seen as "no-one is harmed"....



British Columbia, Canada

• Logging \rightarrow gov't revenue \$1.3 billion / year

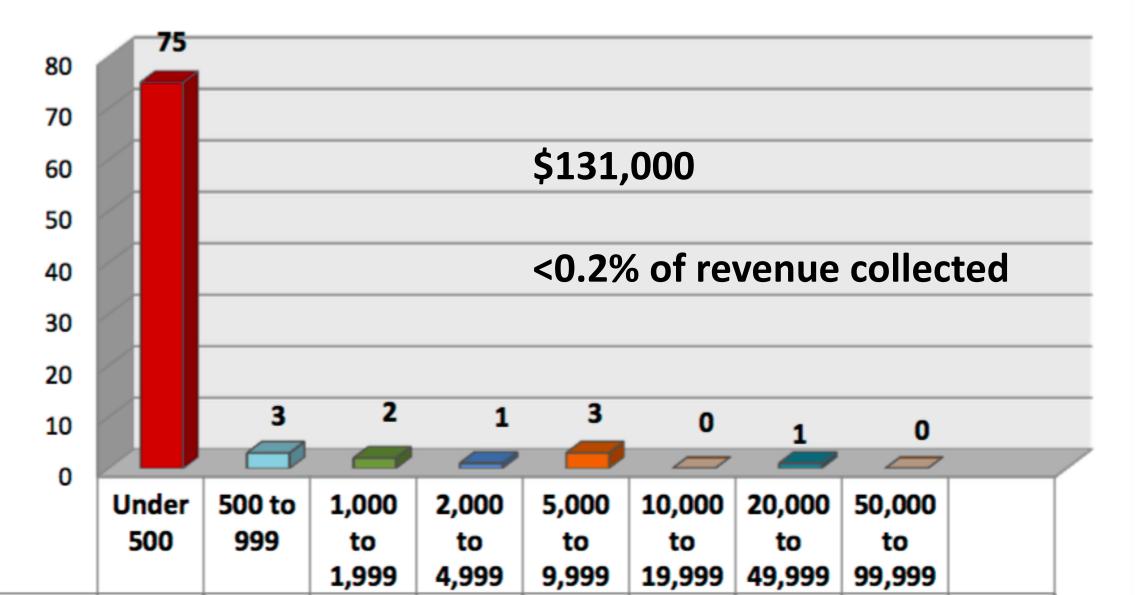
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	Reports	Bulletin 018 - Fire Hazard Assessment Eye on BC's Forests - Summer 2016 Selkirk Natural Resource District - Woodlot =	Mapview
	Recommendations	Selkirk Natural Resource District - Woodlot	
	Annual reports	What to expect during a Board compliance auditImage: Compliance auditSelkirk Natural Resource District - WoodlotImage: Compliance audit	Publication Date All Years

