

MINING & NO NET LOSS IN MADAGASCAR

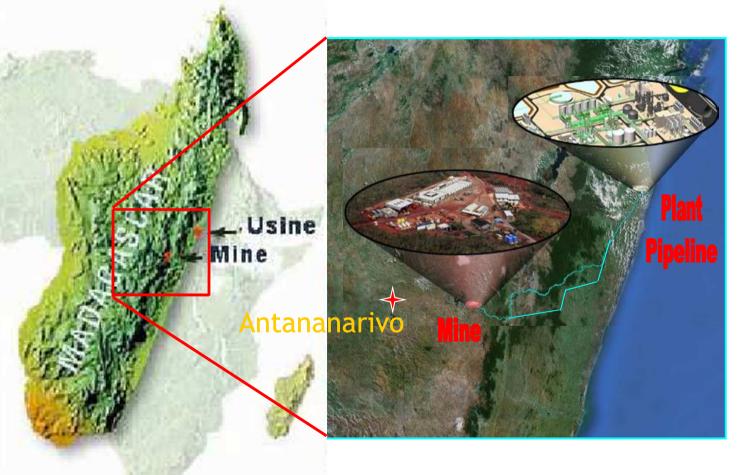
Ambatovy Joint Venture – A Case Study



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PROJECT OVERVIEW





Nickel and cobalt mining & processing joint venture

Partners: Sherritt International, Sumitomo, KORES, SNC Lavalin

Investment: ~US\$7 billion

Annual Production:

Nickel 60,000 t Cobalt 5,600 t Ammonium sulfate 210,000 t

Commercial production since 2014







MISSION - Be a leader in the sustainable production of high quality nickel and cobalt for the global market.

VISION - Deliver world-class results in safety, environmental stewardship, social performance, product quality, production and cost efficiency

BIODIVERSITY GOAL - Deliver <u>No Net Loss</u>, and preferably a net gain, of biodiversity

DRIVERS - IFC PS6, Biodiversity Offset Standard, ICMM







BBOP Standard on Biodiversity Offsets



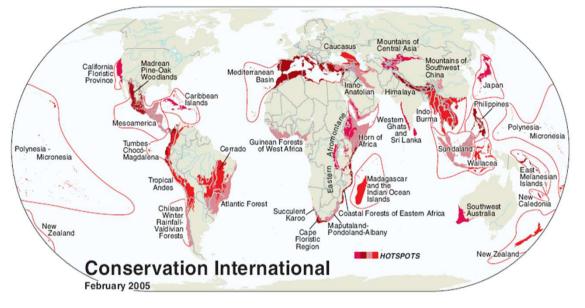




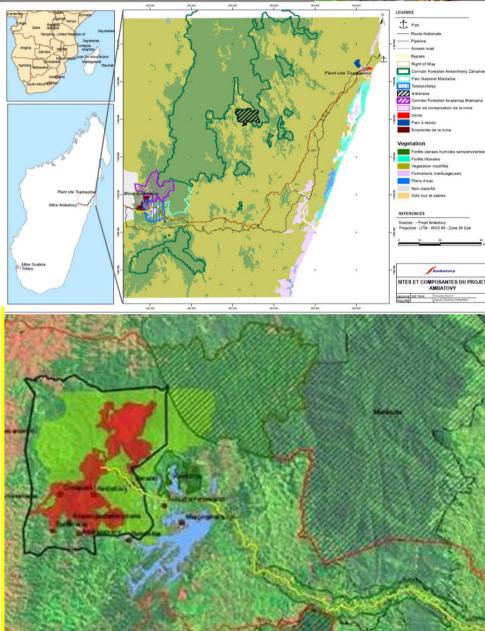


BIODIVERSITY CONTEXT





- In Madagascar, a global hotspot
- In Eastern rainforest corridor
- Adjacent to Ramsar site
- Close to national parks
- Endangered & range-restricted species
- High species richness



