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[[Page 887]]

FEDERAL AGRICULTURE IMPROVEMENT AND REFORM ACT OF 1996

[[Page 110 STAT. 888]]

Public Law 104-127  
104th Congress

An Act

To modify the operation of certain agricultural programs. <<NOTE: Apr. 4, 1996 - [H.R. 2854]>>

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, <<NOTE: Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996.>>

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) <<NOTE: 7 USC 7201 note.>> Short Title.--This Act may be cited as the ``Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996''.

(b) Table of Contents.--The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I--AGRICULTURAL MARKET TRANSITION ACT

Subtitle A--Short Title, Purpose, and Definitions

Sec. 101. Short title and purpose.

Sec. 102. Definitions.

Subtitle B--Production Flexibility Contracts

Sec. 111. Authorization for use of production flexibility contracts.

Sec. 112. Elements of contracts.

Sec. 113. Amounts available for contract payments.

Sec. 114. Determination of contract payments under contracts.

Sec. 115. Payment limitations.

Sec. 116. Violations of contract.

Sec. 117. Transfer or change of interest in lands subject to contract.

Sec. 118. Planting flexibility.

Subtitle C--Nonrecourse Marketing Assistance Loans and Loan Deficiency Payments

Sec. 131. Availability of nonrecourse marketing assistance loans.

Sec. 132. Loan rates for marketing assistance loans.

- Sec. 133. Term of loans.
- Sec. 134. Repayment of loans.
- Sec. 135. Loan deficiency payments.
- Sec. 136. Special marketing loan provisions for upland cotton.
- Sec. 137. Availability of recourse loans for high moisture feed grains and seed cotton.

#### Subtitle D--Other Commodities

##### Chapter 1--Dairy

- Sec. 141. Milk price support program.
- Sec. 142. Recourse loan program for commercial processors of dairy products.
- Sec. 143. Consolidation and reform of Federal milk marketing orders.
- Sec. 144. Effect on fluid milk standards in State of California.
- Sec. 145. Milk manufacturing marketing adjustment.
- Sec. 146. Promotion.
- Sec. 147. Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact.
- Sec. 148. Dairy export incentive program.
- Sec. 149. Authority to assist in establishment and maintenance of one or more export trading companies.
- Sec. 150. Standby authority to indicate entity best suited to provide international market development and export services.

[[Page 110 STAT. 889]]

- Sec. 151. Study and report regarding potential impact of Uruguay Round on prices, income, and Government purchases.
- Sec. 152. Promotion of United States dairy products in international markets through dairy promotion program.

##### Chapter 2--Peanuts and Sugar

- Sec. 155. Peanut program.
- Sec. 156. Sugar program.

#### Subtitle E--Administration

- Sec. 161. Administration.
- Sec. 162. Adjustments of loans.
- Sec. 163. Commodity Credit Corporation interest rate.
- Sec. 164. Personal liability of producers for deficiencies.
- Sec. 165. Commodity Credit Corporation sales price restrictions.

#### Subtitle F--Permanent Price Support Authority

- Sec. 171. Suspension and repeal of permanent price support authority.
- Sec. 172. Effect of amendments.

#### Subtitle G--Commission on 21st Century Production Agriculture

- Sec. 181. Establishment.
- Sec. 182. Composition.
- Sec. 183. Comprehensive review of past and future of production agriculture.

- Sec. 184. Reports.
- Sec. 185. Powers.
- Sec. 186. Commission procedures.
- Sec. 187. Personnel matters.
- Sec. 188. Termination of Commission.

#### Subtitle H--Miscellaneous Commodity Provisions

- Sec. 191. Options pilot program.
- Sec. 192. Risk management education.
- Sec. 193. Crop insurance.
- Sec. 194. Establishment of Office of Risk Management.
- Sec. 195. Revenue insurance.
- Sec. 196. Administration and operation of noninsured crop assistance program.

### TITLE II--AGRICULTURAL TRADE

#### Subtitle A--Amendments to Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 and Related Statutes

- Sec. 201. Food aid to developing countries.
- Sec. 202. Trade and development assistance.
- Sec. 203. Agreements regarding eligible countries and private entities.
- Sec. 204. Terms and conditions of sales.
- Sec. 205. Use of local currency payment.
- Sec. 206. Value-added foods.
- Sec. 207. Eligible organizations.
- Sec. 208. Generation and use of foreign currencies.
- Sec. 209. General levels of assistance under Public Law 480.
- Sec. 210. Food Aid Consultative Group.
- Sec. 211. Support of nongovernmental organizations.
- Sec. 212. Commodity determinations.
- Sec. 213. General provisions.
- Sec. 214. Agreements.
- Sec. 215. Use of Commodity Credit Corporation.
- Sec. 216. Administrative provisions.
- Sec. 217. Expiration date.
- Sec. 218. Regulations.
- Sec. 219. Independent evaluation of programs.
- Sec. 220. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 221. Coordination of foreign assistance programs.
- Sec. 222. Micronutrient fortification pilot program.
- Sec. 223. Use of certain local currency.
- Sec. 224. Farmer-to-farmer program.
- Sec. 225. Food security commodity reserve.
- Sec. 226. Protein byproducts derived from alcohol fuel production.
- Sec. 227. Food for progress program.
- Sec. 228. Use of foreign currency proceeds from export sales financing.

[[Page 110 STAT. 890]]

- Sec. 229. Stimulation of foreign production.

#### Subtitle B--Amendments to Agricultural Trade Act of 1978

- Sec. 241. Agricultural export promotion strategy.

- Sec. 242. Implementation of commitments under Uruguay Round Agreements.
- Sec. 243. Export credits.
- Sec. 244. Market access program.
- Sec. 245. Export enhancement program.
- Sec. 246. Arrival certification.
- Sec. 247. Compliance.
- Sec. 248. Regulations.
- Sec. 249. Trade compensation and assistance programs.
- Sec. 250. Foreign Agricultural Service.
- Sec. 251. Reports.
- Sec. 252. Foreign market development cooperator program.

#### Subtitle C--Miscellaneous Agricultural Trade Provisions

- Sec. 261. Edward R. Madigan United States Agricultural Export Excellence Award.
  - Sec. 262. Reporting requirements relating to tobacco.
  - Sec. 263. Triggered export enhancement.
  - Sec. 264. Disposition of commodities to prevent waste.
  - Sec. 265. Debt-for-health-and-protection swap.
  - Sec. 266. Policy on expansion of international markets.
  - Sec. 267. Policy on maintenance and development of export markets.
  - Sec. 268. Policy on trade liberalization.
  - Sec. 269. Agricultural trade negotiations.
  - Sec. 270. Policy on unfair trade practices.
  - Sec. 271. Agricultural aid and trade missions.
  - Sec. 272. Annual reports by agricultural attaches.
  - Sec. 273. World livestock market price information.
  - Sec. 274. Orderly liquidation of stocks.
  - Sec. 275. Sales of extra long staple cotton.
  - Sec. 276. Regulations.
  - Sec. 277. Emerging markets.
  - Sec. 278. Reimbursement for overhead expenses.
  - Sec. 279. Labeling of domestic and imported lamb and mutton.
  - Sec. 280. Import assistance for CBI beneficiary countries and the Philippines.
  - Sec. 281. Studies, reports, and other provisions.
  - Sec. 282. Sense of Congress concerning multilateral disciplines on credit guarantees.
  - Sec. 283. International Cotton Advisory Committee.

### TITLE III--CONSERVATION

#### Subtitle A--Definitions

- Sec. 301. Definitions applicable to highly erodible cropland conservation.

#### Subtitle B--Highly Erodible Land Conservation

- Sec. 311. Program ineligibility.
- Sec. 312. Conservation reserve lands.
- Sec. 313. Good faith exemption.
- Sec. 314. Expedited procedures for granting variances from conservation plans.
- Sec. 315. Development and implementation of conservation plans and

- conservation systems.
- Sec. 316. Investigation of possible compliance deficiencies.
- Sec. 317. Wind erosion estimation pilot project.

#### Subtitle C--Wetland Conservation

- Sec. 321. Program ineligibility.
- Sec. 322. Delineation of wetlands; exemptions to program ineligibility.
- Sec. 323. Consultation and cooperation requirements.
- Sec. 324. Application of program ineligibility to affiliated persons.
- Sec. 325. Clarification of definition of agricultural lands in memorandum of agreement.
- Sec. 326. Effective date.

#### Subtitle D--Environmental Conservation Acreage Reserve Program

- Sec. 331. Environmental conservation acreage reserve program.
- Sec. 332. Conservation reserve program.
- Sec. 333. Wetlands reserve program.

[[Page 110 STAT. 891]]

- Sec. 334. Environmental quality incentives program.
- Sec. 335. Conservation farm option.
- Sec. 336. Repeal of superseded authorities.

#### Subtitle E--Conservation Funding and Administration

- Sec. 341. Conservation funding and administration.
- Sec. 342. State technical committees.
- Sec. 343. Public notice and comment for revisions to certain State technical guides.

#### Subtitle F--National Natural Resources Conservation Foundation

- Sec. 351. Short title.
- Sec. 352. Definitions.
- Sec. 353. National Natural Resources Conservation Foundation.
- Sec. 354. Composition and operation.
- Sec. 355. Officers and employees.
- Sec. 356. Corporate powers and obligations of the Foundation.
- Sec. 357. Administrative services and support.
- Sec. 358. Audits and petition of Attorney General for equitable relief.
- Sec. 359. Release from liability.
- Sec. 360. Authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle G--Forestry

- Sec. 371. Office of International Forestry.
- Sec. 372. Cooperative work for protection, management, and improvement of National Forest System.
- Sec. 373. Forestry incentives program.
- Sec. 374. Optional State grants for forest legacy program.

#### Subtitle H--Miscellaneous Conservation Provisions

- Sec. 381. Conservation activities of Commodity Credit Corporation.

- Sec. 382. Floodplain easements.
- Sec. 383. Resource conservation and development program.
- Sec. 384. Repeal of report requirement.
- Sec. 385. Flood risk reduction.
- Sec. 386. Conservation of private grazing land.
- Sec. 387. Wildlife habitat incentives program.
- Sec. 388. Farmland protection program.
- Sec. 389. Interim moratorium on bypass flows.
- Sec. 390. Everglades ecosystem restoration.
- Sec. 391. Agricultural air quality research oversight.

#### TITLE IV--NUTRITION ASSISTANCE

- Sec. 401. Food stamp program.
- Sec. 402. Commodity distribution program; commodity supplemental food program.
- Sec. 403. Emergency food assistance program.
- Sec. 404. Soup kitchen and food bank program.
- Sec. 405. National commodity processing.

#### TITLE V--AGRICULTURAL PROMOTION

##### Subtitle A--Commodity Promotion and Evaluation

- Sec. 501. Commodity promotion and evaluation.

##### Subtitle B--Issuance of Orders for Promotion, Research, and Information Activities Regarding Agricultural Commodities

- Sec. 511. Short title.
- Sec. 512. Findings and purpose.
- Sec. 513. Definitions.
- Sec. 514. Issuance of orders.
- Sec. 515. Required terms in orders.
- Sec. 516. Permissive terms in orders.
- Sec. 517. Assessments.
- Sec. 518. Referenda.
- Sec. 519. Petition and review of orders.
- Sec. 520. Enforcement.
- Sec. 521. Investigations and power to subpoena.
- Sec. 522. Suspension or termination.
- Sec. 523. Amendments to orders.
- Sec. 524. Effect on other laws.
- Sec. 525. Regulations.

[[Page 110 STAT. 892]]

- Sec. 526. Authorization of appropriations.

##### Subtitle C--Canola and Rapeseed

- Sec. 531. Short title.
- Sec. 532. Findings and declaration of policy.
- Sec. 533. Definitions.
- Sec. 534. Issuance and amendment of orders.
- Sec. 535. Required terms in orders.
- Sec. 536. Assessments.

- Sec. 537. Referenda.
- Sec. 538. Petition and review.
- Sec. 539. Enforcement.
- Sec. 540. Investigations and power to subpoena.
- Sec. 541. Suspension or termination.
- Sec. 542. Regulations.
- Sec. 543. Authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle D--Kiwifruit

- Sec. 551. Short title.
- Sec. 552. Findings and purposes.
- Sec. 553. Definitions.
- Sec. 554. Issuance of orders.
- Sec. 555. National Kiwifruit Board.
- Sec. 556. Required terms in order.
- Sec. 557. Permissive terms in order.
- Sec. 558. Petition and review.
- Sec. 559. Enforcement.
- Sec. 560. Investigations and power to subpoena.
- Sec. 561. Referenda.
- Sec. 562. Suspension or termination.
- Sec. 563. Regulations.
- Sec. 564. Authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle E--Popcorn

- Sec. 571. Short title.
- Sec. 572. Findings and declaration of policy.
- Sec. 573. Definitions.
- Sec. 574. Issuance of orders.
- Sec. 575. Required terms in orders.
- Sec. 576. Referenda.
- Sec. 577. Petition and review.
- Sec. 578. Enforcement.
- Sec. 579. Investigations and power to subpoena.
- Sec. 580. Relation to other programs.
- Sec. 581. Regulations.
- Sec. 582. Authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle F--Miscellaneous

- Sec. 591. Maintenance of records for honey promotion program.

### TITLE VI--CREDIT

#### Subtitle A--Farm Ownership Loans

- Sec. 601. Limitation on direct farm ownership loans.
- Sec. 602. Purposes of loans.
- Sec. 603. Soil and water conservation and protection.
- Sec. 604. Interest rate requirements.
- Sec. 605. Insurance of loans.
- Sec. 606. Loans guaranteed.

#### Subtitle B--Operating Loans

- Sec. 611. Limitation on direct operating loans.
- Sec. 612. Purposes of operating loans.
- Sec. 613. Participation in loans.
- Sec. 614. Line-of-credit loans.
- Sec. 615. Insurance of operating loans.
- Sec. 616. Special assistance for beginning farmers and ranchers.
- Sec. 617. Limitation on period for which borrowers are eligible for guaranteed assistance.

#### Subtitle C--Emergency Loans

- Sec. 621. Hazard insurance requirement.

[[Page 110 STAT. 893]]

- Sec. 622. Narrowing of authority to waive application of the credit elsewhere test.
- Sec. 623. Linking of emergency loans for crop or livestock changes to natural disasters.
- Sec. 624. Maximum emergency loan indebtedness.
- Sec. 625. Establishment of date for emergency loan asset valuation.
- Sec. 626. Insurance of emergency loans.

#### Subtitle D--Administrative Provisions

- Sec. 631. Temporary authority to enter into contracts.
- Sec. 632. Use of collection agencies.
- Sec. 633. Notice of loan service programs.
- Sec. 634. Clarification of written statement required of borrowers.
- Sec. 635. Annual review of the credit history, business operation, and continued eligibility of a borrower.
- Sec. 636. Extension of veterans preference.
- Sec. 637. Verification of the credit elsewhere test.
- Sec. 638. Sale of property.
- Sec. 639. Easements on inventoried property.
- Sec. 640. Definitions.
- Sec. 641. Authorization for loans.
- Sec. 642. Contracts on loan security properties.
- Sec. 643. List of certified lenders and inventory property demonstration project.
- Sec. 644. Homestead property.
- Sec. 645. Restructuring.
- Sec. 646. Transfer of inventory land for conservation purposes.
- Sec. 647. Implementation of target participation rates.
- Sec. 648. Delinquent borrowers.
- Sec. 649. Short form certification of farm program borrower compliance.
- Sec. 650. Credit study.

#### Subtitle E--General Provisions

- Sec. 661. Conforming amendments.
- Sec. 662. Electronic filing of effective financing statements under the clear title provisions of the Food Security Act of 1985.
- Sec. 663. Effective date.

### TITLE VII--RURAL DEVELOPMENT



Subtitle A--Amendments to the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade

Act of 1990

Chapter 1--General Provisions

- Sec. 701. Rural investment partnerships.
- Sec. 702. Water and waste facility financing.
- Sec. 703. Rural wastewater circuit rider program.
- Sec. 704. Telemedicine and distance learning services in rural areas.
- Sec. 705. Limitation on authorization of appropriations for rural technology grants.
- Sec. 706. Demonstration projects.
- Sec. 707. Monitoring the economic progress of rural America.
- Sec. 708. Analysis by Office of Technology Assessment.
- Sec. 709. Rural health infrastructure improvement.
- Sec. 710. Census of agriculture.
- Sec. 711. Study of the transportation of fertilizer and agricultural chemicals to farmers.

Chapter 2--Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization

- Sec. 721. Definitions.
- Sec. 722. Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization Corporation.
- Sec. 723. Board of directors, employees, and facilities.
- Sec. 724. Research and development grants, contracts, and agreements.
- Sec. 725. Commercialization assistance.
- Sec. 726. General rules regarding the provision of assistance.
- Sec. 727. Regional centers.
- Sec. 728. Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization Revolving Fund.
- Sec. 729. Procurement preferences for products receiving Corporation assistance.
- Sec. 730. Business plan and feasibility study and report.

Subtitle B--Amendments to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act

Chapter 1--General Provisions

- Sec. 741. Water and waste facility loans and grants.

[[Page 110 STAT. 894]]

- Sec. 742. Emergency community water assistance grant program for small communities.
- Sec. 743. Emergency community water assistance grant program for smallest communities.
- Sec. 744. Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund.
- Sec. 745. Rural Development Insurance Fund.
- Sec. 746. Insured watershed and resource conservation and development loans.
- Sec. 747. Rural industrialization assistance.
- Sec. 748. Administration.
- Sec. 749. Authorization of appropriations.

- Sec. 750. Testimony before congressional committees.
- Sec. 751. Prohibition on use of loans for certain purposes.
- Sec. 752. Rural development certified lenders program.
- Sec. 753. System for delivery of certain rural development programs.
- Sec. 754. State rural economic development review panel.
- Sec. 755. Limited transfer authority of loan amounts.
- Sec. 756. Allocation and transfer of loan guarantee authority.
- Sec. 757. Water systems for rural and Native villages in Alaska.
- Sec. 758. Application requirements relating to water and waste disposal loan and grant programs.
- Sec. 759. National Sheep Industry Improvement Center.
- Sec. 759A. Cooperative agreements.
- Sec. 759B. Eligibility for grants to broadcasting systems.

#### Chapter 2--Rural Community Advancement Program

- Sec. 761. Rural community advancement program.
- Sec. 762. Simplified, uniform application for assistance from all Federal rural development programs.
- Sec. 763. Community facilities grant program.

#### Subtitle C--Amendments to the Rural Electrification Act of 1936

- Sec. 771. Purposes; investigations and reports.
- Sec. 772. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 773. Loans for electrical plants and transmission lines.
- Sec. 774. Loans for electrical and plumbing equipment.
- Sec. 775. Testimony on budget requests.
- Sec. 776. Transfer of functions of administration created by Executive order.
- Sec. 777. Annual report.
- Sec. 778. Prohibition on restricting water and waste facility services to electric customers.
- Sec. 779. Telephone loan terms and conditions.
- Sec. 780. Privatization program.
- Sec. 781. Rural Business Incubator Fund.

#### Subtitle D--Miscellaneous Rural Development Provisions

- Sec. 791. Interest rate formula.
- Sec. 792. Grants for financially stressed farmers, dislocated farmers, and rural families.
- Sec. 793. Fund for Rural America.
- Sec. 794. Under Secretary of Agriculture for Rural Economic and Community Development renamed the Under Secretary of Agriculture for Rural Development.

#### TITLE VIII--RESEARCH, EXTENSION, AND EDUCATION

##### Subtitle A--Modification and Extension of Activities Under 1977 Act

- Sec. 801. Purposes of agricultural research, extension, and education.
- Sec. 802. National Agricultural Research, Extension, Education, and Economics Advisory Board.
- Sec. 803. Federal Advisory Committee Act exemption for Federal-State cooperative programs.

- Sec. 804. Coordination and planning of agricultural research, extension, and education.
- Sec. 805. Grants and fellowships for food and agricultural sciences education.
- Sec. 806. Grants for research on the production and marketing of alcohols and industrial hydrocarbons from agricultural commodities and forest products.
- Sec. 807. Policy research centers.
- Sec. 808. Human nutrition intervention and health promotion research program.
- Sec. 809. Food and nutrition education program.
- Sec. 810. Purposes and findings relating to animal health and disease research.

[[Page 110 STAT. 895]]

- Sec. 811. Animal health and disease continuing research.
- Sec. 812. Animal health and disease national or regional research.
- Sec. 813. Grant program to upgrade agricultural and food sciences facilities at 1890 land-grant colleges.
- Sec. 814. National research and training centennial centers.
- Sec. 815. Programs for Hispanic-serving institutions.
- Sec. 816. International agricultural research and extension.
- Sec. 817. Authorization of appropriations for agricultural research programs.
- Sec. 818. Authorization of appropriations for extension education.
- Sec. 819. Supplemental and alternative crops research.
- Sec. 820. Aquaculture assistance programs.
- Sec. 821. Authorization of appropriations for rangeland research.

#### Subtitle B--Modification and Extension of Activities Under 1990 Act

- Sec. 831. Water quality research, education, and coordination.
- Sec. 832. National genetics resources program.
- Sec. 833. National agricultural weather information system.
- Sec. 834. Livestock product safety and inspection program.
- Sec. 835. Plant genome mapping program.
- Sec. 836. Certain specialized research programs.
- Sec. 837. Agricultural telecommunications program.
- Sec. 838. National centers for agricultural product quality research.
- Sec. 839. Red meat safety research center.
- Sec. 840. Indian reservation extension agent program.
- Sec. 841. Assistive technology program for farmers with disabilities.
- Sec. 842. National rural information center clearinghouse.
- Sec. 843. Global climate change.

#### Subtitle C--Repeal of Certain Activities and Authorities

- Sec. 851. Subcommittee on Food, Agricultural, and Forestry Research.
- Sec. 852. Joint Council on Food and Agricultural Sciences.
- Sec. 853. Agricultural Science and Technology Review Board.
- Sec. 854. Animal Health Science Research Advisory Board.
- Sec. 855. Resident instruction program at 1890 land-grant colleges.
- Sec. 856. Grants to States for international trade development centers.
- Sec. 857. Rangeland research.
- Sec. 858. Composting research and extension program.

- Sec. 859. Education program regarding handling of agricultural chemicals and agricultural chemical containers.
- Sec. 860. Program administration regarding sustainable agriculture research and education.
- Sec. 861. Research regarding production, preparation, processing, handling, and storage of agricultural products.
- Sec. 862. Plant and animal pest and disease control program.
- Sec. 863. Certain specialized research programs.
- Sec. 864. Commission on agricultural research facilities.
- Sec. 865. Special grant to study constraints on agricultural trade.
- Sec. 866. Pilot project to coordinate food and nutrition education programs.
- Sec. 867. Demonstration areas for rural economic development.
- Sec. 868. Technical advisory committee regarding global climate change.
- Sec. 869. Committee of nine under Hatch Act of 1887.
- Sec. 870. Cotton crop reports.
- Sec. 871. Rural economic and business development and additional research grants under title V of Rural Development Act of 1972.
- Sec. 872. Human nutrition research.
- Sec. 873. Grants to upgrade 1890 land-grant college extension facilities.
- Sec. 874. Indian subsistence farming demonstration grant program.

#### Subtitle D--Miscellaneous Research Provisions

- Sec. 881. Critical agricultural materials research.
- Sec. 882. Memorandum of agreement regarding 1994 Institutions.
- Sec. 883. Smith-Lever Act funding for 1890 land-grant colleges, including Tuskegee University.
- Sec. 884. Agricultural research facilities.
- Sec. 885. National competitive research initiative.
- Sec. 886. Rural development research and education.
- Sec. 887. Dairy goat research program.
- Sec. 888. Competitive grants for research to eradicate and control brown citrus aphid and citrus tristeza virus.
- Sec. 889. Stuttgart National Aquaculture Research Center.
- Sec. 890. Expansion of authorities related to National Arboretum.

[[Page 110 STAT. 896]]

- Sec. 891. Transfer of aquacultural research center.
- Sec. 892. Use of remote sensing data and other data to anticipate potential food, feed, and fiber shortages or excesses and to provide timely information to assist farmers with planting decisions.
- Sec. 893. Sense of Senate regarding methyl bromide alternative research and extension activities.

#### Subtitle E--Research Authority After Fiscal Year 1997

- Sec. 897. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 898. Activities subject to availability of appropriations.

### TITLE IX--MISCELLANEOUS

Subtitle A--Commercial Transportation of Equine for Slaughter

- Sec. 901. Findings.
- Sec. 902. Definitions.
- Sec. 903. Regulation of commercial transportation of equine for slaughter.
- Sec. 904. Limitation of authority to equine for slaughter.
- Sec. 905. Effective date.

Subtitle B--General Provisions

- Sec. 911. Interstate quarantine.
- Sec. 912. Cotton classification services.
- Sec. 913. Plant variety protection for certain tuber propagated plant varieties.
- Sec. 914. Swine health protection.
- Sec. 915. Designation of Mount Pleasant National Scenic Area.
- Sec. 916. Pseudorabies eradication program.
- Sec. 917. Collection and use of agricultural quarantine and inspection fees.
- Sec. 918. Meat and poultry inspection.
- Sec. 919. Reimbursable agreements.
- Sec. 920. Overseas tort claims.
- Sec. 921. Operation of Graduate School of Department of Agriculture as nonappropriated fund instrumentality.
- Sec. 922. Student internship programs.
- Sec. 923. Conveyance of excess Federal personal property.
- Sec. 924. Conveyance of land to White Oak Cemetery.
- Sec. 925. Sale of land by the University of Arkansas.
- Sec. 926. Designation of Dale Bumpers Small Farms Research Center.
- Sec. 927. Department of Agriculture Washington Area Strategic Space Plan.
- Sec. 928. Severability.

<<NOTE: Agricultural Market Transition Act. Contracts. Loans.>> TITLE I--AGRICULTURAL MARKET TRANSITION ACT

Subtitle A--Short Title, Purpose, and Definitions

SEC. 101. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7201.>> SHORT TITLE AND PURPOSE.

(a) Short Title.--This title may be cited as the ``Agricultural Market Transition Act''.

(b) Purpose.--It is the purpose of this title--

(1) to authorize the use of binding production flexibility contracts between the United States and agricultural producers to support farming certainty and flexibility while ensuring continued compliance with farm conservation and wetland protection requirements;

(2) to make nonrecourse marketing assistance loans and loan deficiency payments available for certain crops;

(3) to improve the operation of farm programs for milk, peanuts, and sugar; and

(4) to establish a commission to undertake a comprehensive review of past and future production agriculture in the United States.

SEC. 102. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7202.>> DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) Agricultural act of 1949.--Except in section 171, the term ``Agricultural Act of 1949'' means the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.), as in effect prior to the suspensions under section 171(b)(1).

(2) Considered planted.--The term ``considered planted'' means acreage that is considered planted under title V of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1461 et seq.) and such other acreage as the Secretary considers fair and equitable.

(3) Contract.--The terms ``contract'' and ``production flexibility contract'' mean a production flexibility contract entered into under section 111.

1 (4) Contract acreage.--The term ``contract acreage'' means or more crop acreage bases established for contract commodities under title V of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1461 et seq.) that would have been in effect for the 1996 crop (but for suspension under section 171(b)(1)).

(5) Contract commodity.--The term ``contract commodity'' means wheat, corn, grain sorghum, barley, oats, upland cotton, and rice.

a (6) Contract payment.--The term ``contract payment'' means payment made under this subtitle pursuant to a contract.

(7) Department.--The term ``Department'' means the Department of Agriculture.

(8) Extra long staple cotton.--The term ``extra long staple cotton'' means cotton that--

by (A) is produced from pure strain varieties of the Barbados species or any hybrid thereof, or other similar types of extra long staple cotton, designated various the Secretary, having characteristics needed for end uses for which United States upland cotton is not suitable and grown in irrigated cotton-growing regions of the United States designated by the Secretary or other areas designated by the Secretary as suitable for the production of the varieties or types; and

authorized (B) is ginned on a roller-type gin or, if

by the Secretary, ginned on another type gin for experimental purposes.

established (9) Farm program payment yield.--The term ``farm program payment yield'' means the farm program payment yield

of for the 1995 crop of a contract commodity under section 505 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1465). The Secretary shall adjust the farm program payment yield for the 1995 crop

a contract commodity to account for any additional yield payments made with respect to that crop under subsection (b)(2)

of the section.

each (10) Loan commodity.--The term ``loan commodity'' means

contract commodity, extra long staple cotton, and oilseed.

(11) Oilseed.--The term ``oilseed'' means a crop of soybeans, sunflower seed, rapeseed, canola, safflower, flaxseed, mustard seed, or, if designated by the Secretary, other oilseeds.

(12) Producer.--The term ``producer'' means an owner, operator, landlord, tenant, or sharecropper who shares in the risk of producing a crop and who is entitled to share in the crop available for marketing from the farm, or would have

[[Page 110 STAT. 898]]

shared had the crop been produced. In determining whether a grower of hybrid seed is a producer, the Secretary shall not take into consideration the existence of a hybrid seed contract.

(13) Secretary.--The term ``Secretary'' means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(14) State.--The term ``State'' means each of the several States of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and any other territory or possession of the United States.

(15) United states.--The term ``United States'', when used in a geographical sense, means all of the States.

#### Subtitle B--Production Flexibility Contracts

### SEC. 111. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7211.>> AUTHORIZATION FOR USE OF PRODUCTION FLEXIBILITY CONTRACTS.

(a) Offer and Terms.--The Secretary shall offer to enter into a production flexibility contract with an eligible owner or producer described in subsection (b) on a farm containing eligible cropland. Under the terms of a contract, the owner or producer shall agree, in exchange for annual contract payments, to--

(1) comply with applicable conservation requirements under subtitle B of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3811 et seq.);

(2) comply with applicable wetland protection requirements under subtitle C of title XII of the Act (16 U.S.C. 3821 et seq.);

(3) comply with the planting flexibility requirements of section 118; and

(4) use the land subject to the contract for an agricultural or related activity, but not for a nonagricultural commercial or industrial use, as determined by the Secretary.

(b) Eligible Owners and Producers Described.--The following producers and owners shall be eligible to enter into a contract:

(1) An owner of eligible cropland who assumes all or a part of the risk of producing a crop.

(2) A producer (other than an owner) on eligible cropland with a share-rent lease of the eligible cropland, regardless of the length of the lease, if the owner enters into the same contract.

(3) A producer (other than an owner) on eligible cropland who cash rents the eligible cropland under a lease expiring on or after September 30, 2002, in which case the owner is not required to enter into the contract.

(4) A producer (other than an owner) on eligible cropland who cash rents the eligible cropland under a lease expiring before September 30, 2002. The owner of the eligible cropland may also enter into the same contract. If the producer elects

to

enroll less than 100 percent of the eligible cropland in the contract, the consent of the owner is required.

(5) An owner of eligible cropland who cash rents the eligible cropland and the lease term expires before September 30, 2002, if the tenant declines to enter into a contract. In the case of an owner covered by this paragraph, contract payments

[[Page 110 STAT. 899]]

shall not begin under a contract until the lease held by the tenant ends.

(6) An owner or producer described in any preceding paragraph regardless of whether the owner or producer purchased catastrophic risk protection for a 1996 crop under section 508(b) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(b)).

(c) Tenants and Sharecroppers.--In carrying out this subtitle, the Secretary shall provide adequate safeguards to protect the interests of tenants and sharecroppers.

(d) Eligible Cropland Described.--Land shall be considered to be cropland eligible for coverage under a contract only if the land has contract acreage attributable to the land and--

(1) for at least 1 of the 1991 through 1995 crops, at least a portion of the land was enrolled in the acreage reduction program authorized for a crop of a contract commodity under section 101B, 103B, 105B, or 107B of the Agricultural Act of 1949 or was considered planted;

(2) was subject to a conservation reserve contract under section 1231 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831) whose term expired, or was voluntarily terminated, on or after January 1, 1995; or

(3) is released from coverage under a conservation reserve contract by the Secretary during the period beginning on

January

1, 1995, and ending on the date specified in section 112(a)(2).

(e) Quantity of Eligible Cropland Covered by Contract.--Subject to subsection (b)(4), an owner or producer may enroll as contract acreage all or a portion of the eligible cropland on the farm.

(f) Voluntary Reduction in Contract Acreage.--Subject to subsection (b)(4), an owner or producer who enters into a contract may subsequently

reduce the quantity of contract acreage covered by the contract.



SEC. 112. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7212.>> ELEMENTS OF CONTRACTS.

(a) Time for Contracting.--

(1) Commencement.--To the extent practicable, the Secretary shall commence entering into contracts not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this title.

(2) Deadline.--Except as provided in paragraph (3), the Secretary may not enter into a contract after August 1, 1996.

(3) Conservation reserve lands.--

(A) In general.--At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Secretary shall allow an eligible owner or producer on a farm covered by a conservation reserve contract entered into under section 1231 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831) that terminates after the date specified in paragraph (2) to enter into or expand a production flexibility contract to cover

the

contract acreage of the farm that was subject to the former conservation reserve contract.

(B) Amount.--Contract payments made for contract acreage under this paragraph shall be made at the rate and amount applicable to the annual contract payment level for the applicable crop. For the fiscal year in which the conservation reserve contract is terminated, the owner or producer subject to the production flexibility contract

[[Page 110 STAT. 900]]

may elect to receive either contract payments or a prorated payment under the conservation reserve contract, but not both.

(b) Duration of Contract.--

(1) Beginning date.--The term of a contract shall begin with--

(A) the 1996 crop of a contract commodity; or

(B) in the case of acreage that was subject to a conservation reserve contract described in subsection (a)(3), the date the production flexibility contract

was

entered into or expanded to cover the acreage.

(2) Ending date.--The term of a contract shall extend through the 2002 crop, unless earlier terminated by the owner

or

producer.

(c) Estimation of Contract Payments.--At the time the Secretary enters into a contract, the Secretary shall provide an estimate of the minimum contract payments anticipated to be made during at least the first fiscal year for which contract payments will be made.

(d) Time for Payment.--

(1) In general.--An annual contract payment shall be made not later than September 30 of each of fiscal years 1996

through

2002.

(2) Advance payments.--

or  
the  
January

(A) Fiscal year 1996.--At the option of the owner producer, 50 percent of the contract payment for fiscal year 1996 shall be made not later than 30 days after the date on which the contract is entered into and approved by the Secretary and the owner or producer.

(B) Subsequent fiscal years.--At the option of the owner or producer for fiscal year 1997 and each subsequent fiscal year, 50 percent of the annual contract payment shall be made on December 15 or 15 of the fiscal year. The owner or producer may change the date selected under this subparagraph for a subsequent fiscal year by providing advance notice to the Secretary.

SEC. 113. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7213.>> AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR CONTRACT PAYMENTS.

(a) Fiscal Year Amounts.--The Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, expend the following amounts to satisfy the obligations of the Secretary under all contracts:

- (1) For fiscal year 1996, \$5,570,000,000.
- (2) For fiscal year 1997, \$5,385,000,000.
- (3) For fiscal year 1998, \$5,800,000,000.
- (4) For fiscal year 1999, \$5,603,000,000.
- (5) For fiscal year 2000, \$5,130,000,000.
- (6) For fiscal year 2001, \$4,130,000,000.
- (7) For fiscal year 2002, \$4,008,000,000.

(b) Allocation.--The amount made available for a fiscal year under subsection (a) shall be allocated as follows:

- (1) For wheat, 26.26 percent.
- (2) For corn, 46.22 percent.
- (3) For grain sorghum, 5.11 percent.
- (4) For barley, 2.16 percent.
- (5) For oats, 0.15 percent.
- (6) For upland cotton, 11.63 percent.
- (7) For rice, 8.47 percent.

[[Page 110 STAT. 901]]

(c) Adjustment.--The Secretary shall adjust the amounts allocated for each contract commodity under subsection (b) for a particular fiscal year by--

- (1) adding an amount equal to the sum of all repayments of deficiency payments required under section 114(a)(2) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445j(a)(2)) for the commodity;
- (2) adding an amount equal to the sum of all refunds of contract payments received during the preceding fiscal year under section 116 for the commodity; and
- (3) subtracting an amount equal to the amount, if any,

necessary during that fiscal year to satisfy payment requirements for the commodity under sections 103B, 105B, or 107B of the Agricultural Act of 1949 for the 1994 and 1995 crop years.

(d) Additional Rice Allocation.--In addition to the adjustments required under subsection (c), the amount allocated under subsection (b) for rice contract payments shall be increased by \$8,500,000 for each of fiscal years 1997 through 2002.

(e) Exclusion of Certain Amounts From Contract Payments.--Any amount added pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (c) to the amount available under subsection (a) for a fiscal year and paid to owners and producers under a contract shall not be treated as a contract payment for purposes of section 115(a) of this title or section 1001(1) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308(1)). However, the amount of a payment covered by this subsection may not exceed \$50,000 per person.

(f) Effect of Payment Limitation.--The amount available under subsection (a) for a fiscal year shall be reduced by an amount equal to the total amount of contract payments for the fiscal year that owners and producers forgo as a result of operation of the payment limitation under section 1001(1) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308(1)).

SEC. 114. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7214.>> DETERMINATION OF CONTRACT PAYMENTS UNDER

CONTRACTS.

(a) Individual Payment Quantity of Contract Commodities.--For each contract, the payment quantity of a contract commodity for each fiscal year shall be equal to the product of--

- (1) 85 percent of the contract acreage; and
- (2) the farm program payment yield.

(b) Annual Payment Quantity of Contract Commodities.--The payment quantity of each contract commodity covered by all contracts for each fiscal year shall be equal to the sum of the amounts calculated under subsection (a) for each individual contract.

(c) Annual Payment Rate.--The payment rate for a contract commodity for each fiscal year shall be equal to--

- (1) the amount made available under section 113 for the contract commodity for the fiscal year; divided by
- (2) the amount determined under subsection (b) for the fiscal year.

(d) Annual Payment Amount.--The amount to be paid under a contract in effect for each fiscal year with respect to all contract commodities covered by the contract shall be equal to the sum of the products of--

[[Page 110 STAT. 902]]

- for
- (1) the payment quantity determined under subsection (a) each of the contract commodities covered by the contract; and
  - (2) the corresponding payment rate for the contract

commodity in effect under subsection (c).

(e) Reduction in Payment Amount.--The contract payment determined under subsection (d) for an owner or producer for a fiscal year shall be immediately reduced by the amount of any repayment of deficiency payments that is required under section 114(a)(2) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445j(a)(2)) and is not repaid as of the date the contract payment is determined. The Secretary shall be required to collect the required repayment, or any claim based on the required repayment, as soon as the contract payment is determined.

(f) Assignment of Contract Payments.--The provisions of section 8(g) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(g)) (relating to assignment of payments) shall apply to contract payments under this section. The owner or producer making the assignment, or the assignee, shall provide the Secretary with notice, in such manner as the Secretary may require in the contract, of any assignment made under this subsection.

(g) Sharing of Contract Payments.--The Secretary shall provide for the sharing of contract payments among the owners and producers subject to the contract on a fair and equitable basis.

SEC. 115. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7215.>> PAYMENT LIMITATIONS.

(a) Applicability of Payment Limitations.--Sections 1001 through 1001C of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308 through 1308-3), as amended by this section, shall be applicable to contract payments made under this subtitle.

(b) Payment Limitations.--Section 1001 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308) is amended by striking paragraphs (1) through (4) and inserting the following:

``(1) Limitation on payments under production flexibility contracts.--The total amount of contract payments made under the Agricultural Market Transition Act to a person under 1 or more production flexibility contracts during any fiscal year may not exceed \$40,000.

``(2) Limitation on marketing loan gains and loan deficiency payments.--The total amount of the payments specified in paragraph (3) that a person shall be entitled to receive under the Agricultural Market Transition Act for 1 or more contract commodities and oilseeds during any crop year may not exceed \$75,000.

``(3) Description of payments subject to limitation.--The payments referred to in paragraph (2) are the following:

``(A) Any gain realized by a producer from repaying a marketing assistance loan under section 131 of the Agricultural Market Transition Act for a crop of any loan commodity at a lower level than the original loan rate established for the loan commodity under section 132 of the Act.

``(B) Any loan deficiency payment received for a loan commodity under section 135 of the Act.

``(4) Definitions.--In this title, the terms `contract commodity', `contract payment', `loan commodity', `oilseed', and `production flexibility contract' have the meaning given those

[[Page 110 STAT. 903]]

terms in section 102 of the Agricultural Market Transition Act.''.

(c) Conforming Amendments.--

(1) Section 1001A of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C.

1308-1) is amended--

(A) in subsection (a)(1), by striking ``under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.)''; and

(B) in subsection (b)(1), by striking ``under the Agricultural Act of 1949''.

(2) Section 1001C(a) of the Act (7 U.S.C. 1308-3(a)) is amended--

(A) by striking ``For each of the 1991 through 1997 crops, any'' and inserting ``Any'';

(B) by striking ``production adjustment payments, price support program loans, payments, or benefits made available under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.),'' and inserting ``loans or payments made available under the Agricultural Market Transition Act,''; and

(C) by striking ``during the 1989 through 1997 crop years''.

SEC. 116. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7216.>> VIOLATIONS OF CONTRACT.

(a) Termination of Contract For Violation.--Except as provided in subsection (b), if an owner or producer subject to a contract violates a

requirement of the contract specified in section 111(a), the Secretary shall terminate the contract with respect to the owner or producer on each farm in which the owner or producer has an interest. On the termination, the owner or producer shall forfeit all rights to receive future contract payments on each farm in which the owner or producer has

an interest and shall refund to the Secretary all contract payments received by the owner or producer during the period of the violation, together with interest on the contract payments as determined by the Secretary.

(b) Refund or Adjustment.--If the Secretary determines that a violation does not warrant termination of the contract under subsection (a), the Secretary may require the owner or producer subject to the contract--

(1) to refund to the Secretary that part of the contract payments received by the owner or producer during the period of the violation, together with interest on the contract payments as determined by the Secretary; or

(2) to accept a reduction in the amount of future contract payments that is proportionate to the severity of the violation,

as determined by the Secretary.