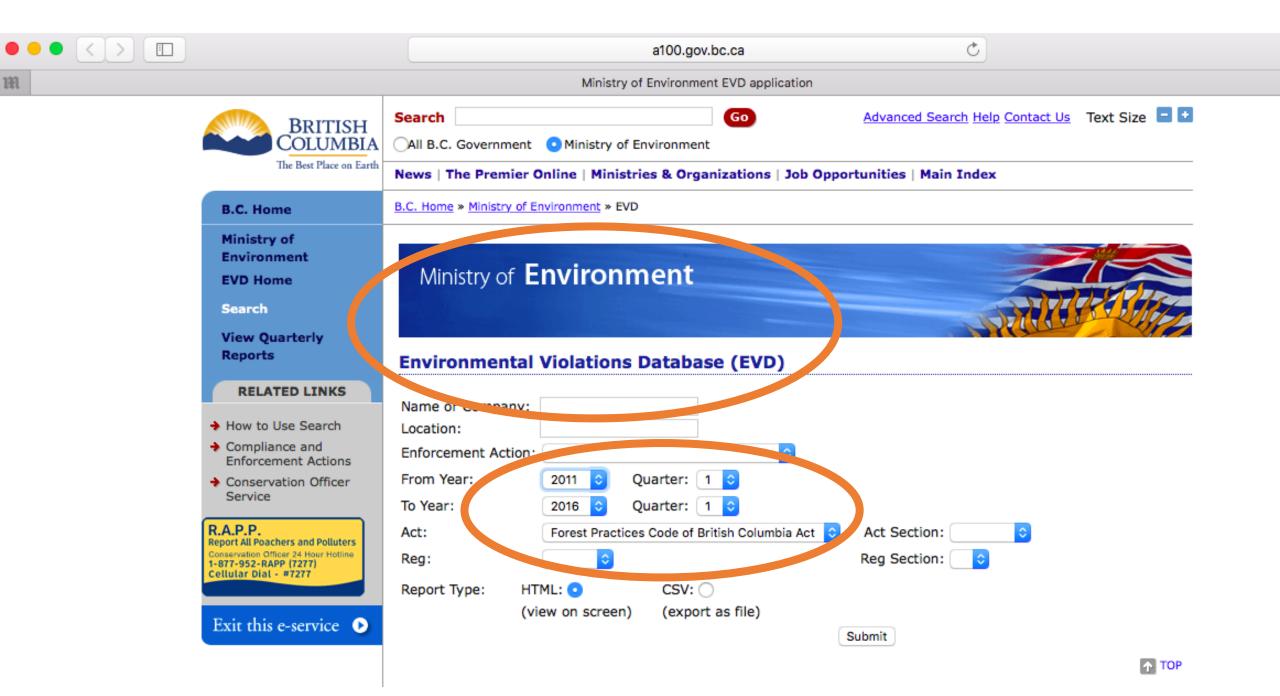
Enforcement in BC logging industry

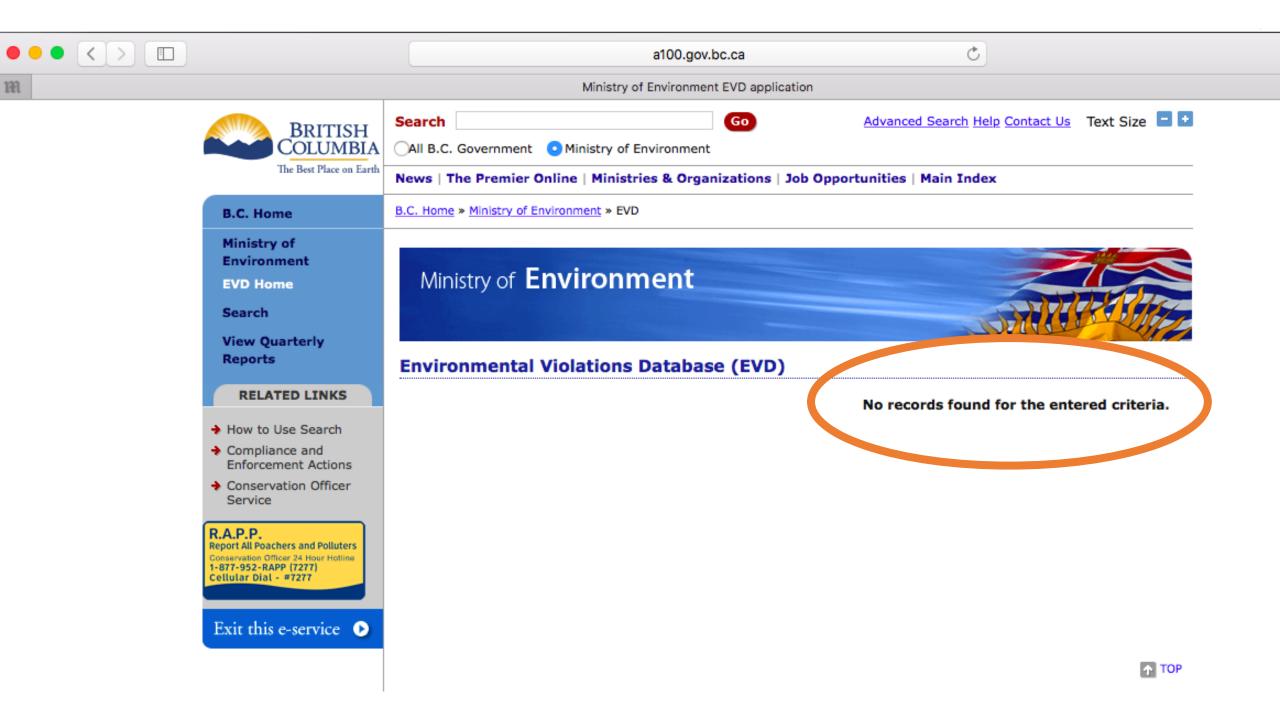
- Gov't revenue \$1.3 billion / yr
- Enforcement
 - \odot > 2000 inspections
 - $_{\odot}\,{\sim}15\%$ out of compliance
 - \circ < 5% fines



