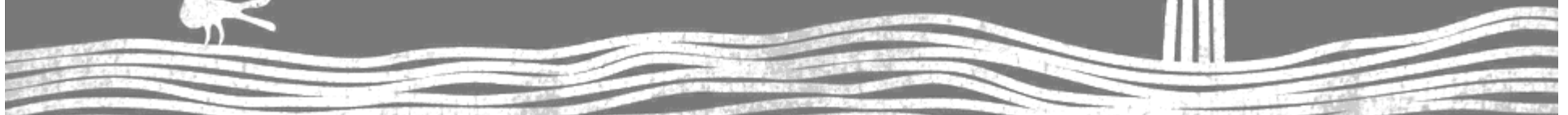
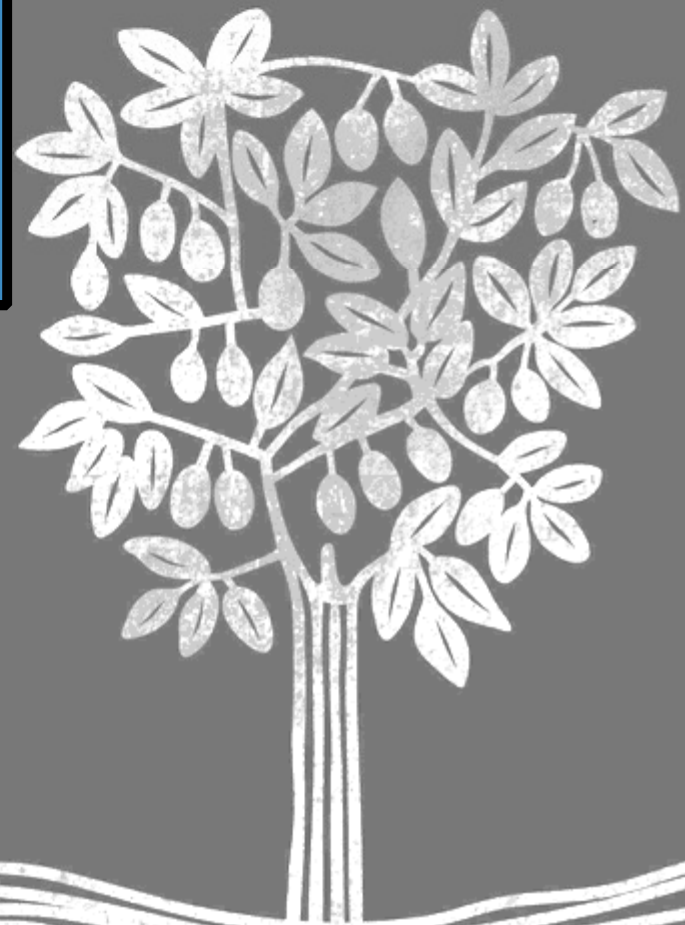




SBIA Stage 2: 'Without Project' analysis & Projection

Step 1: Building the Problem Flow Diagram

Tuyeni H Mwampamba



Recap on where we are:

SBIA Stage 1:

Step 1: Discussed and defined the Project Scope
(the area of influence of the Project)

Step 2: Discussed the importance of developing a
Project Vision:

- Relatively broad (captures a wide range of potential project activities)
- Inspirational (outlines desired changes in the current state of project objective)
- Short (<30 words) & easy to remember

Obj: Setting up the framework for stakeholder involvement, project ownership, and an unified agreement of what the project is about

Recap: continued

Step 3: Identification and Prioritisation of social Focal Issues

- Created a “shopping list” of social issues that are of concern for project success
- Fused & merged those that are similar
- Arranged them in order of priority
- Selected the Priority Focal Issues that the Project must address
- Process should be transparent, participatory and easily understood

Obj: To ensure that the project is first addressing those issues that pose the largest threat to project success, or which would have extensive repercussion if they were NOT addressed