(c) Foreclosure.--

(1) Effect of foreclosure.--An owner or producer subject to a contract may not be required to make repayments to the Secretary of amounts received under the contract if the contract acreage has been foreclosed on and the Secretary determines that forgiving the repayments is appropriate to provide fair and equitable treatment.

(2) Resumption of operation.--This subsection shall not void the responsibilities of the owner or producer under the contract if the owner or producer continues or resumes operation, or control, of the contract acreage. On the resumption of operation or control over the contract acreage by the owner

[[Page 110 STAT. 904]]

or producer, the provisions of the contract in effect on the date of the foreclosure shall apply.

(d) Review.--A determination of the Secretary under this section shall be considered to be an adverse decision for purposes of the availability of administrative review of the determination.

SEC. 117. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7217.>> TRANSFER OR CHANGE OF INTEREST IN LANDS SUBJECT TO CONTRACT.

(a) Termination.--Except as provided in subsection (c), a transfer of (or change in) the interest of an owner or producer subject to a contract in the contract acreage covered by the contract shall result in the termination of the contract with respect to the acreage, unless the transferee or owner of the acreage agrees to assume all obligations under the contract. The termination shall be effective on the date of the transfer or change.

(b) Modification.--At the request of the transferee or owner, the Secretary may modify the contract if the modifications are consistent with the objectives of this subtitle, as determined by the Secretary.

(c) Exception.--If an owner or producer who is entitled to a contract payment dies, becomes incompetent, or is otherwise unable to receive the contract payment, the Secretary shall make the payment, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

SEC. 118. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7218.>> PLANTING FLEXIBILITY.

(a) Permitted Crops.--Subject to subsection (b), any commodity or crop may be planted on contract acreage on a farm.

(b) Limitations and Exceptions Regarding Fruits and Vegetables.--

(1) Limitations.--The planting of fruits and vegetables (other than lentils, mung beans, and dry peas) shall be prohibited on contract acreage.

(2) Exceptions.--Paragraph (1) shall not limit the planting

of a fruit or vegetable--

(A) in any region in which there is a history of double-cropping of contract commodities with fruits or vegetables, as determined by the Secretary, in which case the double-cropping shall be permitted;

(B) on a farm that the Secretary determines has a history of planting fruits or vegetables on contract acreage, except that a contract payment shall be

reduced

by an acre for each acre planted to the fruit or vegetable; or

(C) by a producer who the Secretary determines has an established planting history of a specific fruit or vegetable, except that--

(i) the quantity planted may not exceed the producer's average annual planting history of the fruit or vegetable in the 1991 through 1995 crop years (excluding any crop year in which no plantings were made), as determined by the Secretary; and

an

(ii) a contract payment shall be reduced by an acre for each acre planted to the fruit or vegetable.

[[Page 110 STAT. 905]]

Subtitle C--Nonrecourse Marketing Assistance Loans and Loan Deficiency Payments

SEC. 131. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7231.>> AVAILABILITY OF NONRECOURSE MARKETING ASSISTANCE LOANS.

(a) Nonrecourse Loans Available.--For each of the 1996 through 2002 crops of each loan commodity, the Secretary shall make available to producers on a farm nonrecourse marketing assistance loans for loan commodities produced on the farm. The loans shall be made under terms and conditions that are prescribed by the Secretary and at the loan rate

established under section 132 for the loan commodity.

(b) Eligible Production.--The following production shall be eligible

for a marketing assistance loan under subsection (a):

(1) In the case of a marketing assistance loan for a contract commodity, any production by a producer on a farm containing eligible cropland covered by a production

flexibility

contract.

(2) In the case of a marketing assistance loan for extra long staple cotton and oilseeds, any production.

(c) Compliance With Conservation and Wetlands Requirements.--As a condition of the receipt of a marketing assistance loan under subsection

(a), the producer shall comply with applicable conservation requirements

under subtitle B of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16

U.S.C. 3811 et seq.) and applicable wetland protection requirements under subtitle C of title XII of the Act (16 U.S.C. 3821 et seq.) during the term of the loan.

(d) Additional Outlays Prohibited.--The Secretary shall carry out this subtitle in such a manner that there are no additional outlays under this subtitle as a result of the reconstitution of a farm that occurs as a result of the combination of another farm that does not contain eligible cropland covered by a production flexibility contract.

SEC. 132. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7232.>> LOAN RATES FOR MARKETING ASSISTANCE LOANS.

(a) Wheat.--

(1) Loan rate.--Subject to paragraph (2), the loan rate for a marketing assistance loan under section 131 for wheat shall be--

(A) not less than 85 percent of the simple average price received by producers of wheat, as determined by the Secretary, during the marketing years for the immediately preceding 5 crops of wheat, excluding the year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in the period; but

(B) not more than \$2.58 per bushel.

(2) Stocks to use ratio adjustment.--If the Secretary estimates for any marketing year that the ratio of ending

stocks

of wheat to total use for the marketing year will be--

(A) equal to or greater than 30 percent, the Secretary may reduce the loan rate for wheat for the corresponding crop by an amount not to exceed 10

percent

in any year;

(B) less than 30 percent but not less than 15 percent, the Secretary may reduce the loan rate for wheat for the

[[Page 110 STAT. 906]]

corresponding crop by an amount not to exceed 5 percent in any year; or

(C) less than 15 percent, the Secretary may not reduce the loan rate for wheat for the corresponding crop.

(b) Feed Grains.--

(1) Loan rate for corn.--Subject to paragraph (2), the loan rate for a marketing assistance loan under section 131 for corn shall be--

(A) not less than 85 percent of the simple average price received by producers of corn, as determined by the Secretary, during the marketing years for the immediately preceding 5 crops of corn, excluding the year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in the period; but



(B) not more than \$1.89 per bushel.

(2) Stocks to use ratio adjustment.--If the Secretary estimates for any marketing year that the ratio of ending stocks

of corn to total use for the marketing year will be--

(A) equal to or greater than 25 percent, the Secretary may reduce the loan rate for corn for the corresponding crop by an amount not to exceed 10 percent

in any year;

(B) less than 25 percent but not less than 12.5 percent, the Secretary may reduce the loan rate for corn

for the corresponding crop by an amount not to exceed 5 percent in any year; or

(C) less than 12.5 percent, the Secretary may not reduce the loan rate for corn for the corresponding crop.

(3) Other feed grains.--The loan rate for a marketing assistance loan under section 131 for grain sorghum, barley, and

oats, respectively, shall be established at such level as the Secretary determines is fair and reasonable in relation to the rate that loans are made available for corn, taking into consideration the feeding value of the commodity in relation to corn.

(c) Upland Cotton.--

(1) Loan rate.--Subject to paragraph (2), the loan rate for a marketing assistance loan under section 131 for upland cotton shall be established by the Secretary at such loan rate, per pound, as will reflect for the base quality of upland cotton, as

determined by the Secretary, at average locations in the United States a rate that is not less than the smaller of--

(A) 85 percent of the average price (weighted by market and month) of the base quality of cotton as quoted in the designated United States spot markets during 3 years of the 5-year period ending July 31 of the year preceding the year in which the crop is planted, excluding the year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in the period; or

(B) 90 percent of the average, for the 15-week period beginning July 1 of the year preceding the year in which the crop is planted, of the 5 lowest-priced growths of the growths quoted for Middling 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>32</sub>-inch cotton C.I.F. Northern Europe (adjusted downward by the average difference during the period April 15 through October 15 of the year preceding the year in which the crop is planted between the average Northern European price quotation of such

[[Page 110 STAT. 907]]

quality of cotton and the market quotations in the designated United States spot markets for the base

quality of upland cotton), as determined by the Secretary.

(2) Limitations.--The loan rate for a marketing assistance loan for upland cotton shall not be less than \$0.50 per pound

or

more than \$0.5192 per pound.

(d) Extra Long Staple Cotton.--The loan rate for a marketing assistance loan under section 131 for extra long staple cotton shall be--

(1) not less than 85 percent of the simple average price received by producers of extra long staple cotton, as determined

by the Secretary, during 3 years of the 5-year period ending July 31 of the year preceding the year in which the crop is planted, excluding the year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in the period; but

(2) not more than \$0.7965 per pound.

(e) Rice.--The loan rate for a marketing assistance loan under section 131 for rice shall be \$6.50 per hundredweight.

(f) Oilseeds.--

(1) Soybeans.--The loan rate for a marketing assistance loan under section 131 for soybeans shall be--

(A) not less than 85 percent of the simple average price received by producers of soybeans, as determined by the Secretary, during the marketing years for the immediately preceding 5 crops of soybeans, excluding

the

year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in the period; but

(B) not less than \$4.92 or more than \$5.26 per bushel.

(2) Sunflower seed, canola, rapeseed, safflower, mustard seed, and flaxseed.--The loan rate for a marketing assistance loan under section 131 for sunflower seed, canola, rapeseed, safflower, mustard seed, and flaxseed, individually, shall be--

the

(A) not less than 85 percent of the simple average price received by producers of sunflower seed, individually, as determined by the Secretary, during

of

marketing years for the immediately preceding 5 crops

sunflower seed, individually, excluding the year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in the period; but

(B) not less than \$0.087 or more than \$0.093 per pound.

(3) Other oilseeds.--The loan rates for a marketing assistance loan under section 131 for other oilseeds shall be established at such level as the Secretary determines is fair and reasonable in relation to the loan rate available for soybeans, except in no event shall the rate for the oilseeds

(other than cottonseed) be less than the rate established for soybeans on a per-pound basis for the same crop.

SEC. 133. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7233.>> TERM OF LOANS.

(a) Term of Loan.--In the case of each loan commodity (other than upland cotton or extra long staple cotton), a marketing assistance loan under section 131 shall have a term of 9 months beginning

[[Page 110 STAT. 908]]

on the first day of the first month after the month in which the loan is made.

(b) Special Rule for Cotton.--A marketing assistance loan for upland cotton or extra long staple cotton shall have a term of 10 months beginning on the first day of the month in which the loan is made.

(c) Extensions Prohibited.--The Secretary may not extend the term of a marketing assistance loan for any loan commodity.

SEC. 134. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7234.>> REPAYMENT OF LOANS.

(a) Repayment Rates for Wheat, Feed Grains, and Oilseeds.--The Secretary shall permit a producer to repay a marketing assistance loan under section 131 for wheat, corn, grain sorghum, barley, oats, and oilseeds at a rate that is the lesser of--

- (1) the loan rate established for the commodity under section 132, plus interest (as determined by the Secretary); or
- (2) a rate that the Secretary determines will--
  - (A) minimize potential loan forfeitures;
  - (B) minimize the accumulation of stocks of the commodity by the Federal Government;
  - (C) minimize the cost incurred by the Federal Government in storing the commodity; and
  - (D) allow the commodity produced in the United States to be marketed freely and competitively, both domestically and internationally.

(b) Repayment Rates for Upland Cotton and Rice.--The Secretary shall permit producers to repay a marketing assistance loan under section 131 for upland cotton and rice at a rate that is the lesser of--

- (1) the loan rate established for the commodity under section 132, plus interest (as determined by the Secretary); or
- (2) the prevailing world market price for the commodity (adjusted to United States quality and location), as determined by the Secretary.

(c) Repayment Rates for Extra Long Staple Cotton.--Repayment of a marketing assistance loan for extra long staple cotton shall be at the loan rate established for the commodity under section 132, plus interest (as determined by the Secretary).

(d) <<NOTE: Regulations.>> Prevailing World Market Price.--For purposes of this section and section 136, the Secretary shall prescribe

by regulation--

(1) a formula to determine the prevailing world market price

for each loan commodity, adjusted to United States quality and location; and

(2) a mechanism by which the Secretary shall announce periodically the prevailing world market price for each loan commodity.

(e) Adjustment of Prevailing World Market Price for Upland Cotton.-

(1) In general.--During the period ending July 31, 2003, the prevailing world market price for upland cotton (adjusted to United States quality and location) established under

subsection

(d) shall be further adjusted if--

(A) the adjusted prevailing world market price is less than 115 percent of the loan rate for upland

cotton

established under section 132, as determined by the Secretary; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 909]]

(B) the Friday through Thursday average price quotation for the lowest-priced United States growth as quoted for Middling (M) 1 $\frac{3}{32}$ -inch cotton delivered C.I.F. Northern Europe is greater than the Friday through Thursday average price of the 5 lowest-priced growths of upland cotton, as quoted for Middling (M) 1 $\frac{3}{32}$ -inch cotton, delivered C.I.F. Northern Europe (referred to in this section as the ``Northern Europe price'').

(2) Further adjustment.--Except as provided in paragraph (3), the adjusted prevailing world market price for upland cotton shall be further adjusted on the basis of some or all of the following data, as available:

(A) The United States share of world exports.

(B) The current level of cotton export sales and cotton export shipments.

(C) Other data determined by the Secretary to be relevant in establishing an accurate prevailing world market price for upland cotton (adjusted to United States quality and location).

(3) Limitation on further adjustment.--The adjustment under paragraph (2) may not exceed the difference between--

(A) the Friday through Thursday average price for the lowest-priced United States growth as quoted for Middling 1 $\frac{3}{32}$ -inch cotton delivered C.I.F. Northern Europe; and

(B) the Northern Europe price.

SEC. 135. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7235.>> LOAN DEFICIENCY PAYMENTS.

(a) Availability of Loan Deficiency Payments.--Except as provided in

subsection (d), the Secretary may make loan deficiency payments available to producers who, although eligible to obtain a marketing assistance loan under section 131 with respect to a loan commodity, agree to forgo obtaining the loan for the commodity in return for payments under this section.

(b) Computation.--A loan deficiency payment under this section shall

be computed by multiplying--

(1) the loan payment rate determined under subsection (c) for the loan commodity; by

(2) the quantity of the loan commodity that the producers on

a farm are eligible to place under loan but for which the producers forgo obtaining the loan in return for payments under this section.

(c) Loan Payment Rate.--For purposes of this section, the loan payment rate shall be the amount by which--

(1) the loan rate established under section 132 for the loan

commodity; exceeds

(2) the rate at which a loan for the commodity may be repaid

under section 134.

(d) Exception for Extra Long Staple Cotton.--This section shall not apply with respect to extra long staple cotton.

SEC. 136. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7236.>> SPECIAL MARKETING LOAN PROVISIONS FOR UPLAND COTTON.

(a) Cotton User Marketing Certificates.--

(1) Issuance.--Subject to paragraph (4), during the period ending July 31, 2003, the Secretary shall issue marketing certificates or cash payments to domestic users and exporters for documented purchases by domestic users and sales for

[[Page 110 STAT. 910]]

export by exporters made in the week following a consecutive 4-week period in which--

(A) the Friday through Thursday average price quotation for the lowest-priced United States growth,

as quoted for Middling (M) 1\3/32\-inch cotton, delivered C.I.F. Northern Europe exceeds the Northern Europe

price by more than 1.25 cents per pound; and

(B) the prevailing world market price for upland cotton (adjusted to United States quality and location) does not exceed 130 percent of the loan rate for upland cotton established under section 132.

(2) Value of certificates or payments.--The value of the marketing certificates or cash payments shall be based on the amount of the difference (reduced by 1.25 cents per pound) in the prices during the 4th week of the consecutive 4-week period multiplied by the quantity of upland cotton included in the

documented sales.

(3) Administration of marketing certificates.--

(A) Redemption, marketing, or exchange.--The Secretary shall establish procedures for redeeming marketing certificates for cash or marketing or

exchange

of the certificates for agricultural commodities owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation in such manner, and at such price levels, as the Secretary determines will best effectuate the purposes of cotton user marketing certificates. Any price restrictions that would otherwise apply to the disposition of agricultural commodities by the Commodity Credit Corporation shall not apply to the redemption of certificates under this subsection.

(B) Designation of commodities and products.--To

the

extent practicable, the Secretary shall permit owners

of

certificates to designate the commodities and products, including storage sites, the owners would prefer to receive in exchange for certificates. If any

certificate

is not presented for redemption, marketing, or exchange within a reasonable number of days after the issuance

of

the certificate (as determined by the Secretary), reasonable costs of storage and other carrying charges, as determined by the Secretary, shall be deducted from the value of the certificate for the period beginning after the reasonable number of days and ending with the date of the presentation of the certificate to the Commodity Credit Corporation.

(C) Transfers.--Marketing certificates issued to domestic users and exporters of upland cotton may be transferred to other persons in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary.

(4) Exception.--The Secretary shall not issue marketing certificates or cash payments under paragraph (1) if, for the immediately preceding consecutive 10-week period, the Friday through Thursday average price quotation for the lowest priced United States growth, as quoted for Middling (M) 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>32</sub>-inch cotton, delivered C.I.F. Northern Europe, adjusted for the

value

of any certificate issued under this subsection, exceeds the Northern Europe price by more than 1.25 cents per pound.

[[Page 110 STAT. 911]]

(5) Limitation on expenditures.--Total expenditures under this subsection shall not exceed \$701,000,000 during fiscal years 1996 through 2002.

(b) Special Import Quota.--

(1) <<NOTE: President.>> Establishment.--The President

shall

carry out an import quota program that provides that, during  
the period ending July 31, 2003, whenever the Secretary determines  
and announces that for any consecutive 10-week period, the  
Friday through Thursday average price quotation for the lowest-  
priced United States growth, as quoted for Middling (M)

1\3/32\-

inch cotton, delivered C.I.F. Northern Europe, adjusted for the  
value of any certificates issued under subsection (a), exceeds  
the Northern Europe price by more than 1.25 cents per pound,  
there shall immediately be in effect a special import quota.

(2) Quantity.--The quota shall be equal to 1 week's  
consumption of upland cotton by domestic mills at the  
seasonally adjusted average rate of the most recent 3 months for which  
data are available.

(3) Application.--The quota shall apply to upland cotton  
purchased not later than 90 days after the date of the  
Secretary's announcement under paragraph (1) and entered into  
the United States not later than 180 days after the date.

(4) Overlap.--A special quota period may be established  
that overlaps any existing quota period if required by paragraph  
(1), except that a special quota period may not be established under  
this subsection if a quota period has been established under  
subsection (c).

(5) Preferential tariff treatment.--The quantity under a  
special import quota shall be considered to be an in-quota  
quantity for purposes of--

(A) section 213(d) of the Caribbean Basin Economic  
Recovery Act (19 U.S.C. 2703(d));

(B) section 204 of the Andean Trade Preference Act  
(19 U.S.C. 3203);

(C) section 503(d) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19  
U.S.C. 2463(d)); and

(D) General Note 3(a)(iv) to the Harmonized Tariff  
Schedule.

(6) Definition.--In this subsection, the term ``special  
import quota'' means a quantity of imports that is not subject  
to the over-quota tariff rate of a tariff-rate quota.

(c) Limited Global Import Quota for Upland Cotton.--

(1) <<NOTE: President.>> In general.--The President shall  
carry out an import quota program that provides that whenever  
the Secretary determines and announces that the average price  
of

the base quality of upland cotton, as determined by the  
Secretary, in the designated spot markets for a month exceeded  
130 percent of the average price of such quality of cotton in  
the markets for the preceding 36 months, notwithstanding any  
other provision of law, there shall immediately be in effect a  
limited global import quota subject to the following

conditions:

(A) Quantity.--The quantity of the quota shall be  
equal to 21 days of domestic mill consumption of upland

cotton at the seasonally adjusted average rate of the most recent 3 months for which data are available.

(B) Quantity if prior quota.--If a quota has been established under this subsection during the preceding 12

[[Page 110 STAT. 912]]

under months, the quantity of the quota next established this subsection shall be the smaller of 21 days of domestic mill consumption calculated under subparagraph (A) or the quantity required to increase the supply to 130 percent of the demand.

(C) Preferential tariff treatment.--The quantity under a limited global import quota shall be considered to be an in-quota quantity for purposes of--

(i) section 213(d) of the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act (19 U.S.C. 2703(d));

(ii) section 204 of the Andean Trade Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3203);

(iii) section 503(d) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2463(d)); and

(iv) General Note 3(a)(iv) to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule.

(D) Definitions.--In this subsection:

(i) Supply.--The term ``supply'' means, using the latest official data of the Bureau of the Census, the Department of Agriculture, and the Department of the Treasury--

(I) the carry-over of upland cotton at the beginning of the marketing year (adjusted to 480-pound bales) in which the quota is established;

(II) production of the current

crop;

and

(III) imports to the latest date available during the marketing year.

(ii) Demand.--The term ``demand'' means--

(I) the average seasonally adjusted annual rate of domestic mill

consumption

during the most recent 3 months for which data are available; and

(II) the larger of--

(aa) average exports of upland cotton during the preceding 6 marketing years; or

(bb) cumulative exports of upland cotton plus outstanding export sales for the marketing year in which the quota is established.

(iii) Limited global import quota.--The term ``limited global import quota'' means a quantity of imports that is not subject to the over-quota



tariff rate of a tariff-rate quota.

(E) Quota entry period.--When a quota is established under this subsection, cotton may be entered under the quota during the 90-day period beginning on the date the quota is established by the Secretary.

(2) No overlap.--Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a quota period may not be established that overlaps an existing quota period or a special quota period established under subsection (b).

SEC. 137. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7237.>> AVAILABILITY OF RECOURSE LOANS FOR HIGH MOISTURE FEED GRAINS AND SEED COTTON.

(a) High Moisture Feed Grains.--

(1) Recourse loans available.--For each of the 1996 through 2002 crops of corn and grain sorghum, the Secretary shall make available recourse loans, as determined by the

[[Page 110 STAT. 913]]

Secretary, to producers on a farm containing eligible cropland covered by a production flexibility contract who--

(A) normally harvest all or a portion of their crop of corn or grain sorghum in a high moisture state;

(B) present--

inspected, (i) certified scale tickets from an

certified commercial scale, including a licensed warehouse, feedlot, feed mill, distillery, or other similar entity approved by the Secretary, pursuant to regulations issued by the Secretary; or

(ii) field or other physical measurements of the standing or stored crop in regions of the United States, as determined by the Secretary, that do not have certified commercial scales from which certified scale tickets may be obtained within reasonable proximity of harvest operation;

(C) certify that they were the owners of the feed grain at the time of delivery to, and that the quantity to be placed under loan under this subsection was in fact harvested on the farm and delivered to, a feedlot, feed mill, or commercial or on-farm high-moisture storage facility, or to a facility maintained by the users of corn and grain sorghum in a high moisture state; and

(D) comply with deadlines established by the Secretary for harvesting the corn or grain sorghum and submit applications for loans under this subsection within deadlines established by the Secretary.

(2) Eligibility of acquired feed grains.--A loan under this subsection shall be made on a quantity of corn or grain sorghum of the same crop acquired by the producer equivalent to a quantity determined by multiplying--

(A) the acreage of the corn or grain sorghum in a

high moisture state harvested on the producer's farm;  
by

(B) the lower of the farm program payment yield or the actual yield on a field, as determined by the Secretary, that is similar to the field from which the corn or grain sorghum was obtained.

(3) High moisture state defined.--In this subsection, the term ``high moisture state'' means corn or grain sorghum having a moisture content in excess of Commodity Credit Corporation standards for marketing assistance loans made by the Secretary under section 131.

(b) Recourse Loans Available for Seed Cotton.--

(1) Upland cotton.--For each of the 1996 through 2002 crops of upland cotton, the Secretary shall make available recourse seed cotton loans, as determined by the Secretary, to producers on a farm containing eligible cropland covered by a production flexibility contract.

(2) Extra long staple cotton.--For each of the 1996 through 2002 crops of extra long staple cotton, the Secretary shall

make

available recourse seed cotton loans, as determined by the Secretary, on any production.

(c) Repayment Rates.--Repayment of a recourse loan made under this section shall be at the loan rate established for the commodity by the Secretary, plus interest (as determined by the Secretary).

[[Page 110 STAT. 914]]

#### Subtitle D--Other Commodities

#### CHAPTER 1--DAIRY

SEC. 141. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7251.>> MILK PRICE SUPPORT PROGRAM.

(a) Support Activities.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall support the price of milk produced in the 48 contiguous States through the purchase of cheese, butter, and nonfat dry milk produced from the milk.

(b) Rate.--The price of milk shall be supported at the following rates per hundredweight for milk containing 3.67 percent butterfat:

- (1) During calendar year 1996, \$10.35.
- (2) During calendar year 1997, \$10.20.
- (3) During calendar year 1998, \$10.05.
- (4) During calendar year 1999, \$9.90.

(c) Purchase Prices.--The support purchase prices under this section for each of the products of milk (butter, cheese, and nonfat dry milk) announced by the Secretary shall be the same for all of that product sold by persons offering to sell the product to the Secretary. The purchase prices shall be sufficient to enable plants of average efficiency to pay producers, on average, a price that is not less than the rate of price support for milk in effect under subsection (b).

(d) Special Rule for Butter and Nonfat Dry Milk Purchase Prices.--

(1) Allocation of purchase prices.--The Secretary may allocate the rate of price support between the purchase prices

for nonfat dry milk and butter in a manner that will result in the lowest level of expenditures by the Commodity Credit Corporation or achieve such other objectives as the Secretary considers appropriate. Not later than 10 days after making or changing an allocation, the Secretary shall notify the

Committee

on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the

Committee

on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate of the allocation. Section 553 of title 5, United States Code, shall not apply with respect to the implementation of this section.

(2) Timing of purchase price adjustments.--The Secretary

may

make any such adjustments in the purchase prices for nonfat dry milk and butter the Secretary considers to be necessary not

more

than twice in each calendar year.

(e) Refunds of 1995 and 1996 Assessments.--

(1) Refund required.--The Secretary shall provide for a refund of the entire reduction required under section 204(h)(2) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446e(h)(2)), as in effect on the day before the amendment made by subsection (g), in the price of milk received by a producer during calendar

year

1995 or 1996, if the producer provides evidence that the producer did not increase marketings in calendar year 1995 or 1996 when compared to calendar year 1994 or 1995, respectively.

(2) Exception.--This subsection shall not apply with

respect

to a producer for a particular calendar year if the producer

has

already received a refund under section 204(h) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 for the same fiscal year before the effective date of this section.

[[Page 110 STAT. 915]]

(3) Treatment of refund.--A refund under this subsection shall not be considered as any type of price support or payment for purposes of sections 1211 and 1221 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3811 and 3821).

(f) Commodity Credit Corporation.--The Secretary shall carry out the program authorized by this section through the Commodity Credit Corporation.

(g) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> Conforming Repeal.--Effective on the first day of the first month beginning after the date of enactment of this title, section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446e) is repealed.

(h) Period of Effectiveness.--This section (other than subsection (g)) shall be effective only during the period beginning on the first day of the first month beginning after the date of enactment of this title and ending on December 31, 1999. The program authorized by this

section shall terminate on December 31, 1999, and shall be considered to have expired notwithstanding section 257 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 907).

SEC. 142. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7252.>> RECOURSE LOAN PROGRAM FOR COMMERCIAL PROCESSORS OF DAIRY PRODUCTS.

(a) Recourse Loans Available.--Under such reasonable terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall make recourse loans available to commercial processors of eligible dairy products to assist the processors to manage inventories of eligible dairy products and assure a greater degree of price stability for the dairy industry during the year. The Secretary shall use the funds, facilities, and authorities of the Commodity Credit Corporation to carry out this section.

(b) Amount of Loan.--The Secretary shall establish the amount of a loan for eligible dairy products, which shall reflect a milk equivalent value of \$9.90 per hundredweight of milk containing 3.67 percent butterfat. The rate of interest charged participants under this section shall not be less than the rate of interest charged the Commodity Credit Corporation by the United States Treasury.

(c) Period of Loan.--The original term of a recourse loan made under this section may not extend beyond the end of the fiscal year in which the loan is made. At the end of the fiscal year, the Secretary may extend the loan for an additional period not to exceed the end of the next fiscal year.

(d) Definition of Eligible Dairy Products.--In this section, the term "eligible dairy products" means cheddar cheese, butter, and nonfat dry milk.

(e) Effective Date.--This section shall be effective beginning January 1, 2000.

SEC. 143. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7253.>> CONSOLIDATION AND REFORM OF FEDERAL MILK MARKETING ORDERS.

(a) Amendment of Orders.--

(1) Required consolidation.--The Secretary shall amend Federal milk marketing orders issued under section 8c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, to limit the number of Federal milk marketing orders to not less than 10 and not more than 14 orders.

(2) Inclusion of California as separate order.--Upon the petition and approval of California dairy producers in the

[[Page 110 STAT. 916]]

manner provided in section 8c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act

(7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, the Secretary shall designate

the State of California as a separate Federal milk marketing order. The order covering California shall have the right to reblend and distribute order receipts to recognize quota value.

(3) Related issues addressed in consolidation.--Among the issues the Secretary is authorized to implement as part of the consolidation of Federal milk marketing orders are the following:

basing (A) The use of utilization rates and multiple points for the pricing of fluid milk.

(B) The use of uniform multiple component pricing when developing 1 or more basic formula prices for manufacturing milk.

(4) Effect of existing law.--In implementing the consolidation of Federal milk marketing orders and related reforms under this subsection, the Secretary may not consider, or base any decision on, the table contained in section

8c(5)(A) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(5)(A)), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as added by section 131 of the Food Security Act of 1985.

(b) Expedited Process.--

notice (1) Use of informal rulemaking.--To implement the consolidation of Federal milk marketing orders and related reforms under subsection (a), the Secretary shall use the

and comment procedures provided in section 553 of title 5, United States Code.

(2) Time limitations.--

(A) Proposed amendments.--The Secretary shall announce the proposed amendments to be made under subsection (a) not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this title.

implement (B) Final amendments.--The Secretary shall

the amendments not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this title.

orders. (3) Effect of court order.--The actions authorized by this subsection are intended to ensure the timely publication and implementation of new and amended Federal milk marketing

In the event that the Secretary is enjoined or otherwise restrained by a court order from publishing or implementing the consolidation and related reforms under subsection (a), the length of time for which that injunction or other restraining order is effective shall be added to the time limitations specified in paragraph (2) thereby extending those time limitations by a period of time equal to the period of time for which the injunction or other restraining order is effective.

(c) Failure To Timely Consolidate Orders.--If the Secretary fails to implement the consolidation required under subsection (a)(1) within the time period required under subsection (b)(2)(B) (plus any additional period provided under subsection (b)(3)), the Secretary may not assess

or collect assessments from milk producers or handlers under such section 8c for marketing order administration and services provided under such section after the end of

[[Page 110 STAT. 917]]

that period until the consolidation is completed. The Secretary may not reduce the level of services provided under the section on account of the prohibition against assessments, but shall rather cover the cost of marketing order administration and services through funds available for the Agricultural Marketing Service of the Department.

(d) Report Regarding Further Reforms.--

(1) Report required.--Not later than April 1, 1997, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report--

(A) reviewing the Federal milk marketing order system established pursuant to section 8c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, in light of the reforms required by subsection (a);

(B) describing the efforts underway and the progress made in implementing the reforms required by subsection (a); and

(C) containing such recommendations as the Secretary considers appropriate for further improvements and reforms to the Federal milk marketing order system.

(2) Effect of other laws.--Any limitation imposed by Act of Congress on the conduct or completion of reports to Congress shall not apply to the report required under this section, unless the limitation specifically refers to this section.

SEC. 144. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7254.>> EFFECT ON FLUID MILK STANDARDS IN STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

Nothing in this Act or any other provision of law shall be construed to preempt, prohibit, or otherwise limit the authority of the State of California, directly or indirectly, to establish or continue to effect any law, regulation, or requirement regarding--

(1) the percentage of milk solids or solids not fat in fluid milk products sold at retail or marketed in the State of California; or  
(2) the labeling of such fluid milk products with regard to milk solids or solids not fat.

SEC. 145. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7255.>> MILK MANUFACTURING MARKETING ADJUSTMENT.

(a) Maximum Allowances Established.--No State shall provide for a manufacturing allowance for the processing of milk in excess of--

(1) \$1.65 per hundredweight of milk for milk manufactured into butter and nonfat dry milk; and

(2) \$1.80 per hundredweight of milk for milk manufactured into cheese.

(b) Manufacturing Allowance Defined.--In this section, the term ``manufacturing allowance'' means--

(1) the amount by which the product price value of butter and nonfat dry milk manufactured from a hundred pounds of milk containing 3.5 pounds of butterfat and 8.7 pounds of milk solids

not fat resulting from a State's yield and product price formulas exceeds the class price for the milk used to produce those products; or

(2) the amount by which the product price value of cheese manufactured from a hundred pounds of milk containing 3.5 pounds

of butterfat and 8.7 pounds of milk solids not fat resulting from a State's yield and product price formulas exceeds the class price for the milk used to produce cheese.

[[Page 110 STAT. 918]]

(c) Effect of Violation.--If the Secretary determines following a hearing that a State has in effect a manufacturing allowance that exceeds the manufacturing allowance authorized in subsection (a), the Secretary shall suspend purchases of cheddar cheese, butter, and nonfat dry milk produced in that State until such time as the State complies with such subsection.

(d) Effective Date; Implementation.--This section (other than subsection (e)) shall be effective during the period beginning on the first day of the first month beginning after the date of enactment of this title and ending on December 31, 1999. During that period, the Secretary may exercise the authority provided to the Secretary under this section without regard to the issuance of regulations intended to carry out this section.

(e) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> Conforming Repeal.--Effective on the first day of the first month beginning after the date of enactment of this title, section 102 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 1446e-1) is repealed.

#### SEC. 146. PROMOTION.

(a) Congressional Purpose.--Section 1999B(a) of the Fluid Milk Promotion Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6401(a)) is amended--

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (6), (7) and (8) as paragraphs (7), (8) and (9), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following:

``(6) the congressional purpose underlying this subtitle is to maintain and expand markets for fluid milk products, not to maintain or expand any processor's share of those markets and that the subtitle does not prohibit or restrict individual advertising or promotion of fluid milk products since the programs created and funded by this subtitle are not extended to  
replace individual advertising and promotion efforts;''.

(b) Congressional Policy.--Section 1999B(b) of the Fluid Milk Promotion Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6401(b)) is amended to read as follows:

``(b) Policy.--It is declared to be the policy of Congress that it is in the public interest to authorize the establishment, through the

exercise of powers provided in this subtitle, of an orderly procedure for developing, financing, through adequate assessments on fluid milk products produced in the United States and carrying out an effective, continuous, and coordinated program of promotion, research, and consumer information designed to strengthen the position of the dairy industry in the marketplace and maintain and expand domestic and foreign markets and uses for fluid milk products, the purpose of which is not to compete with or replace individual advertising or promotion efforts designed to promote individual brand name or trade name fluid milk products, but rather to maintain and expand the markets for all fluid milk products, with the goal and purpose of this subtitle being a national governmental goal that authorizes and funds programs that result in government speech promoting government objectives.''.

(c) Research.--Section 1999C(6) of the Fluid Milk Promotion Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6402(6)) is amended to read as follows:

``(6) Research.--The term `research' means market research to support advertising and promotion efforts, including educational activities, research directed to product characteristics, product development, including new products or improved

[[Page 110 STAT. 919]]

technology in production, manufacturing or processing of milk and the products of milk.''.

(d) Voting.--

(1) Initial referenda.--Section 1999N(b)(2) of the Fluid Milk Promotion Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6413(b)(2)) is amended by striking ``all processors'' and inserting ``fluid milk processors voting in the referendum''.

(2) Suspension or termination.--Section 19990(c) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 6414(c)) is amended--

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking ``all processors''

and inserting ``fluid milk processors voting in the preceding referendum''; and

(B) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking ``all processors'' and inserting ``fluid milk processors voting in the referendum''.

(e) Duration.--Section 19990(a) of the Fluid Milk Promotion Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6414(a)) is amended by striking ``1996'' and inserting ``2002''.

SEC. 147. <<NOTE: Congress. State listing. 7 USC 7256.>> NORTHEAST INTERSTATE DAIRY COMPACT.

Congress hereby consents to the Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact entered into among the States of Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont as specified in section 1(b) Senate



Joint Resolution 28 of the 104th Congress, as placed on the calendar of the Senate, subject to the following conditions:

(1) Finding of compelling public interest.--Based upon a finding by the Secretary of a compelling public interest in the Compact region, the Secretary may grant the States that have ratified the Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact, as of the date of enactment of this title, the authority to implement the Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact.

II, (2) Limitation on manufacturing price.--The Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact Commission shall not regulate Class Class III, or Class III-A milk used for manufacturing purposes or any other milk, other than Class I (fluid) milk, as defined by a Federal milk marketing order issued under section 8c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c) reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937.

(3) Duration.--Consent for the Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact shall terminate concurrent with the Secretary's implementation of the dairy pricing and Federal milk marketing order consolidation and reforms under section 143.

(4) Additional states.--Delaware, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, and Virginia are the only additional States that may join the Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact, individually or otherwise, if upon entry the State is

contiguous to a participating State and if Congress consents to the entry of the State into the Compact after the date of enactment of this title.

(5) Compensation of commodity credit corporation.--Before the end of each fiscal year that a Compact price regulation is in effect, the Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact Commission shall compensate the Commodity Credit Corporation for the cost of any purchases of milk and milk products by the Corporation that result from the projected rate of

[[Page 110 STAT. 920]]

increase in milk production for the fiscal year within the Compact region in excess of the projected national average rate of the increase in milk production, as determined by the Secretary.

(6) Milk marketing order administrator.--At the request of the Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact Commission, the Administrator of the applicable Federal milk marketing order issued under section 8(c)5 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act

(7) U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, shall provide technical assistance to the Compact Commission and be compensated for that assistance.

(7) Further conditions.--The Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact Commission shall not prohibit or in any way limit the marketing in the Compact region of any milk or milk product produced in any other production area in the United States. The Compact Commission shall respect and abide by the ongoing

procedures between Federal milk marketing orders with respect  
to  
the sharing of proceeds from sales within the Compact region of  
bulk milk, packaged milk, or producer milk originating from  
outside of the Compact region. The Compact Commission shall not  
use compensatory payments under section 10(6) of the Compact as  
a barrier to the entry of milk into the Compact region or for  
any other purpose. Establishment of a Compact over-order price,  
in itself, shall not be considered a compensatory payment or a  
limitation or prohibition on the marketing of milk.

SEC. 148. DAIRY EXPORT INCENTIVE PROGRAM.

(a) Duration.--Section 153(a) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (15 U.S.C. 713a-14(a)) is amended by striking ``2001'' and inserting ``2002''.

(b) Sole Discretion.--Section 153(b) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (15 U.S.C. 713a-14(b)) is amended by inserting ``sole'' before ``discretion''.

(c) Elements of Program.--Section 153(c) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (15 U.S.C. 713a-14(c)) is amended--

(1) by striking ``and'' at the end of paragraph (1);

(2) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting a semicolon; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

``(3) the maximum volume of dairy product exports allowable consistent with the obligations of the United States as a

member

of the World Trade Organization is exported under the program each year (minus the volume sold under section 1163 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-198; 7 U.S.C. 1731 note) during that year), except to the extent that the export of such a volume under the program would, in the judgment of the Secretary, exceed the limitations on the value set forth in subsection (f); and

``(4) payments may be made under the program for exports to any destination in the world for the purpose of market development, except a destination in a country with respect to which shipments from the United States are otherwise restricted by law.''.

(d) Market Development.--Section 153(e)(1) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (15 U.S.C. 713a-14(e)(1)) is amended--

[[Page 110 STAT. 921]]

(1) by striking ``and'' and inserting ``the''; and

(2) by inserting before the period the following: `` , and any additional amount that may be required to assist in the development of world markets for United States dairy products''.

(e) Maximum Allowable Amounts.--Section 153 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (15 U.S.C. 713a-14) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(f) Required Funding.--

``(1) In general.--Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Commodity Credit Corporation shall in each year use money and commodities for the program under this section in the maximum amount consistent with the obligations of the United States as

a

member of the World Trade Organization, minus the amount expended under section 1163 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-198; 7 U.S.C. 1731 note) during that year.

``(2) Volume limitations.--The Commodity Credit Corporation may not exceed the limitations specified in subsection (c)(3)

on

the volume of allowable dairy product exports.''.

SEC. 149. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7257.>> AUTHORITY TO ASSIST IN ESTABLISHMENT AND

MAINTENANCE OF ONE OR MORE EXPORT TRADING COMPANIES.

The Secretary of Agriculture shall, consistent with the obligations of the United States as a member of the World Trade Organization, provide such advice and assistance to the United States dairy industry as may be necessary to enable that industry to establish and maintain one or more export trading companies under the Export Trading Company Act of 1982 (15 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.) for the purpose of facilitating the international market development for and exportation of dairy products produced in the United States.

SEC. 150. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7258.>> STANDBY AUTHORITY TO INDICATE ENTITY BEST SUITED TO PROVIDE INTERNATIONAL MARKET DEVELOPMENT AND EXPORT SERVICES.

(a) Indication of Entity Best Suited To Assist International Market Development for and Export of United States Dairy Products.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall indicate which entity or entities autonomous of the Government of the United States, which seeks such a designation, is best suited to facilitate the international market development for and exportation of United States dairy products, if the Secretary determines that--

(1) the United States dairy industry has not established an export trading company under the Export Trading Company Act of 1982 (15 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.) for the purpose of facilitating the international market development for an exportation of

dairy

products produced in the United States on or before June 30, 1997; or

(2) the quantity of exports of United States dairy products during the 12-month period preceding July 1, 1998 does not exceed the quantity of exports of United States dairy products during the 12-month period preceding July 1, 1997 by 1.5

billion

pounds (milk equivalent, total solids basis).

(b) Funding of Export Activities.--The Secretary shall assist the entity or entities identified under subsection (a) in identifying

sources of funding for the activities specified in subsection (a) from within the dairy industry and elsewhere.

(c) Application of Section.--This section shall apply only during the period beginning on July 1, 1997 and ending on September 30, 2000.

SEC. 151. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7259.>> STUDY AND REPORT REGARDING POTENTIAL IMPACT OF URUGUAY ROUND ON PRICES, INCOME, AND GOVERNMENT PURCHASES.