Monetary Penalties by Case Total: 85





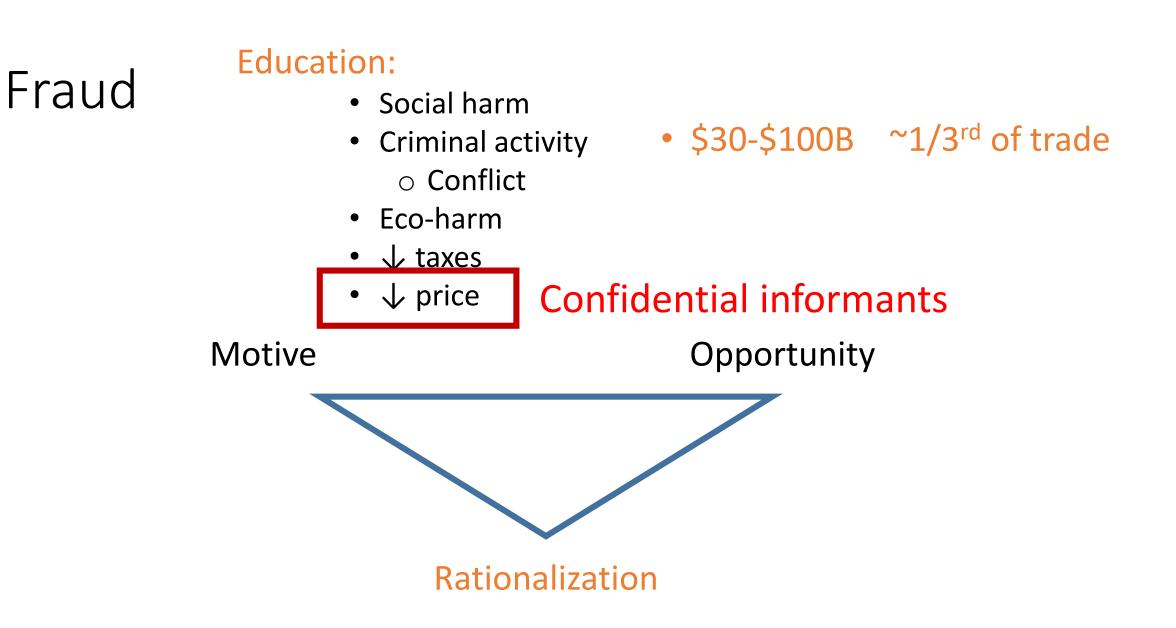


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Enforcement in BC logging industry

- Govt revenue \$1.3 billion
- Enforcement
 - \circ < 5% fines
 - Maximum fines = \$131,000
 - 5% = \$65 million

Overdue book fines at the Vancouver Public Library \$713,685



Transaction Cost of Forest Utilization Licenses: Institutional Issues

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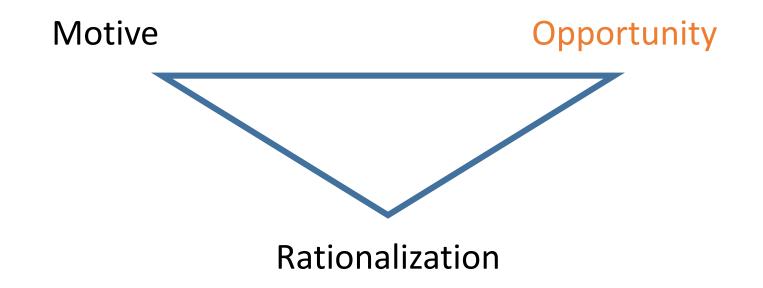
Received August 11, 2015/Accepted December 6, 2015

Abstract

Forest resource management has a characteristic of high transaction cost particularly due to lack of valid information and policy process. Such characteristic requires unique institution to ensure an effective policy implementation. This study shows that state has inadequate control over forests and forest governance, extra-legal access, as well as patron-client relationships as the causes of the high transaction costs. Consequently, more and more the natural production forests are degraded and this does not only cause loss of state revenue from natural resources, but also a bankruptcy of corporations which exploit natural production forests. Most of those natural forest assets turned into resources for producing and reproducing a rival institution or extra-legal power, rendering official state institutions incapable of controlling transaction costs. Therefore, changes and improvements of the licensing arrangements need to be supported by the political elites and elite government officials in order to break the historical influence as well as to serve as a new platform for mid-level employees and government officers in implementing the national forest utilization policy.

 \circ Removing opportunity

- What can authorities do?
- What can authorities ask companies to do...?



Fraud in the seafood trade

- 1 in 5 samples mislabeled

 63% clear economic motivation
 58% were spp. that pose a health risk
- Found at every level of the supply chain