Step 4: Problem flow diagram for each priority focal issue

Obj 1: To develop a thorough and unified understanding of the focal issues

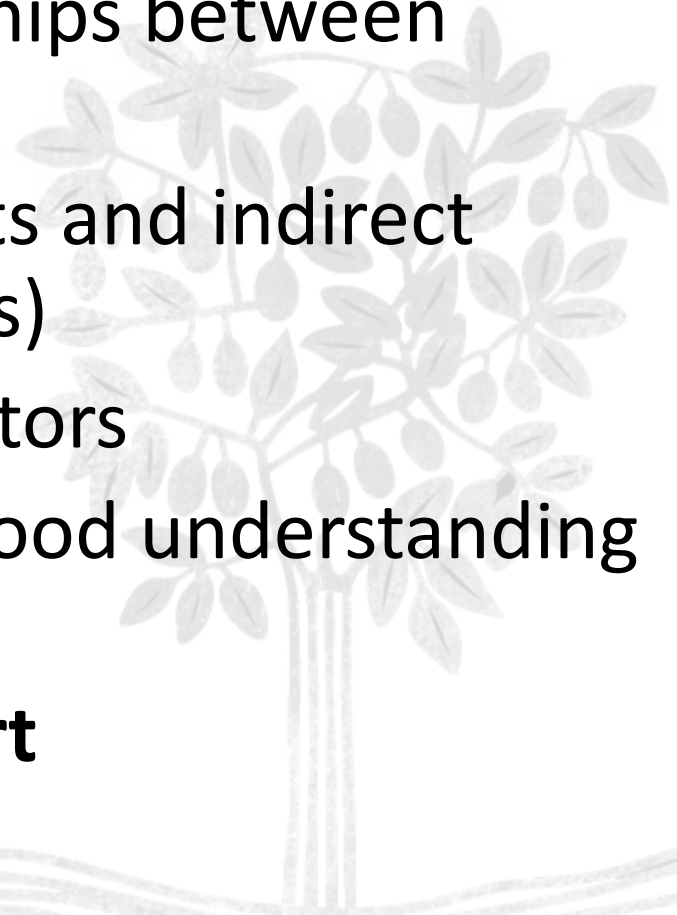
- Identify direct and indirect factors contributing to existence of the focal issue (as a problem)

Obj 2: To identify strategic points of entry for the project to have the most impact on changing the focal issue to desired status