(a) Study.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study, on a variety by variety of cheese basis, to determine the potential impact on milk prices in the United States, dairy producer income, and Federal dairy program costs, of the allocation of additional cheese granted access to the United States as a result of the obligations of the United States as a member of the World Trade Organization.

(b) Report.--Not later than June 30, 1997, the Secretary shall report to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives the results of the study conducted under this section.

(c) Rule of Construction.--Any limitation imposed by Act of Congress on the conduct or completion of studies or reports to Congress shall not apply to the study and report required under this section, unless the limitation specifically refers to this section.

SEC. 152. PROMOTION OF UNITED STATES DAIRY PRODUCTS IN INTERNATIONAL MARKETS THROUGH DAIRY PROMOTION PROGRAM.

Section 113(e) of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 4504(e)) is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: ``For each of fiscal years 1997 through 2001, the Board's budget may provide for the expenditure of revenues available to the Board to develop international markets for, and to promote within such markets, the consumption of dairy products produced in the United States from milk produced in the United States.''.

CHAPTER 2--PEANUTS AND SUGAR

SEC. 155. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7271.>> PEANUT PROGRAM.

(a) Quota Peanuts.--

(1) Availability of loans.--The Secretary shall make nonrecourse loans available to producers of quota peanuts.

(2) Loan rate.--The national average quota loan rate for quota peanuts shall be \$610 per ton.

(3) Inspection, handling, or storage.--The loan amount may not be reduced by the Secretary by any deductions for inspection, handling, or storage.

(4) Location and other factors.--The Secretary may make adjustments in the loan rate for quota peanuts for location of

peanuts and such other factors as are authorized by section  
162.

(5) Offers from handlers.--If a producer markets a quota peanut crop, meeting quality requirements for domestic edible use, through the marketing association loan for two consecutive marketing years and the Secretary determines that a handler provided the producer with a written offer, upon delivery, for

[[Page 110 STAT. 923]]

the purchase of the quota peanut crops at a price equal to or  
in excess of the quota support price, the producer shall be  
ineligible for quota price support for the next marketing year.  
The Secretary shall establish the method by which a producer  
may appeal a determination under this paragraph regarding  
ineligibility for quota price support.

(b) Additional Peanuts.--

(1) In general.--Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary shall make nonrecourse loans available to producers of additional peanuts at such rates as the Secretary finds appropriate, taking into consideration the demand for peanut  
oil

and peanut meal, expected prices of other vegetable oils and protein meals, and the demand for peanuts in foreign markets.

(2) Limitation.--The Secretary shall establish the support rate on additional peanuts at a level estimated by the  
Secretary

to ensure that there are no losses to the Commodity Credit Corporation on the sale or disposal of the peanuts.

(3) Announcement.--The Secretary shall announce the loan rate for additional peanuts of each crop not later than  
February

15 preceding the marketing year for the crop for which the loan rate is being determined.

(c) Area Marketing Associations.--

(1) Warehouse storage loans.--

(A) In general.--In carrying out subsections (a)  
and

(b), the Secretary shall make warehouse storage loans available in each of the producing areas (described in section 1446.95 of title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (January 1, 1989)) to a designated area marketing association of peanut producers that is selected and approved by the Secretary and that is operated primarily for the purpose of conducting the loan activities. The Secretary may not make warehouse storage loans available to any cooperative that is engaged in operations or activities concerning peanuts other than those operations and activities specified in this section and section 358e of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1359a).

(B) Administrative and supervisory activities.--An area marketing association shall be used in

administrative and supervisory activities relating to loans and marketing activities under this section and section 358e of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1359a).

(C) Association costs.--Loans made to the association under this paragraph shall include such costs as the area marketing association reasonably may incur in carrying out the responsibilities, operations, and activities of the association under this section

and

section 358e of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1359a).

(2) Pools for quota and additional peanuts.--

(A) <<NOTE: Records. New Mexico.>> In general.--The Secretary shall require that each area marketing association establish pools and maintain complete and accurate records by area and segregation for quota peanuts handled under loan and for additional peanuts placed under loan, except that separate pools shall be established for Valencia peanuts produced in New

Mexico.

(B) Eligibility to participate in new mexico pools.--

[[Page 110 STAT. 924]]

(i) In general.--Except as provided in clause (ii), in the case of the 1996 and subsequent crops, Valencia peanuts not physically produced

in

the State of New Mexico shall not be eligible to participate in the pools of the State.

(ii) Exception.--A producer of Valencia peanuts may enter Valencia peanuts that are produced in Texas into the pools of New Mexico in a quantity not greater than the average annual quantity of the peanuts that the producer entered into the New Mexico pools for the 1990 through 1995 crops.

(C) Types of peanuts.--Bright hull and dark hull Valencia peanuts shall be considered as separate types for the purpose of establishing the pools.

(D) Net gains.--Net gains on peanuts in each pool, unless otherwise approved by the Secretary, shall be distributed only to producers who placed peanuts in the pool and shall be distributed in proportion to the

value

of the peanuts placed in the pool by each producer. Net gains for peanuts in each pool shall consist of the following:

net

(i) Quota peanuts.--For quota peanuts, the gains over and above the loan indebtedness and other costs or losses incurred on peanuts placed in the pool.

(ii) Additional peanuts.--For additional peanuts, the net gains over and above the loan

on indebtedness and other costs or losses incurred  
peanuts placed in the pool for additional  
peanuts.

(d) Losses.--Losses in quota area pools shall be covered using the following sources in the following order of priority:

(1) Transfers from additional loan pools.--The proceeds due any producer from any pool shall be reduced by the amount of

any loss that is incurred with respect to peanuts transferred from an additional loan pool to a quota loan pool by the producer under section 358-1(b)(8) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1358-1(b)(8)).

(2) Producers in same pool.--Further losses in an area quota pool shall be offset by reducing the gain of any producer in the pool by the amount of pool gains attributed to the same producer

from the sale of additional peanuts for domestic and edible export use.

(3) Offset within area.--Further losses in an area quota pool shall be offset by any gains or profits from additional peanuts (other than separate type pools established under subsection (c)(2)(A) for Valencia peanuts produced in New Mexico) owned or controlled by the Commodity Credit Corporation in that area and sold for domestic edible use, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary. This paragraph shall not apply to profits or gains from a farm with 1 acre or less of peanut production.

(4) First use of marketing assessments.--The Secretary shall use funds collected under subsection (g) (except funds attributable to handlers) to offset further losses in area quota pools. The Secretary shall transfer to the Treasury those funds collected under subsection (g) and available for use under this paragraph that the Secretary determines are not required to cover losses in area quota pools.

[[Page 110 STAT. 925]]

(5) <<NOTE: Regulations.>> Cross compliance.--Further losses in area quota pools, other than losses incurred as a result of transfers from additional loan pools to quota loan pools under section 358-1(b)(8) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1358-1(b)(8)), shall be offset by any gains or profits from quota pools in other production areas (other than separate type pools established under subsection (c)(2)(A) for Valencia peanuts produced in New Mexico) in such manner as the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe.

(6) Offset generally.--If losses in an area quota pool have

not been entirely offset under the preceding paragraphs,  
further  
losses shall be offset by any gains or profits from additional  
peanuts (other than separate type pools established under  
subsection (c)(2)(A) for Valencia peanuts produced in New  
Mexico) owned or controlled by the Commodity Credit Corporation  
and sold for domestic edible use, in accordance with  
regulations  
issued by the Secretary. This paragraph shall not apply to  
profits or gains from a farm with 1 acre or less of peanut  
production.

(7) Second use of marketing assessments.--The Secretary  
shall use funds collected under subsection (g) and attributable  
to handlers to offset further losses in area quota pools. The  
Secretary shall transfer to the Treasury those funds collected  
under subsection (g) and available for use under this paragraph  
that the Secretary determines are not required to cover losses  
in area quota pools.

(8) Increased assessments.--If use of the authorities  
provided in the preceding paragraphs is not sufficient to cover  
losses in an area quota pool, the Secretary shall increase the  
marketing assessment for producers established under subsection  
(g) by such an amount as the Secretary considers necessary to  
cover the losses. The increased assessment shall apply only to  
quota peanuts in the production area covered by the pool.  
Amounts collected under subsection (g) as a result of the  
increased assessment shall be retained by the Secretary to

cover  
losses in that pool.

(e) Disapproval of Quotas.--Notwithstanding any other provision of  
law, no loan for quota peanuts may be made available by the Secretary  
for any crop of peanuts with respect to which poundage quotas have been  
disapproved by producers, as provided for in section 358-1(d) of the  
Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1358-1(d)).

(f) Quality Improvement.--

(1) In general.--With respect to peanuts under loan, the  
Secretary shall--

(A) promote the crushing of peanuts at a greater  
risk of deterioration before peanuts of a lesser risk

of  
deterioration;

(B) ensure that all Commodity Credit Corporation  
inventories of peanuts sold for domestic edible use

must  
be shown to have been officially inspected by licensed  
Department inspectors both as farmer stock and shelled  
or cleaned in-shell peanuts;

(C) continue to endeavor to operate the peanut  
program so as to improve the quality of domestic

peanuts  
and ensure the coordination of activities under the  
Peanut Administrative Committee established under  
Marketing Agreement



produced  
U.S.C.

No. 146, regulating the quality of domestically  
peanuts (under the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7

601 et seq.), reenacted with amendments by the  
Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937); and

(D) ensure that any changes made in the peanut  
program as a result of this subsection requiring  
additional production or handling at the farm level  
shall be reflected as an upward adjustment in the  
Department loan schedule.

(2) Exports and other peanuts.--The Secretary shall require  
that all peanuts in the domestic and export markets fully  
comply  
with all quality standards under Marketing Agreement No. 146.

(g) Marketing Assessment.--

(1) In general.--The Secretary shall provide for a  
nonrefundable marketing assessment. The assessment shall be  
made

on a per pound basis in an amount equal to 1.1 percent for each  
of the 1994 and 1995 crops, 1.15 percent for the 1996 crop, and  
1.2 percent for each of the 1997 through 2002 crops, of the  
national average quota or additional peanut loan rate for the  
applicable crop.

(2) First purchasers.--

(A) In general.--Except as provided under  
paragraphs

(3) and (4), the first purchaser of peanuts shall--

(i) collect from the producer a marketing  
assessment equal to the quantity of peanuts  
acquired multiplied by--

(I) in the case of each of the 1994  
and 1995 crops, .55 percent of the  
applicable national average loan rate;

(II) in the case of the 1996 crop,  
.6 percent of the applicable national  
average loan rate; and

(III) in the case of each of the  
1997 through 2002 crops, .65 percent of  
the applicable national average loan  
rate;

(ii) pay, in addition to the amount collected  
under clause (i), a marketing assessment in an  
amount equal to the quantity of peanuts acquired  
multiplied by .55 percent of the applicable  
national average loan rate; and

(iii) remit the amounts required under  
clauses

(i) and (ii) to the Commodity Credit Corporation  
in a manner specified by the Secretary.

(B) Definition of first purchaser.--In this  
subsection, the term ``first purchaser'' means a person  
acquiring peanuts from a producer except that in the  
case of peanuts forfeited by a producer to the

Commodity

Credit Corporation, the term means the person acquiring

the peanuts from the Commodity Credit Corporation.

(3) Other private marketings.--In the case of a private marketing by a producer directly to a consumer through a retail or wholesale outlet or in the case of a marketing by the producer outside of the continental United States, the producer shall be responsible for the full amount of the assessment and shall remit the assessment by such time as is specified by the Secretary.

(4) Loan peanuts.--In the case of peanuts that are pledged as collateral for a loan made under this section, the producer

[[Page 110 STAT. 927]]

portion of the assessment shall be deducted from the proceeds of

the loan. The remainder of the assessment shall be paid by the first purchaser of the peanuts. For purposes of computing net gains on peanuts under this section, the reduction in loan proceeds shall be treated as having been paid to the producer.

(5) Penalties.--If any person fails to collect or remit the reduction required by this subsection or fails to comply with the requirements for recordkeeping or otherwise as are required by the Secretary to carry out this subsection, the person shall be liable to the Secretary for a civil penalty up to an amount determined by multiplying--

(A) the quantity of peanuts involved in the violation; by

(B) the national average quota peanut rate for the applicable crop year.

(6) Enforcement.--The Secretary may enforce this subsection in the courts of the United States.

(h) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> Crops.--Subsections (a) through (g) shall be effective only for the 1996 through 2002 crops of peanuts.

(i) Poundage Quotas.--

(1) In general.--Part VI of subtitle B of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 is amended--

(A) in section 358-1 (7 U.S.C. 1358-1)--

(i) in the section heading, by striking

``1991

through 1997 crops of'';

(ii) in subsections (a)(1), (b)(1)(B), (b)(2)(A), (b)(2)(C), and (b)(3)(A), by striking ``of the 1991 through 1997 marketing years'' each place it appears and inserting ``marketing

year'';

(iii) in subsection (a)(3), by striking ``1990'' and inserting ``1990, for the 1991 through 1995 marketing years, and 1995, for the 1996 through 2002 marketing years'';

(iv) in subsection (b)(1)(A)--

(I) by striking ``each of the 1991 through 1997 marketing years'' and inserting ``each marketing year''; and

(II) in clause (i), by inserting before the semicolon the following: ``,

in the case of the 1991 through 1995 marketing years, and the 1995 marketing year, in the case of the 1996 through 2002 marketing years'';

(v) in subsection (b)(1), by adding at the

end

the following:

``(D) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> Certain farms ineligible for quota.--Effective beginning with the

1998

crop, the Secretary shall not establish a farm poundage quota under subparagraph (A) for a farm owned or controlled by--

``(i) a municipality, airport authority, school, college, refuge, or other public entity (other than a university used for research purposes); or

``(ii) a person who is not a producer and resides in another State.'';

(vi) in subsection (b)(2), by adding at the end the following:

``(E) Transfer of quota from ineligible farms.--Any farm poundage quota held at the end of the 1996

[[Page 110 STAT. 928]]

marketing year by a farm described in paragraph (1)(D) shall be allocated to other farms in the same State on such basis as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe.''; and

(vii) in subsection (f), by striking ``1997'' and inserting ``2002'';

(B) in section 358b (7 U.S.C. 1358b)--

(i) in the section heading, by striking

``1991

through 1995 crops of''; and

(ii) in subsection (c), by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002'';

(C) in section 358c(d) (7 U.S.C. 1358c(d)), by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''; and

(D) in section 358e (7 U.S.C. 1359a)--

(i) in the section heading, by striking ``for 1991 through 1997 crops of peanuts''; and

(ii) in subsection (i), by striking ``1997'' and inserting ``2002''.

(2) Elimination of quota floor.--Section 358-1(a)(1) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1358-1(a)(1)) is amended by striking the second sentence.

(3) Temporary quota allocation.--Section 358-1 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1358-1) is amended--

(A) in subsection (a)(1), by striking ``domestic edible, seed,'' and inserting ``domestic edible use (except seed)''; and

(B) in subsection (b)(2)--

(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking ``subparagraph (B) and subject to''; and

(ii) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:

“(B) Temporary quota allocation.--

“(i) Allocation related to seed peanuts.-- Temporary allocation of quota pounds for the marketing year only in which the crop is planted shall be made to producers for each of the 1996 through 2002 marketing years as provided in this subparagraph.

“(ii) Quantity.--The temporary quota allocation shall be equal to the pounds of seed peanuts planted on the farm, as may be adjusted and determined under regulations prescribed by

the

Secretary.

“(iii) Additional quota.--The temporary allocation of quota pounds under this paragraph shall be in addition to the farm poundage quota otherwise established under this subsection and shall be credited, for the applicable marketing year only, in total, to the producer of the peanuts on the farm in a manner prescribed by the Secretary.

“(iv) Effect of other requirements.--Nothing in this section alters or changes the

requirements

regarding the use of quota and additional peanuts established by section 358e(b).’’.

(4) Undermarketings.--Part VI of subtitle B of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 is amended--

(A) in section 358-1(b) (7 U.S.C. 1358-1(b))--

[[Page 110 STAT. 929]]

(i) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking

“includ-

ing--’’ and clauses (i) and (ii) and inserting “including any increases resulting from the allocation of quotas voluntarily released for 1 year under paragraph (7).’’;

(ii) in paragraph (3)(B), by striking “include--’’ and clauses (i) and (ii) and inserting “include any increase resulting from the allocation of quotas voluntarily released for 1 year under paragraph (7).’’; and

(iii) by striking paragraphs (8) and (9); and (B) in section 358b(a) (7 U.S.C. 1358b(a))--

(i) in paragraph (2), by striking

“(including

any applicable under marketings)’’; and

(ii) in paragraph (3), by striking

“(including any applicable undermarketings)’’.

(5) Disaster transfers.--Section 358-1(b) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1358-1(b)), as amended by paragraph (4)(A)(iii), is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(8) Disaster transfers.--

``(A) <<NOTE: Regulations.>> In general.--Except as provided in subparagraph (B), additional peanuts produced on a farm from which the quota poundage was

not  
any

harvested and marketed because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or any other condition beyond the control of the producer, may be transferred to the quota loan pool for pricing purposes on such basis as the Secretary shall by regulation provide.

``(B) Limitation.--The poundage of peanuts transferred under subparagraph (A) shall not exceed the difference between--

``(i) the total quantity of peanuts meeting quality requirements for domestic edible use, as determined by the Secretary, marketed from the farm; and

``(ii) the total farm poundage quota, excluding quota pounds transferred to the farm in the fall.

``(C) Support rate.--Peanuts transferred under this paragraph shall be supported at 70 percent of the quota support rate for the marketing years in which the transfers occur. The transfers for a farm shall not exceed 25 percent of the total farm quota pounds, excluding pounds transferred in the fall.''

(6) Sale or lease.--Section 358b(a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1358b(a)) is amended--

(A) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:

``(1) Sale and lease authority.--

``(A) Sale or lease within same state.--Subject to subparagraph (B) and such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, the owner, or operator with

the

permission of the owner, of a farm in a State for which a farm poundage quota has been established may sell or lease all or any part of the poundage quota to any

other

owner or operator of a farm within the same State for transfer to the farm. However, any such lease of poundage quota may be entered into in the fall or after the normal planting season--

[[Page 110 STAT. 930]]

basic

``(i) if not less than 90 percent of the

quota (the farm quota and temporary quota transfers), plus any poundage quota transferred

to

the farm under this subsection, has been planted or considered planted on the farm from which the quota is to be leased; and

``(ii) under such terms and conditions as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe.

the

``In the case of a fall transfer or a transfer after

normal planting season by a cash lessee, the landowner shall not be required to sign the transfer authorization. A fall transfer or a transfer after the normal planting season may be made not later than 72 hours after the peanuts that are the subject of the transfer are inspected and graded.

lease

``(B) Percentage limitations on spring transfers.-- Spring transfers under subparagraph (A) by sale or

of a quota for farms in a county to any owner or operator of a farm outside the county within the same State shall not exceed the applicable percentage specified in this subparagraph of the quotas of all farms in the originating county (as of January 1, 1996) for the crop year in which the transfer is made, plus the total amount of quotas eligible for transfer from the originating county in the preceding crop year that were not transferred in that year or that were transferred through an expired lease. However, not more than an aggregate of 40 percent of the total poundage quota within a county (as of January 1, 1996) may be transferred outside of the county. Cumulative unexpired transfers outside of a county may not exceed for a crop year the following:

``(i) For the 1996 crop, 15 percent.

``(ii) For the 1997 crop, 25 percent.

``(iii) For the 1998 crop, 30 percent.

``(iv) For the 1999 crop, 35 percent.

``(v) For the 2000 and subsequent crops, not more than an aggregate of 40 percent of the total poundage quota within the county as of January 1, 1996.

``(C) Clarification regarding fall transfers.--The limitation in subparagraph (B) does not apply to 1-year fall transfers, which in all cases may be made to any farm in the same State.

``(D) Effect of transfer.--Any farm poundage quota transferred under this paragraph shall not result in

any

reduction in the farm poundage quota for the transferring farm if the transferred quota is produced or considered produced on the receiving farm.''; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

``(4) Transfers in counties with small quotas.-- Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), in the case of any county in a State for which the poundage quota allocated to the county was less than 100,000 pounds for the preceding year's crop, all or any part of a farm poundage quota may be transferred by sale or lease or otherwise from a farm in the county to a farm in another county in the same State.''.

[[Page 110 STAT. 931]]

SEC. 156. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7272.>> SUGAR PROGRAM.

(a) Sugarcane.--The Secretary shall make loans available to processors of domestically grown sugarcane at a rate equal to 18 cents per pound for raw cane sugar.

(b) Sugar Beets.--The Secretary shall make loans available to processors of domestically grown sugar beets at a rate equal to 22.9 cents per pound for refined beet sugar.

(c) Reduction in Loan Rates.--

(1) Reduction required.--The Secretary shall reduce the loan rate specified in subsection (a) for domestically grown sugarcane and subsection (b) for domestically grown sugar beets if the Secretary determines that negotiated reductions in export subsidies and domestic subsidies provided for sugar of other major sugar growing, producing, and exporting countries in the aggregate exceed the commitments made as part of the Agreement on Agriculture.

(2) Extent of reduction.--The Secretary shall not reduce the loan rate under subsection (a) or (b) below a rate that provides an equal measure of support to that provided by other major sugar growing, producing, and exporting countries, based on an examination of both domestic and export subsidies subject to reduction in the Agreement on Agriculture.

(3) Announcement of reduction.--The Secretary shall announce any loan rate reduction to be made under this subsection as far in advance as is practicable.

(4) Definitions.--In this subsection:

(A) Agreement on agriculture.--The term ``Agreement on Agriculture'' means the Agreement on Agriculture referred to in section 101(d)(2) of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3511(d)(2)).

(B) Major sugar countries.--The term ``major sugar growing, producing, and exporting countries'' means--

(i) the countries of the European Union; and

(ii) the 10 foreign countries not covered by subparagraph (A) that the Secretary determines produce the greatest quantity of sugar.

(d) Term of Loans.--

(1) In general.--A loan under this section during any fiscal year shall be made available not earlier than the beginning of the fiscal year and shall mature at the earlier of--

(A) the end of the 9-month period beginning on the first day of the first month after the month in which the loan is made; or

(B) the end of the fiscal year in which the loan is made.

(2) Supplemental loans.--In the case of a loan made under this section in the last 3 months of a fiscal year, the processor may repledge the sugar as collateral for a second loan

in the subsequent fiscal year, except that the second loan shall--

- (A) be made at the loan rate in effect at the time the second loan is made; and
- (B) mature in 9 months less the quantity of time that the first loan was in effect.

(e) Loan Type; Processor Assurances.--

[[Page 110 STAT. 932]]

(1) Recourse loans.--Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary shall carry out this section through the use of recourse loans.

(2) Nonrecourse loans.--During any fiscal year in which the tariff rate quota for imports of sugar into the United States is established at, or is increased to, a level in excess of 1,500,000 short tons raw value, the Secretary shall carry out this section by making available nonrecourse loans. Any recourse loan previously made available by the Secretary under this section during the fiscal year shall be changed by the Secretary into a nonrecourse loan.

(3) Processor assurances.--If the Secretary is required under paragraph (2) to make nonrecourse loans available during a fiscal year or to change recourse loans into nonrecourse loans, the Secretary shall obtain from each processor that receives a loan under this section such assurances as the Secretary considers adequate to ensure that the processor will provide payments to producers that are proportional to the value of the loan received by the processor for sugar beets and sugarcane delivered by producers served by the processor. The Secretary may establish appropriate minimum payments for purposes of this paragraph.

(f) Marketing Assessment.--

(1) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> Sugarcane.--Effective for fiscal marketings of raw cane sugar during the 1996 through 2003 years, the first processor of sugarcane shall remit to the Commodity Credit Corporation a nonrefundable marketing assessment in an amount equal to--

by (A) in the case of marketings during fiscal year 1996, 1.1 percent of the loan rate established under subsection (a) per pound of raw cane sugar, processed the processor from domestically produced sugarcane or sugarcane molasses, that has been marketed (including the transfer or delivery of the sugar to a refinery for further processing or marketing); and

(B) in the case of marketings during each of fiscal years 1997 through 2003, 1.375 percent of the loan rate established under subsection (a) per pound of raw cane sugar, processed by the processor from domestically produced sugarcane or sugarcane molasses, that has been marketed (including the transfer or delivery of the



sugar to a refinery for further processing or marketing).

(2) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> Sugar beets.--Effective for marketings of beet sugar during the 1996 through 2003 fiscal years, the first processor of sugar beets shall remit to the Commodity Credit Corporation a nonrefundable marketing assessment in an amount equal to--

(A) in the case of marketings during fiscal year 1996, 1.1794 percent of the loan rate established under subsection (a) per pound of beet sugar, processed by

the

processor from domestically produced sugar beets or sugar beet molasses, that has been marketed; and

(B) in the case of marketings during each of fiscal years 1997 through 2003, 1.47425 percent of the loan rate established under subsection (a) per pound of beet sugar, processed by the processor from domestically produced

[[Page 110 STAT. 933]]

sugar beets or sugar beet molasses, that has been marketed.

(3) Collection.--

(A) Timing.--A marketing assessment required under this subsection shall be collected on a monthly basis and shall be remitted to the Commodity Credit Corporation not later than 30 days after the end of

each

month. Any cane sugar or beet sugar processed during a fiscal year that has not been marketed by September 30 of the year shall be subject to assessment on that

date.

The sugar shall not be subject to a second assessment

at

the time that it is marketed.

(B) Manner.--Subject to subparagraph (A), marketing assessments shall be collected under this subsection in the manner prescribed by the Secretary and shall be nonrefundable.

(4) Penalties.--If any person fails to remit the assessment required by this subsection or fails to comply with such requirements for recordkeeping or otherwise as are required by the Secretary to carry out this subsection, the person shall be liable to the Secretary for a civil penalty up to an amount determined by multiplying--

(A) the quantity of cane sugar or beet sugar involved in the violation; by

(B) the loan rate for the applicable crop of sugarcane or sugar beets.

(5) Enforcement.--The Secretary may enforce this subsection in a court of the United States.

(g) Forfeiture Penalty.--

(1) In general.--A penalty shall be assessed on the forfeiture of any sugar pledged as collateral for a nonrecourse loan under this section.

(2) Cane sugar.--The penalty for cane sugar shall be 1 cent per pound.

(3) Beet sugar.--The penalty for beet sugar shall bear the same relation to the penalty for cane sugar as the marketing assessment for sugar beets bears to the marketing assessment

for

sugarcane.

(4) Effect of forfeiture.--Any payments owed producers by a processor that forfeits any sugar pledged as collateral for a nonrecourse loan shall be reduced in proportion to the loan forfeiture penalty incurred by the processor.

(h) Information Reporting.--

(1) Duty of processors and refiners to report.--A sugarcane processor, cane sugar refiner, and sugar beet processor shall furnish the Secretary, on a monthly basis, such information as the Secretary may require to administer sugar programs, including the quantity of purchases of sugarcane, sugar beets, and sugar, and production, importation, distribution, and stock levels of sugar.

(2) Penalty.--Any person willfully failing or refusing to furnish the information, or furnishing willfully any false information, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each such violation.

(3) Monthly reports.--Taking into consideration the information received under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall

[[Page 110 STAT. 934]]

publish on a monthly basis composite data on production, imports, distribution, and stock levels of sugar.

(i) Crops.--This section (other than subsection (f)) shall be effective only for the 1996 through 2002 crops of sugar beets and sugarcane.

#### Subtitle E--Administration

SEC. 161. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7281.>> ADMINISTRATION.

(a) Use of Commodity Credit Corporation.--The Secretary shall carry out this title through the Commodity Credit Corporation.

(b) Limitation on Expenditure of Commodity Credit Corporation Funds.--

(1) General powers and responsibilities.--Section 4 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714b) is amended--

(A) in the first sentence of subsection (g), by inserting before the period the following: ``', except that obligations under all such contracts or agreements (other than reimbursable agreements under section 11) for equipment or services relating to automated data processing, information technologies, or related items (including telecommunications equipment and computer hardware and software) may not exceed \$170,000,000 in fiscal year 1996 and not more than \$275,000,000 in the 6-fiscal year period beginning on October 1, 1996,

unless additional amounts for such contracts and agreements are provided in advance in appropriation Acts''; and

(B) in subsection (h), by striking ``shall have power to acquire personal property necessary to the conduct of its business but''.

(2) Reimbursable agreements.--Section 11 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714i) is amended by adding at the end the following: ``After September 30, 1996,

the

total amount of all allotments and fund transfers from the Corporation under this section (including allotments and transfers for automated data processing or information resource management activities) for a fiscal year may not exceed the total amount of the allotments and transfers made under this section in fiscal year 1995.''.

(3) Reporting requirements.--Section 13 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714k) is amended by adding at the end the following: ``In addition to the annual report, the Corporation shall submit to Congress on a quarterly basis an itemized report of all expenditures over \$10,000 made under section 5 or 11 during the period covered by the report, including expenditures in the form of allotments or fund transfers to other agencies and departments of the Federal Government.''.

(c) Determinations by Secretary.--A determination made by the Secretary under this title shall be final and conclusive.

(d) Regulations.--Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this title, the Secretary and the Commodity Credit Corporation, as appropriate, shall issue such regulations as are necessary to implement this title. The issuance of the regulations shall be made without regard to--

[[Page 110 STAT. 935]]

(1) the notice and comment provisions of section 553 of title 5, United States Code;

(2) the Statement of Policy of the Secretary of Agriculture effective July 24, 1971 (36 Fed. Reg. 13804) relating to notices

of proposed rulemaking and public participation in rulemaking; and

(3) chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code (commonly know as the ``Paperwork Reduction Act'').

SEC. 162. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7282.>> ADJUSTMENTS OF LOANS.

(a) Adjustment Authority.--The Secretary may make appropriate adjustments in the loan rates for any commodity for differences in grade, type, quality, location, and other factors.

(b) Manner of Adjustment.--The adjustments under the authority of this section shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be made in such manner that the average loan level for the commodity will, on the basis of the anticipated incidence of the factors, be equal to the level of

support determined as provided in this title.

(c) Adjustment on County Basis.--The Secretary may establish loan rates for a crop for producers in individual counties in a manner that results in the lowest such rate being 95 percent of the national average loan rate, except that such action shall not result in an increase in outlays. Adjustments under this subsection shall not result in an increase in the national average loan rate for any year.

SEC. 163. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7283.>> COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION INTEREST RATE.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the monthly Commodity Credit Corporation interest rate applicable to loans provided for agricultural commodities by the Corporation shall be 100 basis points greater than the rate determined under the applicable interest rate formula in effect on October 1, 1995.

SEC. 164. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7284.>> PERSONAL LIABILITY OF PRODUCERS FOR DEFICIENCIES.

(a) In General.--Except as provided in subsection (b), no producer shall be personally liable for any deficiency arising from the sale of the collateral securing any nonrecourse loan made under this title unless the loan was obtained through a fraudulent representation by the producer.

(b) Limitations.--Subsection (a) shall not prevent the Commodity Credit Corporation or the Secretary from requiring a producer to assume liability for--

(1) a deficiency in the grade, quality, or quantity of a commodity stored on a farm or delivered by the producer;

(2) a failure to properly care for and preserve a commodity;

or

(3) a failure or refusal to deliver a commodity in accordance with a program established under this title.

(c) Acquisition of Collateral.--In the case of a nonrecourse loan made under this title or the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), if the Commodity Credit Corporation acquires title to the unredeemed collateral, the Corporation shall be under no obligation to pay for any market value that the collateral may have in excess of the loan indebtedness.

(d) Sugarcane and Sugar Beets.--A security interest obtained by the Commodity Credit Corporation as a result of the execution of a security agreement by the processor of sugarcane or sugar

[[Page 110 STAT. 936]]

beets shall be superior to all statutory and common law liens on raw cane sugar and refined beet sugar in favor of the producers of sugarcane and sugar beets and all prior recorded and unrecorded liens on the crops of sugarcane and sugar beets from which the sugar was derived.

SEC. 165. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7285.>> COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION SALES PRICE

RESTRICTIONS.

(a) General Sales Authority.--The Commodity Credit Corporation may sell any commodity owned or controlled by the Corporation at any price that the Secretary determines will maximize returns to the Corporation.

(b) Nonapplication of Sales Price Restrictions.--Subsection (a) shall not apply to--

(1) a sale for a new or byproduct use;

(2) a sale of peanuts or oilseeds for the extraction of oil;

(3) a sale for seed or feed if the sale will not substantially impair any loan program;

(4) a sale of a commodity that has substantially deteriorated in quality or as to which there is a danger of loss

or waste through deterioration or spoilage;

(5) a sale for the purpose of establishing a claim arising out of a contract or against a person who has committed fraud, misrepresentation, or other wrongful act with respect to the commodity;

(6) a sale for export, as determined by the Corporation;

and

(7) a sale for other than a primary use.

(c) Presidential Disaster Areas.--

(1) In general.--Notwithstanding subsection (a), on such terms and conditions as the Secretary may consider in the public

interest, the Corporation may make available any commodity or product owned or controlled by the Corporation for use in relieving distress--

(A) in any area in the United States (including the Virgin Islands) declared by the President to be an acute

distress area because of unemployment or other economic cause, if the President finds that the use will not displace or interfere with normal marketing of agricultural commodities; and

(B) in connection with any major disaster determined

by the President to warrant assistance by the Federal Government under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.).

(2) Costs.--Except on a reimbursable basis, the Corporation shall not bear any costs in connection with making a commodity available under paragraph (1) beyond the cost of the commodity to the Corporation incurred in--

(A) the storage of the commodity; and

(B) the handling and transportation costs in making delivery of the commodity to designated agencies at 1 or

more central locations in each State or other area.

(d) Efficient Operations.--Subsection (a) shall not apply to the sale of a commodity the disposition of which is desirable in the

interest of the effective and efficient conduct of the operations of the Corporation because of the small quantity of the commodity

[[Page 110 STAT. 937]]

involved, or because of the age, location, or questionable continued storability of the commodity.

Subtitle F--Permanent Price Support Authority

SEC. 171. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7301.>> SUSPENSION AND REPEAL OF PERMANENT PRICE

SUPPORT AUTHORITY.

(a) Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938.--

(1) Suspensions.--The following provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 shall not be applicable to the 1996 through 2002 crops of loan commodities, peanuts, and sugar and shall not be applicable to milk during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this title and ending on December 31, 2002:

- (7
- (A) Parts II through V of subtitle B of title III U.S.C. 1326-1351).
  - (B) Subsections (a) through (j) of section 358 (7 U.S.C. 1358).
  - (C) Subsections (a) through (h) of section 358a (7 U.S.C. 1358a).
  - (D) Subsections (a), (b), (d), and (e) of section 358d (7 U.S.C. 1359).
  - (E) Part VII of subtitle B of title III (7 U.S.C. 1359aa-1359jj).
  - (F) In the case of peanuts, part I of subtitle C of title III (7 U.S.C. 1361-1368).
  - (G) In the case of upland cotton, section 377 (7 U.S.C. 1377).
  - (H) Subtitle D of title III (7 U.S.C. 1379a-1379j).
  - (I) Title IV (7 U.S.C. 1401-1407).

(2) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> Reports and records.-- Effective only for the 1996 through 2002 crops of peanuts, the first sentence of section 373(a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1373(a)) is amended by inserting before ``all brokers and dealers in peanuts'' the following: ``all producers engaged in the production of peanuts,''.

(b) Agricultural Act of 1949.--

(1) Suspensions.--The following provisions of the Agricultural Act of 1949 shall not be applicable to the 1996 through 2002 crops of loan commodities, peanuts, and sugar and shall not be applicable to milk during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this title and ending on December 31, 2002:

- (A) Section 101 (7 U.S.C. 1441).
- (B) Section 103(a) (7 U.S.C. 1444(a)).
- (C) Section 105 (7 U.S.C. 1444b).
- (D) Section 107 (7 U.S.C. 1445a).

- (E) Section 110 (7 U.S.C. 1445e).
- (F) Section 112 (7 U.S.C. 1445g).
- (G) Section 115 (7 U.S.C. 1445k).
- (H) Section 201 (7 U.S.C. 1446).
- (I) Title III (7 U.S.C. 1447-1449).
- (J) Title IV (7 U.S.C. 1421-1433d), other than sections 404, 412, and 416 (7 U.S.C. 1424, 1429, and 1431).
- (K) Title V (7 U.S.C. 1461-1469).

[[Page 110 STAT. 938]]

(L) Title VI (7 U.S.C. 1471-1471j).

(2) Repeals.--The following provisions of the Agricultural Act of 1949 are repealed:

- (A) Section 101B (7 U.S.C. 1441-2).
- (B) Section 103B (7 U.S.C. 1444-2).
- (C) Section 105B (7 U.S.C. 1444f).
- (D) Section <<NOTE: 7 USC 1445b-3a.>> 107B (7

U.S.C.

1445-3a).

(E) Section 108B (7 U.S.C. 1445c-3).

(F) Section 113 (7 U.S.C. 1445h).

(G) Subsections (b) and (c) of section 114 (7

U.S.C.

1445j).

(H) Sections 205, 206, and 207 (7 U.S.C. 1446f, 1446g, and 1446h).

(I) Sections 406 and 427 (7 U.S.C. 1426 and 1433f).

(3) Potential price support for rice.--Section 101 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1441), as suspended by paragraph (1), is amended by adding after subsection (d) the following:

``(e) Rice.--The Secretary shall make available to producers of each crop of rice on a farm price support at a level that is not less than 50 percent, or more than 90 percent of the parity price for rice as the Secretary determines will not result in increasing stocks of rice to the Commodity Credit Corporation.''.

(c) Suspension of Certain Quota Provisions.--The joint resolution entitled ``A joint resolution relating to corn and wheat marketing quotas under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended'', approved May 26, 1941 (7 U.S.C. 1330 and 1340), shall not be applicable to the crops of wheat planted for harvest in the calendar years 1996 through 2002.

SEC. 172. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7302.>> EFFECT OF AMENDMENTS.

(a) Effect on Prior Crops.--Except as otherwise specifically provided in this title and notwithstanding any other provision of law, this title and the amendments made by this title shall not affect the authority of the Secretary to carry out a price support or production adjustment program for any of the 1991 through 1995 crops of an agricultural commodity established under a provision of law in effect

immediately before the date of enactment of this title.

(b) Liability.--A provision of this title or an amendment made by this title shall not affect the liability of any person under any provision of law as in effect before the date of enactment of this title.

Subtitle G--Commission on 21st Century Production Agriculture

SEC. 181. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7311.>> ESTABLISHMENT.

There is established a commission to be known as the ``Commission on 21st Century Production Agriculture'' (in this subtitle referred to as the ``Commission'').

SEC. 182. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7312.>> COMPOSITION.

(a) Membership and Appointment.--The Commission shall be composed of 11 members, appointed as follows:

(1) <<NOTE: President.>> Three members shall be appointed by the President.

[[Page 110 STAT. 939]]

(2) Four members shall be appointed by the Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives in consultation with the ranking minority member of the Committee.

(3) Four members shall be appointed by the Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate in consultation with the ranking minority member of the Committee.

(b) Qualifications.--At least 1 of the members appointed under each of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subsection (a) shall be an individual who is primarily involved in production agriculture. All other members of the Commission shall be appointed from among individuals having knowledge and experience in agricultural production, marketing, finance, or trade.

(c) Term of Members; Vacancies.--A member of the Commission shall be appointed for the life of the Commission. A vacancy on the Commission shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment was made.

(d) Time for Appointment; First Meeting.--The members of the Commission shall be appointed not later than October 1, 1997. The Commission shall convene its first meeting to carry out its duties under this subtitle 30 days after 6 members of the Commission have been appointed.

(e) Chairperson.--The chairperson of the Commission shall be designated jointly by the Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate from among the



members of the Commission.

SEC. 183. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7313.>> COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW OF PAST AND FUTURE OF PRODUCTION AGRICULTURE.

(a) Initial Review.--The Commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of changes in the condition of production agriculture in the United States since the date of enactment of this title and the extent to which the changes are the result of this title and the amendments made by this title. The review shall include the following:

(1) An assessment of the initial success of production flexibility contracts in supporting the economic viability of farming in the United States.

(2) An assessment of economic risks to farms delineated by size of farm operation (such as small, medium, or large farms) and region of production.

(3) An assessment of the food security situation in the United States in the areas of trade, consumer prices, international competitiveness of United States production agriculture, food supplies, and humanitarian relief.

(4) An assessment of the changes in farmland values and agricultural producer incomes since the date of enactment of this title.

(5) An assessment of the extent to which regulatory relief for agricultural producers has been enacted and implemented, including the application of cost/benefit principles in the issuance of agricultural regulations.

(6) An assessment of the extent to which tax relief for agricultural producers has been enacted in the form of capital

[[Page 110 STAT. 940]]

gains tax reductions, estate tax exemptions, and mechanisms to average tax loads over high- and low-income years.

(7) An assessment of the effect of any Federal Government interference in agricultural export markets, such as the imposition of trade embargoes, and the degree of implementation and success of international trade agreements and United States export programs.

(8) An assessment of the likely effect of the sale, lease, or transfer of farm poundage quota for peanuts across State lines.

(b) Subsequent Review.--The Commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of the future of production agriculture in the United States and the appropriate role of the Federal Government in support of production agriculture. The review shall include the following:

(1) An assessment of changes in the condition of production agriculture in the United States since the initial review conducted under subsection (a).

(2) Identification of the appropriate future relationship of the Federal Government with production agriculture after 2002.

(3) An assessment of the personnel and infrastructure requirements of the Department of Agriculture necessary to support the future relationship of the Federal Government with

production agriculture.

(4) An assessment of economic risks to farms delineated by size of farm operation (such as small, medium, or large farms) and region of production.

(c) Recommendations.--In carrying out the subsequent review under subsection (b), the Commission shall develop specific recommendations for legislation to achieve the appropriate future relationship of the Federal Government with production agriculture identified under subsection (a)(2).

SEC. 184. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7314.>> REPORTS.

(a) Report on Initial Review.--Not later than June 1, 1998, the Commission shall submit to the President, the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report containing the results of the initial review conducted under section 183(a).