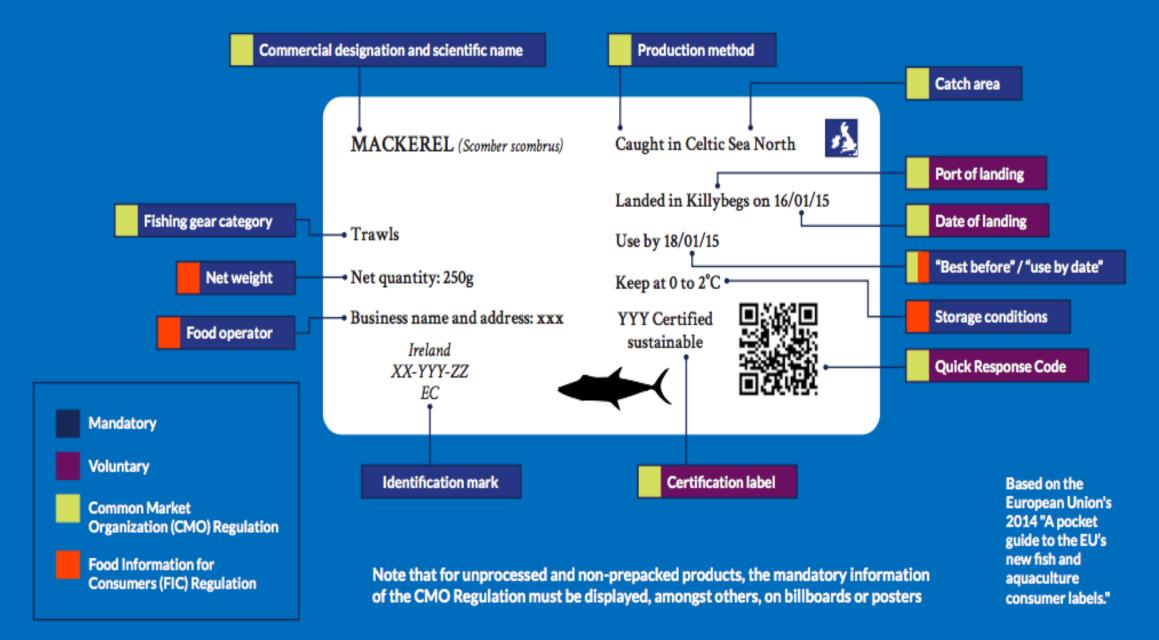
Deceptive Dishes: Seafood Swaps Found Worldwide



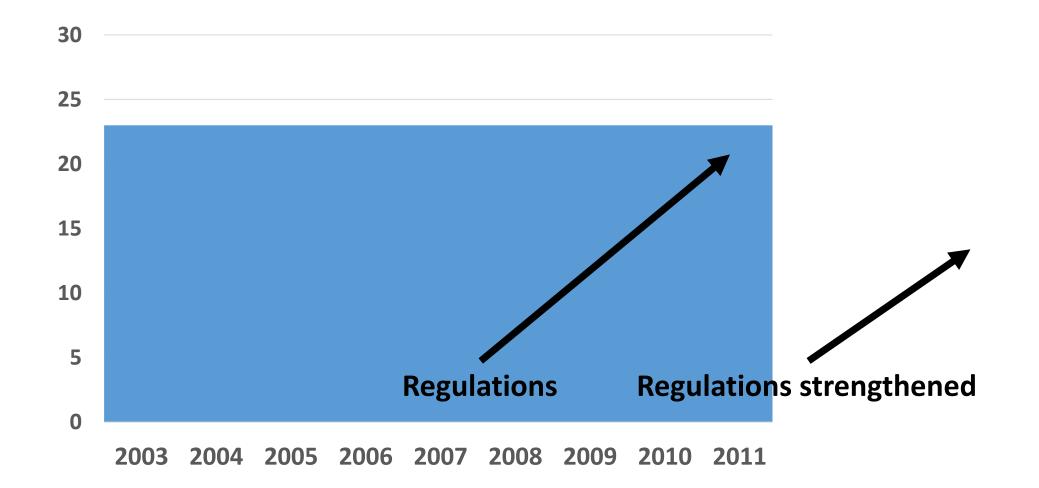
EU response

• Mandatory labelling

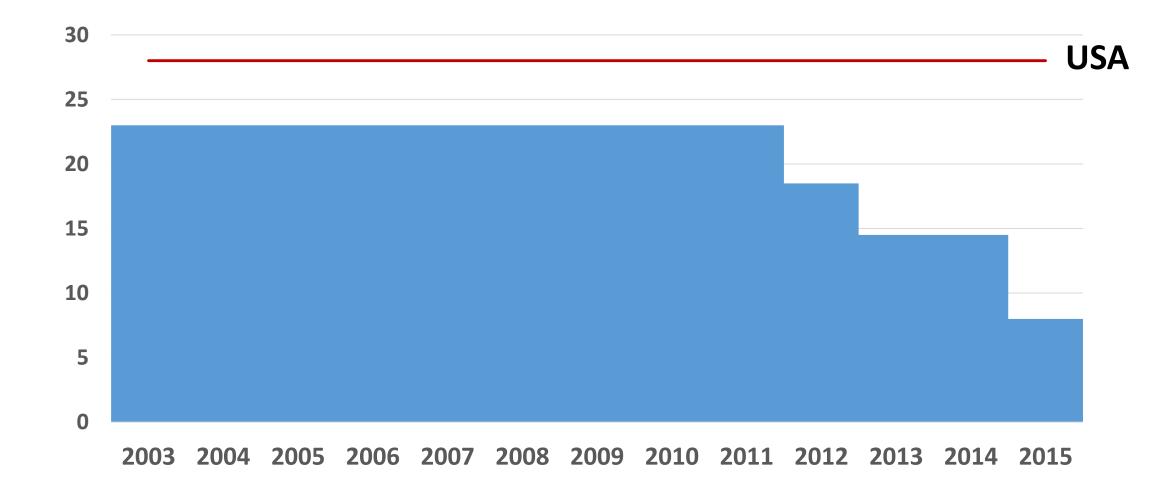
Example of label for an unprocessed and prepacked fresh product