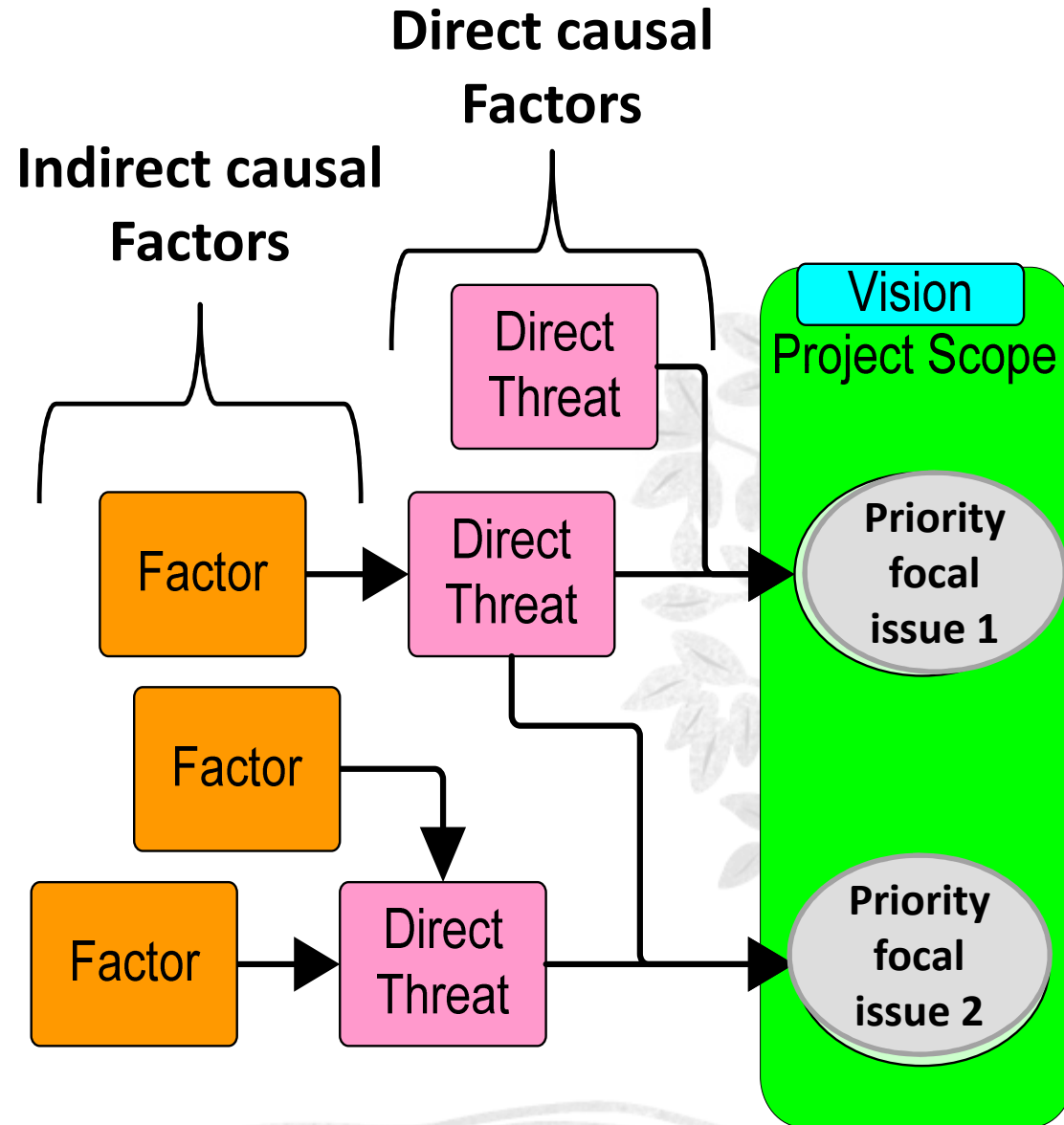


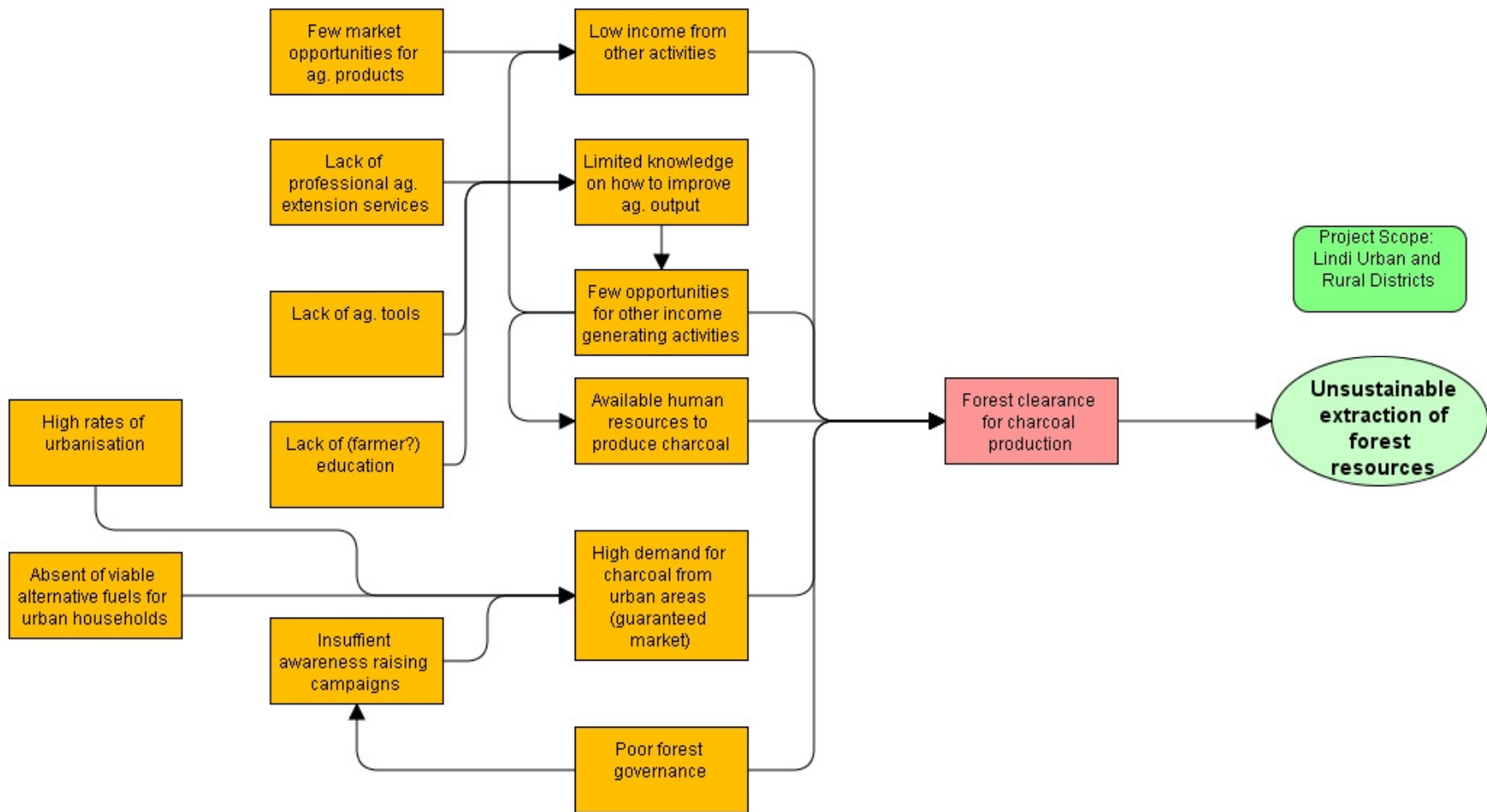
Criteria for a good PFD:

1. Visually illustrates a workable understanding of the focal issue in the project area
2. Shows assumed relationships between factors