(b) Report on Subsequent Review.--Not later than January 1, 2001, the Commission shall submit to the President and the congressional committees specified in subsection (a) a report containing the results of the subsequent review conducted under section 183(b).

SEC. 185. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7315.>> POWERS.

(a) Hearings.--The Commission may, for the purpose of carrying out this subtitle, conduct such hearings, sit and act at such times, take such testimony, and receive such evidence, as the Commission considers appropriate.

(b) Assistance From Other Agencies.--The Commission may secure directly from any department or agency of the Federal Government such information as may be necessary for the Commission to carry out its duties under this subtitle. On the request of the chairperson of the Commission, the head of the department or agency shall, to the extent permitted by law, furnish such information to the Commission.

[[Page 110 STAT. 941]]

(c) Mail.--The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as the departments and agencies of the Federal Government.

(d) Assistance From Secretary.--The Secretary shall provide to the Commission appropriate office space and such reasonable administrative and support services as the Commission may request.

SEC. 186. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7316.>> COMMISSION PROCEDURES.

(a) Meetings.--The Commission shall meet on a regular basis (as determined by the chairperson) and at the call of the chairperson or a majority of its members.

(b) Quorum.--A majority of the members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

SEC. 187. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7317.>> PERSONNEL MATTERS.

(a) Compensation.--Each member of the Commission shall serve without compensation, but shall be allowed travel expenses including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, when engaged in the performance of Commission duties.

(b) Staff.--

(1) Appointment.--The Commission shall appoint a staff director, who shall be paid at a rate not to exceed the maximum rate of basic pay under section 5376 of title 5, United States Code, and such professional and clerical personnel as may be reasonable and necessary to enable the Commission to carry out its duties under this subtitle without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title, or any other provision of law, relating to the number, classification, and General Schedule rates.

(2) Limitation on compensation.--No employee appointed under this subsection (other than the staff director) may be compensated at a rate to exceed the maximum rate applicable to level GS-15 of the General Schedule.

(c) Detailed Personnel.--On the request of the chairperson of the Commission, the head of any department or agency of the Federal Government is authorized to detail, without reimbursement, any personnel of the department or agency to the Commission to assist the Commission in carrying out its duties under this section. The detail of any individual may not result in the interruption or loss of civil service status or other privilege of the individual.

SEC. 188. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7318.>> TERMINATION OF COMMISSION.

The Commission shall terminate on submission of the final report required by section 184.

#### Subtitle H--Miscellaneous Commodity Provisions

SEC. 191. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7331.>> OPTIONS PILOT PROGRAM.

(a) Pilot Programs Authorized.--Until December 31, 2002, the Secretary of Agriculture may conduct a pilot program for 1 or more agricultural commodities supported under this title to

[[Page 110 STAT. 942]]

ascertain whether futures and options contracts can provide producers with reasonable protection from the financial risks of fluctuations in price, yield, and income inherent in the production and marketing of the commodities. The pilot program shall be an alternative to other related programs of the Department of Agriculture.

(b) Distribution of Pilot Program.--For each agricultural commodity included in the pilot program, the Secretary may operate the pilot program in not more than 100 counties, except that not more than 6 of

the counties may be located in any 1 State. The pilot program for a commodity shall not be operated in any county for more than 3 of the 1996 through 2002 calendar years.

(c) Eligible Participants.--In operating the pilot program, the Secretary may enter into contract with a producer who--

(1) is eligible for a production flexibility contract, a marketing assistance loan, or other assistance under this title;

(2) volunteers to participate in the pilot program;

(3) operates a farm located in a county selected for the pilot program; and

(4) meets such other eligibility requirements as the Secretary may establish.

(d) Notice to Producers.--The Secretary shall provide notice to each

producer participating in the pilot program that--

(1) the participation of the producer is voluntary; and

(2) neither the United States, the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, the Department of Agriculture, nor any other Federal agency is authorized to guarantee that participants in the pilot program will be better or worse off financially as a result of participation in the pilot program than the producer would have been if the producer had not participated in the pilot program.

(e) Contracts.--The Secretary shall set forth in each contract under

the pilot program the terms and conditions for participation in the pilot program and the notice required by subsection (d).

(f) Eligible Markets.--Trades for futures and options contracts under the pilot program shall be carried out on commodity futures and options markets designated as contract markets under the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.).

(g) Recordkeeping.--A producer participating in the pilot program shall compile, maintain, and submit (or authorize the compilation, maintenance, and submission) of such documentation as the regulations governing the pilot program require.

(h) Use of Commodity Credit Corporation.--The Secretary shall fund and operate the pilot program through the Commodity Credit Corporation. To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary shall operate the pilot program in a budget neutral manner.

(i) Conforming Repeal.--The Options Pilot Program Act of 1990 (subtitle E of title XI of Public Law 101-624; 7 U.S.C. 1421 note) is repealed.

SEC. 192. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7332.>> RISK MANAGEMENT EDUCATION.

In consultation with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, the Secretary shall provide such education in management of the financial risks inherent in the production and marketing of agricultural commodities as the Secretary considers appropriate. As part of such educational activities, the Secretary may develop and implement programs

to facilitate the participation of agricultural producers in commodity futures trading programs, forward

contracting options, and insurance protection programs by assisting and training producers in the usage of such programs. In implementing this authority, the Secretary may use existing research and extension authorities and resources of the Department of Agriculture.

SEC. 193. CROP INSURANCE.

(a) Catastrophic Risk Protection.--

(1) Single delivery.--Section 508(b)(4) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(b)(4)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(C) Delivery of coverage.--

``(i) In general.--In full consultation with approved insurance providers, the Secretary may continue to offer catastrophic risk protection in a State (or a portion of a State) through local offices of the Department if the Secretary determines that there is an insufficient number

of

approved insurance providers operating in the State or portion of the State to adequately provide catastrophic risk protection coverage to producers.

``(ii) Coverage by approved insurance providers.--To the extent that catastrophic risk protection coverage by approved insurance providers is sufficiently available in a State

(or

a portion of a State) as determined by the Secretary, only approved insurance providers may provide the coverage in the State or portion of the State.

``(iii) <<NOTE: Announcement.>> Timing of determinations.--Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this subparagraph, the Secretary shall announce the results of the determinations under clause (i) for policies for the 1997 crop year. For subsequent crop years,

the

Secretary shall make the announcement not later than April 30 of the year preceding the year in which the crop will be produced, or at such other times during the year as the Secretary finds practicable in consultation with affected crop insurance providers for those States (or portions of States) in which catastrophic coverage remains available through local offices of the

Department.

``(iv) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> Current policies.--This clause shall take effect

beginning

with the 1997 crop year. Subject to clause (ii) all catastrophic risk protection policies written by local offices of the Department shall be

for

transferred to the approved insurance provider

performance of all sales, service, and loss adjustment functions. Any fees in connection with such policies that are not yet collected at the time of the transfer shall be payable to the approved insurance providers assuming the policies. The transfer process for policies for the 1997 crop year with sales closing dates

before

January 1, 1997, shall begin at the time of the Secretary's announcement under clause (iii) and

be

completed by the sales closing date for the crop and county. The transfer process for all subsequent policies (including policies for the 1998 and subsequent crop years) shall

[[Page 110 STAT. 944]]

begin at a date that permits the process to be completed not later than 45 days before the sales closing date.''.

(2) Waiver of mandatory linkage.--Section 508(b)(7) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(b)(7)) is amended by striking subparagraph (A) and inserting the following:

``(A) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> In general.--

Effective for the spring-planted 1996 and subsequent crops (and fall-planted 1996 crops at the option of the Secretary), to be eligible for any payment or loan

under

the Agricultural Market Transition Act, for the conservation reserve program, or for any benefit described in section 371 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2008f), a person shall-

``(i) obtain at least the catastrophic level of insurance for each crop of economic significance in which the person has an interest; or

``(ii) provide a written waiver to the Secretary that waives any eligibility for emergency crop loss assistance in connection with the crop.''.

(3) <<NOTE: 7 USC 1508 note.>> Special rule for 1996.--

(A) Effective period.--This paragraph shall apply only to the 1996 crop year.

(B) Availability.--During a period of not less than 2 weeks, but not more than 4 weeks, beginning on the date of enactment of this title, the Secretary shall provide producers with an opportunity to obtain catastrophic risk protection insurance under section 508(b) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(b)) for a spring-planted crop, and limited additional coverage for malting barley under the

Malting

Barley Price and Quality Endorsement. The Federal Crop

Insurance Corporation may attach such limitations and restrictions on obtaining insurance during this period as the Corporation considers necessary to maintain the actuarial soundness of the crop insurance program.

policy (C) Attachment.--Insurance coverage under any obtained under this paragraph during the extended sales period shall not attach until 10 days after the application.

(D) Cancellation.--During the extended period, a producer may cancel a catastrophic risk protection policy if--

- (i) the policy is a continuation of a policy that was obtained for a previous crop year; and
- (ii) the cancellation request is made before the acreage reporting date for the policy for the 1996 crop year.

(b) <<NOTE: 7 USC 1508 note.>> Crop Insurance Pilot Project.--

insect (1) Coverage.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall develop and administer a pilot project for crop insurance coverage that indemnifies crop losses due to a natural disaster such as infestation or disease.

(2) Actuarial soundness.--A pilot project under this paragraph shall be actuarially sound, as determined by the Secretary and administered at no net cost.

be (3) Duration.--A pilot project under this paragraph shall of two years' duration.

[[Page 110 STAT. 945]]

(c) Crop Insurance for Nursery Crops.--Section 508(a)(6) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(a)(6)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

''(D) Addition of nursery crops.--Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this subparagraph, the Corporation shall conduct a study and limited pilot program on the feasibility of insuring nursery crops.''.

(d) Marketing Windows.--Section 508(j) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(j)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

''(4) Marketing windows.--The Corporation shall consider marketing windows in determining whether it is feasible to require planting during a crop year.''.

(e) Funding.--

(1) Mandatory expenses.--Section 516(a)(2) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1516(a)(2)) is amended--

(A) by inserting ``and'' at the end of subparagraph (A);  
subparagraph (B) by striking ``; and'' at the end of

- (B) and inserting a period; and
- (C) by striking subparagraph (C).
- (2) Funding of sales commissions.--Section 516(b) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1516(b)) is amended--
  - (A) in paragraph (1)--
    - (i) by striking `` (A) In general'' and all that follows through `` subparagraph (B), in'' and inserting `` In''; and
    - (ii) by striking subparagraph (B); and
  - (B) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking `` subject to paragraph (1)(B),''.
- (3) Other expenses.--Section 516(b)(2)(A) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1516(b)(2)(A)) is amended by striking `` , noninsured assistance benefits, ''.

(f) Limitation on Multiple Benefits for Same Loss.--Section 508 of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(n) Limitation on Multiple Benefits for Same Loss.--If a producer who is eligible to receive benefits under catastrophic risk protection under subsection (b) is also eligible to receive assistance for the same loss under any other program administered by the Secretary, the producer shall be required to elect whether to receive benefits under this title or under the other program, but not both. A producer who purchases additional coverage under subsection (c) may also receive assistance for the same loss under other programs administered by the Secretary, except that the amount received for the loss under the additional coverage together with the amount received under the other programs may not exceed the amount of the actual loss of the producer.''

#### SEC. 194. ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE OF RISK MANAGEMENT.

(a) Establishment.--The Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 is amended by inserting after section 226 (7 U.S.C. 6932) the following new section:

``SEC. 226A. <<NOTE: 7 USC 6933.>> OFFICE OF RISK MANAGEMENT.

``(a) Establishment.--Subject to subsection (e), the Secretary shall establish and maintain in the Department an independent Office of Risk Management.

[[Page 110 STAT. 946]]

``(b) Functions of the Office of Risk Management.--The Office of Risk Management shall have jurisdiction over the following functions:

- ``(1) Supervision of the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.
- ``(2) Administration and oversight of all aspects, including delivery through local offices of the Department, of all



programs authorized under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.).

``(3) Any pilot or other programs involving revenue insurance, risk management savings accounts, or the use of the futures market to manage risk and support farm income that may be established under the Federal Crop Insurance Act or other law.

``(4) Such other functions as the Secretary considers appropriate.

``(c) Administrator.--

``(1) Appointment.--The Office of Risk Management shall be headed by an Administrator who shall be appointed by the Secretary.

``(2) Manager.--The Administrator of the Office of Risk Management shall also serve as Manager of the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.

``(d) Resources.--

``(1) Functional coordination.--Certain functions of the Office of Risk Management, such as human resources, public affairs, and legislative affairs, may be provided by a consolidation of such functions under the Under Secretary of Agriculture for Farm and Foreign Agricultural Services.

``(2) Minimum provisions.--Notwithstanding paragraph (1) or any other provision of law or order of the Secretary, the Secretary shall provide the Office of Risk Management with

human

and capital resources sufficient for the Office to carry out

its

functions in a timely and efficient manner.''.

(b) Fiscal Year 1996 Funding.--From funds appropriated for the salaries and expenses of the Consolidated Farm Service Agency in the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1996 (Public Law 104-37), the Secretary of Agriculture may use such sums as necessary for the salaries and expenses of the Office of Risk Management established under subsection (a).

(c) Conforming Amendment.--Section 226(b) of the Act (7 U.S.C. 6932(b)) is amended by striking paragraph (2).

#### SEC. 195. REVENUE INSURANCE.

Section 508(h) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(h)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(9) Revenue insurance pilot program.--

1996, ``(A) In general.--Not later than December 31,

the Secretary shall carry out a pilot program in a limited number of counties, as determined by the Secretary, for crop years 1997, 1998, 1999, and 2000, under which a producer of wheat, feed grains, soybeans, or such other commodity as the Secretary considers appropriate may elect to receive insurance against loss of revenue, as determined by the Secretary.

``(B) Administration.--Revenue insurance under this paragraph shall--

[[Page 110 STAT. 947]]

``(i) be offered through reinsurance arrangements with private insurance companies;  
``(ii) offer at least a minimum level of coverage that is an alternative to catastrophic crop insurance;  
``(iii) be actuarially sound; and  
``(iv) require the payment of premiums and administrative fees by an insured producer.''.

SEC. 196. ADMINISTRATION AND OPERATION OF NONINSURED CROP ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

(a) Operation and Administration of Program.--

(1) In general.--In the case of an eligible crop described in paragraph (2), the Secretary of Agriculture shall operate a noninsured crop disaster assistance program to provide coverage equivalent to the catastrophic risk protection otherwise available under section 508(b) of the Federal Crop Insurance

Act

(7 U.S.C. 1508(b)). The Secretary shall carry out this section through the Consolidated Farm Service Agency (in this section referred to as the ``Agency'').

(2) Eligible crops.--

(A) In general.--In this section, the term ``eligible crop'' means each commercial crop or other agricultural commodity (except livestock)--

(i) for which catastrophic risk protection under section 508(b) of the Federal Crop

Insurance

Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(b)) is not available; and

(ii) that is produced for food or fiber.

(B) Crops specifically included.--The term ``eligible crop'' shall include floricultural, ornamental nursery, and Christmas tree crops, turfgrass sod, seed crops, aquaculture (including ornamental fish), and industrial crops.

(3) Cause of loss.--To qualify for assistance under this section, the losses of the noninsured commodity shall be due to drought, flood, or other natural disaster, as determined by the Secretary.

(b) Application for Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance.--

(1) Timely application.--To be eligible for assistance

under

this section, a producer shall submit an application for noninsured crop disaster assistance at a local office of the Department. The application shall be in such form, contain such information, and be submitted at such time as the Secretary may require.

(2) Records.--A producer shall provide records, as required by the Secretary, of crop acreage, acreage yields, and production.

(3) Acreage reports.--A producer shall provide reports on acreage planted or prevented from being planted, as required by the Secretary, by the designated acreage reporting date for the crop and location as established by the Secretary.

(c) Loss Requirements.--

(1) Required area loss.--A producer of an eligible crop shall not receive noninsured crop disaster assistance unless the average yield for that crop, or an equivalent measure in the event yield data are not available, in an area falls below 65 percent of the expected area yield, as established by the Secretary.

[[Page 110 STAT. 948]]

(2) Prevented planting.--Subject to paragraph (1), the Secretary shall make a prevented planting noninsured crop disaster assistance payment if the producer is prevented from planting more than 35 percent of the acreage intended for the eligible crop because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, as determined by the Secretary.

(3) Reduced yields.--Subject to paragraph (1), the Secretary shall make a reduced yield noninsured crop disaster assistance payment to a producer if the total quantity of the eligible crop that the producer is able to harvest on any farm is, because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster as determined by the Secretary, less than 50 percent of the expected individual yield for the crop, as determined by the Secretary, factored for the interest of the producer for the crop.

(d) Payment.--The Secretary shall make available to a producer eligible for noninsured assistance under this section a payment computed by multiplying--

(1) the quantity that is less than 50 percent of the established yield for the crop; by

(2)(A) in the case of each of the 1996 through 1998 crop years, 60 percent of the average market price for the crop (or any comparable coverage determined by the Secretary); or

(B) in the case of each of the 1999 and subsequent crop years, 55 percent of the average market price for the crop (or any comparable coverage determined by the Secretary); by

(3) a payment rate for the type of crop (as determined by the Secretary) that--

(A) in the case of a crop that is produced with a significant and variable harvesting expense, reflects the decreasing cost incurred in the production cycle

for

the crop that is--

(i) harvested;

(ii) planted but not harvested; and

(iii) prevented from being planted because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster (as

determined by the Secretary); and

(B) in the case of a crop that is not produced with a significant and variable harvesting expense, as determined by the Secretary.

(e) Yield Determinations.--

(1) Establishment.--The Secretary shall establish farm yields for purposes of providing noninsured crop disaster assistance under this section.

(2) Actual production history.--The Secretary shall determine yield coverage using the actual production history of the producer over a period of not less than the 4 previous consecutive crop years and not more than 10 consecutive crop years. Subject to paragraph (3), the yield for the year in

which

noninsured crop disaster assistance is sought shall be equal to the average of the actual production history of the producer during the period considered.

(3) Assignment of yield.--If a producer does not submit adequate documentation of production history to determine a

crop

yield under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall assign to the producer a yield equal to not less than 65 percent of

[[Page 110 STAT. 949]]

the transitional yield of the producer (adjusted to reflect actual production reflected in the records acceptable to the Secretary for continuous years), as specified in regulations issued by the Secretary based on production history requirements.

(4) Prohibition on assigned yields in certain counties.--

(A) In general.--

(i) Documentation.--If sufficient data are available to demonstrate that the acreage of a crop in a county for the crop year has increased by more than 100 percent over any year in the preceding 7 crop years or, if data are not available, if the acreage of the crop in the county has increased significantly from the previous crop years, a producer must provide such detailed documentation of production costs, acres planted, and yield for the crop year for which benefits are being claimed as is required by the Secretary. If the Secretary determines that the documentation provided is not sufficient, the Secretary may require documenting proof that the crop, had the crop been harvested, could have

been

marketed at a reasonable price.

(ii) Prohibition.--Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a producer who produces a crop on a farm located in a county described in clause (i) may not obtain an assigned yield.

(B) Exception.--A crop or a producer shall not be subject to this subsection if--

(i) the planted acreage of the producer for

the crop has been inspected by a third party acceptable to the Secretary; or

(ii)(I) the County Executive Director and the State Executive Director recommend an exemption from the requirement to the Administrator of the Agency; and

(II) the Administrator approves the recommendation.

(5) Limitation on receipt of subsequent assigned yield.--A producer who receives an assigned yield for the current year of a natural disaster because required production records were not submitted to the local office of the Department shall not be eligible for an assigned yield for the year of the next natural disaster unless the required production records of the previous 1 or more years (as applicable) are provided to the local office.

(6) Yield variations due to different farming practices.--The Secretary shall ensure that noninsured crop disaster assistance accurately reflects significant yield variations due to different farming practices, such as between irrigated and nonirrigated acreage.

(f) Contract Payments.--A producer who has received a guaranteed payment for production, as opposed to delivery, of a crop pursuant to a contract shall have the production of the producer adjusted upward by the amount of the production equal to the amount of the contract payment received.

(g) Use of Commodity Credit Corporation.--The Secretary may use the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to carry out this section.

[[Page 110 STAT. 950]]

(h) Exclusions.--Noninsured crop disaster assistance under this section shall not cover losses due to--

(1) the neglect or malfeasance of the producer;

(2) the failure of the producer to reseed to the same crop in those areas and under such circumstances where it is customary to reseed; or

(3) the failure of the producer to follow good farming practices, as determined by the Secretary.

(i) Payment and Income Limitations.--

(1) Definitions.--In this subsection:

(A) Person.--The term ``person'' has the meaning provided the term in regulations issued by the Secretary. The regulations shall conform, to the extent practicable, to the regulations defining the term ``person'' issued under section 1001 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308).

(B) Qualifying gross revenues.--The term ``qualifying gross revenues'' means--

(i) if a majority of the gross revenue of the person is received from farming, ranching, and forestry operations, the gross revenue from the farming, ranching, and forestry operations of the person; and

(ii) if less than a majority of the gross revenue of the person is received from farming, ranching, and forestry operations, the gross revenue of the person from all sources.

(2) Payment limitation.--The total amount of payments that

a

person shall be entitled to receive annually under this section may not exceed \$100,000.

(3) Limitation on multiple benefits for same loss.--If a producer who is eligible to receive benefits under this section is also eligible to receive assistance for the same loss under any other program administered by the Secretary, the producer shall be required to elect whether to receive benefits under this section or under the other program, but not both.

(4) Income limitation.--A person who has qualifying gross revenues in excess of the amount specified in section 2266(a)

of

the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 1421 note) (as in effect on November 28, 1990) during

the

taxable year (as determined by the Secretary) shall not be eligible to receive any noninsured assistance payment under

this

section.

(5) Regulations.--The Secretary shall issue regulations prescribing such rules as the Secretary determines necessary to ensure a fair and equitable application of section 1001 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308), the general payment limitation regulations of the Secretary, and the limitations established under this subsection.

(j) Conforming Repeal.--Section 519 of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1519) is repealed.

[[Page 110 STAT. 951]]

## TITLE II--AGRICULTURAL TRADE

Subtitle A--Amendments to Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 and Related Statutes

### SEC. 201. FOOD AID TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.

(a) In General.--Section 3 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1691a) is amended to read as follows:

``SEC. 3. FOOD AID TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.

``(a) Policy.--In light of the Uruguay Round Agreement on Agriculture and the Ministerial Decision on Measures Concerning the Possible Negative Effects of the Reform Program on Least-Developed and Net-Food Importing Developing Countries, the United States reaffirms the commitment of the United States to providing food aid to developing countries.

``(b) Sense of Congress.--It is the sense of Congress that--

other           ``(1) the President should initiate consultations with  
donor nations to consider appropriate levels of food aid  
commitments to meet the legitimate needs of developing  
countries; and  
          ``(2) the United States should increase its contribution of  
bona fide food assistance to developing countries consistent  
with the Agreement on Agriculture.''.

(b) Conforming Amendment.--Section 411 of the Uruguay Round  
Agreements Act is amended by striking subsection (e) (19 U.S.C. 3611).

SEC. 202. TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE.

Section 101 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance  
Act  
of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1701) is amended--

- (1) by striking ``developing countries'' each place it  
appears and inserting ``developing countries and private  
entities''; and
- (2) in subsection (b), by inserting ``and entities'' before  
the period at the end.

SEC. 203. AGREEMENTS REGARDING ELIGIBLE COUNTRIES AND PRIVATE ENTITIES.

Section 102 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance  
Act  
of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1702) is amended to read as follows:

``SEC. 102. AGREEMENTS REGARDING ELIGIBLE COUNTRIES AND PRIVATE  
ENTITIES.

``(a) Priority.--In selecting agreements to be entered into under  
this title, the Secretary shall give priority to agreements providing  
for the export of agricultural commodities to developing countries  
that--

- ``(1) have the demonstrated potential to become commercial  
markets for competitively priced United States agricultural  
commodities;
- ``(2) are undertaking measures for economic development  
purposes to improve food security and agricultural development,  
alleviate poverty, and promote broad-based equitable and  
sustainable development; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 952]]

``(3) demonstrate the greatest need for food.

``(b) Private Entities.--An agreement entered into under this title  
with a private entity shall require such security, or such other  
provisions as the Secretary determines necessary, to provide reasonable  
and adequate assurance of repayment of the financing extended to the  
private entity.

``(c) Agricultural Market Development Plan.--

``(1) Definition of agricultural trade organization.--In  
this subsection, the term `agricultural trade organization'  
means a United States agricultural trade organization that

promotes the export and sale of a United States agricultural commodity and that does not stand to profit directly from the specific sale of the commodity.

priced ``(2) Plan.--The Secretary shall consider a developing country for which an agricultural market development plan has been approved under this subsection to have the demonstrated potential to become a commercial market for competitively United States agricultural commodities for the purpose of granting a priority under subsection (a).

``(3) Requirements.--

``(A) In general.--To be approved by the Secretary, an agricultural market development plan shall--

``(i) be submitted by a developing country or private entity, in conjunction with an agricultural trade organization;

``(ii) describe a project or program for the development and expansion of a commercial market for a United States agricultural commodity in a developing country, and the economic development of the country, using funds derived from the sale of agricultural commodities received under an agreement described in section 101;

``(iii) provide for any matching funds that are required by the Secretary for the project or program;

of ``(iv) provide for a results-oriented means measuring the success of the project or program; and

``(v) provide for graduation to the use of non-Federal funds to carry out the project or program, consistent with requirements established by the Secretary.

``(B) Agricultural trade organization.--The project or program shall be designed and carried out by the agricultural trade organization.

``(C) Additional requirements.--An agricultural market development plan shall contain such additional requirements as are determined necessary by the Secretary.

``(4) Administrative costs.--

made ``(A) In general.--The Secretary may make funds

available to carry out this title available for the reimbursement of administrative expenses incurred by agricultural trade organizations in developing, implementing, and administering agricultural market development plans, subject to such requirements and in such amounts as the Secretary considers appropriate.

the ``(B) Duration.--The funds may be made available to agricultural trade organizations for the duration of applicable agricultural market development plan.



``(C) Termination.--The Secretary may terminate assistance made available under this subsection if the agricultural trade organization is not carrying out the approved agricultural market development plan.''.

SEC. 204. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALES.

Section 103 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1703) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a)(2)(A)--

and (A) by striking ``a recipient country to make'';

``the (B) by striking ``such country'' and inserting appropriate country'';

and (2) in subsection (c), by striking ``less than 10 nor'';

(3) in subsection (d)--

(A) by striking ``recipient country'' and inserting ``developing country or private entity''; and

(B) by striking ``7'' and inserting ``5''.

SEC. 205. USE OF LOCAL CURRENCY PAYMENT.

Section 104 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1704) is amended--

and (1) in subsection (a), by striking ``recipient country''

inserting ``developing country or private entity''; and

(2) in subsection (c)--

(A) by striking ``recipient country'' each place it appears and inserting ``appropriate developing country''; and

(B) in paragraph (3), by striking ``recipient countries'' and inserting ``appropriate developing countries''.

SEC. 206. VALUE-ADDED FOODS.

Section 105 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1705) is repealed.

SEC. 207. ELIGIBLE ORGANIZATIONS.

(a) In General.--Section 202 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1722) is amended--

(1) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

``(b) Nonemergency Assistance.--

``(1) In general.--The Administrator may provide agricultural commodities for nonemergency assistance under this title through eligible organizations (as described in

subsection

(d)) that have entered into an agreement with the Administrator

to use the commodities in accordance with this title.

“(2) Limitation.--The Administrator may not deny a request for funds submitted under this subsection because the program for which the funds are requested--

“(A) would be carried out by the eligible organization in a foreign country in which the Agency for International Development does not have a mission, office, or other presence; or

“(B) is not part of a development plan for the country prepared by the Agency.”; and

(2) in subsection (e)--

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking

“Private

Voluntary Organizations and Cooperatives” and

inserting

“Eligible Organizations”;

(B) in paragraph (1)--

[[Page 110 STAT. 954]]

(i) by striking “\$13,500,000” and inserting “\$28,000,000”; and

(ii) by striking “private voluntary organizations and cooperatives to assist such organizations and cooperatives” and inserting “eligible organizations described in subsection (d), to assist the organizations”;

(C) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

“(2) Request for funds.--To receive funds made available under paragraph (1), an eligible organization described in subsection (d) shall submit a request for the funds that is subject to approval by the Administrator.”; and

(D) in paragraph (3), by striking “a private voluntary organization or cooperative, the

Administrator

may provide assistance to that organization or cooperative” and inserting “an eligible organization, the Administrator may provide assistance to the

eligible

organization”.

(b) Conforming Amendments.--Section 207 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1726a) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking “a private voluntary organization or cooperative” each place it appears and inserting “an eligible organization”; and

(2) in subsection (b)--

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “private voluntary organizations and cooperatives” and

inserting

“eligible organizations”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “organizations, cooperatives,” and inserting “eligible organizations”.

SEC. 208. GENERATION AND USE OF FOREIGN CURRENCIES.

Section 203 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act

of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1723) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a), by inserting ``or in a country in the same region,'' after ``in the recipient country'';

(2) in subsection (b)--

(A) by inserting ``or in countries in the same region,'' after ``in recipient countries, '' and

(B) by striking ``10 percent'' and inserting ``15 percent'';

(3) in subsection (c), by inserting ``or in a country in the

same region,'' after ``in the recipient country, '' and

country (4) in subsection (d)(2), by inserting ``or within a

in the same region'' after ``within the recipient country''.

#### SEC. 209. GENERAL LEVELS OF ASSISTANCE UNDER PUBLIC LAW 480.

Section 204 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act

of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1724) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a)--

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking ``amount that'' and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting ``amount that for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002 is not less than 2,025,000 metric tons.'';

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking ``amount that'' and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting ``amount that for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002 is not less than 1,550,000 metric tons.''; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 955]]

(C) in paragraph (3), by adding at the end the following: ``No waiver shall be made before the beginning of the applicable fiscal year.''; and

(2) in subsection (b)(1), by inserting before the period at the end the following: ``and that not less than 50 percent of the quantity of the bagged commodities that are whole grain commodities be bagged in the United States''.

#### SEC. 210. FOOD AID CONSULTATIVE GROUP.

Section 205 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act

of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1725) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a), by striking ``private voluntary organizations, cooperatives and indigenous non-governmental organizations'' and inserting ``eligible organizations

described

in section 202(d)(1)'';

(2) in subsection (b)--

(A) in paragraph (2), by striking ``for International Affairs and Commodity Programs'' and

inserting ``of Agriculture for Farm and Foreign Agricultural Services'';

(B) in paragraph (4), by striking ``and'' at the end;

(C) in paragraph (5), by striking the period at the end and inserting ``; and''; and

(D) by adding at the end the following:

``(6) representatives from agricultural producer groups in the United States.'';

(3) in the second sentence of subsection (d), by inserting ``(but at least twice per year)'' after ``when appropriate''; and

(4) in subsection (f), by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''.

#### SEC. 211. SUPPORT OF NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS.

(a) In General.--Section 306(b) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1727e(b)) is amended--

(1) in the subsection heading, by striking ``Indigenous Non-

Governmental'' and inserting ``Nongovernmental''; and

(2) by striking ``utilization of indigenous'' and inserting ``utilization of''.

(b) Conforming Amendment.--Section 402 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1732) is amended by striking paragraph (6) and inserting the following:

``(6) Nongovernmental organization.--The term `nongovernmental organization' means an organization that works at the local level to solve development problems in a foreign country in which the organization is located, except that the term does not include an organization that is primarily an agency or instrumentality of the government of the foreign country.''.

#### SEC. 212. COMMODITY DETERMINATIONS.

Section 401 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1731) is amended--

(1) by striking subsections (a) through (d) and inserting the following:

``(a) Availability of Commodities.--No agricultural commodity shall be available for disposition under this Act if the Secretary determines that the disposition would reduce the domestic supply of the commodity below the supply needed to meet domestic requirements and provide adequate carryover (as determined by the Sec

[[Page 110 STAT. 956]]

retary), unless the Secretary determines that some part of the supply should be used to carry out urgent humanitarian purposes under this Act.'';

(2) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as subsections (b) and (c), respectively; and

(3) in subsection (c) (as so redesignated), by striking ``e(1)'' and inserting ``b(1)''.

SEC. 213. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Section 403 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1733) is amended--

- (1) in subsection (b)--
  - (A) in the subsection heading, by striking ``Consultations'' and inserting ``Impact on Local Farmers and Economy''; and
  - (B) by striking ``consult with'' and all that follows through ``other donor organizations to'';
- (2) in subsection (c)--
  - (A) by striking ``from countries''; and
  - (B) by striking ``for use'' and inserting ``or use'';
- (3) in subsection (f)--
  - (A) by inserting ``or private entities, as appropriate,'' after ``from countries''; and
  - (B) by inserting ``or private entities'' after ``such countries''; and
- (4) in subsection (i)(2), by striking subparagraph (C).

SEC. 214. AGREEMENTS.

Section 404 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1734) is amended--

- (1) in subsection (a), by inserting ``with foreign countries'' after ``Before entering into agreements'';
- (2) in subsection (b)(2)--
  - (A) by inserting ``with foreign countries'' after ``with respect to agreements entered into''; and
  - (B) by inserting before the semicolon at the end

the

following: ``and broad-based economic growth''; and

- (3) in subsection (c), by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:

``(1) In general.--Agreements to provide assistance on a multi-year basis to recipient countries or to eligible organizations--

- ``(A) may be made available under titles I and III;
- and
- ``(B) shall be made available under title II.''

SEC. 215. USE OF COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION.

Section 406 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1736) is amended--

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking ``shall'' and inserting ``may''; and
- (2) in subsection (b)--
  - (A) by striking ``this Act'' and inserting ``titles II and III''; and

(B) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:

[[Page 110 STAT. 957]]

“(4) the vessel freight charges from United States ports or designated Canadian transshipment ports, as determined by the Secretary, to designated ports of entry abroad;”.

SEC. 216. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

Section 407 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1736a) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a)--

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “or private entity that enters into an agreement under title I” after “importing country”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by adding at the end the following: “Resulting contracts may contain such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines are

necessary

and appropriate.”;

(2) in subsection (c)--

(A) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting “importer or” before “importing country”; and

(B) in paragraph (2)(A), by inserting “importer or” before “importing country”;

(3) in subsection (d)--

(A) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

“(2) Freight procurement.--Notwithstanding the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 471 et seq.) or other similar provisions of law relating to the making or performance of Federal Government contracts, ocean transportation under titles II and III may be procured on the basis of full and open competitive procedures. Resulting contracts may contain such terms and conditions as the Administrator determines are necessary and appropriate.”; and

(B) by striking paragraph (4);

(4) in subsection (g)(2)--

(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) an assessment of the progress towards achieving food security in each country receiving food assistance from the United States Government, with special emphasis on the nutritional status of the poorest populations in each country.”; and

(5) by striking subsection (h).

SEC. 217. EXPIRATION DATE.

Section 408 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1736b) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''.

SEC. 218. REGULATIONS.

Section 409 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1736c) is repealed.

SEC. 219. INDEPENDENT EVALUATION OF PROGRAMS.

Section 410 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1736d) is repealed.

[[Page 110 STAT. 958]]

SEC. 220. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Section 412 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1736f) is amended--

(1) by striking subsections (b) and (c) and inserting the following:

``(b) Transfer of Funds.--

``(1) In general.--Except as provided in paragraph (2) and notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President may direct that up to 15 percent of the funds available for any fiscal year for carrying out any title of this Act be used to carry out any other title of this Act.

``(2) Title iii funds.--The President may direct that up to 50 percent of the funds available for any fiscal year for carrying out title III be used to carry out title II.''; and

(2) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (c) and (d), respectively.

SEC. 221. COORDINATION OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.

Section 413 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1736g) is amended by striking ``this Act'' each place it appears and inserting ``title III''.

SEC. 222. MICRONUTRIENT FORTIFICATION PILOT PROGRAM.

Title IV of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1731 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``SEC. 415. <<NOTE: Establishment. Developing countries. 7 USC 1736g-2.>> MICRONUTRIENT FORTIFICATION PILOT PROGRAM.

``(a) In General.--Subject to the availability of practical

technology and to cost effectiveness, not later than September 30, 1997, the Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator, shall establish a micronutrient fortification pilot program under this Act. The purpose of the program shall be to--

``(1) assist developing countries in correcting micronutrient dietary deficiencies among segments of the populations of the countries; and

``(2) encourage the development of technologies for the fortification of whole grains and other commodities that are readily transferable to developing countries.

``(b) Selection of Participating Countries.--From among the countries eligible for assistance under this Act, the Secretary may select not more than 5 developing countries to participate in the pilot program.

``(c) Fortification.--Under the pilot program, whole grains and other commodities made available to a developing country selected to participate in the pilot program may be fortified with 1 or more micronutrients (including vitamin A, iron, and iodine) with respect to which a substantial portion of the population in the country is deficient. The commodity may be fortified in the United States or in the developing country.

``(d) Termination of Authority.--The authority to carry out the pilot program established under this section shall terminate on September 30, 2002.''

#### SEC. 223. USE OF CERTAIN LOCAL CURRENCY.

Title IV of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1731 et seq.) (as amended by section 222) is amended by adding at the end the following:

[[Page 110 STAT. 959]]

``SEC. 416. <<NOTE: 7 USC 1736g-3.>> USE OF CERTAIN LOCAL CURRENCY.

``Local currency payments received by the United States pursuant to agreements entered into under title I (as in effect on November 27, 1990) may be utilized by the Secretary in accordance with section 108 (as in effect on November 27, 1990).''.

#### SEC. 224. FARMER-TO-FARMER PROGRAM.

Section 501 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1737) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraph (6) and inserting the following:

``(6) to the extent that local currencies can be used to meet the costs of a program established under this section, augment funds of the United States that are available for such

a



program through the use of foreign currencies that accrue from the sale of agricultural commodities under this Act, and local currencies generated from other types of foreign assistance activities, within the country where the program is being conducted.''; and

(2) in subsection (c)--

(A) by striking ``0.2'' and inserting ``0.4'';

(B) by striking ``1991 through 1995'' and inserting ``1996 through 2002''; and

(C) by striking ``0.1'' and inserting ``0.2''.

SEC. 225. FOOD SECURITY COMMODITY RESERVE.

(a) In General.--Title III of the Agricultural Act of 1980 (7 U.S.C. 1736f-1 et seq.) is amended to read as follows:

``TITLE III <<NOTE: Food Security Commodity Reserve Act of 1996.>> --  
FOOD SECURITY COMMODITY RESERVE

``SEC. 301. <<NOTE: 7 USC 1736f-1 note.>> SHORT TITLE.

``This title may be cited as the `Food Security Commodity Reserve Act of 1996'.

``SEC. 302. <<NOTE: 7 USC 1736f-1.>> ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMODITY RESERVE.

``(a) In General.--To provide for a reserve solely to meet emergency humanitarian food needs in developing countries, the Secretary of Agriculture (referred to in this title as the `Secretary') shall establish a reserve stock of wheat, rice, corn, or sorghum, or any combination of the commodities, totaling not more than 4,000,000 metric tons for use as described in subsection (c).

``(b) Commodities in Reserve.--

``(1) In general.--The reserve established under this section shall consist of--

``(A) wheat in the reserve established under the Food Security Wheat Reserve Act of 1980 as of the date of enactment of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996;

in  
this section as `eligible commodities') acquired in accordance with paragraph (2) to replenish eligible commodities released from the reserve, including wheat to replenish wheat released from the reserve

established

under the Food Security Wheat Reserve Act of 1980 but not replen

[[Page 110 STAT. 960]]

ished as of the date of enactment of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996; and

``(C) such rice, corn, and sorghum as the Secretary

may, at such time and in such manner as the Secretary determines appropriate, acquire as a result of exchanging an equivalent value of wheat in the reserve established under this section.

``(2) Replenishment of reserve.--

``(A) In general.--Subject to subsection (h), commodities of equivalent value to eligible commodities in the reserve established under this section may be acquired--

``(i) through purchases--

``(I) from producers; or

``(II) in the market, if the Secretary determines that the purchases will not unduly disrupt the market; or

``(ii) by designation by the Secretary of stocks of eligible commodities of the Commodity Credit Corporation.

``(B) Funds.--Any use of funds to acquire eligible commodities through purchases from producers or in the market to replenish the reserve must be authorized in

an

appropriations Act.

``(c) Release of Eligible Commodities.--

``(1) Emergency assistance.--

to

``(A) In general.--Notwithstanding paragraph (2),

meet unanticipated need, the Secretary may release eligible commodities in any fiscal year, without regard to the availability of domestic supply of the commodities, to provide emergency assistance to developing countries under title II of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1721 et seq.).

normal

``(B) Release for emergency assistance.--If the eligible commodities needed to meet unanticipated need cannot be made available in a timely manner under

means for obtaining eligible commodities for food assistance because of unanticipated need for emergency assistance as provided under section 202(a) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1722(a)), the Secretary may in any

fiscal

year release from the reserve--

other

``(i) up to 500,000 metric tons of wheat or the equivalent value of eligible commodities

than wheat; and

``(ii) up to 500,000 metric tons of any eligible commodities under this paragraph that could have been released but were not released in prior fiscal years.

``(C) Waiver of minimum tonnage requirements.--Nothing in this paragraph shall require a waiver under section 204(a)(3) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1724(a)(3)) as a

prerequisite for the release of eligible commodities under this paragraph.

``(2) Emergency food assistance.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, eligible commodities designated or acquired for the reserve established under this section may

[[Page 110 STAT. 961]]

be released by the Secretary to provide, on a donation or sale basis, emergency food assistance to developing countries at such

time as the domestic supply of the eligible commodities is so limited that quantities of the eligible commodities cannot be made available for disposition under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.) (other than disposition for urgent humanitarian purposes under section 401 of the Act (7 U.S.C. 1731)).

under ``(3) Processing of eligible commodities.--Eligible commodities that are released from the reserve established

country this section may be processed in the United States and shipped to a developing country when conditions in the recipient require processing.

``(4) Exchange.--The Secretary may exchange an eligible commodity for another United States commodity of equal value, including powdered milk, pulses, and vegetable oil.