AVOID - MINIMIZE - RESTORE

Avoid - Pipeline tunnels under forest

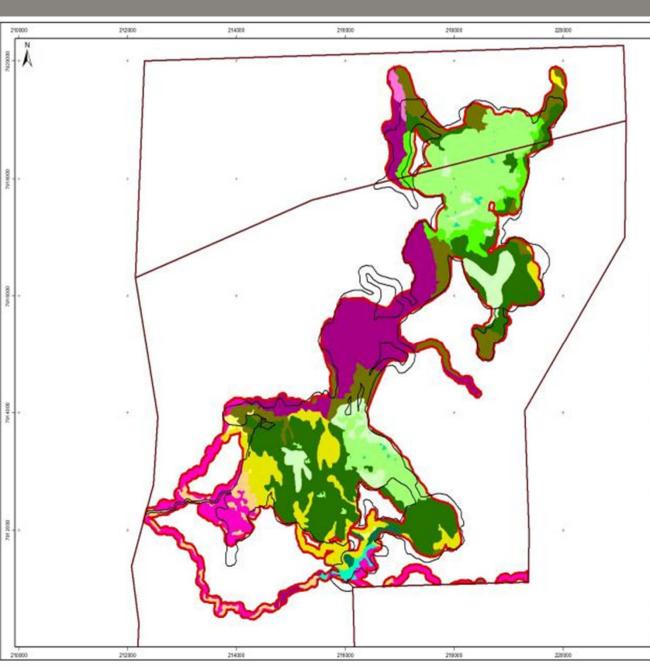


Minimize - Paced directional clearing



Restore - Mine site plan sherritt

RESIDUAL LOSSES DOCUMENTED



Malagasy _{Nature}

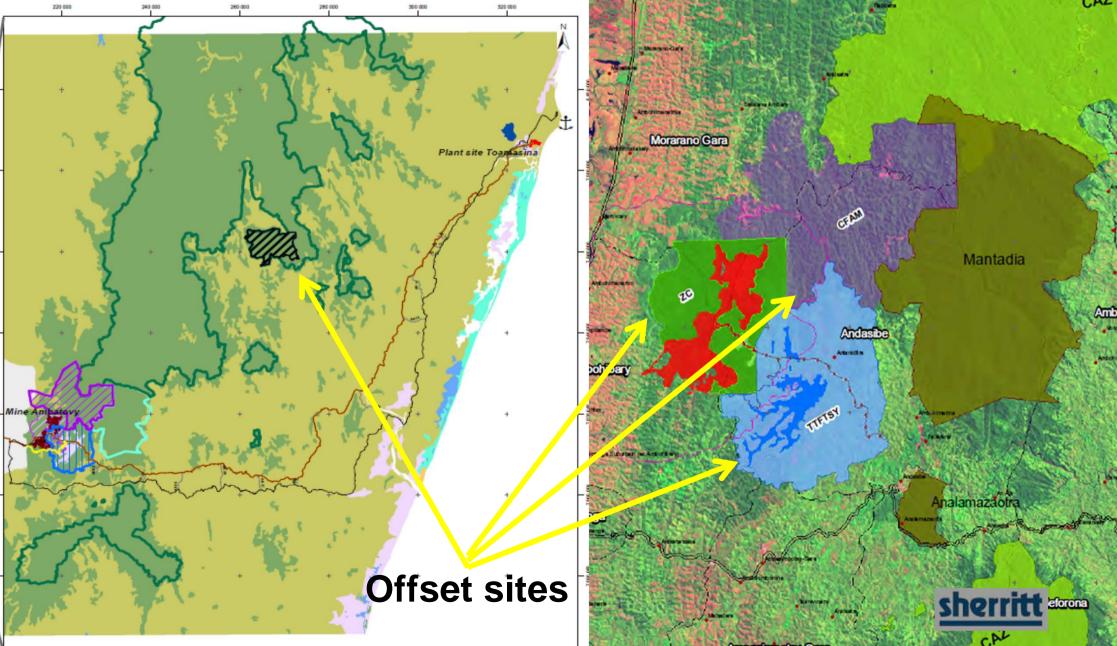
Biodiversity, exploration, and conservation of the natural habitats associated with the Ambatovy project