3. Shows major direct threats and indirect threats (and opportunities)
4. Presents *only relevant* factors
5. Based on sound data or good understanding of the project area
6. **Results from a team effort**



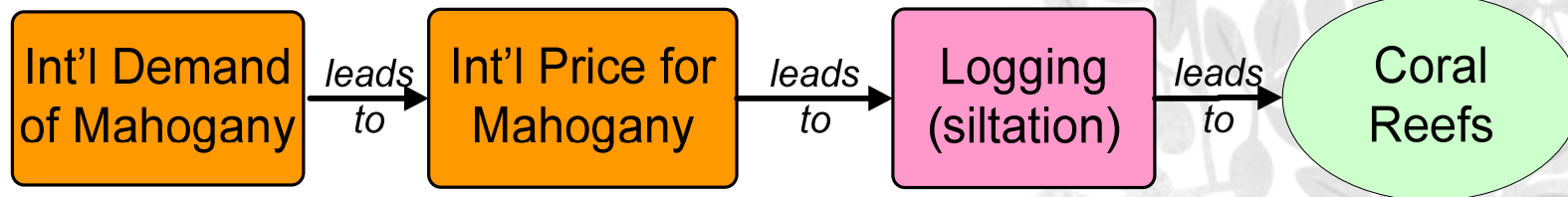
It's a Diagram:





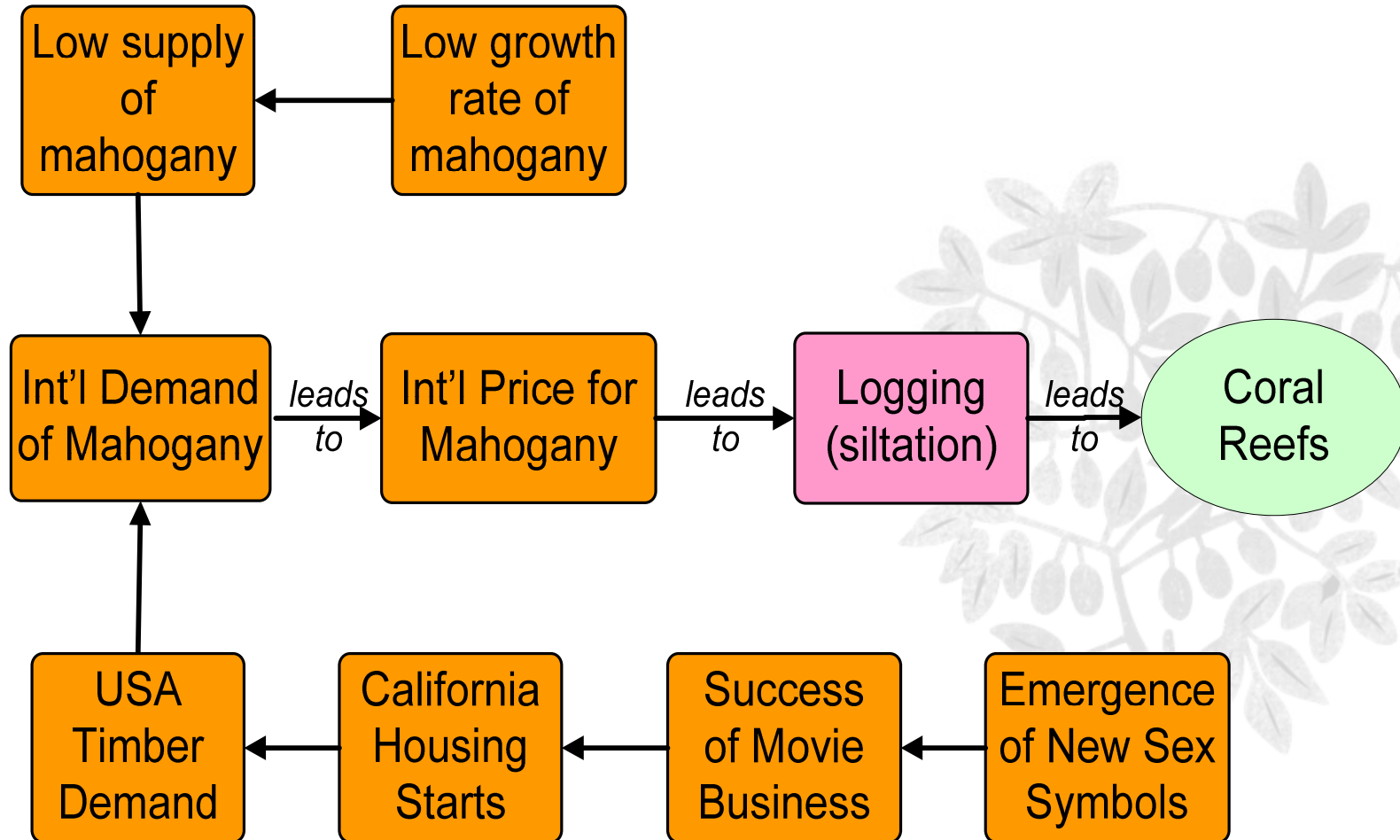
Criteria 2 & 3:

2. Shows assumed relationships and linkages between factors



3. Shows major direct and indirect threats (problems) and underlying factors

4. Presents only relevant factors



5. Is based on sound data & info

- Experts should be included
- Includes traditional ecological knowledge
- Includes the community experience of a focal issue (cultural understanding)



6. Results from Team effort

- Conducted in a stakeholder workshop setting
- Ensures that each SH understands the process and contributes



CCB Standards addressed:

- An accurate description of the condition at the start of the project;
- Set you up for identifying stakeholder groups (Criterion G1.5);
- Sets you up for documenting a “defensible and well-documented” ‘without project’ reference scenario (Criterion G2.)