``(5) Use of normal commercial practices.--To the maximum extent practicable consistent with the fulfillment of the purposes of this section and the effective and efficient administration of this section, the Secretary shall use the usual and customary channels, facilities, arrangements, and practices of trade and commerce to carry out this subsection.

``(d) Management of Eligible Commodities.--The Secretary shall provide--

``(1) for the management of eligible commodities in the reserve established under this section as to location and quality of eligible commodities needed to meet emergency situations; and

``(2) for the periodic rotation or replacement of stocks of eligible commodities in the reserve to avoid spoilage and deterioration of the commodities.

in ``(e) Treatment of Reserve Under Other Law.--Eligible commodities the reserve established under this section shall not be--

``(1) considered a part of the total domestic supply (including carryover) for the purpose of subsection (c) or for the purpose of administering the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.); and

that ``(2) subject to any quantitative limitation on exports

may be imposed under section 7 of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2406).

``(f) Use of Commodity Credit Corporation.--

``(1) In general.--Subject to the limitations provided in this section, the funds, facilities, and authorities of the Commodity Credit Corporation shall be used by the Secretary in carrying out this section, except that any restriction applicable to the acquisition, storage, or disposition of eligible commodities owned or controlled by the Commodity

Credit

Corporation shall not apply.

``(2) Reimbursement.--

``(A) In general.--The Commodity Credit Corporation shall be reimbursed for the release of eligible commodities from funds made available to carry out the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.).

``(B) Basis for reimbursement.--The reimbursement shall be made on the basis of the lesser of--

[[Page 110 STAT. 962]]

``(i) the actual costs incurred by the Commodity Credit Corporation with respect to the eligible commodity; or

eligible

``(ii) the export market price of the

commodity (as determined by the Secretary) as of the time the eligible commodity is released from the reserve.

``(C) Source of funds.--The reimbursement may be made from funds appropriated for subsequent fiscal years.

``(g) Finality of Determination.--Any determination by the Secretary under this section shall be final.

``(h) Termination of Authority.--

``(1) In general.--The authority to replenish stocks of eligible commodities to maintain the reserve established under this section shall terminate on September 30, 2002.

``(2) Disposal of eligible commodities.--Eligible commodities remaining in the reserve after September 30, 2002, shall be disposed of by release for use in providing for emergency humanitarian food needs in developing countries as provided in this section.''.

(b) Conforming Amendment.--Section 208(d) of the Agricultural Trade Suspension Adjustment Act of 1980 (7 U.S.C. 4001(d)) is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

``(2) Applicability of certain provisions.--Subsections (c),

(d), (e), and (f)(2) of section 302 of the Food Security Commodity Reserve Act of 1996 shall apply to commodities in any reserve established under paragraph (1), except that the references to 'eligible commodities' in the subsections shall

be

deemed to be references to 'agricultural commodities'.''.

SEC. 226. PROTEIN BYPRODUCTS DERIVED FROM ALCOHOL FUEL PRODUCTION.

Section 1208 of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 1736n) is repealed.

SEC. 227. FOOD FOR PROGRESS PROGRAM.

The Food for Progress Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1736o) is amended--

- (1) in subsection (b)--
  - (A) in paragraph (1)--
    - (i) by striking ``(b)(1)'' and inserting ``(b)''; and
    - (ii) in the first sentence, by inserting ``intergovernmental organizations,'' after ``cooperatives,''; and
  - (B) by striking paragraph (2);
- (2) in subsection (e)(4), by striking ``203'' and inserting ``406'';
- (3) in subsection (f)--
  - (A) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking ``in the case of the independent states of the former Soviet Union, '';
  - (B) by striking paragraph (2);
  - (C) in paragraph (4), by inserting ``for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002'' after ``may be used''; and
  - (D) by redesignating paragraphs (3) through (5) as paragraphs (2) through (4), respectively;
- (4) in subsection (g), by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002'';
- (5) in subsection (j), by striking ``shall'' and inserting ``may'';
- (6) in subsection (k), by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002'';

[[Page 110 STAT. 963]]

- (7) in subsection (l)(1)--
  - (A) by striking ``1991 through 1995'' and inserting ``1996 through 2002''; and
  - (B) by inserting ``, and to provide technical assistance for monetization programs,'' after ``monitoring of food assistance programs''; and
- (8) in subsection (m)--
  - (A) by striking ``with respect to the independent states of the former Soviet Union'';
  - (B) by striking ``private voluntary organizations and cooperatives'' each place it appears and inserting ``agricultural trade organizations, intergovernmental organizations, private voluntary organizations, and cooperatives''; and
  - (C) in paragraph (2), by striking ``in the independent states''.

SEC. 228. USE OF FOREIGN CURRENCY PROCEEDS FROM EXPORT SALES FINANCING.

Section 402 of the Mutual Security Act of 1954 (22 U.S.C. 1922) is

repealed.

SEC. 229. STIMULATION OF FOREIGN PRODUCTION.

Section 7 of the Act of December 30, 1947 (61 Stat. 947, chapter 526; 50 U.S.C. App. 1917), is repealed.

Subtitle B--Amendments to Agricultural Trade Act of 1978

SEC. 241. AGRICULTURAL EXPORT PROMOTION STRATEGY.

(a) In General.--Section 103 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5603) is amended to read as follows:

``SEC. 103. AGRICULTURAL EXPORT PROMOTION STRATEGY.

``(a) In General.--The Secretary shall develop a strategy for implementing Federal agricultural export promotion programs that takes into account the new market opportunities for agricultural products, including opportunities that result from--

- ``(1) the North American Free Trade Agreement and the Uruguay Round Agreements;
- ``(2) any accession to membership in the World Trade Organization;
- ``(3) the continued economic growth in the Pacific Rim; and
- ``(4) other developments.

``(b) Purpose of Strategy.--The strategy developed under subsection (a) shall encourage the maintenance, development, and expansion of export markets for United States agricultural commodities and related products, including high-value and value-added products.

``(c) Goals of Strategy.--The strategy developed under subsection (a) shall have the following goals:

- ``(1) Increase the value of United States agricultural exports each year.
- ``(2) Increase the value of United States agricultural exports each year at a faster rate than the rate of increase in the value of overall world export trade in agricultural products.

[[Page 110 STAT. 964]]

``(3) Increase the value of United States high-value and value-added agricultural exports each year.

``(4) Increase the value of United States high-value and value-added agricultural exports each year at a faster rate than

the rate of increase in the value of overall world export trade in high-value and value-added agricultural products.

``(5) Ensure that to the extent practicable--

``(A) all obligations undertaken in the Uruguay Round Agreement on Agriculture that significantly increase access for United States agricultural commodities are implemented to the extent required by the Uruguay Round Agreements; or

``(B) applicable United States laws are used to secure United States rights under the Uruguay Round

Agreement on Agriculture.

``(d) Priority Markets.--

``(1) Identification of markets.--In developing the strategy required under subsection (a), the Secretary shall annually identify as priority markets--  
agricultural ``(A) those markets in which imports of products show the greatest potential for increase; and of ``(B) those markets in which, with the assistance of Federal export promotion programs, exports of United States agricultural products show the greatest potential for increase.

``(2) <<NOTE: President.>> Identification of supporting offices.--The President shall identify annually in the budget of the United States Government submitted under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, each overseas office of the Foreign Agricultural Service that provides assistance to United States exporters in each of the priority markets identified under paragraph (1).''.

(b) Sense of Congress.--It is the sense of Congress that--

and (1) the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate should conduct a thorough review of agricultural export and food aid programs not later than December 31, 1998; and (2) the review should examine what changes, if any, need to be made in the programs as a result of the effects of the Agricultural Market Transition Act, the Uruguay Round Agreements, changing world market conditions, and such other factors as the committees consider appropriate.

(c) Elimination of Report.--

(1) In general.--Section 601 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5711) is repealed.  
amended (2) Conforming amendment.--The last sentence of section 603 follows of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5713) is by striking ``', in a consolidated report,''' and all that through ``section 601'' and inserting ``or in a consolidated report''.

SEC. 242. IMPLEMENTATION OF COMMITMENTS UNDER URUGUAY ROUND AGREEMENTS.

(a) In General.--Title I of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5601 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

[[Page 110 STAT. 965]]

``SEC. 106. <<NOTE: Evaluation. 7 USC 5606.>> IMPLEMENTATION OF

COMMITMENTS UNDER URUGUAY ROUND AGREEMENTS.

``Not later than September 30 of each year, the Secretary shall evaluate whether the obligations undertaken by foreign countries under the Uruguay Round Agreement on Agriculture are being fully implemented. If the Secretary has reason to believe (based on the evaluation) that any foreign country, by not implementing the obligations of the country, may be significantly constraining an opportunity for United States agricultural exports, the Secretary shall--

``(1) submit the evaluation to the United States Trade Representative; and

``(2) transmit a copy of the evaluation to the Committee on Agriculture, and the Committee on Ways and Means, of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry, and the Committee on Finance, of the Senate.''.

(b) Monitoring Compliance With Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures.--Section 414 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5674) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(c) Monitoring Compliance With Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures.--The Secretary shall monitor the compliance of World Trade Organization member countries with the sanitary and phytosanitary measures of the Agreement on Agriculture of the Uruguay Round of Multilateral Trade Negotiations of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade. If the Secretary has reason to believe that any country may have failed to meet the commitment on sanitary and phytosanitary measures under the Agreement in a manner that adversely impacts the exports of a United States agricultural commodity, the Secretary shall--

``(1) provide such information to the United States Trade Representative of the circumstances surrounding the matter arising under this subsection; and

``(2) <<NOTE: Reports.>> with respect to any such circumstances that the Secretary considers to have a continuing adverse effect on United States agricultural exports, report to the Committee on Agriculture, and the Committee on Ways and Means, of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry, and the Committee on Finance, of the Senate--

``(A) that a country may have failed to meet the sanitary and phytosanitary commitments; and

``(B) any notice given by the Secretary to the United States Trade Representative.''.

SEC. 243. EXPORT CREDITS.

(a) Export Credit Guarantee Program.--Section 202 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5622) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a)--

(A) by striking ``Guarantees.--The'' and inserting the following: ``Guarantees.--

``(1) In general.--The''; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

``(2) Supplier credits.--In carrying out this section, the Commodity Credit Corporation may issue guarantees for the



repayment of credit made available for a period of not more than 180 days by a United States exporter to a buyer in a foreign country.'';

(2) in subsection (f)--

(A) by striking ``(f) Restrictions.--The'' and inserting the following:

``(f) Restrictions.--

``(1) In general.--The''; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

``(2) Criteria for determination.--In making the determination required under paragraph (1) with respect to credit guarantees under subsection (b) for a country, the Secretary may consider, in addition to financial,

macroeconomic,

and monetary indicators--

``(A) whether an International Monetary Fund

standby

agreement, Paris Club rescheduling plan, or other economic restructuring plan is in place with respect to the country;

``(B) whether the country is addressing issues such as--

``(i) the convertibility of the currency of the country;

``(ii) adequate legal protection for foreign investments;

``(iii) the viability of the financial

markets

of the country; and

``(iv) adequate legal protection for the private property rights of citizens of the country; or

``(C) any other factors that are relevant to the ability of the country to service the debt of the country.'';

(3) by striking subsection (h) and inserting the following:

``(h) United States Agricultural Commodities.--The Commodity Credit Corporation shall finance or guarantee under this section only United States agricultural commodities.'';

(4) in subsection (i)--

(A) by striking paragraph (1);

(B) by striking ``Institutions.--A financial'' and inserting the following: ``Institutions.--

``(1) In general.--A financial'';

(C) by striking ``(2) is'' and inserting the following:

``(A) is'';

(D) by striking ``(3) is'' and inserting the following:

``(B) is''; and

(E) by adding at the end the following:

``(2) Third country banks.--The Commodity Credit

Corporation

may guarantee under subsections (a) and (b) the repayment of credit made available to finance an export sale irrespective of whether the obligor is located in the country to which the export sale is destined.''; and

(5) by striking subsection (k) and inserting the following:

``(k) Processed and High-Value Products.--

under  
to  
this section, the Commodity Credit Corporation shall, subject to paragraph (2), ensure that not less than 25 percent for each of fiscal years 1996 and 1997, 30 percent for each of fiscal years 1998 and 1999, and 35 percent for each of fiscal years 2000, 2001, and 2002, of the total amount of credit guarantees issued for a fiscal year is issued to promote the export of processed or high-value agricultural products and

[[Page 110 STAT. 967]]

that the balance is issued to promote the export of bulk or raw agricultural commodities.

reduction  
in the total amount of credit guarantees issued for the fiscal year is not required to meet the percentage requirement.''.  
``(2) Limitation.--The percentage requirement of paragraph (1) shall apply for a fiscal year to the extent that a

inserting  
the following:  
(b) Funding Levels.--Section 211 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5641) is amended by striking subsection (b) and

``(b) Export Credit Guarantee Programs.--

transaction  
under section 202(a) in excess of an amount equal to 1 percent of the amount of credit to be guaranteed under the transaction, except with respect to an export credit guarantee transaction pursuant to section 1542(b) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 7 U.S.C. 5622 note).''.  
``(1) Export credit guarantees.--The Commodity Credit Corporation shall make available for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002 not less than \$5,500,000,000 in credit guarantees under subsections (a) and (b) of section 202.  
``(2) Limitation on origination fee.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may not charge an origination fee with respect to any credit guarantee

following:  
(c) Definition of United States Agricultural Commodity.--Section 102(7) of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602(7)) is amended by striking subparagraphs (A) and (B) and inserting the

``(A) an agricultural commodity or product entirely produced in the United States; or

``(B) a product of an agricultural commodity--

``(i) 90 percent or more of the agricultural

packaging components of which by weight, excluding  
and added water, is entirely produced in the  
United States; and  
``(ii) that the Secretary determines to be a  
high value agricultural product.''.

(d) <<NOTE: 7 USC 5622 note.>> Regulations.--Not later than 180  
days  
after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture  
shall issue regulations to carry out the amendments made by this  
section.

#### SEC. 244. MARKET ACCESS PROGRAM.

##### (a) Change of Name.--

(1) In general.--Section 203 of the Agricultural Trade Act  
of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5623) is amended--

(A) in the section heading, by striking ``market  
promotion program'' and inserting ``market access  
program''; and

each (B) by striking ``marketing promotion program''  
place it appears and inserting ``market access  
program''.

##### (2) Conforming amendments.--

(A) Section 1302 of the Omnibus Budget  
Reconciliation Act of 1993 (Public Law 103-66; 7 U.S.C.  
5623) is  
amended--

(i) in the section heading, by striking  
``market promotion program'' and inserting  
``market access program''; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 968]]

(ii) in subsection (b), <<NOTE: 7 USC 5623  
note.>> by striking ``market promotion program''  
each place it appears and inserting ``market  
access program''.

(B) Section 211(c) of the Agricultural Trade Act of  
1978 (7 U.S.C. 5641(c)) is amended--

(i) in the subsection heading, by striking  
``Marketing Promotion Programs'' and inserting  
``Market Access Programs'';

(ii) by striking ``market promotion  
activities'' and inserting ``market access  
activities'';

(iii) in paragraph (1), by striking ``market  
development program'' and inserting ``market  
access program''; and

``marketing (iv) in paragraph (2), by striking  
promotion program'' and inserting ``market access  
program''.

(b) Use of Funds.--Section 203(f) of the Agricultural Trade Act of

1978 (7 U.S.C. 5623(f)) is amended by adding at the end the following:  
``(4) Use of funds.--Funds made available to carry out this section--

assistance  
``(A) shall not be used to provide direct

to any foreign for-profit corporation for the corporation's use in promoting foreign-produced products;

assistance  
``(B) shall not be used to provide direct

to any for-profit corporation that is not recognized as a small-business concern described in section 3(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(a)), excluding--

``(i) a cooperative;

``(ii) an association described in the first section of the Act entitled 'An Act To authorize association of producers of agricultural products', approved February 18, 1922 (7 U.S.C. 291); and

``(iii) a nonprofit trade association; and

``(C) may be used by a United States trade association, cooperative, or small business for individual branded promotional activity related to a United States branded product, if the beneficiaries of the activity have provided funds for the activity in an amount that is at least equivalent to the amount of assistance provided under this section.''.  
.

(c) Funding.-- <<NOTE: Effective date.>> Effective October 1, 1995, section 211(c)(1) of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5641(c)(1)) is amended--

- (1) by striking ``and'' after ``1991 through 1993,''; and
- (2) by striking ``through 1997,' ' and inserting ``through 1995, and not more than \$90,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002,' '.

#### SEC. 245. EXPORT ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM.

(a) In General.-- <<NOTE: Effective date.>> Effective October 1, 1995, section 301(e) of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5651(e)) is amended by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:

``(1) In general.--The Commodity Credit Corporation shall make available to carry out the program established under this section not more than--

``(A) \$350,000,000 for fiscal year 1996;

``(B) \$250,000,000 for fiscal year 1997;

[[Page 110 STAT. 969]]

``(C) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 1998;

``(D) \$550,000,000 for fiscal year 1999;

``(E) \$579,000,000 for fiscal year 2000;

``(F) \$478,000,000 for fiscal year 2001; and

``(G) \$478,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.' '.

(b) Priority Funding for Intermediate Products.--Section 301 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5651) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(h) Priority Funding for Intermediate Products.--

``(1) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> In general.--Effective beginning in fiscal year 1996, and consistent, as determined by the Secretary, with the obligations and reduction commitments undertaken by the United States under the Uruguay Round Agreements, the Secretary may make available not more than \$100,000,000 for each fiscal year under this section for the sale of intermediate agricultural products in sufficient quantities to attain the volume of export sales consistent with the volume of intermediate agricultural products exported by

the

United States during the Uruguay Round base period years of

1986

through 1990.

``(2) Additional assistance.--Notwithstanding paragraph

(1),

if the export sale of any intermediate agricultural product attains the volume of export sales consistent with the volume

of

the intermediate agricultural product exported by the United States during the Uruguay Round base period years of 1986 through 1990, the Secretary may make available additional amounts under this section for the encouragement of export

sales

of the intermediate agricultural product.''.

#### SEC. 246. ARRIVAL CERTIFICATION.

Section 401 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5661) is

amended by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:

``(a) <<NOTE: Records.>> Arrival Certification.--With respect to a commodity provided, or for which financing or a credit guarantee or other assistance is made available, under a program authorized in section 201, 202, or 301, the Commodity Credit Corporation shall require

the exporter of the commodity to maintain records of an official or customary commercial nature or other documents as the Secretary may require, and shall allow representatives of the Commodity Credit Corporation access to the records or documents as needed, to verify the arrival of the commodity in the country that is the intended destination

of the commodity.''.

#### SEC. 247. COMPLIANCE.

Section 402(a) of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5662(a)) is amended--

(1) by striking paragraph (2); and

(2) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (2).

#### SEC. 248. REGULATIONS.

Section 404 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5664) is repealed.

SEC. 249. TRADE COMPENSATION AND ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.

Subtitle B of title IV of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5671 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

[[Page 110 STAT. 970]]

``SEC. 417. <<NOTE: 7 USC 5677.>> TRADE COMPENSATION AND ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.

``(a) In General.--Except as provided in subsection (f), notwithstanding any other provision of law, if, after the date of enactment of this section, the President or any other member of the executive branch causes exports from the United States to any country to be unilaterally suspended for reasons of national security or foreign policy, and if within 90 days after the date on which the suspension is imposed on United States exports no other country with an agricultural economic interest agrees to participate in the suspension, the Secretary shall carry out a trade compensation assistance program in accordance with this section (referred to in this section as a `program').

``(b) Compensation or Provision of Funds.--Under a program, the Secretary shall, based on an evaluation by the Secretary of the method most likely to produce the greatest compensatory benefit for producers of the commodity involved in the suspension--

``(1) compensate producers of the commodity by making payments available to producers, as provided by subsection (c)(1); or

``(2) make available an amount of funds calculated under subsection (c)(2), to promote agricultural exports or provide agricultural commodities to developing countries under any authorities available to the Secretary.

``(c) Determination of Amount of Compensation or Funds.--

``(1) Compensation.--If the Secretary makes payments available to producers under subsection (b)(1), the amount of the payment shall be determined by the Secretary based on the Secretary's estimate of the loss suffered by producers of the commodity involved due to any decrease in the price of the commodity as a result of the suspension.

``(2) Determination of amount of funds.--For each fiscal year of a program, the amount of funds made available under subsection (b)(2) shall be equal to 90 percent of the average annual value of United States agricultural exports to the country with respect to which exports are suspended during the most recent 3 years prior to the suspension for which data are available.

``(d) Duration of Program.--For each suspension of exports for which a program is implemented under this section, funds shall be made available under subsection (b) for each fiscal year or part of a fiscal

year for which the suspension is in effect, but not to exceed 3 fiscal years.

((e) Commodity Credit Corporation.--The Secretary shall use funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to carry out this section.

((f) Exception to Carrying Out a Program.--This section shall not apply to any suspension of trade due to a war or armed hostility.

((g) Partial Year Embargoes.--If the Secretary makes funds available under subsection (b)(2), regardless of whether an embargo is in effect for only part of a fiscal year, the full amount of funds as calculated under subsection (c)(2) shall be made available under a program for the fiscal year. If the Secretary determines that making the required amount of funds available in a partial fiscal year is impracticable, the Secretary may make all or part of the funds required to be made available in the following fiscal year

[[Page 110 STAT. 971]]

(in addition to any funds otherwise required under a program to be made available in the following fiscal year).

((h) Short Supply Embargoes.--If the President or any other member of the executive branch causes exports to be suspended based on a determination of short supply, the Secretary shall carry out section 1002 of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 1310).'

#### SEC. 250. FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICE.

Section 503 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5693) is amended to read as follows:

#### ((SEC. 503. DUTIES OF FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICE.

((The Service shall assist the Secretary in carrying out the agricultural trade policy and international cooperation policy of the United States by--

((1) acquiring information pertaining to agricultural trade;

((2) carrying out market promotion and development activities;

((3) providing agricultural technical assistance and training; and

((4) carrying out the programs authorized under this Act, the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954

(7

U.S.C. 1691 et seq.), and other Acts.'

#### SEC. 251. REPORTS.

The first sentence of section 603 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5713) is amended by striking ((The'' and inserting ((Subject to section 217 of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6917), the''.

#### SEC. 252. FOREIGN MARKET DEVELOPMENT COOPERATOR PROGRAM.

The Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5601 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``TITLE VII--FOREIGN MARKET DEVELOPMENT COOPERATOR PROGRAM

``SEC. 701. <<NOTE: 7 USC 5721.>> DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE TRADE ORGANIZATION.

``In this title, the term `eligible trade organization' means a United States trade organization that--

- ``(1) promotes the export of 1 or more United States agricultural commodities or products; and
- ``(2) does not have a business interest in or receive remuneration from specific sales of agricultural commodities or products.

``SEC. 702. <<NOTE: Establishment. 7 USC 5722.>> FOREIGN MARKET DEVELOPMENT COOPERATOR PROGRAM.

``(a) In General.--The Secretary shall establish and, in cooperation with eligible trade organizations, carry out a foreign market development cooperator program to maintain and develop foreign markets for United States agricultural commodities and products.

``(b) Administration.--Funds made available to carry out this title shall be used only to provide--

- ``(1) cost-share assistance to an eligible trade organization under a contract or agreement with the organization; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 972]]

- ``(2) assistance for other costs that are necessary or appropriate to carry out the foreign market development cooperator program, including contingent liabilities that are not otherwise funded.

``SEC. 703. <<NOTE: 7 USC 5723.>> AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

``There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002.''.

Subtitle C--Miscellaneous Agricultural Trade Provisions

SEC. 261. <<NOTE: 7 USC 5678.>> EDWARD R. MADIGAN UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL EXPORT EXCELLENCE AWARD.

(a) Findings.--Congress finds that--

- (1) United States producers of agricultural products are some of the most productive and efficient producers of agricultural products in the world;
- (2) continued growth and expansion of markets for United States agricultural exports is crucial to the continued development and economic well-being of rural areas of the

United



States and the agricultural sector of the United States economy;

(3) in recent years, United States agricultural exports have steadily increased, surpassing \$54,000,000,000 in value in 1995;

(4) as United States agricultural producers move toward a market-oriented system in which planting and other decisions by producers are driven by national and international market signals, developing new and expanding agricultural export markets is vital to maintaining a vibrant and healthy agricultural sector and rural economy; and

(5) a United States agricultural export excellence award will increase United States agricultural exports by--

(A) identifying efforts of United States entities to

develop and expand markets for United States agricultural exports through the development of new products and services and through the use of innovative marketing techniques;

(B) recognizing achievements of those who have exhibited or supported entrepreneurial efforts to expand

and create new markets for United States agricultural exports or increase the volume or value of United

States agricultural exports; and

(C) disseminating information on successful methods used to develop and expand markets for United States agricultural exports.

(b) Establishment.--There is established the Edward R. Madigan United States Agricultural Export Excellence Award, which shall be evidenced by a medal bearing the inscription ``Edward R. Madigan United States Agricultural Export Excellence Award''. The medal shall be of such design and materials and bear such additional inscriptions as the Secretary of Agriculture (referred to in this section as the ``Secretary'') may prescribe.

(c) <<NOTE: President.>> Selection of Recipient.--The President or the Secretary (on the basis of recommendations received from the board established under subsection (h)) shall periodically provide the award

[[Page 110 STAT. 973]]

to companies and other entities that in the judgment of the President or the Secretary substantially encourage entrepreneurial efforts in the food and agriculture sector for advancing United States agricultural exports.

(d) <<NOTE: President.>> Presentation of Award.--The presentation of the award shall be made by the President or the Secretary with such ceremonies as the President or the Secretary considers proper.

(e) Publication of Award.--An entity to which an award is made under

this section may publicize the receipt of the award by the entity and use the award in advertising of the entity.

(f) Categories for Which Award May Be Given.--Separate awards shall be made to qualifying entities in each of the following categories:

- (1) Development of new products or services for agricultural export markets.
- (2) Development of new agricultural export markets.
- (3) Creative marketing of products or services in agricultural export markets.

(g) Criteria for Qualification.--An entity may qualify for an award under this section only if the entity--

- (1)(A) applies to the board established under subsection (h)
  - in writing for the award; or
  - (B) is recommended for the award by a Governor of a State;
- (2)(A) has exhibited significant entrepreneurial effort to create new markets for United States agricultural exports or increase United States agricultural exports; or
- (B) has provided significant assistance to others in an effort to create new markets for United States agricultural exports or increase United States agricultural exports;
- (3) has not received another award in the same category under subsection (f) during the preceding 5-year period; and
- (4) meets such other requirements and specifications as the Secretary determines are appropriate to achieve the objectives of this section.

(h) Board.--

- (1) Selection.--The Secretary shall appoint a board of evaluators, consisting of at least 5 individuals from the private sector selected for their knowledge and experience in exporting United States agricultural products.
- (2) Meetings.--The board shall meet at least once annually to review and evaluate all applicants and entities recommended by States under subsection (g)(1).
- (3) <<NOTE: Reports.>> Recommendations of board.--The board shall report its recommendations concerning the making of the award to the Secretary.
- (4) Term.--Each member of the board may serve a term of not to exceed 3 years.

(i) Funding.--The Secretary may seek and accept gifts from public and private sources to carry out this section.

#### SEC. 262. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO TOBACCO.

Section 214 of the Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 509) is repealed.

[[Page 110 STAT. 974]]

#### SEC. 263. TRIGGERED EXPORT ENHANCEMENT.

(a) Readjustment of Support Levels.--Section 1302 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-508; 7 U.S.C. 1421

note) is repealed.

(b) Triggered Marketing Loans and Export Enhancement.--Section 4301 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (Public Law 100-418; 7 U.S.C. 1446 note) is repealed.

(c) <<NOTE: 7 USC 1421 note.>> Effective Date.--The amendments made by this section shall be effective beginning with the 1996 crops of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, and rice.

#### SEC. 264. DISPOSITION OF COMMODITIES TO PREVENT WASTE.

Section 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1431) is amended--

(1) in subsection (b)--

(A) in paragraph (7)--

(i) in subparagraph (D)(iv), by striking

one

year of acquisition'' and all that follows

through

the period at the end and inserting the

following:

``a reasonable length of time, as determined by the Secretary, except that the Secretary may permit the use of proceeds in a country other

than

the country of origin--

of

``(I) as necessary to expedite the transportation

commodities and products furnished under this subsection; or

``(II) if the proceeds are generated in a currency generally accepted in the other country.''; and

(ii) by striking the sentence following subparagraph (F) and inserting the following:

``The Secretary may approve the use of proceeds

or

services realized from the sale or barter of a commodity furnished under this subsection by a nonprofit voluntary agency, cooperative, or intergovernmental agency or organization to meet administrative expenses incurred in connection with activities undertaken under this subsection.'';

(B) in paragraph (8), by striking subparagraph (C);

and

(C) by striking paragraphs (10), (11), and (12);

and

(2) by striking subsection (c).

#### SEC. 265. DEBT-FOR-HEALTH-AND-PROTECTION SWAP.

(a) In General.--Section 1517 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 1706) is repealed.

(b) Technical Amendment.--Subsection (e)(3) of the Food for Progress Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1736o(e)(3)) is amended by striking ``section 106'' and inserting ``section 103''.

SEC. 266. POLICY ON EXPANSION OF INTERNATIONAL MARKETS.

Section 1207 of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 1736m) is repealed.

SEC. 267. POLICY ON MAINTENANCE AND DEVELOPMENT OF EXPORT MARKETS.

Section 1121 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1736p) is amended--

- (1) by striking subsection (a); and
- (2) in subsection (b)--

[[Page 110 STAT. 975]]

- (A) by striking ``b''; and
- (B) by striking paragraphs (1) through (4) and inserting the following:

``(1) be the premier supplier of agricultural and food products to world markets and expand exports of high value products;

``(2) support the principle of free trade and the promotion of fair trade in agricultural commodities and products;

``(3) cooperate fully in all efforts to negotiate with foreign countries further reductions in tariff and nontariff barriers to trade, including sanitary and phytosanitary

measures

and trade-distorting subsidies;

as

``(4) aggressively counter unfair foreign trade practices as a means of encouraging fairer trade;''.

SEC. 268. POLICY ON TRADE LIBERALIZATION.

Section 1122 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1736q) is repealed.

SEC. 269. AGRICULTURAL TRADE NEGOTIATIONS.

Section 1123 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1736r) is amended to read as follows:

``SEC. 1123. TRADE NEGOTIATIONS POLICY.

``(a) Findings.--Congress finds that--

``(1) on a level playing field, United States producers are the most competitive suppliers of agricultural products in the world;

``(2) exports of United States agricultural products accounted for \$54,000,000,000 in 1995, contributing a net \$24,000,000,000 to the merchandise trade balance of the United States and supporting approximately 1,000,000 jobs;

``(3) increased agricultural exports are critical to the future of the farm, rural, and overall United States economy, but the opportunities for increased agricultural exports are limited by the unfair subsidies of the competitors of the

United

States, and a variety of tariff and nontariff barriers to highly competitive United States agricultural products;

- ``(4) international negotiations can play a key role in breaking down barriers to United States agricultural exports;
- ``(5) the Uruguay Round Agreement on Agriculture made significant progress in the attainment of increased market access opportunities for United States exports of agricultural products, for the first time--
  - ``(A) restraining foreign trade-distorting domestic support and export subsidy programs; and
  - ``(B) developing common rules for the application of sanitary and phytosanitary restrictions; that should result in increased exports of United States agricultural products, jobs, and income growth in the United States;
- ``(6) the Uruguay Round Agreement on Agriculture did not succeed in completely eliminating trade distorting domestic support and export subsidies by--
  - ``(A) allowing the European Union to continue unreasonable levels of spending on export subsidies;
  - ``(B) failing to discipline monopolistic state trading entities, such as the Canadian Wheat Board, that use

[[Page 110 STAT. 976]]

nontransparent and discriminatory pricing as a hidden de facto export subsidy;

- ``(7) during the period 1996 through 2002, there will be several opportunities for the United States to negotiate fairer trade in agricultural products, including further negotiations under the World Trade Organization, and steps toward possible free trade agreements of the Americas and Asian-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC); and
- ``(8) the United States should aggressively use these opportunities to achieve more open and fair opportunities for trade in agricultural products.

``(b) Goals of the United States in Agricultural Trade Negotiations.--The objectives of the United States with respect to future negotiations on agricultural trade include--

- ``(1) increasing opportunities for United States exports of agricultural products by eliminating tariff and nontariff barriers to trade;
- ``(2) leveling the playing field for United States producers of agricultural products by limiting per unit domestic production supports to levels that are no greater than those available in the United States;
- ``(3) ending the practice of export dumping by eliminating all trade distorting export subsidies and disciplining state

trading entities so that they do not (except in cases of bona fide food aid) sell in foreign markets at prices below domestic market prices or prices below their full costs of acquiring and delivering agricultural products to the foreign markets; and  
``(4) encouraging government policies that avoid price-depressing surpluses.''.

SEC. 270. POLICY ON UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES.

Section 1164 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-198; 99 Stat. 1499) is repealed.

SEC. 271. AGRICULTURAL AID AND TRADE MISSIONS.

(a) In General.--The Agricultural Aid and Trade Missions Act (7 U.S.C. 1736bb et seq.) is repealed.

(b) Conforming Amendment.--Section 7 of Public Law 100-277 (7 U.S.C. 1736bb note) is repealed.

SEC. 272. ANNUAL REPORTS BY AGRICULTURAL ATTACHES.

Section 108(b)(1)(B) of the Agricultural Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1748(b)(1)(B)) is amended by striking ``including fruits, vegetables, legumes, popcorn and ducks''.

SEC. 273. WORLD LIVESTOCK MARKET PRICE INFORMATION.

Section 1545 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 7 U.S.C. 1761 note) is repealed.

SEC. 274. ORDERLY LIQUIDATION OF STOCKS.

Sections 201 and 207 of the Agricultural Act of 1956 (7 U.S.C. 1851 and 1857) are repealed.

SEC. 275. SALES OF EXTRA LONG STAPLE COTTON.

Section 202 of the Agricultural Act of 1956 (7 U.S.C. 1852) is repealed.

[[Page 110 STAT. 977]]

SEC. 276. REGULATIONS.

Section 707 of the Freedom for Russia and Emerging Eurasian Democracies and Open Markets Support Act of 1992 (Public Law 102-511; 7 U.S.C. 5621 note) is amended by striking subsection (d).

SEC. 277. EMERGING MARKETS.

(a) Promotion of Agricultural Exports to Emerging Markets.--

(1) Emerging markets.--Section 1542 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 7 U.S.C. 5622 note) is amended--

(A) in the section heading, by striking ``emerging

democracies'' and inserting ``emerging markets'';

(B) by striking ``emerging democracies'' each place it appears in subsections (b), (d), and (e) and inserting ``emerging markets'';

(C) in subsection (c), by striking ``emerging democracy'' each place it appears and inserting ``emerging market''; and

(D) by striking subsection (f) and inserting the following:

``(f) Emerging Market.--In this section and section 1543, the term `emerging market' means any country that the Secretary determines--

``(1) is taking steps toward a market-oriented economy through the food, agriculture, or rural business sectors of the economy of the country; and

``(2) has the potential to provide a viable and significant market for United States agricultural commodities or products

of

United States agricultural commodities.''.

(2) Funding.--Section 1542 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 is amended by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:

``(a) Funding.--The Commodity Credit Corporation shall make available for fiscal years 1996 through 2002 not less than \$1,000,000,000 of direct credits or export credit guarantees for exports to emerging markets under section 201 or 202 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5621 and 5622), in addition to the amounts acquired or authorized under section 211 of the Act (7 U.S.C. 5641) for the program.''.

(3) Agricultural fellowship program.--Section 1542 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 is amended--

(A) in subsection (b), by striking the last sentence

and inserting the following: ``The Commodity Credit Corporation shall give priority under this subsection to--

``(A) projects that encourage the privatization of the agricultural sector or that benefit private farms or cooperatives in emerging markets; and

``(B) projects for which nongovernmental persons agree to assume a relatively larger share of the costs.''; and

(B) in subsection (d)--

(i) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking ``the Soviet Union'' and inserting ``emerging markets'';

(ii) in paragraph (1)--

[[Page 110 STAT. 978]]

(I) in subparagraph (A)(i)--

(aa) by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''; and

(bb) by striking ``those systems, and identify'' and

inserting ``the systems,  
including potential reductions  
in trade barriers, and identify  
and carry out'';

(II) in subparagraph (B), by  
striking ``shall'' and inserting  
``may'';

(III) in subparagraph (D), by  
inserting ``(including the  
establishment  
of extension services)'' after  
``technical assistance'';

(IV) by striking subparagraph (F);  
and

(V) by redesignating subparagraphs  
(G), (H), and (I) as subparagraphs (F),  
(G), and (H), respectively;

(iii) in paragraph (2)--  
(I) by striking ``the Soviet  
Union''  
each place it appears and inserting  
``emerging markets'';

(II) in subparagraph (A), by  
striking ``a free market food  
production  
and distribution system'' and inserting  
``free market food production and  
distribution systems'';

(III) in subparagraph (B)--  
(aa) in clause (i), by  
striking ``Government'' and  
inserting ``governments'';

(bb) in clause (iii)(II),  
by  
striking ``and'' at the end;

(cc) in clause (iii)(III),  
by striking the period at the  
end and inserting ``; and'';

and

(dd) by adding at the end  
of  
clause (iii) the following:  
``(IV) to provide for the exchange  
of administrators and faculty members  
from agricultural and other  
institutions  
to strengthen and revise educational  
programs in agricultural economics,  
agribusiness, and agrarian law, to  
support change towards a free market  
economy in emerging markets.'';

(IV) by striking subparagraph (D);  
and

(V) by redesignating subparagraph  
(E) as subparagraph (D); and

(iv) by striking paragraph (3).

(4) United states agricultural commodity.--Subsections (b)



and (c) of section 1542 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 <<NOTE: 7 USC 5622 note.>> are amended

by

striking ``section 101(6)'' each place it appears and inserting ``section 102(7)''.

the

(5) Report.--The first sentence of section 1542(e)(2) of Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 is amended by striking ``Not'' and inserting ``Subject to section 217 of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6917), not''.

(b) Agricultural Fellowship Program for Middle Income Countries, Emerging Democracies, and Emerging Markets.--Section 1543 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 3293) is amended--

[[Page 110 STAT. 979]]

(1) in the section heading, by striking ``middle income countries and emerging democracies'' and inserting ``middle income countries, emerging democracies, and emerging markets'';

(2) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the following: `` (5) Emerging market.--Any emerging market, as defined in section 1542(f).''; and

(3) in subsection (c)(1), by striking ``food needs'' and inserting ``food and fiber needs''.

(c) Conforming Amendments.--

(1) Section 501 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1737) is amended--

(A) in subsection (a), by striking ``emerging democracies'' and inserting ``emerging markets''; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking paragraph (1)

and

inserting the following:

any

``(1) Emerging market.--The term `emerging market' means

country that the Secretary determines--

``(A) is taking steps toward a market-oriented economy through the food, agriculture, or rural

business

sectors of the economy of the country; and

``(B) has the potential to provide a viable and significant market for United States agricultural commodities or products of United States agricultural commodities.''.

(2) Section 201(d)(1)(C)(ii) of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5621(d)(1)(C)(ii)) is amended by striking ``emerging democracies'' and inserting ``emerging markets''.

(3) Section 202(d)(3)(B) of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5622(d)(3)(B)) is amended by striking ``emerging democracies'' and inserting ``emerging markets''.

SEC. 278. REIMBURSEMENT FOR OVERHEAD EXPENSES.

Section 1542(d)(1)(D) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and

Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 7 U.S.C. 5622 note) is amended by adding at the end the following: ``Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the assistance shall include assistance for administrative and overhead expenses of the International Cooperation and Development Program Area of the Foreign Agriculture Service, to the extent that the expenses were incurred pursuant to reimbursable agreements entered into prior to September 30, 1993, the expenses do not exceed \$2,000,000 per year, and the expenses are not incurred for information technology systems.'`.

SEC. 279. LABELING OF DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED LAMB AND MUTTON.

Section 7 of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 607) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(f) <<NOTE: Standards.>> Lamb and Mutton.--The Secretary, consistent with United States international obligations, shall establish standards for the labeling of sheep carcasses, parts of sheep carcasses, sheepmeat, and sheepmeat food products.'`.

SEC. 280. IMPORT ASSISTANCE FOR CBI BENEFICIARY COUNTRIES AND THE PHILIPPINES.

Section 583 of Public Law 100-202 (101 Stat. 1329-182) is repealed.

[[Page 110 STAT. 980]]

SEC. 281. STUDIES, REPORTS, AND OTHER PROVISIONS.

(a) <<NOTE: 7 USC 624 note.>> In General.--Sections 1551 through 1555, section 1558, and section 1559 of subtitle E of title XV of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 104 Stat. 3696) (as redesignated by section 1011(d) of the Federal Reports Elimination and Sunset Act of 1995 (Public Law 104-66; 109 Stat. 709)) are repealed.

(b) Language Proficiency.--Section 1556 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 7 U.S.C. 5694 note) is amended by striking subsection (c).

SEC. 282. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONCERNING MULTILATERAL DISCIPLINES ON CREDIT GUARANTEES.

It is the sense of Congress that--

- (1) in negotiations to establish multilateral disciplines on agricultural export credits and credit guarantees, the United States should not agree to any arrangement that is incompatible with the provisions of United States law that authorize agricultural export credits and credit guarantees;
- (2) in the negotiations (which are held under the auspices of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development), the United States should not reach any agreement that fails to impose disciplines on the practices of foreign government

trading entities such as the Australian Wheat Board, the Canadian Wheat Board, the New Zealand Dairy Board, and the Australian Dairy Board; and

(3) the disciplines should include greater openness in the operations of the entities as long as the entities are subsidized by the foreign government or have monopolies for exports of a commodity that are sanctioned by the foreign government.