Editors: Steven M. Goodman & Vanessa Mass



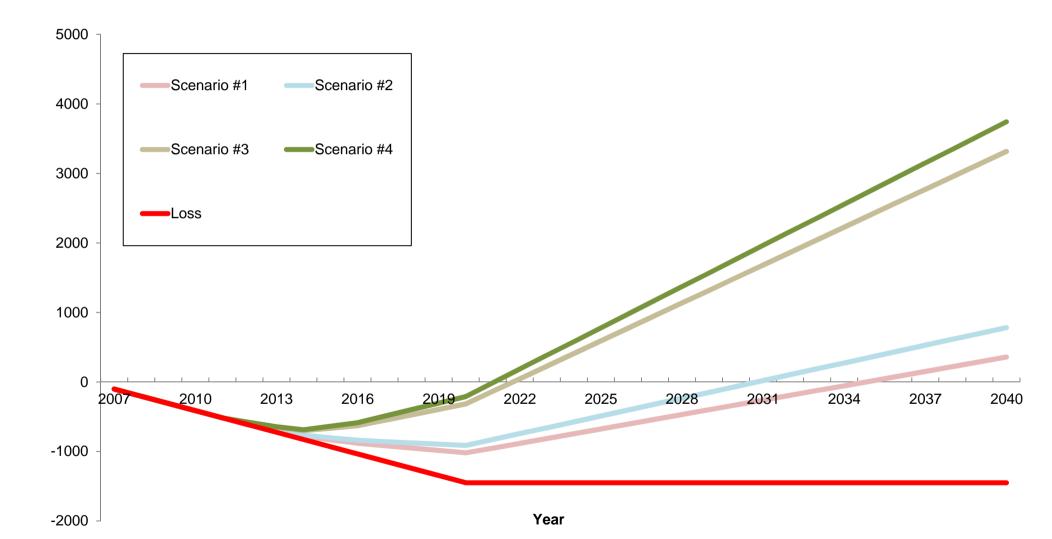
LANDSCAPE APPROACH





AVERTED LOSS SCENARIOS 1-4						
		Averted Loss by 2040 (hh) Scenario 1 – Iow background rate, Iow success Scenario 4 – high background rate, high success				Potential to achieve NNL by 2040
Forest type	Loss (hh)	1	2	3	4	Dy 2040
Azonal	- 740	50	89	125	163	No NNL
Transition	- 175	93	110	259	275	3 & 4 – NNL
Zonal	- 534	1,663	2,033	4,381	4,753	NNL/NG
Total	-1,467	1,807	2,232	4,765	5,191	
Net Gain		+ 340	+ 765	+ 3,298	+ 4,294	NNL/NG <u>sherritt</u>

LOSS GAIN PROJECTIONS





Ambatovy



CONCLUSION & NEXT STEPS



- Mitigation hierarchy is the foundation for NNL
- Scope for innovation in all steps of the hierarchy
- *Demonstrating NNL* scientifically is challenging, requiring continuous expert assistance
- Ensuring sustainability of offsets is another major long term challenge

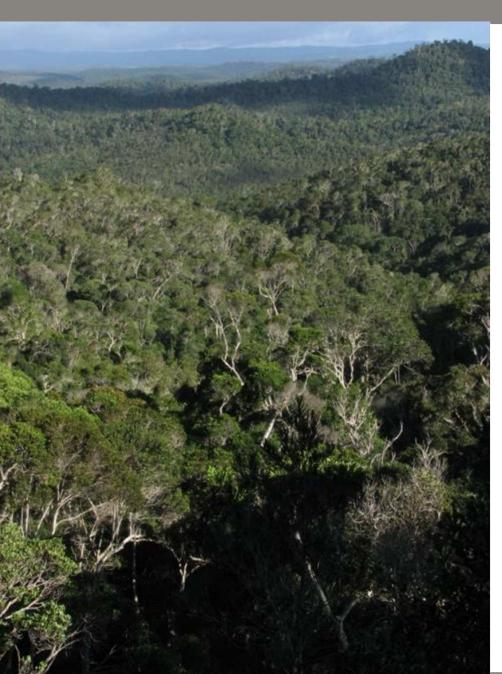
NEXT STEPS

- <u>Finalise offset design (critical habitat, leakage, social</u> benefit mechanism through ecosystem services, monitoring, regional aquatic surveys)
- Ensure legal security of all offset sites
- <u>Continue stakeholder engagement</u>, establish governance systems and livelihoods improvement
- Develop long-term financing mechanisms



RECOMMENDATIONS





- Apply mitigation hierarchy
- Use a landscape approach
- Invest in regional biodiversity & social baseline surveys
- Consider sustainability early in design process
- Engage key stakeholders early & communication
- Generate livelihood benefits from ecosystem services of the offset
- Ensure coordinated social and environmental programs