% of fish mislabeled in the EU



% of fish mislabeled



Fraud in the timber sector

- If laundered, doesn't have to be smuggled
- Certification
 - \odot Voluntary benefit of the doubt
 - \odot Paradox: only works when legal system is fairly good
 - ~10% in poorly governed countries
- Self-assessment/self-declaration

Types of fraud in the timber sector

- Document fraud
 - Falsified permits (laundering)
 - Mislabeling (provenance; species; size/age...)
 - Concession license
 - Regulatory compliance
 - ✤ ESIA
 - Consultation + compensation to locals
 - Transportation; export; CITES; FLEGT-VPA

Genuine, but:

- obtained through corruption
- recycled
- \odot False invoicing (tax evasion)
 - Mislabeling (under-declaration of volumes; values...)
 - Transfer *mis*-pricing

What can be done?

- Buyers have always questioned their suppliers
 - $\circ \operatorname{Cost}$
 - \circ Quality
 - Consistency
 - Volumes
 - $\circ \, \text{Delivery}$
- Risk
 - Contract-based
 Reputation
 History

Risk = Likelihood X Impact

What can be done?

- Understand risk
 - $\circ \textbf{Product}$
 - Pulp vs. timber vs. finished products
 - Remoteness vs. mills
 - Traceability
 - \circ Country
 - National-level risk index
 - Regional variation
 - Sector variation

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What can be done?

- Understand risk
 - $\circ\, \text{Company}$
 - Policy

Does the company have a plan to deal with risk (avoid all but acceptable risk; then mitigate)

- Is it board approved?
- How is it implemented?
- Due diligence
- Chain of custody
 - Disclosure/reporting
- Audits
- 3rd party reports

Does the company take corrective actions?

Due diligence

• Evaluate documents

 \odot Corroborate with issuing authority

- Does the permit appear genuine?
 - Does it look right?
 - Is it merely a photocopy?
 - Can you confirm from issuer that the company has been assigned this permit?



WELCOME TO THE FSC PUBLIC SEARCH

We have updated the look and feel of the public search. From now on this replaces the old certificate search. This is the one stop for inquiries about certificates and their status. **Updates to the data can take up to 24 hours.**

Search for license code (FSC-C/FSC-P/FSC-N followed by 6 digits)