SEC. 283. <<NOTE: 22 USC 288 note.>> INTERNATIONAL COTTON ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

(a) <<NOTE: President.>> In General.--The President shall ensure that the Government of the United States participates as a full member of the International Cotton Advisory Committee.

(b) Representation by the Secretary.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall represent the Government of the United States as a member of the International Cotton Advisory Committee and shall delegate the primary responsibility to represent the Government of the United States to appropriately qualified individuals.

TITLE III--CONSERVATION

Subtitle A--Definitions

SEC. 301. DEFINITIONS APPLICABLE TO HIGHLY ERODIBLE CROPLAND CONSERVATION.

(a) Conservation Plan and Conservation System.--Section 1201(a) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3801(a)) is amended--

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (16) as paragraphs (4) through (18), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

``(2) Conservation plan.--The term `conservation plan'

means

the document that--

``(A) applies to highly erodible cropland;

[[Page 110 STAT. 981]]

``(B) describes the conservation system applicable to the highly erodible cropland and describes the decisions of the person with respect to location, land use, tillage systems, and conservation treatment measures and schedule; and

``(C) is approved by the local soil conservation district, in consultation with the local committees established under section 8(b)(5) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)(5)) and the Secretary, or by the Secretary.

``(3) Conservation system.--The term `conservation system' means a combination of 1 or more conservation measures or management practices that--

``(A) are based on local resource conditions, available conservation technology, and the standards

and

guidelines contained in the Natural Resources Conservation Service field office technical guides; and  
``(B) are designed to achieve, in a cost effective and technically practicable manner, a substantial reduction in soil erosion or a substantial improvement in soil conditions on a field or group of fields containing highly erodible cropland when compared to

the

level of erosion or soil conditions that existed before the application of the conservation measures and management practices.''.

(b) Field.--Section 1201(a) of the Food Security Act of <<NOTE: 16 USC 3801.>> 1985 is amended by striking paragraph (7) (as redesignated by subsection (a)(1)) and inserting the following:

``(7) Field.--The term `field' means a part of a farm that is separated from the balance of the farm by permanent boundaries such as fences, roads, permanent waterways, or other similar features. At the option of the owner or operator of the farm, croplines may also be used to delineate a field if

farming

practices make it probable that the croplines are not subject

to

change. Any highly erodible land on which an agricultural commodity is produced after December 23, 1985, and that is not exempt under section 1212, shall be considered as part of the field in which the land was included on December 23, 1985, unless the owner and Secretary agree to modification of the boundaries of the field to carry out this title.''.

(c) Highly Erodible Land.--Section 1201(a)(9) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (as redesignated by subsection (a)(1)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(C) <<NOTE: Federal Register, publication.>> Equations.--Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this subparagraph, the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register the universal soil loss equation and wind erosion equation used by the Department of Agriculture as of that date. The Secretary may not change the equations after that date except following notice and comment in a manner consistent with section 553 of title 5, United States Code.''.

(d) Conforming Amendments.--Section 1212 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3812) is amended--

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (a)(2), by striking ``that documents'' and all that follows through ``by the Secretary'';

[[Page 110 STAT. 982]]

(2) in subsection (c)(3), by striking ``based on'' and all that follows through ``and the Secretary,'' and inserting ``,

in

which case,'';

(3) in subsection (e)(1)(A), by striking ``conservation compliance plan'' and inserting ``conservation plan''; and  
(4) in subsection (f)--

documents''  
(A) in paragraph (1), by striking ``that

and all that follows through ``under subsection (a)'';  
(B) in paragraph (3), by striking ``prepared under subsection (a)''; and

documents''  
(C) in paragraph (4), by striking ``that

and all that follows through ``subsection (a)''.

#### Subtitle B--Highly Erodible Land Conservation

#### SEC. 311. PROGRAM INELIGIBILITY.

<<NOTE: Effective date.>> Effective 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, section 1211 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16

U.S.C. 3811) is amended--

(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking ``following the date of enactment of this Act,'';

(2) in paragraph (1)--

(A) by striking subparagraph (A) and inserting the following:

``(A) contract payments under a production flexibility contract, marketing assistance loans, and any type of price support or payment made available under the Agricultural Market Transition Act, the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), or any other Act;'';

(B) by striking subparagraph (C);

(C) in subparagraph (D), by striking ``made under'' and all that follows through ``August 14, 1989'';

(D) in subparagraph (E), by striking ``Farmers Home Administration'' and inserting ``Consolidated Farm Service Agency''; and

(E) by redesignating subparagraphs (D) and (E) as subparagraphs (C) and (D), respectively; and

(3) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:

``(3) during the crop year--

``(A) a payment made pursuant to a contract entered into under the environmental quality incentives program under chapter 4 of subtitle D;

``(B) a payment under any other provision of subtitle D;

``(C) a payment under section 401 or 402 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2201 and 2202); or

``(D) a payment, loan, or other assistance under section 3 or 8 of the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act (16 U.S.C. 1003 and 1006a).''.

#### SEC. 312. CONSERVATION RESERVE LANDS.

Section 1212(a)(3) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3812(a)(3)) is amended by striking ``shall, if the conservation plan

established under this subtitle for such land requires structures to be constructed,' and inserting ``shall only be required to apply

[[Page 110 STAT. 983]]

a conservation plan established under this subtitle. The person shall not be required to meet a higher conservation standard than the standard applied to other highly erodible cropland located within the same area. If the person's conservation plan requires structures to be constructed, the person shall''.

#### SEC. 313. GOOD FAITH EXEMPTION.

(a) Grace Period To Resume Conservation Compliance.--Section 1212(f)(1) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3812(f)(1)) is amended--

(1) by striking ``Except to the extent provided in paragraph

(2), no'' and inserting ``No''; and

(2) by striking ``such person has--'' and all that follows through the period at the end of subparagraph (B) and inserting the following: ``the person has acted in good faith and without an intent to violate this subtitle. A person who meets the requirements of this paragraph shall be allowed a reasonable period of time, as determined by the Secretary, but not to exceed 1 year, during which to implement the measures and practices necessary to be considered to be actively applying

the

person's conservation plan.''.

(b) Special Penalties Regarding Certain Highly Erodible Cropland.--Section 1212(f)(2) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3812(f)(2)) is amended by striking ``meets the requirements of paragraph

(1)'' and inserting ``with respect to highly erodible cropland that was not in production prior to December 23, 1985, and has acted in good faith and without an intent to violate the provisions''.

(c) Conforming Amendment.--Section 1212(f)(4) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3812(f)(4)) is amended by striking the last sentence.

#### SEC. 314. EXPEDITED PROCEDURES FOR GRANTING VARIANCES FROM CONSERVATION PLANS.

Section 1212(f) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3812(f)(4)) is amended--

(1) in paragraph (4)(C), by striking ``problem'' and inserting ``problem, including weather, pest, and disease problems''; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

``(5) Expedited procedures for temporary variances.--After consultation with local conservation districts, the Secretary shall establish expedited procedures for the consideration and granting of temporary variances under paragraph (4)(C). If the

request for a temporary variance under paragraph (4)(C)  
involves  
the use of practices or measures to address weather, pest, or  
disease problems, the Secretary shall make a decision on  
whether  
to grant the variance during the 30-day period beginning on the  
date of receipt of the request. If the Secretary fails to  
render  
a decision during the period, the temporary variance shall be  
considered granted.''.

SEC. 315. DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF CONSERVATION PLANS AND  
CONSERVATION SYSTEMS.

(a) Development and Implementation.--The Food Security Act of 1985  
is amended--

(1) by redesignating section 1213 (16 U.S.C. 3813) as  
section 1214; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 984]]

(2) by inserting after section 1212 (16 U.S.C. 3812) the  
following:

``SEC. 1213. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3812a.>> DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF  
CONSERVATION PLANS AND CONSERVATION SYSTEMS.

``(a) Technical Requirements.--In connection with the standards and  
guidelines contained in Natural Resources Conservation Service field  
office technical guides applicable to the development and use of  
conservation measures and management practices as part of a  
conservation

system, the Secretary shall ensure that the standards and guidelines  
permit a person to use a conservation system that--

``(1) is technically and economically feasible;

``(2) is based on local resource conditions and available  
conservation technology;

``(3) is cost-effective; and

``(4) does not cause undue economic hardship on the person  
applying the conservation system under the person's

conservation  
plan.

``(b) Measurement of Erosion Reduction.--For the purpose of  
determining whether there is a substantial reduction in soil erosion on  
a field containing highly erodible cropland, the measurement of erosion  
reduction achieved by the application of a conservation system under a  
person's conservation plan shall be based on the estimated annual level  
of erosion at the time of the measurement compared to the estimated  
annual level of erosion that existed before the implementation of the  
conservation measures and management practices provided for in the  
conservation system.

``(c) Residue Measurement.--

``(1) Responsibilities of the secretary.--For the purpose  
of

measuring the level of residue on a field, the Secretary shall--

-

``(A) take into account any residue incorporated into the top 2 inches of soil, as well as the growing crop, in the measurement;

``(B) provide technical guidelines for acceptable residue measurement methods;

``(C) provide a certification system for third parties to perform residue measurements; and

``(D) provide for the acceptance and use of information and data voluntarily provided by the producer regarding the field.

``(2) Acceptance of producer measurements.--Annual residue measurements supplied by a producer (including measurements performed by a certified third party) shall be used by the Secretary if the Secretary determines that the measurements indicate that the residue level for the field meets the level required under the conservation plan.

``(d) Certification of Compliance.--

``(1) In general.--For the purpose of determining the eligibility of a person for program benefits specified in section 1211 at the time application is made for the benefits, the Secretary shall permit the person to certify that the person is complying with the person's conservation plan.

``(2) Status reviews.--If a person makes a certification under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall not be required to carry out a review of the status of compliance of the person

[[Page 110 STAT. 985]]

with the conservation plan under which the conservation system is being applied.

``(3) Revisions and modifications.--The Secretary shall permit a person who makes a certification under paragraph (1) with respect to a conservation plan to revise the conservation plan in any manner, if the same level of conservation treatment provided for by the conservation system under the person's conservation plan is maintained. The Secretary may not revise the person's conservation plan without the concurrence of the person.

``(e) Technical Assistance.--The Secretary shall, using available resources and consistent with the Secretary's other conservation responsibilities and objectives, provide technical assistance to a person throughout the development, revision, and application of the conservation plan and any conservation system of the person. At the request of the person, the Secretary may provide technical assistance regarding conservation measures and management practices for other lands of the person that do not contain highly erodible cropland.

``(f) Encouragement of On-Farm Research.--To encourage on-farm conservation research, the Secretary may allow a person to include in the person's conservation plan or a conservation system under the plan, on a field trial basis, practices that are not currently approved but that the Secretary considers have a reasonable likelihood of success.''.



(b) Treatment of Technical Determinations.--Section 226(d)(2) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6932(d)(2)) is amended--

(1) by striking ``determination.--With'' and inserting ``determination.--

``(A) In general.--With''; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

``(B) Economic hardship.--After a technical determination has been made, on a producer's request,

if

a county or area committee determines that the application of the producer's conservation system would impose an undue economic hardship on the producer, the committee shall provide the producer with relief to avoid the hardship.''.

#### SEC. 316. INVESTIGATION OF POSSIBLE COMPLIANCE DEFICIENCIES.

Subtitle B of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (as amended by section 315(a)(1)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``SEC. 1215. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3814.>> NOTICE AND INVESTIGATION OF POSSIBLE

COMPLIANCE DEFICIENCIES.

``(a) In General.--An employee of the Department of Agriculture who observes a possible compliance deficiency or other potential violation of a conservation plan or this subtitle while providing on-site technical assistance shall provide to the responsible persons, not later than 45 days after observing the possible violation, information regarding actions needed to comply with the plan and this subtitle. The employee shall provide the information in lieu of reporting the observation as a compliance violation.

``(b) Corrective Action.--The responsible persons shall attempt to correct the deficiencies as soon as practicable after receiving the information.

[[Page 110 STAT. 986]]

``(c) Review.--If the corrective action is not fully implemented not later than 1 year after the responsible persons receive the information, the Secretary may conduct a review of the status of compliance of the persons with the conservation plan and this subtitle.''.

#### SEC. 317. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3811 note.>> WIND EROSION ESTIMATION PILOT PROJECT.

(a) In General.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a pilot project to review, and modify as appropriate, the use of wind erosion factors under the highly erodible conservation requirements of subtitle B of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3811 et seq.).

(b) Selection of Counties and Producers.--The pilot project shall be conducted for producers in those counties that--

(1) have approximately 100 percent of their cropland determined to be highly erodible under title XII of the Act;

(2) have a reasonable likelihood that the use of wind erosion factors under title XII of the Act have resulted in an inequitable application of the highly erodible land requirements

of title XII of the Act; and

(3) if the use of the land classification system under section 1201(a)(9)(A) of the Act (as redesignated by section 301(a)(1)) may result in a more accurate delineation of the cropland.

(c) Errors in Delineation.--If the Secretary determines that a significant error has occurred in delineating cropland under the pilot project, the Secretary shall, at the request of the owners or operators of the cropland, conduct a new delineation of the cropland using the most accurate available delineation process, as determined by the Secretary.

#### Subtitle C--Wetland Conservation

#### SEC. 321. PROGRAM INELIGIBILITY.

(a) Program Ineligibility.--Section 1221 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3821) is amended--

(1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c); and

(2) by striking the section heading and all that follows through the end of subsection (a) and inserting the following:

#### ``SEC. 1221. PROGRAM INELIGIBILITY.

``(a) Production on Converted Wetland.--Except as provided in this subtitle and notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person who in any crop year produces an agricultural commodity on converted wetland, as determined by the Secretary, shall be--

``(1) in violation of this section; and

``(2) ineligible for loans or payments in an amount determined by the Secretary to be proportionate to the severity of the violation.

``(b) Ineligibility for Certain Loans and Payments.--If a person is determined to have committed a violation under subsection (a) during a crop year, the Secretary shall determine which of, and the amount of, the following loans and payments for which the person shall be ineligible:

``(1) Contract payments under a production flexibility contract, marketing assistance loans, and any type of price support or payment made available under the Agricultural Market

[[Page 110 STAT. 987]]

Transition Act, the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act

U.S.C. 714 et seq.), or any other Act.

((2) A loan made or guaranteed under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) or any other provision of law administered by the Consolidated Farm Service Agency, if the Secretary determines that the proceeds of the loan will be used for a purpose that will contribute to conversion of a wetland (other than as provided in this subtitle) to produce an agricultural commodity.

((3) During the crop year:

((A) A payment made pursuant to a contract entered into under the environmental quality incentives program under chapter 4 of subtitle D.

((B) A payment under any other provision of subtitle D.

((C) A payment under section 401 or 402 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2201 and 2202).

((D) A payment, loan, or other assistance under section 3 or 8 of the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act (16 U.S.C. 1003 and 1006a).''.

(b) Conforming Amendments.--

(1) Section 1221(c) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (as redesignated by subsection (a)(1)) is amended-- <<NOTE: 16 USC 3821.>>

(A) by striking ''Except'' and inserting ''Wetland Conversion.--Except'';

(B) by striking ''subsequent to the date of enactment of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990'' and inserting ''beginning after November 28, 1990,'' and

(C) by striking ''subsections (a) (1) through (3)'' and inserting ''subsection (b)''.

(2) Section 1221 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (as amended by subsection (a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

((d) Prior Loans.--This section shall not apply to a loan described in subsection (b) made before December 23, 1985.''.

#### SEC. 322. DELINEATION OF WETLANDS; EXEMPTIONS TO PROGRAM INELIGIBILITY.

(a) Delineation of Wetlands.--Section 1222 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3822) is amended by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:

((a) Delineation by the Secretary.--

((1) In general.--Subject to subsection (b) and paragraph (6), the Secretary shall delineate, determine, and certify all wetlands located on subject land on a farm.

((2) Wetland delineation maps.--The Secretary shall delineate wetlands on wetland delineation maps. On the request of a person, the Secretary shall make a reasonable effort to make an on-site wetland determination prior to delineation.

((3) Certification.--On providing notice to affected persons, the Secretary shall--

((A) certify whether a map is sufficient for the

purpose of making a determination of ineligibility for program benefits under section 1221; and

((B) provide an opportunity to appeal the certification prior to the certification becoming

final.

[[Page 110 STAT. 988]]

((4) Duration of certification.--A final certification made under paragraph (3) shall remain valid and in effect as long as the area is devoted to an agricultural use or until such time as the person affected by the certification requests review of the certification by the Secretary.

((5) Review of mapping on appeal.--In the case of an appeal of the Secretary's certification, the Secretary shall review and certify the accuracy of the mapping of all land subject to the appeal to ensure that the subject land has been accurately delineated. Prior to rendering a decision on the appeal, the Secretary shall conduct an on-site inspection of the subject land on a farm.

((6) Reliance on prior certified delineation.--No person shall be adversely affected because of having taken an action based on a previous certified wetland delineation by the Secretary. The delineation shall not be subject to a subsequent wetland certification or delineation by the Secretary, unless requested by the person under paragraph (4).''.

(b) Exemptions.--Section 1222 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3822) is amended by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

((b) Exemptions.--No person shall become ineligible under section 1221 for program loans or payments under the following circumstances:

((1) As the result of the production of an agricultural commodity on the following lands:

((A) A converted wetland if the conversion of the wetland was commenced before December 23, 1985.

((B) Land that is a nontidal drainage or irrigation ditch excavated in upland.

((C) A wet area created by a water delivery system, irrigation, irrigation system, or application of water for irrigation.

((D) A wetland on which the owner or operator of a farm or ranch uses normal cropping or ranching practices to produce an agricultural commodity in a manner that is consistent for the area where the production is possible as a result of a natural condition, such as drought, and is without action by the producer that destroys a

natural wetland characteristic.

``(E) Land that is an artificial lake or pond created by excavating or diking land (that is not a wetland) to collect and retain water and that is used primarily for livestock watering, fish production, irrigation, wildlife, fire control, flood control, cranberry growing, or rice production, or as a settling pond.

``(F) A wetland that is temporarily or incidentally created as a result of adjacent development activity.

``(G) A converted wetland if the original

conversion

of the wetland was commenced before December 23, 1985, and the Secretary determines the wetland

characteristics

returned after that date as a result of--

``(i) the lack of maintenance of drainage, dikes, levees, or similar structures;

``(ii) a lack of management of the lands containing the wetland; or

[[Page 110 STAT. 989]]

``(iii) circumstances beyond the control of the person.

``(H) A converted wetland, if--

``(i) the converted wetland was determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service to

have

been manipulated for the production of an agricultural commodity or forage prior to

December

23, 1985, and was returned to wetland conditions through a voluntary restoration, enhancement, or creation action subsequent to that determination;

``(ii) technical determinations regarding the prior site conditions and the restoration, enhancement, or creation action have been adequately documented by the Natural Resources Conservation Service;

``(iii) the proposed conversion action is approved by the Natural Resources Conservation Service prior to implementation; and

``(iv) the extent of the proposed conversion is limited so that the conditions will be at

least

equivalent to the wetland functions and values that existed prior to implementation of the voluntary wetland restoration, enhancement, or creation action.

``(2) For the conversion of the following:

``(A) An artificial lake or pond created by excavating or diking land that is not a wetland to collect and retain water and that is used primarily for livestock watering, fish production, irrigation, wildlife, fire control, flood control, cranberry growing, rice production, or as a settling pond.

``(B) A wetland that is temporarily or incidentally created as a result of adjacent development activity.

``(C) A wetland on which the owner or operator of a farm or ranch uses normal cropping or ranching

practices

to produce an agricultural commodity in a manner that

is

consistent for the area where the production is

possible

as a result of a natural condition, such as drought,

and

is without action by the producer that destroys a natural wetland characteristic.

``(D) A wetland previously identified as a

converted

wetland (if the original conversion of the wetland was commenced before December 23, 1985), but that the Secretary determines returned to wetland status after that date as a result of--

``(i) the lack of maintenance of drainage, dikes, levees, or similar structures;

``(ii) a lack of management of the lands containing the wetland; or

``(iii) circumstances beyond the control of the person.

``(E) A wetland, if--

``(i) the wetland was determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service to have been manipulated for the production of an agricultural commodity or forage prior to

December

23, 1985, and was returned to wetland conditions through a voluntary restoration, enhancement, or creation action subsequent to that determination;

[[Page 110 STAT. 990]]

``(ii) technical determinations regarding the prior site conditions and the restoration, enhancement, or creation action have been adequately documented by the Natural Resources Conservation Service;

``(iii) the proposed conversion action is approved by the Natural Resources Conservation Service prior to implementation; and

``(iv) the extent of the proposed conversion is limited so that the conditions will be at

least

equivalent to the wetland functions and values that existed prior to implementation of the voluntary wetland restoration, enhancement, or creation action.''.

(c) Identification of Minimal Effect Exemptions.--Section 1222 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3822) is amended by striking subsection (d) and inserting the following:

``(d) Identification of Minimal Effect Exemptions.--For purposes of

applying the minimal effect exemption under subsection (f)(1), the Secretary shall identify by regulation categorical minimal effect exemptions on a regional basis to assist persons in avoiding a violation

of the ineligibility provisions of section 1221. The Secretary shall ensure that employees of the Department of Agriculture who administer this subtitle receive appropriate training to properly apply the minimal

effect exemptions determined by the Secretary.''.

(d) Minimal Effect and Mitigation Exemptions.--Section 1222 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3822) is amended by striking subsection (f) and inserting the following:

``(f) Minimal Effect; Mitigation.--The Secretary shall exempt a person from the ineligibility provisions of section 1221 for any action associated with the production of an agricultural commodity on a converted wetland, or the conversion of a wetland, if 1 or more of the following conditions apply, as determined by the Secretary:

``(1) The action, individually and in connection with all other similar actions authorized by the Secretary in the area, will have a minimal effect on the functional hydrological and biological value of the wetlands in the area, including the value to waterfowl and wildlife.

``(2) The wetland and the wetland values, acreage, and functions are mitigated by the person through the restoration

of

a converted wetland, the enhancement of an existing wetland, or the creation of a new wetland, and the restoration,

enhancement,

or creation is--

``(A) in accordance with a wetland conservation plan;

``(B) in advance of, or concurrent with, the action;

``(C) not at the expense of the Federal Government;

``(D) in the case of enhancement or restoration of wetlands, on not greater than a 1-for-1 acreage basis unless more acreage is needed to provide equivalent functions and values that will be lost as a result of the wetland conversion to be mitigated;

``(E) in the case of creation of wetlands, on greater than a 1-for-1 acreage basis if more acreage is needed to provide equivalent functions and values that will be lost as a result of the wetland conversion that is mitigated;

local ``(F) on lands in the same general area of the

watershed as the converted wetland; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 991]]

``(G) with respect to the restored, enhanced, or created wetland, made subject to an easement that--

``(i) is recorded on public land records;

``(ii) remains in force for as long as the converted wetland for which the restoration, enhancement, or creation to be mitigated remains in agricultural use or is not returned to its

original wetland classification with equivalent functions and values; and

``(iii) prohibits making alterations to the restored, enhanced, or created wetland that lower the wetland's functions and values.

``(3) The wetland was converted after December 23, 1985, but

before November 28, 1990, and the wetland values, acreage, and functions are mitigated by the producer through the requirements of subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (D), (F), and (G) of paragraph (2).

``(4) The action was authorized by a permit issued under section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1344) and the wetland values, acreage, and functions of the converted wetland were adequately mitigated for the purposes of this subtitle.''

(e) References to Producer.--Section 1222(g) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3822(g)) is amended by striking ``producer'' and inserting ``person''.

(f) Good Faith Exemption.--Section 1222 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3822) is amended by striking subsection (h) and inserting the following:

``(h) Good Faith Exemption.--

``(1) Exemption described.--The Secretary may waive a person's ineligibility under section 1221 for program loans, payments, and benefits as the result of the conversion of a wetland subsequent to November 28, 1990, or the production of an

agricultural commodity on a converted wetland, if the Secretary determines that the person has acted in good faith and without intent to violate this subtitle.

``(2) Period for compliance.--The Secretary shall provide a person who the Secretary determines has acted in good faith and without intent to violate this subtitle with a reasonable period, but not to exceed 1 year, during which to implement the measures and practices necessary to be considered to actively restoring the subject wetland.''

(g) Restoration.--Section 1222(i) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3822(i)) is amended by inserting before the period at the end

the following: ``or has otherwise mitigated for the loss of wetland values, as determined by the Secretary, through the restoration, enhancement, or creation of wetland values in the same general area of the local watershed as the converted wetland''.

(h) Determinations.--Section 1222 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3822) is amended by striking subsection (j) and inserting the following:

``(j) Determinations; Restoration and Mitigation Plans; Monitoring Activities.--Technical determinations, the development of restoration and mitigation plans, and monitoring activities under this section shall be made by the National Resources Conservation Service.''



[[Page 110 STAT. 992]]

(i) Mitigation Banking.--Section 1222 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3822) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(k) Mitigation Banking Program.--Using authorities available to the Secretary, the Secretary may operate a pilot program for mitigation banking of wetlands to assist persons to increase the efficiency of agricultural operations while protecting wetland functions and values. Subsection (f)(2)(C) shall not apply to this subsection.''.

SEC. 323. CONSULTATION AND COOPERATION REQUIREMENTS.

Section 1223 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3823) is repealed.

SEC. 324. APPLICATION OF PROGRAM INELIGIBILITY TO AFFILIATED PERSONS.

The Food Security Act of 1985 (as amended by section 323) is amended by inserting after section 1222 (16 U.S.C. 3822) the following:

``SEC. 1223. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3823.>> AFFILIATED PERSONS.

``If a person is affected by a reduction in benefits under section 1221 and the affected person is affiliated with other persons for the purpose of receiving the benefits, the benefits of each affiliated person shall be reduced under section 1221 in proportion to the interest held by the affiliated person.''.

SEC. 325. CLARIFICATION OF DEFINITION OF AGRICULTURAL LANDS IN MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT.

(a) Agricultural Lands.--For purposes of implementing the memorandum of agreement entered into between the Department of Agriculture, the Environmental Protection Agency, the Department of the Interior, and the Department of the Army on January 6, 1994, relating to the delineation of wetlands, the term ``agricultural lands'' shall include--

- (1) native pasture, rangelands, and other lands used to produce or support the production of livestock; and
- (2) tree farms.

(b) Wetland Conservation.--Subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to the delineation of wetlands under subtitle C of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3821 et seq.) or to the enforcement of the subtitle.

(c) Successor Memorandum.--Subsection (a) shall apply to any amendment to or successor of the memorandum of agreement described in subsection (a).

SEC. 326. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3821 note.>> EFFECTIVE DATE.

This subtitle and the amendments made by this subtitle shall become effective 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

Subtitle D--Environmental Conservation Acreage Reserve Program

SEC. 331. ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION ACREAGE RESERVE PROGRAM.

Section 1230 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3830) is amended to read as follows:

[[Page 110 STAT. 993]]

``SEC. 1230. ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION ACREAGE RESERVE PROGRAM.

``(a) Establishment.--

``(1) In general.--During the 1996 through 2002 calendar years, the Secretary shall establish an environmental conservation acreage reserve program (referred to in this section as `ECARP') to be implemented through contracts and the acquisition of easements to assist owners and operators of farms and ranches to conserve and enhance soil, water, and related natural resources, including grazing land, wetland, and wildlife habitat.

``(2) Means.--The Secretary shall carry out the ECARP by--

``(A) providing for the long-term protection of environmentally sensitive land; and

``(B) providing technical and financial assistance to farmers and ranchers to--

``(i) improve the management and operation of the farms and ranches; and

``(ii) reconcile productivity and profitability with protection and enhancement of the environment.

``(3) Programs.--The ECARP shall consist of--

``(A) the conservation reserve program established under subchapter B;

under  
``(B) the wetlands reserve program established  
subchapter C; and

``(C) the environmental quality incentives program established under chapter 4.

``(b) Administration.--

``(1) <<NOTE: Contracts.>> In general.--In carrying out the ECARP, the Secretary shall enter into contracts with owners and operators and acquire interests in land through easements from owners, as provided in this chapter and chapter 4.

``(2) Prior enrollments.--Acreage enrolled in the conservation reserve or wetlands reserve program prior to the date of enactment of this paragraph shall be considered to be placed into the ECARP.

``(c) Conservation Priority Areas.--

``(1) Designation.--The Secretary may designate watersheds, multistate areas, or regions of special environmental sensitivity as conservation priority areas that are eligible for

enhanced assistance under this chapter and chapter 4.

((2) Assistance.--The Secretary may designate areas as conservation priority areas to assist, to the maximum extent practicable, agricultural producers within the conservation priority areas to comply with nonpoint source pollution requirements under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.) and other Federal and State environmental laws and to meet other conservation needs.

((3) Producers.--The Secretary may provide technical assistance, cost-share payments, and incentive payments to producers in a conservation priority area under this chapter

and

chapter 4 based on--

((A) the significance of the soil, water, wildlife habitat, and related natural resource problems in a watershed, multistate area, or region; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 994]]

((B) the structural practices or land management practices that best address the problems, and that maximize environmental benefits for each dollar expended, as determined by the Secretary.''.

#### SEC. 332. CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM.

##### (a) Program Extensions.--

(1) Conservation reserve program.--Section 1231 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831) is amended by striking ``1995'' each place it appears and inserting ``2002''.

(2) Duties of owners and operators.--Section 1232(c) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3832(c)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''.

(b) Maximum Enrollment.--Section 1231 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831) is amended by striking subsection (d) and inserting the following:

((d) Maximum Enrollment.--The Secretary may maintain up to 36,400,000 acres in the conservation reserve at any one time during the 1986 through 2002 calendar years (including contracts extended by the Secretary pursuant to section 1437(c) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 16 U.S.C. 3831 note)).''.

(c) Optional Contract Termination by Producers.--Section 1235 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3835) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a)--

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking ``3-year'' and inserting ``1-year''; and

(B) in paragraph (2)(B)(i), by striking ``3 years'' and inserting ``1 year''; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

((e) Termination by Owner or Operator.--

((1) Early termination authorized.--Subject to the other provisions of this subsection, the Secretary shall allow a participant who entered into a contract before January 1, 1995,

to terminate the contract at any time if the contract has been in effect for at least 5 years. The termination shall not relieve the participant of liability for a contract violation occurring before the date of the termination. The participant shall provide the Secretary with reasonable notice of the participant's desire to terminate the contract.

not  
``(2) Certain lands excepted.--The following lands shall be subject to an early termination of contract under this subsection:

``(A) Filterstrips, waterways, strips adjacent to riparian areas, windbreaks, and shelterbelts.

``(B) Land with an erodibility index of more than 15.

``(C) Other lands of high environmental value (including wetlands), as determined by the Secretary.

become  
``(3) Effective date.--The contract termination shall effective 60 days after the date on which the owner or operator submits the notice required under paragraph (1).

before  
``(4) Prorated rental payment.--If a contract entered into under this subchapter is terminated under this subsection the end of the fiscal year for which a rental payment is due, the Secretary shall provide a prorated rental payment covering the portion of the fiscal year during which the contract was in effect.

[[Page 110 STAT. 995]]

submit  
``(5) Renewed enrollment.--The termination of a contract entered into under this subchapter shall not affect the ability of the owner or operator who requested the termination to

a subsequent bid to enroll the land that was subject to the contract into the conservation reserve.

C  
``(6) Conservation requirements.--If land that was subject to a contract is returned to production of an agricultural commodity, the conservation requirements under subtitles B and

shall apply to the use of the land to the extent that the requirements are similar to those requirements imposed on other similar lands in the area, except that the requirements may not be more onerous than the requirements imposed on other lands.''.

(d) Enrollments in 1997.--Section 725 of the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1996 (Public Law 104-37; 109 Stat. 332), is amended by striking ``: Provided,' and all that follows through ``1997''.

#### SEC. 333. WETLANDS RESERVE PROGRAM.

(a) Enrollment.--Section 1237 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3837) is amended by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

``(b) Enrollment Conditions.--

“(1) Maximum enrollment.--The total number of acres enrolled in the wetlands reserve program shall not exceed 975,000 acres.

“(2) Methods of enrollment.--

“(A) In general.--Subject to subparagraph (B), effective beginning October 1, 1996, to the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary shall enroll into the wetlands reserve program--

“(i)  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the acres through the use of permanent easements;

“(ii)  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the acres through the use of 30-year easements; and

“(iii)  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the acres through the use of restoration cost-share agreements.

“(B) Temporary easements.--Effective beginning October 1, 1996, the Secretary shall not enroll acres

in

the wetlands reserve program through the use of new permanent easements until the Secretary has enrolled at least 75,000 acres in the program through the use of temporary easements.’’.

(b) Eligibility.--Section 1237(c) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3837(c)) is amended--

(1) by striking ‘‘2000’’ and inserting ‘‘2002’’;

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as paragraphs (2) and (3), respectively; and

(3) by inserting after ‘‘determines that--’’ the following:

‘‘(1) such land maximizes wildlife benefits and wetland values and functions;’’.

(c) Other Eligible Lands.--Section 1237(d) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3837(d)) is amended--

(1) by inserting after ‘‘subsection (c)’’ the following ‘‘, land that maximizes wildlife benefits and that is’’; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 996]]

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking ‘‘and’’ at the end and inserting ‘‘or’’.

(d) Easements.--Section 1237A of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3837a) is amended--

(1) in the section heading, by inserting before the period at the end the following: ‘‘and agreements’’;

(2) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:

‘‘(c) Restoration Plans.--The development of a restoration plan, including any compatible use, under this section shall be made through the local Natural Resources Conservation Service representative, in consultation with the State technical committee.’’;

(3) in subsection (f), by striking the third sentence and inserting the following: ‘‘Compensation may be provided in not less than 5, nor more than 30, annual payments of equal or unequal size, as agreed to by the owner and the Secretary.’’; and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

``(h) Restoration Cost-Share Agreements.--The Secretary may enroll land into the wetlands reserve program through an agreement that requires the landowner to restore wetlands on the land, if the agreement does not provide the Secretary with an easement.''.

(e) Cost-Share and Technical Assistance.--Section 1237C of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3837c) is amended by striking subsection

(b) and inserting the following:

``(b) Cost-Share and Technical Assistance.--

``(1) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> Easements.--Effective beginning October 1, 1996, in making cost-share payments under subsection (a)(1), the Secretary shall--

``(A) in the case of a permanent easement, pay the owner an amount that is not less than 75 percent, but not more than 100 percent, of the eligible costs; and

``(B) in the case of a 30-year easement, pay the owner an amount that is not less than 50 percent, but not more than 75 percent, of the eligible costs.

``(2) Restoration cost-share agreements.--In making cost-share payments in connection with a restoration cost-share agreement entered into under section 1237A(h), the Secretary shall pay the owner an amount that is not less than 50 percent, but not more than 75 percent, of the eligible costs.

``(3) Technical assistance.--The Secretary shall provide owners with technical assistance to assist owners in complying with the terms of easements and restoration cost-share agreements.''.

(f) <<NOTE: 16 USC 3837 note.>> Effect on Existing Agreements.--The amendments made by this section shall not affect the validity or terms of any agreements entered into by the Secretary of Agriculture under subchapter C of chapter 1 of subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3837 et seq.) before the date of enactment of this Act or any payments required to be made in connection with the agreements.

#### SEC. 334. ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY INCENTIVES PROGRAM.

Subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3830 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

[[Page 110 STAT. 997]]

#### ``CHAPTER 4--ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY INCENTIVES PROGRAM

``SEC. 1240. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3839aa.>> PURPOSES.

``The purposes of the environmental quality incentives program established by this chapter are to--

``(1) combine into a single program the functions of--

``(A) the agricultural conservation program authorized by sections 7 and 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590g and 590h)

(as

in effect before the amendments made by section

336(a)(1) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996);

Conservation

((B) the Great Plains conservation program established under section 16(b) of the Soil

of

and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590p(b)) (as in effect before the amendment made by section 336(b)(1)

the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996);

((C) the water quality incentives program established under chapter 2 (as in effect before the amendment made by section 336(h) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996); and

Colorado

((D) the Colorado River Basin salinity control program established under section 202(c) of the

(as

River Basin Salinity Control Act (43 U.S.C. 1592(c))

336(c)(1)

in effect before the amendment made by section

of

of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996); and

((2) carry out the single program in a manner that maximizes environmental benefits per dollar expended, and that provides--

to

((A) flexible technical and financial assistance

including

farmers and ranchers that face the most serious threats to soil, water, and related natural resources,

grazing lands, wetlands, and wildlife habitat;

((B) assistance to farmers and ranchers in complying with this title and Federal and State environmental laws, and encourages environmental enhancement;

((C) assistance to farmers and ranchers in making beneficial, cost-effective changes to cropping systems, grazing management, manure, nutrient, pest, or irrigation management, land uses, or other measures needed to conserve and improve soil, water, and related natural resources; and

((D) for the consolidation and simplification of the conservation planning process to reduce administrative burdens on producers.

SEC. 1240A. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3839aa-1.>> DEFINITIONS.

In this chapter:

((1) Eligible land.--The term 'eligible land' means agricultural land (including cropland, rangeland, pasture, and other land on which crops or livestock are produced), including agricultural land that the Secretary determines poses a serious threat to soil, water, or related resources by reason of the soil types, terrain, climatic, soil, topographic, flood, or saline characteristics, or other factors or natural hazards.

``(2) Land management practice.--The term `land management practice' means a site-specific nutrient or manure

[[Page 110 STAT. 998]]

management, integrated pest management, irrigation management, tillage or residue management, grazing management, or other

land

management practice carried out on eligible land that the Secretary determines is needed to protect, in the most cost-effective manner, water, soil, or related resources from degradation.

``(3) Livestock.--The term `livestock' means dairy cattle, beef cattle, laying hens, broilers, turkeys, swine, sheep, and such other animals as determined by the Secretary.

``(4) Producer.--The term `producer' means a person who is engaged in livestock or agricultural production (as defined by the Secretary).

``(5) Structural practice.--The term `structural practice' means--

``(A) the establishment on eligible land of a site-specific animal waste management facility, terrace, grassed waterway, contour grass strip, filterstrip, tailwater pit, permanent wildlife habitat, or other structural practice that the Secretary determines is needed to protect, in the most cost-effective manner, water, soil, or related resources from degradation; and

``(B) the capping of abandoned wells on eligible land.

``SEC. 1240B. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3839aa-2.>> ESTABLISHMENT AND ADMINISTRATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY INCENTIVES PROGRAM.

``(a) Establishment.--

``(1) In general.--During the 1996 through 2002 fiscal years, the Secretary shall provide technical assistance, cost-share payments, incentive payments, and education to producers, who enter into contracts with the Secretary, through an environmental quality incentives program in accordance with

this

chapter.

``(2) Eligible practices.--

``(A) Structural practices.--A producer who implements a structural practice shall be eligible for any combination of technical assistance, cost-share payments, and education.

``(B) Land management practices.--A producer who performs a land management practice shall be eligible for any combination of technical assistance, incentive payments, and education.

``(b) Application and Term.--A contract between a producer and the Secretary under this chapter may--

``(1) apply to 1 or more structural practices or 1 or more land management practices, or both; and

``(2) have a term of not less than 5, nor more than 10, years, as determined appropriate by the Secretary, depending on



the practice or practices that are the basis of the contract.

``(c) Structural Practices.--

``(1) Offer selection process.--The Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, establish a process for selecting applications for financial assistance if there are numerous applications for assistance for structural practices that would provide substantially the same level of environmental benefits. The process shall be based on--

of                   ``(A) a reasonable estimate of the projected cost  
the proposals and other factors identified by the  
Secretary

[[Page 110 STAT. 999]]

for determining which applications will result in the least cost to the program authorized by this chapter; and

subtitle           ``(B) the priorities established under this

and such other factors determined by the Secretary that maximize environmental benefits per dollar expended.

offer           ``(2) Concurrence of owner.--If the producer making an

to implement a structural practice is a tenant of the land involved in agricultural production, for the offer to be acceptable, the producer shall obtain the concurrence of the owner of the land with respect to the offer.

``(d) Land Management Practices.--The Secretary shall establish an application and evaluation process for awarding technical assistance or incentive payments, or both, to a producer in exchange for the performance of 1 or more land management practices by the producer.

``(e) Cost-Share Payments, Incentive Payments, and Technical Assistance.--

``(1) Cost-share payments.--

``(A) In general.--The Federal share of cost-share payments to a producer proposing to implement 1 or more structural practices shall be not more than 75 percent of the projected cost of the practice, as determined by the Secretary, taking into consideration any payment received by the producer from a State or local government.

a                   ``(B) Limitation.--A producer who owns or operates  
large confined livestock operation (as defined by the  
Secretary) shall not be eligible for cost-share

payments           to construct an animal waste management facility.

``(C) Other payments.--A producer shall not be eligible for cost-share payments for structural practices on eligible land under this chapter if the producer receives cost-share payments or other benefits for the same land under chapter 1 or 3.

``(2) Incentive payments.--The Secretary shall make incentive payments in an amount and at a rate determined by the

Secretary to be necessary to encourage a producer to perform 1 or more land management practices.

``(3) Technical assistance.--

funding           ``(A) Funding.--The Secretary shall allocate

under this chapter for the provision of technical assistance according to the purpose and projected cost for which the technical assistance is provided for a fiscal year. The allocated amount may vary according to the type of expertise required, quantity of time involved, and other factors as determined appropriate

by

the Secretary. Funding shall not exceed the projected cost to the Secretary of the technical assistance provided for a fiscal year.

``(B) Other authorities.--The receipt of technical assistance under this chapter shall not affect the eligibility of the producer to receive technical assistance under other authorities of law available to the Secretary.

``(C) Private sources.--The Secretary shall ensure that the processes of writing and developing proposals and plans for contracts under this chapter, and of assisting in the implementation of structural practices and land management practices covered by the contracts, are open to individuals in agribusiness, including agricultural

[[Page 110 STAT. 1000]]

producers, representatives from agricultural cooperatives, agricultural input retail dealers, and certified crop advisers. The requirements of this subparagraph shall also apply to any other conservation program of the Department of Agriculture that provides incentive payments, technical assistance, or cost-share payments.

``(f) Modification or Termination of Contracts.--

``(1) Voluntary modification or termination.--The Secretary may modify or terminate a contract entered into with a producer under this chapter if--

``(A) the producer agrees to the modification or termination; and

modification       ``(B) the Secretary determines that the

or termination is in the public interest.

``(2) Involuntary termination.--The Secretary may terminate a contract under this chapter if the Secretary determines that the producer violated the contract.

``(g) Non-Federal Assistance.--The Secretary may request the services of a State water quality agency, State fish and wildlife agency, State forestry agency, or any other governmental or private resource considered appropriate to assist in providing the technical assistance necessary for the development and implementation of a structural practice or land management practice.

``SEC. 1240C. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3839aa-3.>> EVALUATION OF OFFERS AND PAYMENTS.

``In providing technical assistance, cost-share payments, and incentive payments to producers, the Secretary shall accord a higher priority to assistance and payments that--

``(1) are provided in conservation priority areas established under section 1230(c);

``(2) maximize environmental benefits per dollar expended; or

``(3) are provided in watersheds, regions, or conservation priority areas in which State or local governments have provided, or will provide, financial or technical assistance to producers for the same conservation or environmental purposes.

``SEC. 1240D. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3839aa-4.>> DUTIES OF PRODUCERS.

``To receive technical assistance, cost-share payments, or incentive payments under this chapter, a producer shall agree--

goals ``(1) to implement an environmental quality incentives program plan that describes conservation and environmental

to be achieved through a structural practice or land management practice, or both, that is approved by the Secretary;

that ``(2) not to conduct any practices on the farm or ranch that would tend to defeat the purposes of this chapter;

``(3) on the violation of a term or condition of the contract at any time the producer has control of the land, to refund any cost-share or incentive payment received with interest, and forfeit any future payments under this chapter,

as determined by the Secretary;

``(4) on the transfer of the right and interest of the producer in land subject to the contract, unless the transferee of the right and interest agrees with the Secretary to assume all obligations of the contract, to refund all cost-share payments and incentive payments received under this chapter, as determined by the Secretary;

[[Page 110 STAT. 1001]]

``(5) to supply information as required by the Secretary to determine compliance with the environmental quality incentives program plan and requirements of the program; and

``(6) to comply with such additional provisions as the Secretary determines are necessary to carry out the environmental quality incentives program plan.

``SEC. 1240E. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3839aa-5.>> ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY INCENTIVES PROGRAM PLAN.

``(a) In General.--To be eligible to enter into a contract under the environmental quality incentives program, an owner or producer of a

livestock or agricultural operation must submit to the Secretary for approval a plan of operations that incorporates such conservation practices, and is based on such principles, as the Secretary considers necessary to carry out the program, including a description of structural practices and land management practices to be implemented and the objectives to be met by the plan's implementation.

``(b) Avoidance of Duplication.--The Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, eliminate duplication of planning activities under the environmental quality incentives program and comparable conservation programs.

``SEC. 1240F. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3839aa-6.>> DUTIES OF THE SECRETARY.

``To the extent appropriate, the Secretary shall assist a producer in achieving the conservation and environmental goals of an environmental quality incentives program plan by--

the  
``(1) providing an eligibility assessment of the farming or ranching operation of the producer as a basis for developing the plan;

``(2) providing technical assistance in developing and implementing the plan;

``(3) providing technical assistance, cost-share payments, or incentive payments for developing and implementing 1 or more structural practices or 1 or more land management practices, as appropriate;

``(4) providing the producer with information, education, and training to aid in implementation of the plan; and

``(5) encouraging the producer to obtain technical assistance, cost-share payments, or grants from other Federal, State, local, or private sources.

``SEC. 1240G. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3839aa-7.>> LIMITATION ON PAYMENTS.

``(a) In General.--The total amount of cost-share and incentive payments paid to a producer under this chapter may not exceed--

``(1) \$10,000 for any fiscal year; or

``(2) \$50,000 for any multiyear contract.

``(b) Exception to Annual Limit.--The Secretary may exceed the limitation on the annual amount of a payment under subsection (a)(1) on a case-by-case basis if the Secretary determines that a larger payment is--

``(1) essential to accomplish the land management practice or structural practice for which the payment is made; and

``(2) consistent with the maximization of environmental benefits per dollar expended and the purposes of this chapter specified in section 1240.

``(c) Timing of Expenditures.--Expenditures under a contract entered into under this chapter during a fiscal year may not be made by the Secretary until the subsequent fiscal year.

``SEC. 1240H. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3839aa-8.>> TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY INCENTIVES PROGRAM.

``(a) Interim Administration.--

``(1) In general.--During the period beginning on the date of enactment of this section and ending on the termination date provided under paragraph (2), to ensure that technical assistance, cost-share payments, and incentive payments continue

to be administered in an orderly manner until such time as assistance can be provided through final regulations issued to implement the environmental quality incentives program established under this chapter, the Secretary shall continue to--

``(A) provide technical assistance, cost-share payments, and incentive payments under the terms and conditions of the agricultural conservation program,

the

Great Plains conservation program, the water quality incentives program, and the Colorado River Basin salinity control program, to the extent the terms and conditions of the program are consistent with the environmental quality incentives program; and

``(B) use for those purposes--

``(i) any funds remaining available for the agricultural conservation program, the Great Plains conservation program, the water quality incentives program, and the Colorado River Basin salinity control program; and

``(ii) as the Secretary determines to be necessary, any funds authorized to be used to carry out the environmental quality incentives program.

``(2) Termination of authority.--The authority of the Secretary to carry out paragraph (1) shall terminate on the date

that is 180 days after the date of enactment of this section.

``(b) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> Permanent Administration.--

Effective

beginning on the termination date provided under subsection (a)(2), the Secretary shall provide technical assistance, cost-share payments, and incentive payments for structural practices and land management practices related to crop and livestock production in accordance with final regulations issued to carry out the environmental quality incentives program.''.

SEC. 335. CONSERVATION FARM OPTION.

Subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3830 et seq.) (as amended by section 334) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``CHAPTER 5--CONSERVATION FARM OPTION

``SEC. 1240M. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3839bb.>> CONSERVATION FARM OPTION.

``(a) In General.--The Secretary shall establish conservation farm option pilot programs for producers of wheat, feed grains, cotton, and rice.

``(b) Eligible Owners and Producers.--An owner or producer with a farm that has contract acreage enrolled in the agricultural market transition program established under the Agricultural Market Transition Act shall be eligible to participate in the conservation farm option offered under a pilot program under subsection (a)

[[Page 110 STAT. 1003]]

if the owner or producer meets the conditions established under section (e).

``(c) Purposes.--The purposes of the conservation farm option pilot programs shall include--

- ``(1) conservation of soil, water, and related resources;
- ``(2) water quality protection or improvement;
- ``(3) wetland restoration, protection, and creation;
- ``(4) wildlife habitat development and protection; or
- ``(5) other similar conservation purposes.

``(d) Conservation Farm Plan.--

``(1) In general.--To be eligible to enter into a conservation farm option contract, an owner or producer must prepare and submit to the Secretary, for approval, a conservation farm plan that shall become a part of the conservation farm option contract.

``(2) Requirements.--A conservation farm plan shall--

``(A) describe the resource-conserving crop rotations, and all other conservation practices, to be implemented and maintained on the acreage that is subject to contract during the contract period;

``(B) contain a schedule for the implementation and maintenance of the practices described in the conservation farm plan;

``(C) comply with highly erodible land and wetland conservation requirements of this title; and

``(D) contain such other terms as the Secretary may require.

``(e) Contracts.--

``(1) In general.--On approval of a conservation farm plan, the Secretary may enter into a contract with the owner or producer that specifies the acres being enrolled and the practices being adopted.

``(2) Duration of contract.--The contract shall be for a period of 10 years. The contract may be renewed for a period of not to exceed 5 years on mutual agreement of the Secretary and the owner or producer.

``(3) Consideration.--In exchange for payments under this subsection, the owner or producer shall not participate in and shall forgo payments under--

``(A) the conservation reserve program established under subchapter B of chapter 1;

under                                    ``(B) the wetlands reserve program established  
subchapter C of chapter 1; and  
                                  ``(C) the environmental quality incentives program  
                                  established under chapter 4.  
``(4) Owner or producer responsibilities under the  
agreement.--Under the terms of the contract entered into under  
this section, an owner or producer shall agree to--  
    ``(A) actively comply with the terms and conditions  
    of the approved conservation farm plan;  
    ``(B) <<NOTE: Records.>> keep such records as the  
    Secretary may reasonably require for purposes of  
    evaluation of the implementation of the conservation  
    farm plan; and  
    ``(C) not engage in any activity that would defeat  
    the purposes of the conservation farm option pilot  
    program.  
``(5) Payments.--The Secretary shall offer an owner or  
producer annual payments under the contract that are equiva

[[Page 110 STAT. 1004]]

lent to the payments the owner or producer would have received  
under the conservation reserve program, the wetlands reserve  
program, and the environmental quality incentives program.  
    ``(6) Balance of benefits.--The Secretary shall not permit  
an owner or producer to terminate a conservation reserve  
program  
contract and enter a conservation farm option contract if the  
Secretary determines that such action will reduce net  
environmental benefits.

``(f) Secretarial Determinations.--  
    ``(1) Acreage estimates.--Prior to each year during which  
    the Secretary intends to offer conservation reserve program  
    contracts, the Secretary shall estimate the number of acres  
    that--  
        ``(A) will be retired under the conservation farm  
        option under the terms and conditions the Secretary  
        intends to offer for that program; and  
        ``(B) would be retired under the conservation  
        reserve program if the conservation farm option were  
not  
        available.  
    ``(2) Total land retirement.--The Secretary shall announce  
a  
    number of acres to be enrolled in the conservation reserve  
    program that will result in a total number of acres retired  
    under the conservation reserve program and the conservation  
farm  
    option that does not exceed the amount estimated under  
paragraph  
    (1)(B) for the current or future years.  
    ``(3) Limitation.--The Secretary shall not enroll  
additional  
    conservation reserve program contracts to offset the land  
    retired under the conservation farm option.

((g) Commodity Credit Corporation.--The Secretary shall use the funds, authorities, and facilities of the Commodity Credit Corporation to carry out this subsection.

((h) Funding.--Of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Corporation shall make available to carry out this section--

- ((1) \$7,500,000 for fiscal year 1997;
- ((2) \$15,000,000 for fiscal year 1998;
- ((3) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 1999;
- ((4) \$37,500,000 for fiscal year 2000;
- ((5) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2001; and
- ((6) \$62,500,000 for fiscal year 2002.').

SEC. 336. REPEAL OF SUPERSEDED AUTHORITIES.

(a) Agricultural Conservation Program.--

(1) Elimination.--

(A) Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h) is amended--

(i) in subsection (b)--

(I) by striking paragraphs (1) through (4) and inserting the

following:

((1) Environmental quality incentives program.--The Secretary shall provide technical assistance, cost-share payments, and incentive payments to operators through the environmental quality incentives program in accordance with chapter 4 of subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act

of

1985.'; and

(II) by striking paragraphs (6) through (8); and

(ii) by striking subsections (d), (e), and (f).

[[Page 110 STAT. 1005]]

(B) The first sentence of section 11 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C.

590k)

is amended by striking ``performance: Provided further,' and all that follows through ``or other

law''

and inserting ``performance''.

(C) Section 14 of the Soil Conservation and

Domestic

Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590n) is amended--

(i) in the first sentence, by striking ``or 8''; and

(ii) by striking the second sentence.

(D) Section 15 of the Soil Conservation and

Domestic

Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590o) is amended--

(i) in the first undesignated paragraph--

(I) in the first sentence, by striking ``sections 7 and 8'' and inserting ``section 7''; and



(II) by striking the third

sentence;

and

(ii) by striking the second undesignated paragraph.

(2) Conforming amendments.--

(A) Paragraph (1) of the last proviso of the matter under the heading ``conservation reserve program'' under the heading ``Soil Bank Programs'' of title I of the Department of Agriculture and Farm Credit Appropriation Act, 1959 (72 Stat. 195; 7 U.S.C. 1831a), is amended by striking ``Agricultural Conservation Program'' and inserting ``environmental quality incentives program established under chapter 4 of subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985''.

(B) Section 4 of the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2103) is amended by striking ``as added by the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973'' each place it appears in subsections (d) and (i) and inserting ``as in effect before the amendment made by section 336(d)(1) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996''.

(C) Section 226(b)(4) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6932(b)(4)) is amended by striking ``and the agricultural conservation program under the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590g et seq.)''.

(D) Section 246(b)(8) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6962(b)(8)) is amended by striking ``and the agricultural conservation program under the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590g et seq.)''.

(E) Section 1271(c)(3)(C) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 2106a(c)(3)(C)) is amended by striking ``Agricultural Conservation Program established under section 16(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h, 590l, or 590p)'' and inserting ``environmental quality incentives program established under chapter 4 of subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985''.

(F) Section 304(a) of the Lake Champlain Special Designation Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-596; 33 U.S.C. 1270 note) is amended--

(i) in the subsection heading, by striking ``Special Project Area Under the Agricultural Conservation Program'' and inserting ``Priority Area Under

the Environmental Quality Incentives Program'';  
and

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title

(ii) in paragraph (1), by striking ``special project area under the Agricultural Conservation Program established under section 8(b) of the Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 590h(b))'' and inserting ``priority area under environmental quality incentives program established under chapter 4 of subtitle D of

XII of the Food Security Act of 1985''.

590h-

(G) Section 6 of the Department of Agriculture Organic Act of 1956 (70 Stat. 1033) <<NOTE: 16 USC

4.>> is amended by striking subsection (b).

(b) Great Plains Conservation Program.--

(1) Elimination.--Section 16 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590p) is repealed.

(2) Conforming amendments.--

(A) The Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 is amended by striking ``Great Plains program'' each place it appears in sections 344(f)(8) and 377 (7 U.S.C. 1344(f)(8) and 1377) and inserting ``environmental quality incentives program established under chapter 4 of subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985''.

amended

(B) Section 246(b) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6962(b)) is

by striking paragraph (2).

(c) Colorado River Basin Salinity Control Program.--

(1) In general.--Section 202 of the Colorado River Basin Salinity Control Act (43 U.S.C. 1592) is amended by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:

``(c) Salinity Control Measures.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall carry out salinity control measures (including watershed enhancement and cost-share measures with livestock and crop producers) in the Colorado River Basin as part of the environmental quality incentives program established under chapter 4 of subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985.''

Salinity

(2) Funds.--Section 205 of the Colorado River Basin Control Act (43 U.S.C. 1595) is amended--

(A) in subsection (a), by striking ``pursuant to section 202(c)(2)(C)''; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

``(f) Funds.--The Secretary may expend funds available in the Basin

Funds referred to in this section to carry out cost-share salinity measures in a manner that is consistent with the cost allocations required under this section.''.

(3) Conforming amendment.--Section 246(b)(6) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6962(b)(6)) is amended by striking ``program'' and inserting ``measures''.

(d) Rural Environmental Conservation Program.--

(1) Elimination.--Title X of the Agricultural Act of 1970 (16 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) is repealed.

(2) Conforming amendments.--Section 246 of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6962) (as amended by subsection (b)(2)(B)) is amended--

(A) in subsection (b)--

(i) by striking paragraph (1); and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1007]]

(ii) by redesignating paragraphs (3) through (8) as paragraphs (1) through (6), respectively; and

(B) in subsection (c), by striking ``(2), (3), (4), and (6)'' and inserting ``(1), (2), and (4)''.

(e) Other Conservation Provisions.--Subtitle F of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 2005a and 2101 note) is repealed.

(f) Resource Conservation.--

(1) Elimination.--Subtitles A, B, D, E, and F of title XV of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (95 Stat. 1328; 16 U.S.C. 3401 et seq.) are repealed.

(2) Conforming amendment.--Section 739 of the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1992 (7 U.S.C. 2272a), is repealed.

(g) Technical Amendment.--The first sentence of the matter under the heading ``Commodity Credit Corporation'' of Public Law 99-263 (100 Stat.

59; 16 U.S.C. 3841 note) is amended by striking ``prices: Provided further,'' and all that follows through ``Acts.'' and inserting ``prices.''.

(h) Agricultural Water Quality Incentives Program.--Chapter 2 of subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3838 et seq.) is repealed.

#### Subtitle E--Conservation Funding and Administration

#### SEC. 341. CONSERVATION FUNDING AND ADMINISTRATION.

Subtitle E of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3841 et seq.) is amended to read as follows:

``Subtitle E--Funding and Administration

``SEC. 1241. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3841.>> FUNDING.

``(a) Mandatory Expenses.--For each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002, the Secretary shall use the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to carry out the programs authorized by--

``(1) subchapter B of chapter 1 of subtitle D (including contracts extended by the Secretary pursuant to section 1437 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 16 U.S.C. 3831 note));

``(2) subchapter C of chapter 1 of subtitle D; and

``(3) chapter 4 of subtitle D.

``(b) Environmental Quality Incentives Program.--

``(1) In general.--Of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary shall make available \$130,000,000

for

fiscal year 1996, and \$200,000,000 for each of fiscal years

1997

through 2002, for providing technical assistance, cost-share payments, incentive payments, and education under the environmental quality incentives program under chapter 4 of subtitle D.

``(2) Livestock production.--For each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002, 50 percent of the funding available for technical assistance, cost-share payments, incentive payments, and edu

[[Page 110 STAT. 1008]]

cation under the environmental quality incentives program shall be targeted at practices relating to livestock production.

``SEC. 1242. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3842.>> USE OF OTHER AGENCIES.

``(a) Committees.--In carrying out subtitles B, C, and D, the Secretary shall use the services of local, county, and State committees established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)).

``(b) Other Agencies.--

``(1) Use.--In carrying out subtitles C and D, the Secretary

may utilize the services of the Natural Resources Conservation Service and the Forest Service, the Fish and Wildlife Service, State forestry agencies, State fish and game agencies, land-grant colleges, local, county, and State committees established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h), soil and water conservation districts, and other appropriate agencies.

State

``(2) Consultation.--In carrying out subtitle D at the

and county levels, the Secretary shall consult with, to the extent practicable, the Fish and Wildlife Service, State forestry agencies, State fish and game agencies, land-grant colleges, soil-conservation districts, and other appropriate agencies.

``SEC. 1243. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3843.>> ADMINISTRATION.

``(a) Plans.--The Secretary shall, to the extent practicable, avoid duplication in--

``(1) the conservation plans required for--

``(A) highly erodible land conservation under subtitle B;

``(B) the conservation reserve program established under subchapter B of chapter 1 of subtitle D; and

``(C) the wetlands reserve program established

under

subchapter C of chapter 1 of subtitle D; and

``(2) the environmental quality incentives program established under chapter 4 of subtitle D.

``(b) Acreage Limitation.--

``(1) In general.--The Secretary shall not enroll more than 25 percent of the cropland in any county in the programs administered under the conservation reserve and wetlands

reserve

programs established under subchapters B and C, respectively,

of

chapter 1 of subtitle D. Not more than 10 percent of the cropland in a county may be subject to an easement acquired under the subchapters.

``(2) Exception.--The Secretary may exceed the limitations in paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines that--

``(A) the action would not adversely affect the local economy of a county; and

``(B) operators in the county are having difficulties complying with conservation plans implemented under section 1212.

``(3) Shelterbelts and windbreaks.--The limitations established under this subsection shall not apply to cropland that is subject to an easement under chapter 1 or 3 of subtitle D that is used for the establishment of shelterbelts and windbreaks.

``(c) Tenant Protection.--Except for a person who is a tenant on land that is subject to a conservation reserve contract that has been extended by the Secretary, the Secretary shall provide

[[Page 110 STAT. 1009]]

adequate safeguards to protect the interests of tenants and sharecroppers, including provision for sharing, on a fair and equitable basis, in payments under the programs established under subtitles B through D.

``(d) Provision of Technical Assistance by Other Sources.--In the preparation and application of a conservation compliance plan under subtitle B or similar plan required as a condition for assistance from the Department of Agriculture, the Secretary shall permit persons to secure technical assistance from approved sources, as determined by the Secretary, other than the Natural Resources Conservation Service. If the Secretary rejects a technical determination made by such a source, the basis of the Secretary's determination must be supported by documented

evidence.

``(e) Regulations.--Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996, the Secretary shall issue regulations to implement the conservation reserve and wetlands reserve programs established under chapter 1 of subtitle D.''.

SEC. 342. STATE TECHNICAL COMMITTEES.

(a) Composition.--Section 1261(c) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3861(c))--

- (1) in paragraph (7), by striking ``and'' at the end;
- (2) in paragraph (8), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
  - ``(9) agricultural producers with demonstrable conservation expertise;
  - ``(10) nonprofit organizations with demonstrable conservation expertise;
  - ``(11) persons knowledgeable about conservation techniques;and
  - ``(12) agribusiness.''.

(b) Responsibilities.--Section 1262 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3862) is amended--

- (1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following:

``Each State technical committee shall provide public notice of,

and permit public attendance at meetings considering, issues of concern related to carrying out this title.'';
- (2) in subsection (b)(1), by adding at the end the following: ``Each State technical committee shall establish criteria and guidelines for evaluating petitions by agricultural producers regarding new conservation practices and systems not already described in field office technical guides.''; and
- (3) in subsection (c)--
  - (A) in paragraph (7), by striking ``and'' at the end;
  - (B) by redesignating paragraph (8) as paragraph (9);and
  - (C) by inserting after paragraph (7) the following:

``(8) establishing criteria and priorities for State initiatives under the environmental quality incentives program under chapter 4 of subtitle D; and''.

SEC. 343. <<NOTE: 16 USC 3862 note.>> PUBLIC NOTICE AND COMMENT FOR REVISIONS TO CERTAIN STATE TECHNICAL GUIDES.

After the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall provide for public notice and comment under section

553 of title 5, United States Code, with regard to any future revisions to those provisions of the Natural Resources Conservation Service State technical guides that are used to carry out subtitles A, B, and C of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3801 et seq.).

Subtitle F <<NOTE: National Natural Resources Conservation Foundation Act.>> --National Natural Resources Conservation Foundation

SEC. 351. <<NOTE: 16 USC 5801 note.>> SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the ``National Natural Resources Conservation Foundation Act''.

SEC. 352. <<NOTE: 16 USC 5801.>> DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle (unless the context otherwise requires):

(1) Board.--The term ``Board'' means the Board of Trustees established under section 354.

(2) Department.--The term ``Department'' means the Department of Agriculture.

(3) Foundation.--The term ``Foundation'' means the National Natural Resources Conservation Foundation established by section 353(a).

(4) Secretary.--The term ``Secretary'' means the Secretary of Agriculture.

SEC. 353. <<NOTE: 16 USC 5802.>> NATIONAL NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION FOUNDATION.

(a) Establishment.--A National Natural Resources Conservation Foundation is established as a charitable and nonprofit corporation for charitable, scientific, and educational purposes specified in subsection

(b). The Foundation is not an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

(b) Duties.--The Foundation shall--

(1) promote innovative solutions to the problems associated with the conservation of natural resources on private lands, particularly with respect to agriculture and soil and water conservation;

(2) promote voluntary partnerships between government and private interests in the conservation of natural resources;

(3) conduct research and undertake educational activities, conduct and support demonstration projects, and make grants to State and local agencies and nonprofit organizations;

(4) provide such other leadership and support as may be necessary to address conservation challenges, such as the prevention of excessive soil erosion, the enhancement of soil and water quality, and the protection of wetlands, wildlife habitat, and strategically important farmland subject to urban conversion and fragmentation;

(5) encourage, accept, and administer private gifts of money and real and personal property for the benefit of, or in connection with, the conservation and related activities and

services of the Department, particularly the Natural Resources Conservation Service;

(6) undertake, conduct, and encourage educational, technical, and other assistance, and other activities, that support the conservation and related programs administered by the

[[Page 110 STAT. 1011]]

Department (other than activities carried out on National Forest

System lands), particularly the Natural Resources Conservation Service, except that the Foundation may not enforce or administer a regulation of the Department; and

(7) raise private funds to promote the purposes of the Foundation.

(c) Limitations and Conflicts of Interest.--

(1) Political activities.--The Foundation shall not participate or intervene in a political campaign on behalf of any candidate for public office.

(2) Conflicts of interest.--No director, officer, or employee of the Foundation shall participate, directly or indirectly, in the consideration or determination of any question before the Foundation affecting--

(A) the financial interests of the director, officer, or employee; or

(B) the interests of any corporation, partnership, entity, organization, or other person in which the director, officer, or employee--

(i) is an officer, director, or trustee; or

(ii) has any direct or indirect financial interest.

(3) Legislation or government action or policy.--No funds

of

the Foundation may be used in any manner for the purpose of influencing legislation or government action or policy.

(4) Litigation.--No funds of the Foundation may be used to bring or join an action against the United States.

SEC. 354. <<NOTE: 16 USC 5803.>> COMPOSITION AND OPERATION.

(a) Composition.--The Foundation shall be administered by a Board of Trustees that shall consist of 9 voting members, each of whom shall be a United States citizen and not a Federal officer. The Board shall be composed of--

(1) individuals with expertise in agricultural conservation policy matters;

(2) a representative of private sector organizations with a demonstrable interest in natural resources conservation;

(3) a representative of statewide conservation organizations;

(4) a representative of soil and water conservation districts;

(5) a representative of organizations outside the Federal



Government that are dedicated to natural resources conservation education; and

(6) a farmer or rancher.

(b) Nongovernmental Employees.--Service as a member of the Board shall not constitute employment by, or the holding of, an office of the United States for the purposes of any Federal law.

(c) Membership.--

(1) Initial members.--The Secretary shall appoint 9 persons who meet the criteria established under subsection (a) as the initial members of the Board and designate 1 of the members as the initial chairperson for a 2-year term.

(2) Terms of office.--

(A) In general.--A member of the Board shall serve for a term of 3 years, except that the members

appointed

[[Page 110 STAT. 1012]]

to the initial Board shall serve, proportionately, for terms of 1, 2, and 3 years, as determined by the Secretary.

(B) Limitation on terms.--No individual may serve more than 2 consecutive 3-year terms as a member of the Board.

(3) Subsequent members.--The initial members of the Board shall adopt procedures in the constitution of the Foundation

for

the nomination and selection of subsequent members of the

Board.

The procedures shall require that each member, at a minimum, meets the criteria established under subsection (a) and shall provide for the selection of an individual, who is not a

Federal

officer or a member of the Board.

(d) Chairperson.--After the appointment of an initial chairperson under subsection (c)(1), each succeeding chairperson of the Board shall be elected by the members of the Board for a 2-year term.

(e) Vacancies.--A vacancy on the Board shall be filled by the Board not later than 60 days after the occurrence of the vacancy.

(f) Compensation.--A member of the Board shall receive no compensation from the Foundation for the service of the member on the Board.

(g) Travel Expenses.--While away from the home or regular place of business of a member of the Board in the performance of services for the Board, the member shall be allowed travel expenses paid by the Foundation, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at the same rate as a person employed intermittently in the Government service is allowed under section 5703 of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 355. <<NOTE: 16 USC 5804.>> OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.

(a) In General.--The Board may--

(1) appoint, hire, and discharge the officers and employees

of the Foundation, other than appoint the initial Executive Director of the Foundation;

(2) adopt a constitution and bylaws for the Foundation that are consistent with the purposes of this subtitle; and

(3) undertake any other activities that may be necessary to carry out this subtitle.

(b) Officers and Employees.--

(1) Appointment and hiring.--An officer or employee of the Foundation--

(A) shall not, by virtue of the appointment or employment of the officer or employee, be considered a Federal employee for any purpose, including the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, except that such an individual may participate in the Federal employee retirement system as if the individual were a Federal employee; and

(B) may not be paid by the Foundation a salary in excess of \$125,000 per year.

(2) Executive director.--

(A) Initial director.--The Secretary shall appoint an individual to serve as the initial Executive

Director

of the Foundation who shall serve, at the direction of the Board, as the chief operating officer of the Foundation.

(B) Subsequent directors.--The Board shall appoint each subsequent Executive Director of the Foundation

who

[[Page 110 STAT. 1013]]

shall serve, at the direction of the Board, as the

chief

operating officer of the Foundation.

(C) Qualifications.--The Executive Director shall

be

knowledgeable and experienced in matters relating to natural resources conservation.

SEC. 356. <<NOTE: 16 USC 5805.>> CORPORATE POWERS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE

FOUNDATION.

(a) In General.--The Foundation--

(1) may conduct business throughout the United States and the territories and possessions of the United States; and

(2) shall at all times maintain a designated agent who is authorized to accept service of process for the Foundation, so that the serving of notice to, or service of process on, the agent, or mailed to the business address of the agent, shall be considered as service on or notice to the Foundation.

(b) Seal.--The Foundation shall have an official seal selected by the Board that shall be judicially noticed.

(c) Powers.--To carry out the purposes of the Foundation under

section 353(b), the Foundation shall have, in addition to the powers otherwise provided under this subtitle, the usual powers of a corporation, including the power--

(1) to accept, receive, solicit, hold, administer, and use any gift, devise, or bequest, either absolutely or in trust, of real or personal property or any income from, or other interest in, the gift, devise, or bequest;

(2) to acquire by purchase or exchange any real or personal property or interest in property, except that funds provided under section 360 may not be used to purchase an interest in real property;

(3) unless otherwise required by instrument of transfer, to sell, donate, lease, invest, reinvest, retain, or otherwise dispose of any property or income from property;

(4) to borrow money from private sources and issue bonds, debentures, or other debt instruments, subject to section 359, except that the aggregate amount of the borrowing and debt instruments outstanding at any time may not exceed \$1,000,000;

(5) to sue and be sued, and complain and defend itself, in any court of competent jurisdiction, except that a member of

the

Board shall not be personally liable for an action in the performance of services for the Board, except for gross negligence;

(6) to enter into a contract or other agreement with an agency of State or local government, educational institution,

or

other private organization or person and to make such payments as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the Foundation; and

(7) to do any and all acts that are necessary to carry out the purposes of the Foundation.

(d) Interests in Property.--

(1) Interests in real property.--The Foundation may acquire, hold, and dispose of lands, waters, or other interests in real property by donation, gift, devise, purchase, or exchange. An interest in real property shall be treated, among other things, as including an easement or other right for the preservation, conservation, protection, or enhancement of agricultural,

[[Page 110 STAT. 1014]]

natural, scenic, historic, scientific, educational, inspirational, or recreational resources.

(2) Gifts.--A gift, devise, or bequest may be accepted by the Foundation even though the gift, devise, or bequest is encumbered, restricted, or subject to a beneficial interest of

a

private person if any current or future interest in the gift, devise, or bequest is for the benefit of the Foundation.

SEC. 357. <<NOTE: 16 USC 5806.>> ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AND SUPPORT.

For each of fiscal years 1996 through 1998, the Secretary may provide, without reimbursement, personnel, facilities, and other

administrative services of the Department to the Foundation.

SEC. 358. <<NOTE: 16 USC 5807.>> AUDITS AND PETITION OF ATTORNEY  
GENERAL

FOR EQUITABLE RELIEF.

(a) Audits.--

(1) In general.--The accounts of the Foundation shall be audited in accordance with Public Law 88-504 (36 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.), including an audit of lobbying and litigation activities carried out by the Foundation.

(2) Conforming amendment.--The first section of Public Law 88-504 (36 U.S.C. 1101) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(77) The National Natural Resources Conservation Foundation.''.

(b) Relief With Respect to Certain Foundation Acts or Failure To Act.--The Attorney General may petition in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia for such equitable relief as may be necessary or appropriate, if the Foundation--

(1) engages in, or threatens to engage in, any act, practice, or policy that is inconsistent with this subtitle; or

(2) refuses, fails, neglects, or threatens to refuse, fail, or neglect, to discharge the obligations of the Foundation

under

this subtitle.

SEC. 359. <<NOTE: 16 USC 5808.>> RELEASE FROM LIABILITY.

(a) In General.--The United States shall not be liable for any debt, default, act, or omission of the Foundation. The full faith and credit of the United States shall not extend to the Foundation.

(b) Statement.--An obligation issued by the Foundation, and a document offering an obligation, shall include a prominent statement that the obligation is not directly or indirectly guaranteed, in whole or in part, by the United States (or an agency or instrumentality of the United States).

SEC. 360. <<NOTE: 16 USC 5809.>> AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department to be made available to the Foundation \$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1997 through 1999 to initially establish and carry out activities of the Foundation.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1015]]

Subtitle G--Forestry

SEC. 371. OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL FORESTRY.

Section 2405 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6704) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(d) Authorization of Appropriations.--There are authorized to be appropriated for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002 such sums as are necessary to carry out this section.''.

SEC. 372. COOPERATIVE WORK FOR PROTECTION, MANAGEMENT, AND IMPROVEMENT OF NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM.

The penultimate paragraph of the matter under the heading ``FOREST SERVICE.' of the first section of the Act of June 30, 1914 (38 Stat. 430, chapter 131; 16 U.S.C. 498), is amended--

- (1) by inserting ``management,' after ``the protection'';
- (2) by striking ``national forests,' and inserting ``National Forest System,';
- (3) by inserting ``management,' after ``protection,' both places it appears; and

(4) by adding at the end the following: ``Payment for work undertaken pursuant to this paragraph may be made from any appropriation of the Forest Service that is available for similar work if a written agreement so provides and reimbursement will be provided by a cooperator in the same fiscal year as the expenditure by the Forest Service. A reimbursement received from a cooperator that covers the proportionate share of the cooperator of the cost of the work shall be deposited to the credit of the appropriation of the Forest Service from which the payment was initially made or, if the appropriation is no longer available, to the credit of an appropriation of the Forest Service that is available for similar work. <<NOTE: Rules.>> The Secretary of Agriculture shall establish written rules that establish criteria to be

used

to determine whether the acceptance of contributions of money under this paragraph would adversely affect the ability of an officer or employee of the Department of Agriculture to carry out a duty or program of the officer or employee in a fair and objective manner or would compromise, or appear to compromise, the integrity of the program, officer, or employee. <<NOTE: Rules.>> The Secretary of Agriculture shall establish written rules that protect the interests of the

Forest

Service in cooperative work agreements.''.

SEC. 373. FORESTRY INCENTIVES PROGRAM.

Section 4 of the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2103) is amended--

- (1) in subsection (j), by striking ``annually'' and inserting ``for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002''; and
- (2) by striking subsection (k).

SEC. 374. OPTIONAL STATE GRANTS FOR FOREST LEGACY PROGRAM.

Section 7 of the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2103c) is amended--

- (1) by redesignating subsection (l) as subsection (m); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (k) the following:

((1) Optional State Grants.--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1016]]

((1) In general.--The Secretary shall, at the request of a participating State, provide a grant to the State to carry out the Forest Legacy Program in the State.

((2) Administration.--If a State elects to receive a grant under this subsection--

((A) the Secretary shall use a portion of the funds made available under subsection (m), as determined by the Secretary, to provide a grant to the State; and ((B) the State shall use the grant to carry out the Forest Legacy Program in the State, including the acquisition by the State of lands and interests in lands.''.)

Subtitle H--Miscellaneous Conservation Provisions

SEC. 381. CONSERVATION ACTIVITIES OF COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION.

(a) In General.--Section 5 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714c) is amended--

- (1) by redesignating subsection (g) as subsection (h); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (f) the following:

((g) Carry out conservation or environmental programs authorized by law.''.)

(b) <<NOTE: 15 USC 714c note.>> Effective Date.--The amendments made by subsection (a) shall become effective on January 1, 1997.

SEC. 382. FLOODPLAIN EASEMENTS.

Section 403 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2203) is amended by inserting ((, including the purchase of floodplain easements,' after ((emergency measures'.

SEC. 383. RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.

Section 1538 of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3461) is amended by striking ((1991 through 1995' and inserting ((1996 through 2002'.

SEC. 384. REPEAL OF REPORT REQUIREMENT.

Section 1342 of title 44, United States Code, is repealed.

SEC. 385. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7334.>> FLOOD RISK REDUCTION.

(a) In General.--During fiscal years 1996 through 2002, the Secretary of Agriculture (referred to in this section as the ((Secretary')) may enter into a contract with a producer on a farm who

has contract acreage under the Agricultural Market Transition Act that is frequently flooded.

(b) Duties of Producers.--Under the terms of the contract, with respect to acres that are subject to the contract, the producer must agree to--

(1) the termination of any contract acreage and production flexibility contract under the Agricultural Market Transition Act;

(2) forgo loans for contract commodities, oilseeds, and extra long staple cotton;

(3) not apply for crop insurance issued or reinsured by the Secretary;

(4) comply with applicable highly erodible land and wetlands conservation compliance requirements established under

[[Page 110 STAT. 1017]]

title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3801 et seq.);

(5) not apply for any conservation program payments from the Secretary;

(6) not apply for disaster program benefits provided by the Secretary; and

(7) refund the payments, with interest, issued under the flood risk reduction contract to the Secretary, if the producer violates the terms of the contract or if the producer transfers the property to another person who violates the contract.

(c) Duties of the Secretary.--In return for a contract entered into by a producer under this section, the Secretary shall pay the producer an amount that is not more than 95 percent of projected contract payments under the Agricultural Market Transition Act that the Secretary estimates the producer would otherwise have received during the period beginning at the time the contract is entered into under this section and ending September 30, 2002.

(d) Commodity Credit Corporation.--The Secretary shall carry out the program authorized by this section (other than subsection (e)) through the Commodity Credit Corporation.

(e) Additional Payments.--

(1) In general.--Subject to the availability of advanced appropriations, the Secretary may make payments to a producer described in subsection (a), in addition to the payments provided under subsection (c), to offset other estimated Federal

Government outlays on frequently flooded land.

(2) Authorization of appropriations.--There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out paragraph (1).

(f) Limitation on Payments.--Amounts made available for production flexibility contracts under section 113 shall be reduced by an amount that is equal to the contract payments that producers forgo under subsection (b)(1) of this section.

SEC. 386. <<NOTE: 16 USC 2005b.>> CONSERVATION OF PRIVATE GRAZING LAND.

(a) Findings.--Congress finds that--

(1) private grazing land constitutes nearly  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the non-Federal land of the United States and is basic to the environmental, social, and economic stability of rural communities;

(2) private grazing land contains a complex set of interactions among soil, water, air, plants, and animals;

(3) grazing land constitutes the single largest watershed cover type in the United States and contributes significantly

to

the quality and quantity of water available for all of the many uses of the land;

(4) private grazing land constitutes the most extensive wildlife habitat in the United States;

(5) private grazing land can provide opportunities for improved nutrient management from land application of animal manures and other by-product nutrient resources;

(6) owners and managers of private grazing land need to continue to recognize conservation problems when the problems arise and receive sound technical assistance to improve or conserve grazing land resources to meet ecological and economic demands;

(7) new science and technology must continually be made available in a practical manner so owners and managers of

[[Page 110 STAT. 1018]]

private grazing land may make informed decisions concerning vital grazing land resources;

(8) agencies of the Department with private grazing land responsibilities are the agencies that have the expertise and experience to provide technical assistance, education, and research to owners and managers of private grazing land for the long-term productivity and ecological health of grazing land;

(9) although competing demands on private grazing land resources are greater than ever before, assistance to private owners and managers of private grazing land is currently

limited

and does not meet the demand and basic need for adequately sustaining or enhancing the private grazing land resources; and

(10) private grazing land can be enhanced to provide many benefits to all citizens of the United States through voluntary cooperation among owners and managers of the land, local conservation districts, and the agencies of the Department responsible for providing assistance to owners and managers of land and to conservation districts.

(b) Purpose.--It is the purpose of this section to authorize the Secretary to provide a coordinated technical, educational, and related assistance program to conserve and enhance private grazing land resources and provide related benefits to all citizens of the United States by--

(1) establishing a coordinated and cooperative Federal, State, and local grazing conservation program for management of



private grazing land;

(2) strengthening technical, educational, and related assistance programs that provide assistance to owners and managers of private grazing land;

(3) conserving and improving wildlife habitat on private grazing land;

(4) conserving and improving fish habitat and aquatic systems through grazing land conservation treatment;

(5) protecting and improving water quality;

(6) improving the dependability and consistency of water supplies;

(7) identifying and managing weed, noxious weed, and brush encroachment problems on private grazing land; and

(8) integrating conservation planning and management decisions by owners and managers of private grazing land, on a voluntary basis.

(c) Definitions.--In this section:

(1) Department.--The term ``Department'' means the Department of Agriculture.

land''  
(2) Private grazing land.--The term ``private grazing land'' means private, State-owned, tribally-owned, and any other non-federally owned rangeland, pastureland, grazed forest land, and hay land.

(3) Secretary.--The term ``Secretary'' means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(d) Private Grazing Land Conservation Assistance.--

to  
(1) Assistance to grazing landowners and others.--Subject to the availability of appropriations for this section, the Secretary shall establish a voluntary program to provide technical, educational, and related assistance to owners and managers of private grazing land and public agencies, through

[[Page 110 STAT. 1019]]

local conservation districts, to enable the landowners, managers, and public agencies to voluntarily carry out activities that are consistent with this section, including--

(A) maintaining and improving private grazing land and the multiple values and uses that depend on private grazing land;

(B) implementing grazing land management technologies;

(C) managing resources on private grazing land, including--

(i) planning, managing, and treating private grazing land resources;

(ii) ensuring the long-term sustainability of private grazing land resources;

(iii) harvesting, processing, and marketing private grazing land resources; and

(iv) identifying and managing weed, noxious weed, and brush encroachment problems;

(D) protecting and improving the quality and

- quantity of water yields from private grazing land;
- (E) maintaining and improving wildlife and fish habitat on private grazing land;
- (F) enhancing recreational opportunities on private grazing land;
- (G) maintaining and improving the aesthetic character of private grazing lands; and
- (H) identifying the opportunities and encouraging the diversification of private grazing land

enterprises.

(2) Program elements.--

(A) Funding.--If funding is provided to carry out this section, it shall be provided through a specific line-item in the annual appropriations for the Natural Resources Conservation Service.