Certificate Search

PUBLIC SEARCH HOME

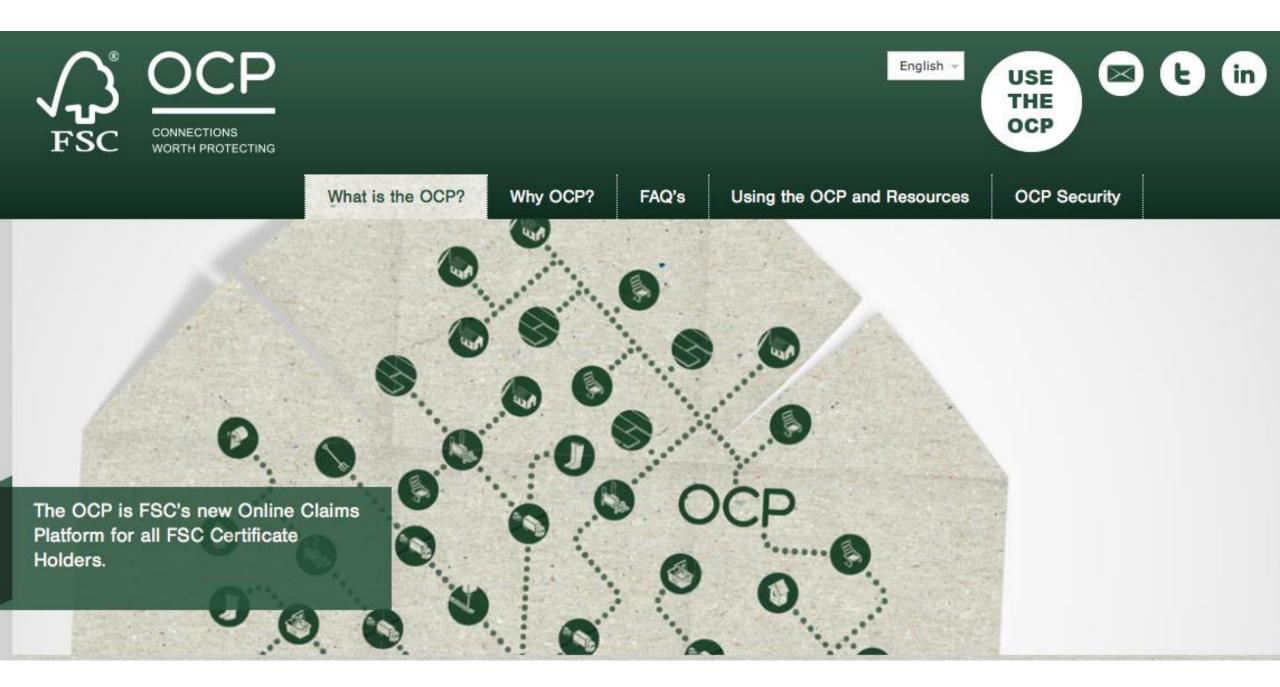


Due diligence

• Evaluate documents

 \odot Corroborate with issuing authority

Does the issuer have internal controls to manage fraud?



Due diligence

- Evaluate documents
- Evaluate data

Provenance (range; density of trees;...)

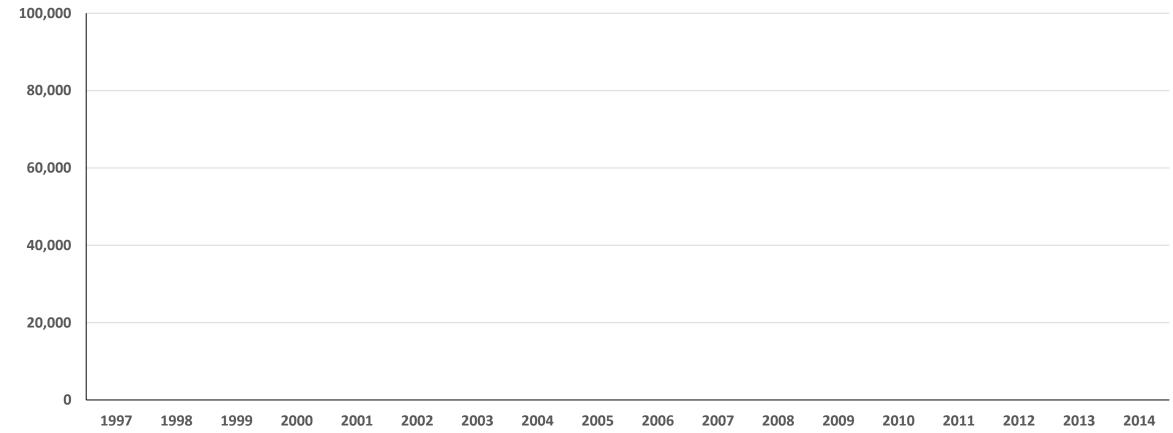
- Is this a new product/new supplier?
- Is the tree species found in that country?
- Does the supplier have more product (volume) than they should?
- Are conversion rates (*e.g.*, wood chips \rightarrow pulp; m³ \rightarrow veneer) too low?

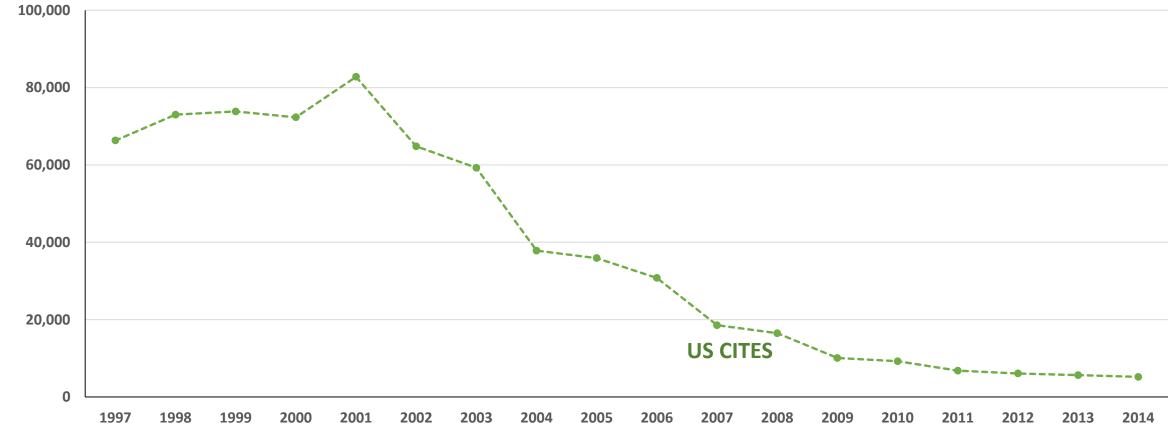
o Transport route (mills; ports;...)

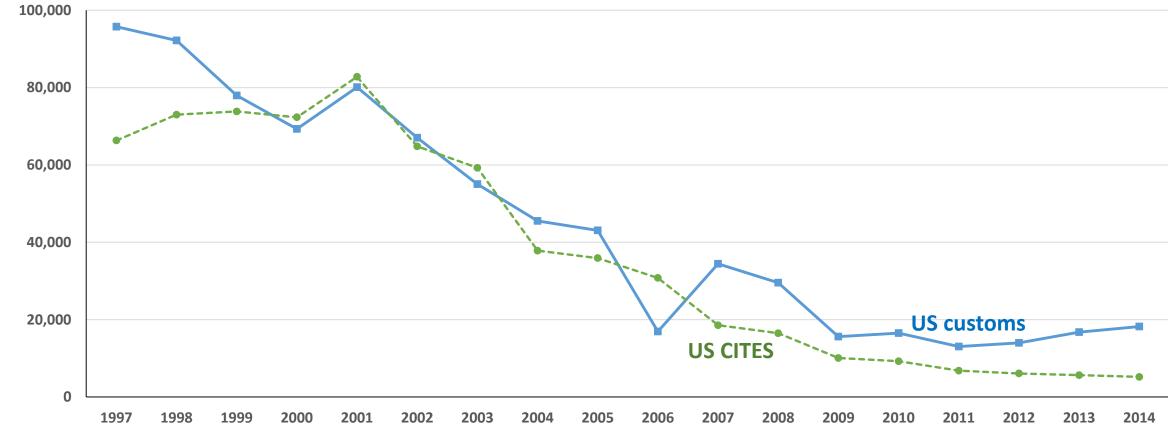
- Is it likely that the mill would have such a supply?
- Does the transportation route make sense?

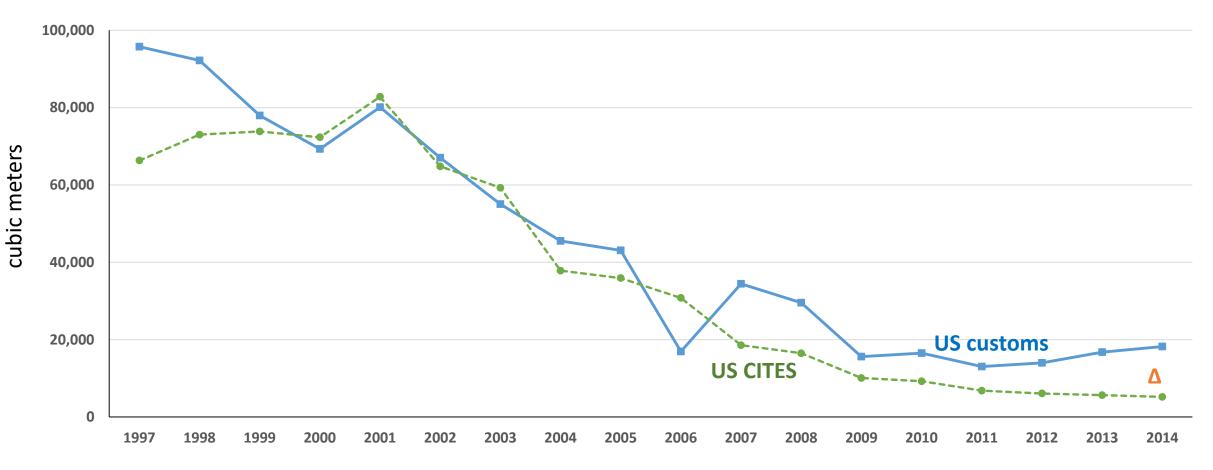
 \circ Price

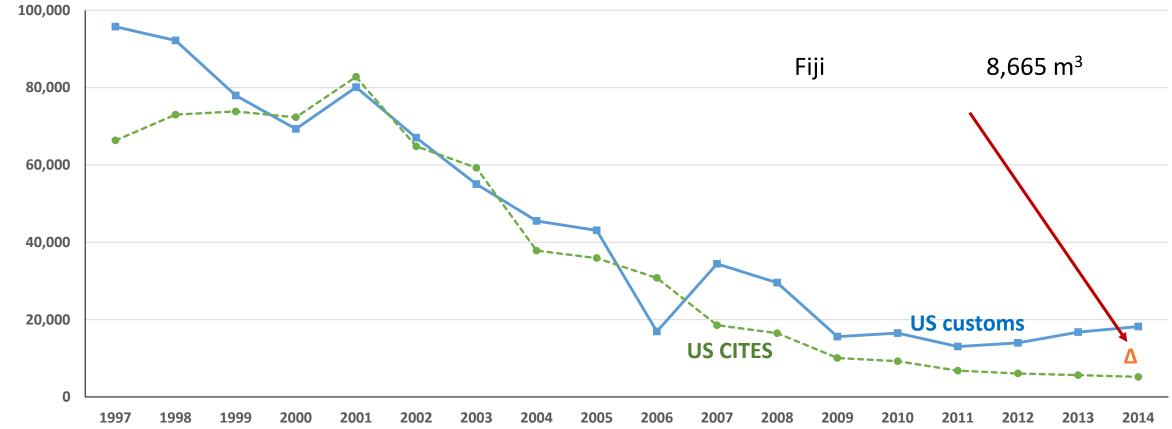
• Compare to (*e.g.*,) ITTO's market price for national marketplace

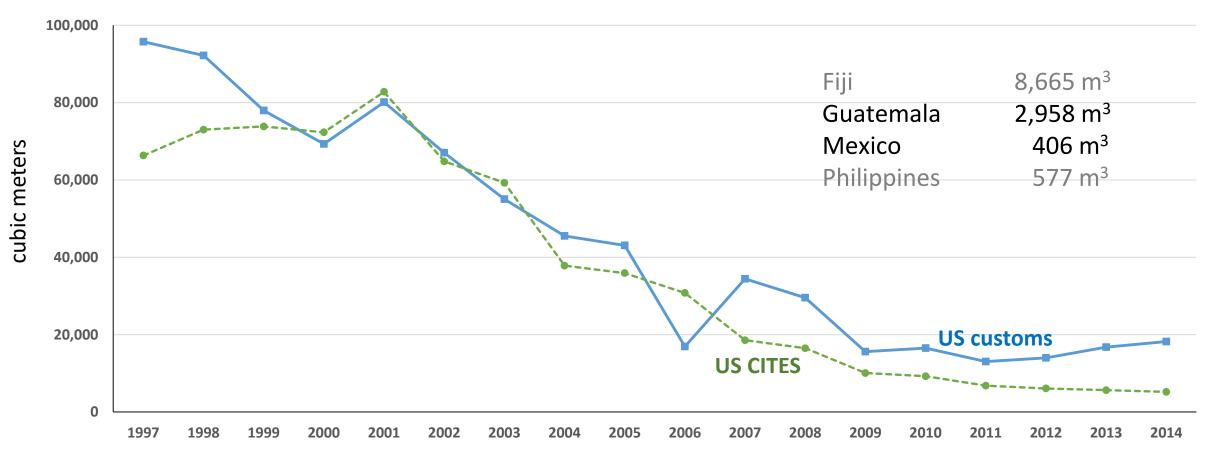


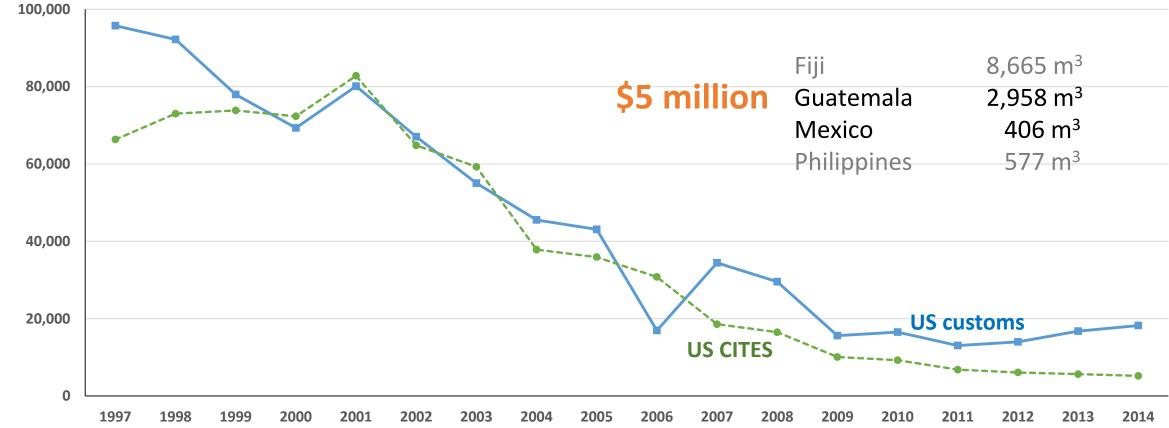












Investigating fraud

Case theory

- analyze \rightarrow hypothesize
 - ${\rm \circ}\,$ informed assumptions
 - Past misconduct/prior complaints
 - Weak controls
 - High risk
 - Unusual patterns



Investigating fraud

Case theory

- test against the facts
 - \circ elements of proof
 - Internal investigation:
 - evaluate the allegations
 - conduct background checks
 - External investigation:
 - interviews
 - confidential informants
 - interview the primary suspect

Investigating fraud

Case theory

 $\,\circ\,$ refine until reasonable conclusions can be drawn

Remember: hypothesis \rightarrow amend or abandon....

Proving fraud

- Knowledge
 - \circ Direct
 - Testimony of co-conspirators
 - Documentary evidence (incriminating email)
 - \circ Circumstantially
 - Altered documents
 - Demonstrated lies
 - \odot Pattern of 'errors'