(B) Technical assistance and education.--Personnel of the Department trained in pasture and range management shall be made available under the program to deliver and coordinate technical assistance and education to owners and managers of private grazing land, at the request of the owners and managers.

(e) Grazing Technical Assistance Self-Help.--

(1) Findings.--Congress finds that--

(A) there is a severe lack of technical assistance for farmers and ranchers who graze livestock;

(B) Federal budgetary constraints preclude any significant expansion, and may force a reduction of, current levels of technical support; and

(C) farmers and ranchers have a history of cooperatively working together to address common needs in the promotion of their products and in the drainage of wet areas through drainage districts.

(2) Establishment of grazing demonstration.--In accordance with paragraph (3), the Secretary may establish 2 grazing management demonstration districts at the recommendation of the grazing lands conservation initiative steering committee.

(3) Procedure.--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1020]]

(A) Proposal.--Within a reasonable time after the submission of a request of an organization of farmers

or

ranchers engaged in grazing, the Secretary shall

propose

that a grazing management district be established.

(B) Funding.--The terms and conditions of the funding and operation of the grazing management

district

shall be proposed by the producers.

(C) Approval.--The Secretary shall approve the proposal if the Secretary determines that the proposal-

-

(i) is reasonable;

(ii) will promote sound grazing practices;

and

(iii) contains provisions similar to the provisions contained in the beef promotion and research order issued under section 4 of the Beef Research and Information Act (7 U.S.C. 2903) in effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

(D) Area included.--The area proposed to be included in a grazing management district shall be determined by the Secretary on the basis of a petition by farmers or ranchers.

(E) Authorization.--The Secretary may use authority under the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, to operate, on a demonstration basis, a grazing management district.

(F) Activities.--The activities of a grazing management district shall be scientifically sound activities, as determined by the Secretary in consultation with a technical advisory committee composed of ranchers, farmers, and technical experts.

(f) Authorization of Appropriations.--There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section--

- (1) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 1996;
- (2) \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 1997; and
- (3) \$60,000,000 for fiscal year 1998 and each subsequent fiscal year.

SEC. 387. <<NOTE: Establishment. 16 USC 3836a.>> WILDLIFE HABITAT INCENTIVES PROGRAM.

(a) In General.--The Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the State technical committees established under section 1261 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3861), shall establish a program under the Natural Resources Conservation Service to be known as the ``Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program''.

(b) Cost-Share Payments.--Under the program, the Secretary shall make cost-share payments to landowners to develop upland wildlife, wetland wildlife, threatened and endangered species, fish, and other types of wildlife habitat approved by the Secretary.

(c) Funding.--To carry out this section, a total of \$50,000,000 shall be made available for fiscal years 1996 through 2002 from funds made available to carry out subchapter B of chapter 1 of subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831 et seq.).

SEC. 388. <<NOTE: Establishment. 16 USC 3830 note.>> FARMLAND PROTECTION PROGRAM.

(a) In General.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall establish and carry out a farmland protection program under which the Secretary shall purchase conservation easements or other interests in not less than 170,000, nor more than 340,000, acres of land

[[Page 110 STAT. 1021]]

with prime, unique, or other productive soil that is subject to a

pending offer from a State or local government for the purpose of protecting topsoil by limiting nonagricultural uses of the land.

(b) Conservation Plan.--Any highly erodible cropland for which a conservation easement or other interest is purchased under this section shall be subject to the requirements of a conservation plan that requires, at the option of the Secretary, the conversion of the cropland to less intensive uses.

(c) Funding.--The Secretary shall use not more than \$35,000,000 of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to carry out this section.

SEC. 389. <<NOTE: National Forest Service.>> INTERIM MORATORIUM ON BYPASS FLOWS.

(a) Moratorium.--There shall be an 18-month <<NOTE: Water. 16 USC 526 note.>> moratorium on any Forest Service decision to require bypass flows or any other relinquishment of the unimpaired use of a decreed water right as a condition of renewal or reissuance of a land use authorization permit.

(b) Limitations.--Subsection (a) shall not affect--

(1) obligations or authority of the Secretary of Agriculture

to protect public health and safety; and

(2) obligations or authority under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), or applicable State law.

(c) Rules of Construction.--

(1) Existing non-federal water rights.--Nothing in this section prevents or inhibits the exercise of the use and operation of existing non-Federal water rights on or above the National Forest land that require land use authorization permits

from the Forest Service to access water supply facilities.

(2) Renewal or reissuance of expiring land use authorization

for decreed water rights.--Nothing in this section prevents or inhibits the renewal or reissuance of expiring land use authorizations for decreed water rights. The Forest Service may extend, as needed, any expiring land use authorization for such time as is necessary to incorporate the results of the study authorized by subsection (d).

(d) Study of Water Rights Across Federal Lands.--

(1) Establishment.--Not later than 60 days after the date of

enactment of this Act, there shall be established a Water Rights

Task Force to study the subjects described in paragraph (3).

(2) Membership.--The Task Force shall be composed of 7 members appointed as follows:

(A) 1 member shall be appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture.

(B) 2 members shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and 1 member shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of

Representatives.

(C) 2 members shall be appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate and 1 member shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate.

(3) Subjects to be studied.--The Task Force shall study and make recommendations on--

(A) whether Federal water rights should be acquired for environmental protection on National Forest land;

[[Page 110 STAT. 1022]]

(B) measures necessary to protect the free exercise of non-Federal water rights requiring easements and permits from the Forest Service;

(C) the protection of minimum instream flows for environmental and watershed management purposes on National Forest land through purchases or exchanges

from

willing sellers in accordance with State law;

(D) the effects of any of the recommendations made under this paragraph on existing State laws, regulations, and customs of water usage; and

(E) measures that would be useful in avoiding or resolving conflicts between the Forest Service's responsibilities for natural resource and environmental protection, the public interest, and the property

rights

and interests of water holders with special use permits for water facilities, including the study of the

Federal

acquisition of water rights, dispute resolution, mitigation, and compensation.

(4) Final report.--As soon as practicable, but not later than 1 year, after the date of enactment of this Act, the Task Force shall provide the final report of the Task Force to--

(A) the Secretary of Agriculture;

(B) the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

(C) the President pro tempore of the Senate;

(D) the Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives;

(E) the Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate;

(F) the Chairman of the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives; and

(G) the Chairman of the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate.

(5) Authorization of funds.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall use funds made available for salaries and administrative expenses of the Department of Agriculture to carry out this subsection.

SEC. 390. <<NOTE: Florida.>> EVERGLADES ECOSYSTEM RESTORATION.

(a) In General.--On July 1, 1996, out of any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the Secretary of the Treasury shall provide \$200,000,000 to the Secretary of the Interior to carry out this section.

(b) Entitlement.--The Secretary of the Interior (referred to in this section as the ``Secretary'')--

(1) shall be entitled to receive the funds made available under subsection (a);

(2) shall accept the funds; and

(3) shall use the funds to--

(A) conduct restoration activities in the Everglades

ecosystem in South Florida, which shall include the acquisition of real property and interests in real property located within the Everglades ecosystem; and

(B) fund resource protection and resource maintenance activities in the Everglades ecosystem.

(c) Savings Provision.--Nothing in this subsection precludes the Secretary from transferring funds to the Army Corps of Engineers, the State of Florida, or the South Florida Water Management District to carry out subsection (b)(3).

[[Page 110 STAT. 1023]]

(d) Deadline.--The Secretary shall use the funds made available under subsection (a) for restoration activities referred to in subsection (b)(3) not later than December 31, 1999.

(e) Report to Congress.--For each of calendar years 1996 through 1999, the Secretary shall submit an annual report to Congress describing all activities carried out under subsection (b)(3).

(f) Separate and Additional Everglades Restoration Account.--

(1) Establishment.--There is established in the Treasury a special account (to be known as the ``Everglades Restoration Account''), which shall consist of such funds as may be deposited in the account under paragraph (2). The account shall be separate, and in addition to, funds deposited in the Treasury under subsection (a).

(2) Source of funds for account.--

(A) Proceeds from surplus property.--

(i) In general.--Subject to subparagraph (B), the Administrator shall deposit in the special account all funds received by the Administrator, on or after the date of enactment of this Act, from the disposal pursuant to the Federal

Property

U.S.C.

and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40

471 et seq.) of surplus real property located in the State of Florida.

(ii) Availability and disposition of federal land.--

(I) Identification.--Any Federal real property located in the State of Florida (excluding lands under the administrative jurisdiction of the Secretary that are set aside for conservation purposes) shall be

identified for disposal or exchange under this subsection and shall be presumed available for purposes of this subsection unless the head of the

agency

controlling the property determines

that

there is a compelling program need for any property identified by the Secretary.

(II) Availability.--Property identified by the Secretary for which there is no demonstrated compelling program need shall, not later than 90 days after a request by the Secretary, be reported to the Administrator and shall be made available to the Administrator who shall consider the property to be surplus property for purposes of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 471 et seq.).

(III) Prioritization of disposition.--The Administrator may prioritize the disposition of property made available under this subparagraph to permit the property to be sold as quickly as practicable in a manner that is consistent with the best interests

of

the Federal Government.

(B) Limit on total amount of deposits.--The total amount of funds deposited in the special account under subparagraph (A) shall not exceed \$100,000,000.

(C) Effect on closure of military installations.--Nothing in this section alters the disposition of any proceeds arising from the disposal of real property pursuant to a base closure law.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1024]]

(3) Use of special account.--Funds in the special account shall be available to the Secretary until expended under this paragraph. The Secretary shall use funds in the special account to assist in the restoration of the Everglades ecosystem in South Florida through--

(A) subject to paragraph (4), the acquisition of real property and interests in real property located within the Everglades ecosystem; and

(B) the funding of resource protection and resource maintenance activities in the Everglades ecosystem.

(4) State contribution.--The Secretary may not expend any funds from the special account to acquire a parcel of real property, or an interest in a parcel of real property, under paragraph (3)(A) unless the Secretary obtains, or has

previously

obtained, a contribution from the State of Florida in an amount

equal to not less than 50 percent of the appraised value of the parcel or interest to be acquired, as determined by the Secretary.

(5) Definitions.--In this subsection:

- means
- (A) Administrator.--The term ``Administrator'' means the Administrator of General Services.
- law''
- (B) Base closure law.--The term ``base closure law'' means each of the following:
- (i) The Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note).
  - (ii) Title II of the Defense Authorization Amendments and Base Closure and Realignment Act (Public Law 100-526; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note).
  - (iii) Section 2687 of title 10, United States Code.
  - (iv) Any other similar law enacted after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (C) Everglades ecosystem.--The term ``Everglades ecosystem'' means the Florida Everglades Restoration area that extends from the Kissimmee River basin to Florida Bay.
- (D) Excess property.--The term ``excess property'' has the meaning provided in section 3 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 472).
- agency''
- (E) Executive agency.--The term ``executive agency'' has the meaning provided in section 3 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 472).
- (F) Special account.--The term ``special account'' means the Everglades Restoration Account established under paragraph (1).
- property''
- (G) Surplus property.--The term ``surplus property'' has the meaning provided in section 3 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 472).

(g) Report To Determine the Feasibility of Additional Land Acquisition and Restoration Activities.--

(1) In general.--The Secretary shall conduct an investigation to determine what, if any, unreserved and unappropriated Federal lands (or mineral interests in any such lands) under the administrative jurisdiction of the Secretary are suitable

[[Page 110 STAT. 1025]]

for disposal or exchange for the purpose of conducting restoration activities in the Everglades region.

(2) Conservation lands.--No lands under the administrative jurisdiction of the Secretary that are set aside for conservation purposes shall be identified for disposal or



exchange under this subsection.

(3) Florida.--In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary

shall, to the maximum extent practicable, determine which lands and mineral interests located within the State of Florida are suitable for disposal or exchange before making the determination for eligible lands or interests in other States.

(4) Public access.--In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary shall consider that in disposing of lands, the Secretary shall retain such interest in the lands as may be necessary to ensure that the general public is not precluded from reasonable access to the lands for purposes of fishing, hunting, or other recreational uses.

(5) Report.--Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a report to the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate describing the results of the investigation conducted under

this subsection. The report shall describe the specific parcels identified under this subsection, establish the priorities for disposal or exchange among the parcels, and estimate the values of the parcels.

SEC. 391. <<NOTE: 7 USC 5405.>> AGRICULTURAL AIR QUALITY RESEARCH OVERSIGHT.

(a) Findings.--Congress finds that--

(1) various studies have alleged that agriculture is a source of PM-10 emissions;

(2) many of these studies have often been based on erroneous data;

(3) Federal research activities are currently being conducted by the Department of Agriculture to determine the

true extent to which agricultural activities contribute to air pollution and to determine cost-effective ways in which the agricultural industry can reduce any pollution that exists; and

(4) any Federal policy recommendations that may be issued by any Federal agency to address air pollution problems related to agriculture or any other industrial activity should be based on sound scientific findings that are subject to adequate peer review and should take into account economic feasibility.

(b) Purpose.--The purpose of this section is to encourage the Secretary of Agriculture to continue to strengthen vital research efforts related to agricultural air quality.

(c) Oversight Coordination.--

(1) Intergovernmental cooperation.--The Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable with respect to the Department

of Agriculture and other Federal departments and agencies, ensure intergovernmental cooperation in research activities related to agricultural air quality and avoid duplication of the activities.

(2) Correct data.--The Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, ensure that the results of any research related to agricultural air quality conducted by Federal agencies

[[Page 110 STAT. 1026]]

not report erroneous data with respect to agricultural air quality.

(d) Task Force.--

(1) Establishment.--The Chief of the National Resources Conservation Service shall establish a task force to address agricultural air quality issues.

(2) Composition.--The task force shall be comprised of employees of the Department of Agriculture, industry representatives, and other experts in the fields of agriculture and air quality.

(3) Duties.--The task force shall advise the Secretary with respect to the role of the Secretary for providing oversight

and

coordination related to agricultural air quality.

#### TITLE IV--NUTRITION ASSISTANCE

##### SEC. 401. FOOD STAMP PROGRAM.

(a) Disqualification of a Store or Concern.--Section 12(b)(3)(B) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2021(b)(3)(B)) is amended--

(1) by striking the second parenthetical; and

(2) by striking ``; or'' and inserting the following: ``, including evidence that--

``(i) the ownership of the store or food concern was not aware of, did not approve of, did not benefit from, and was not involved in the conduct of the violation; and

``(ii)(I) the management of the store or food concern was not aware of, did not approve of, did not benefit from, and was not involved in the conduct of the violation; or

``(II) the management was aware of, approved of, benefited from, or was involved in the

conduct

of no more than 1 previous violation by the store or food concern; or''.

(b) Employment and Training.--Section 16(h)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025(h)(1)) is amended by striking ``1995'' each place it appears and inserting ``2002''.

(c) Authorization of Pilot Projects.--The last sentence of section 17(b)(1)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2026(b)(1)(A)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''.

(d) Outreach Demonstration Projects.--The first sentence of section 17(j)(1)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2026(j)(1)(A)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''.

(e) Authorization for Appropriations.--The first sentence of section 18(a)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2027(a)(1)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

(f) Reauthorization of Puerto Rico Nutrition Assistance Program.--The first sentence of section 19(a)(1)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2028(a)(1)(A)) is amended by striking ``\$974,000,000'' and all that follows through ``fiscal year 1995'' and inserting ``\$1,143,000,000 for fiscal year 1996, \$1,174,000,000 for fiscal year 1997, \$1,204,000,000 for fiscal year 1998, \$1,236,000,000 for fiscal year 1999, \$1,268,000,000 for fiscal year 2000, \$1,301,000,000 for fiscal year 2001, and \$1,335,000,000 for fiscal year 2002''.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1027]]

(g) American Samoa.--The Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``SEC. 24. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2033. Effective date.>> TERRITORY OF AMERICAN SAMOA.

``Effective October 1, 1995, from amounts made available to carry out this Act, the Secretary shall pay to the Territory of American Samoa not more than \$5,300,000 for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002 to finance 100 percent of the expenditures for the fiscal year for a nutrition assistance program extended under section 601(c) of Public Law 96-597 (48 U.S.C. 1469d(c)).''

(h) Assistance for Community Food Projects.--The Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.) (as amended by subsection (g)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``SEC. 25. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2034.>> ASSISTANCE FOR COMMUNITY FOOD PROJECTS.

``(a) Definition of Community Food Projects.--In this section, the term `community food project' means a community-based project that requires a 1-time infusion of Federal assistance to become self-sustaining and that is designed to--

``(1) meet the food needs of low-income people;

``(2) increase the self-reliance of communities in providing

for their own food needs; and

``(3) promote comprehensive responses to local food, farm, and nutrition issues.

``(b) Authority To Provide Assistance.--

``(1) In general.--From amounts made available to carry out this Act, the Secretary may make grants to assist eligible private nonprofit entities to establish and carry out community food projects.

``(2) Limitation on grants.--The total amount of funds provided as grants under this section may not exceed--

``(A) \$1,000,000 for fiscal year 1996; and

``(B) \$2,500,000 for each of fiscal years 1997 through 2002.

``(c) Eligible Entities.--To be eligible for a grant under subsection (b), a private nonprofit entity must--

``(1) have experience in the area of--

of ``(A) community food work, particularly concerning small and medium-sized farms, including the provision

for food to people in low-income communities and the development of new markets in low-income communities

agricultural producers; or

``(B) job training and business development activities for food-related activities in low-income communities;

provide ``(2) demonstrate competency to implement a project, fiscal accountability, collect data, and prepare reports and other necessary documentation; and

``(3) demonstrate a willingness to share information with researchers, practitioners, and other interested parties.

``(d) Preference for Certain Projects.--In selecting community food projects to receive assistance under subsection (b), the Secretary shall

give a preference to projects designed to--

food ``(1) develop linkages between 2 or more sectors of the system;

``(2) support the development of entrepreneurial projects;

and ``(3) develop innovative linkages between the for-profit nonprofit food sectors; or

[[Page 110 STAT. 1028]]

``(4) encourage long-term planning activities and multi-system, interagency approaches.

``(e) Matching Funds Requirements.--

grant. ``(1) Requirements.--The Federal share of the cost of establishing or carrying out a community food project that receives assistance under subsection (b) may not exceed 50 percent of the cost of the project during the term of the

entity ``(2) Calculation.--In providing for the non-Federal share of the cost of carrying out a community food project, the

receiving the grant shall provide for the share through a payment in cash or in kind, fairly evaluated, including facilities, equipment, or services.

``(3) Sources.--An entity may provide for the non-Federal share through State government, local government, or private sources.

``(f) Term of Grant.--

``(1) Single grant.--A community food project may be supported by only a single grant under subsection (b).  
``(2) Term.--The term of a grant under subsection (b) may not exceed 3 years.

``(g) Technical Assistance and Related Information.--

``(1) Technical assistance.--In carrying out this section, the Secretary may provide technical assistance regarding community food projects, processes, and development to an entity seeking the assistance.

``(2) Sharing Information.--

``(A) In general.--The Secretary may provide for the sharing of information concerning community food projects and issues among and between government, private for-profit and nonprofit groups, and the public through publications, conferences, and other appropriate forums.

``(B) Other interested parties.--The Secretary may share information concerning community food projects with researchers, practitioners, and other interested parties.

``(h) Evaluation.--

``(1) In general.--The Secretary shall provide for the evaluation of the success of community food projects supported using funds under this section.

``(2) Report.--Not later than January 30, 2002, the Secretary shall submit a report to Congress regarding the results of the evaluation.''.

#### SEC. 402. COMMODITY DISTRIBUTION PROGRAM; COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM.

(a) Reauthorization.--The first sentence of section 4(a) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (Public Law 93-86; 7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''.

(b) Funding.--Section 5 of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (Public Law 93-86; 7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a)(2), by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002'';

(2) in subsection (d)(2), by striking ``1995'' and inserting

``2002''; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

[[Page 110 STAT. 1029]]

``(1) Carried-Over Funds.--Not more than 20 percent of any commodity supplemental food program food funds carried over under this section shall be available for administrative expenses of the program.''.

SEC. 403. EMERGENCY FOOD ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

(a) Reauthorization.--The first sentence of section 204(a)(1) of the Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (Public Law 98-8; 7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''.

(b) Program Termination.--Section 212 of the Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (Public Law 98-8; 7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''.

(c) Required Purchases of Commodities.--Section 214 of the Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (Public Law 98-8; 7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended--

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (a), by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''; and

(2) in subsection (e), by striking ``1995'' each place it appears and inserting ``2002''.

SEC. 404. SOUP KITCHEN AND FOOD BANK PROGRAM.

Section 110 of the Hunger Prevention Act of 1988 (Public Law 100-435; 7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended--

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (a), by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''; and

(2) in subsection (c)(2)--

(A) in the paragraph heading, by striking ``1992 through 1995'' and inserting ``Subsequent''; and

(B) by striking ``1995'' each place it appears and inserting ``2002''.

SEC. 405. NATIONAL COMMODITY PROCESSING.

The first sentence of section 1114(a)(2)(A) of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 1431e(2)(A)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''.

TITLE V--AGRICULTURAL PROMOTION

Subtitle A--Commodity Promotion and Evaluation

SEC. 501. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7401.>> COMMODITY PROMOTION AND EVALUATION.

(a) Commodity Promotion Law Defined.--In this section, the term ``commodity promotion law'' means a Federal law that provides for the establishment and operation of a promotion program regarding an agricultural commodity that includes a combination of promotion, research, industry information, or consumer information activities, is funded by mandatory assessments on producers or processors, and is designed to maintain or expand markets and uses for the commodity (as determined by the Secretary). The term includes--

(1) the marketing promotion provisions under section 8c(6)(I) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(6)(I)), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937;

- (2) Public Law 89-502 (7 U.S.C. 2101 et seq.);
- (3) title III of Public Law 91-670 (7 U.S.C. 2611 et seq.);
- (4) Public Law 93-428 (7 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.);
- (5) Public Law 94-294 (7 U.S.C. 2901 et seq.);
- (6) subtitle B of title I of Public Law 98-180 (7 U.S.C. 4501 et seq.);
- (7) Public Law 98-590 (7 U.S.C. 4601 et seq.);
- (8) subtitle B of title XVI of Public Law 99-198 (7 U.S.C. 4801 et seq.);
- (9) subtitle C of title XVI of Public Law 99-198 (7 U.S.C. 4901 et seq.);
- (10) subtitle B of title XIX of Public Law 101-624 (7 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.);
- (11) subtitle E of title XIX of Public Law 101-624 (7 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.);
- (12) subtitle H of title XIX of Public Law 101-624 (7 U.S.C. 6401 et seq.);
- (13) Public Law 103-190 (7 U.S.C. 6801 et seq.);
- (14) Public Law 103-407 (7 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.);
- (15) subtitle B;
- (16) subtitle C;
- (17) subtitle D; or
- (18) subtitle E.

(b) Findings.--Congress finds the following:

(1) It is in the national public interest and vital to the welfare of the agricultural economy of the United States to maintain and expand existing markets and develop new markets

and

uses for agricultural commodities through industry-funded, Government-supervised, generic commodity promotion programs established under commodity promotion laws.

(2) These generic commodity promotion programs, funded by the agricultural producers or processors who most directly reap the benefits of the programs and supervised by the Secretary of Agriculture, provide a unique opportunity for producers and processors to inform consumers about their products.

(3) The central congressional purpose underlying each commodity promotion law has always been to maintain and expand markets for the agricultural commodity covered by the law, rather than to maintain or expand the share of those markets held by any individual producer or processor.

(4) The commodity promotion laws were neither designed nor intended to prohibit or restrict, and the promotion programs established and funded pursuant to these laws do not prohibit

or

restrict, individual advertising or promotion of the covered commodities by any producer, processor, or group of producers

or

processors.

(5) It has never been the intent of Congress for the generic

commodity promotion programs established and funded by the commodity promotion laws to replace the individual advertising

and promotion efforts of producers or processors.

(6) An individual producer's or processor's own advertising initiatives are typically designed to increase the share of the market held by that producer or processor rather than to increase or expand the overall size of the market.

(7) In contrast, a generic commodity promotion program is intended and designed to maintain or increase the overall demand for the agricultural commodity covered by the program

[[Page 110 STAT. 1031]]

and increase the size of the market for that commodity, often by utilizing promotion methods and techniques that individual producers and processors typically are unable, or have no incentive, to employ.

(8) The commodity promotion laws establish promotion programs that operate as ``self-help'' mechanisms for producers and processors to fund generic promotions for covered commodities which, under the required supervision and oversight of the Secretary of Agriculture--

(A) further specific national governmental goals, as established by Congress; and

(B) produce nonideological and commercial communication the purpose of which is to further the governmental policy and objective of maintaining and expanding the markets for the covered commodities.

(9) While some commodity promotion laws grant a producer or processor the option of crediting individual advertising conducted by the producer or processor for all or a portion of the producer's or processor's marketing promotion assessments, all promotion programs established under the commodity promotion

laws, both those programs that permit credit for individual advertising and those programs that do not contain such provisions, are very narrowly tailored to fulfill the congressional purposes of the commodity promotion laws without impairing or infringing the legal or constitutional rights of any individual producer or processor.

(10) These generic commodity promotion programs are of particular benefit to small producers who often lack the resources or market power to advertise on their own and who are otherwise often unable to benefit from the economies of scale available in promotion and advertising.

(11) Periodic independent evaluation of the effectiveness of

these generic commodity promotion programs will assist Congress and the Secretary of Agriculture in ensuring that the objectives of the programs are met.

(c) Independent Evaluation of Promotion Program Effectiveness.-- Except as otherwise provided by law, each commodity board established under the supervision and oversight of the Secretary of Agriculture



pursuant to a commodity promotion law shall, not less often than every 5 years, authorize and fund, from funds otherwise available to the board, an independent evaluation of the effectiveness of the generic commodity promotion programs and other programs conducted by the board pursuant to a commodity promotion law. <<NOTE: Public information.>> The board shall submit to the Secretary, and make available to the public, the results of each periodic independent evaluation conducted under this subsection.

(d) Administrative Costs.--The Secretary shall annually provide to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate information on administrative expenses on programs established under commodity promotion laws.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1032]]

Subtitle B <<NOTE: Commodity Promotion, Research, and Information Act of 1996.>> --Issuance of Orders for Promotion, Research, and Information Activities Regarding Agricultural Commodities

SEC. 511. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7401 note.>> SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the ``Commodity Promotion, Research, and Information Act of 1996''.

SEC. 512. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7411.>> FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

(a) Findings.--Congress finds the following:

(1) The production of agricultural commodities plays a significant role in the economy of the United States. Thousands of producers in the United States are involved in the production

of agricultural commodities, and such commodities are consumed by millions of people throughout the United States and foreign countries.

(2) Agricultural commodities must be of high quality, readily available, handled properly, and marketed efficiently to ensure that consumers have an adequate supply.

(3) The maintenance and expansion of existing markets and the development of new markets for agricultural commodities through generic commodity promotion, research, and information programs are vital to the welfare of persons engaged in the production, marketing, and consumption of such commodities, as well as to the general economy of the United States.

(4) Generic promotion, research, and information activities for agricultural commodities play a unique role in advancing the demand for such commodities, since such activities increase the total market for a product to the benefit of consumers and all producers. These generic activities complement branded advertising initiatives, which are aimed at increasing the

market share of individual competitors, and are of particular benefit to small producers who lack the resources or market power to advertise on their own. These generic activities do

not

impede the branded advertising efforts of individual firms, but instead increase general market demand for an agricultural commodity using methods that individual companies do not have the incentive to employ.

(5) Generic promotion, research, and information activities for agricultural commodities, paid by the producers and others in the industry who reap the benefits of such activities, provide a unique opportunity for producers to inform consumers about a particular agricultural commodity.

(6) It is important to ensure that generic promotion, research, and information activities for agricultural commodities be carried out in an effective and coordinated manner designed to strengthen the position of the commodities

in

the marketplace and to maintain and expand their markets and uses. Independent evaluation of the effectiveness of the

generic

promotion activities of these programs will assist the

Secretary

of Agriculture and Congress in ensuring that these objectives are met.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1033]]

(7) The cooperative development, financing, and implementation of a coordinated national program of research, promotion, and information regarding agricultural commodities are necessary to maintain and expand existing markets and to develop new markets for these commodities.

(8) Agricultural commodities move in interstate and foreign commerce, and agricultural commodities and their products that do not move in such channels of commerce directly burden or affect interstate commerce in agricultural commodities and

their

products.

(9) Commodity promotion programs have the ability to

provide

significant conservation benefits to producers and the public.

(b) Purpose.--The purpose of this subtitle is to authorize the establishment, through the exercise by the Secretary of Agriculture of the authority provided in this subtitle, of an orderly program for developing, financing, and carrying out an effective, continuous, and coordinated program of generic promotion, research, and information regarding agricultural commodities designed to--

(1) strengthen the position of agricultural commodity industries in the marketplace;

(2) maintain and expand existing domestic and foreign markets and uses for agricultural commodities;

(3) develop new markets and uses for agricultural commodities; or

(4) assist producers in meeting their conservation objectives.

(c) Rule of Construction.--Nothing in this subtitle provides for the control of production or otherwise limits the right of any person to produce, handle, or import an agricultural commodity.

SEC. 513. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7412.>> DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle (unless the context otherwise requires):

(1) Agricultural commodity.--The term ``agricultural commodity'' means--

(A) agricultural, horticultural, viticultural, and dairy products;

(B) livestock and the products of livestock;

(C) the products of poultry and bee raising;

(D) the products of forestry;

(E) other commodities raised or produced on farms, as determined appropriate by the Secretary; and

(F) products processed or manufactured from

products

specified in the preceding subparagraphs, as determined appropriate by the Secretary.

(2) Board.--The term ``board'' means a board established under an order issued under section 514.

(3) Conflict of interest.--The term ``conflict of interest''

means a situation in which a member or employee of a board has a

direct or indirect financial interest in a person that performs a service for, or enters into a contract with, a board for anything of economic value.

(4) Department.--The term ``Department'' means the Department of Agriculture.

(5) First handler.--The term ``first handler'' means the first person who buys or takes possession of an agricultural commodity from a producer for marketing. If a producer mar

[[Page 110 STAT. 1034]]

kets the agricultural commodity directly to consumers, the producer shall be considered to be the first handler with respect to the agricultural commodity produced by the producer.

(6) Importer.--The term ``importer'' means any person who imports an agricultural commodity from outside the United

States

for sale in the United States as a principal or as an agent, broker, or consignee of any person.

(7) Information.--The term ``information'' means information

and programs that are designed to increase--

(A) efficiency in processing; and

(B) the development of new markets, marketing strategies, increased marketing efficiency, and activities to enhance the image of agricultural commodities on a national or international basis.

(8) Market.--The term ``market'' means to sell or to otherwise dispose of an agricultural commodity in interstate,

foreign, or intrastate commerce.

(9) Order.--The term ``order'' means an order issued by the Secretary under section 514 that provides for a program of generic promotion, research, and information regarding agricultural commodities designed to--

(A) strengthen the position of agricultural commodity industries in the marketplace;

(B) maintain and expand existing domestic and foreign markets and uses for agricultural commodities;

(C) develop new markets and uses for agricultural commodities; or

(D) assist producers in meeting their conservation objectives.

(10) Person.--The term ``person'' means any individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation, association, cooperative, or any other legal entity.

(11) Producer.--The term ``producer'' means any person who is engaged in the production and sale of an agricultural commodity in the United States and who owns, or shares the ownership and risk of loss of, the agricultural commodity.

(12) Promotion.--The term ``promotion'' means any action taken by a board under an order, including paid advertising, to present a favorable image of an agricultural commodity to the public to improve the competitive position of the agricultural commodity in the marketplace and to stimulate sales of the agricultural commodity.

(13) Research.--The term ``research'' means any type of test, study, or analysis designed to advance the image, desirability, use, marketability, production, product development, or quality of an agricultural commodity.

(14) Secretary.--The term ``Secretary'' means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(15) State.--The term ``State'' means any of the States,

the

District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any territory or possession of the United States.

(16) Suspend.--The term ``suspend'' means to issue a rule under section 553 of title 5, United States Code, to

temporarily

prevent the operation of an order during a particular period of time specified in the rule.

(17) Terminate.--The term ``terminate'' means to issue a rule under section 553 of title 5, United States Code, to

[[Page 110 STAT. 1035]]

cancel permanently the operation of an order beginning on a

date

certain specified in the rule.

(18) United states.--The term ``United States'' means collectively the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the territories and possessions of the United States.

SEC. 514. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7413.>> ISSUANCE OF ORDERS.

(a) Issuance Authorized.--

(1) In general.--To effectuate the purpose of this subtitle, the Secretary may issue, and amend from time to time, orders applicable to--

- (A) the producers of an agricultural commodity;
- (B) the first handlers of the agricultural commodity and other persons in the marketing chain as appropriate;

and

- (C) the importers of the agricultural commodity, if imports of the agricultural commodity are subject to assessment under section 516(f).

(2) National scope.--Each order issued under this section shall be national in scope.

(b) Procedure for Issuance.--

(1) Development or receipt of proposed order.--A proposed order with respect to an agricultural commodity may be--

- (A) prepared by the Secretary at any time; or
- (B) submitted to the Secretary by--
  - (i) an association of producers of the agricultural commodity; or
  - (ii) any other person that may be affected by the issuance of an order with respect to the agricultural commodity.

(2) <<NOTE: Federal Register, publication.>> Consideration of proposed order.--If the Secretary determines that a proposed order is consistent with and will effectuate the purpose of this subtitle, the Secretary shall publish the proposed order in the Federal Register and give due notice and opportunity for public comment on the proposed order.

(3) Existence of other orders.--In deciding whether a proposal for an order is consistent with and will effectuate the purpose of this subtitle, the Secretary may consider the existence of other Federal promotion, research, and information programs or orders issued or developed pursuant to any other law.

(4) Preparation of final order.--After notice and opportunity for public comment under paragraph (2) regarding a proposed order, the Secretary shall take into consideration the comments received in preparing a final order. The Secretary shall ensure that the final order is in conformity with the terms, conditions, and requirements of this subtitle.

(c) Issuance and Effective Date.--If the Secretary determines that the final order developed with respect to an agricultural commodity is consistent with and will effectuate the purpose of this subtitle, the Secretary shall issue the final order. Except in the case of an order for which an initial referendum is conducted under section 518(a), the final order shall be issued and become

effective not later than 270 days after the date of publication of the

proposed order that was the basis for the final order.

(d) Amendments.--From time to time the Secretary may amend any order, consistent with the requirements of section 523.

SEC. 515. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7414.>> REQUIRED TERMS IN ORDERS.

(a) In General.--Each order shall contain the terms and conditions specified in this section.

(b) Board.--

(1) Establishment.--Each order shall establish a board to carry out a program of generic promotion, research, and information regarding the agricultural commodity covered by the order and intended to effectuate the purpose of this subtitle.

(2) Board membership.--

(A) Number of members.--Each board shall consist of the number of members considered by the Secretary, in consultation with the agricultural commodity industry involved, to be appropriate to administer the order. In addition to members, the Secretary may also provide for alternates on the board.

(B) Appointment.--The Secretary shall appoint the members and any alternates of a board from among producers of the agricultural commodity and first handlers and others in the marketing chain as appropriate. If imports of the agricultural commodity covered by an order are subject to assessment under section 516(f), the Secretary shall also appoint importers as members of the board and as alternates if alternates are included on the board. The Secretary may appoint 1 or more members of the general public to each board.

(C) Nominations.--The Secretary may make appointments from nominations made pursuant to the method set forth in the order.

(D) Geographical representation.--To ensure fair

and

equitable representation of the agricultural commodity industry covered by an order, the composition of each board shall reflect the geographical distribution of

the

production of the agricultural commodity involved in

the

United States and the quantity or value of the agricultural commodity imported into the United States.

(3) Reapportionment of board membership.--In accordance

with

rules issued by the Secretary, at least once in each 5-year period, but not more frequently than once in each 3-year

period,

each board shall--

(A) review the geographical distribution in the United States of the production of the agricultural commodity covered by the order involved and the

quantity

or value of the agricultural commodity imported into

the

United States; and

(B) if warranted, recommend to the Secretary the reapportionment of the board membership to reflect changes in the geographical distribution of the production of the agricultural commodity and the quantity or value of the imported agricultural commodity.

(4) Notice.--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1037]]

(A) Vacancies.--Each order shall provide for notice of board vacancies to the agricultural commodity industry involved.

(B) Meetings.--Each board shall provide the Secretary with prior notice of meetings of the board to permit the Secretary, or a designated representative of the Secretary, to attend the meetings.

(5) Term of office.--

(A) In general.--The members and any alternates of

a

board shall each serve for a term of 3 years, except that the members and any alternates initially appointed to a board shall serve for terms of not more than 2, 3, and 4 years, as specified by the order.

(B) Limitation on consecutive terms.--A member or alternate may serve not more than 2 consecutive terms.

(C) Continuation of term.--Notwithstanding subparagraph (B), each member or alternate shall continue to serve until a successor is appointed by the Secretary.

(D) Vacancies.--A vacancy arising before the expiration of a term of office of an incumbent member

or

alternate of a board shall be filled in a manner provided for in the order.

(6) Compensation.--

(A) In general.--Members and any alternates of a board shall serve without compensation.

(B) Travel expenses.--If approved by a board, members or alternates shall be reimbursed for

reasonable

travel expenses, which may include a per diem allowance or actual subsistence incurred while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the board.

(c) Powers and Duties of a Board.--Each order shall specify the powers and duties of the board established under the order, which shall include the power and duty--

and

(1) to administer the order in accordance with its terms conditions and to collect assessments;

(2) to develop and recommend to the Secretary for approval such bylaws as may be necessary for the functioning of the

board

and such rules as may be necessary to administer the order, including activities authorized to be carried out under the

order;

(3) to meet, organize, and select from among the members of the board a chairperson, other officers, and committees and subcommittees, as the board determines to be appropriate;

(4) to employ persons, other than the members, as the board considers necessary to assist the board in carrying out its duties, and to determine the compensation and specify the

duties

of the persons;

(5) subject to subsection (e), to develop and carry out generic promotion, research, and information activities

relating

to the agricultural commodity covered by the order;

(6) to prepare and submit for the approval of the

Secretary,

before the beginning of each fiscal year, rates of assessment under section 517 and an annual budget of the anticipated expenses to be incurred in the administration of the order, including the probable cost of each promotion, research, and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1038]]

information activity proposed to be developed or carried out by the board;

(7) to borrow funds necessary for the startup expenses of the order;

(8) subject to subsection (f), to enter into contracts or agreements to develop and carry out generic promotion,

research,

and information activities relating to the agricultural commodity covered by the order;

(9) to pay the cost of the activities with assessments collected under section 517, earnings from invested

assessments,

and other funds;

(10) <<NOTE: Records.>> to keep records that accurately reflect the actions and transactions of the board, to keep and report minutes of each meeting of the board to the Secretary, and to furnish the Secretary with any information or records

the

Secretary requests;

(11) to receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations of the order; and

(12) to recommend to the Secretary such amendments to the order as the board considers appropriate.

(d) Prohibited Activities.--A board may not engage in, and shall prohibit the employees and agents of the board from engaging in--

(1) any action that would be a conflict of interest;

(2) using funds collected by the board under the order, any action undertaken for the purpose of influencing any

legislation

or governmental action or policy other than recommending to the Secretary amendments to the order; and

(3) any advertising, including promotion, research, and information activities authorized to be carried out under the



order, that may be false or misleading or disparaging to  
another  
agricultural commodity.

(e) Activities and Budgets.--

(1) Activities.--Each order shall require the board established under the order to submit to the Secretary for approval plans and projects for promotion, research, or information relating to the agricultural commodity covered by the order.

(2) Budgets.--

(A) Submission to secretary.--Each order shall require the board established under the order to submit to the Secretary for approval a budget of its anticipated annual expenses and disbursements to be  
paid  
to administer the order. The budget shall be submitted before the beginning of a fiscal year and as frequently as may be necessary after the beginning of the fiscal year.

(B) Reimbursement of secretary.--Each order shall require that the Secretary be reimbursed for all expenses incurred by the Secretary in the implementation, administration, and supervision of the order, including all referenda costs incurred in connection with the order.

(3) Incurring expenses.--A board may incur the expenses described in paragraph (2) and other expenses for the administration, maintenance, and functioning of the board as authorized by the Secretary.

(4) Payment of expenses.--Expenses incurred under paragraph (3) shall be paid by a board using assessments collected under section 517, earnings obtained from assessments, and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1039]]

other income of the board. Any funds borrowed by the board  
shall  
be expended only for startup costs and capital outlays.

(5) Limitation on spending.--For fiscal years beginning 3  
or  
more years after the date of the establishment of a board, the board may not expend for administration (except for reimbursements to the Secretary required under paragraph (2)(B)), maintenance, and functioning of the board in a fiscal year an amount that exceeds 15 percent of the assessment and other income received by the board for the fiscal year.

(f) Contracts and Agreements.--

(1) In general.--Each order shall provide that, with the approval of the Secretary, the board established under the  
order  
may--

(A) enter into contracts and agreements to carry  
out  
generic promotion, research, and information activities relating to the agricultural commodity covered by the

appropriate order, including contracts and agreements with producer associations or other entities as considered by the Secretary; and

(B) pay the cost of approved generic promotion, research, and information activities using assessments collected under section 517, earnings obtained from assessments, and other income of the board.

(2) Requirements.--Each contract or agreement shall provide that any person who enters into the contract or agreement with the board shall--

(A) develop and submit to the board a proposed activity together with a budget that specifies the cost to be incurred to carry out the activity;

(B) <<NOTE: Records.>> keep accurate records of all of its transactions relating to the contract or agreement;

(C) account for funds received and expended in connection with the contract or agreement;

(D) make periodic reports to the board of activities conducted under the contract or agreement; and

(E) make such other reports as the board or the Secretary considers relevant.

(g) Records of Board.--

(1) In general.--Each order shall require the board established under the order--

(A) to maintain such records as the Secretary may require and to make the records available to the Secretary for inspection and audit;

(B) to collect and submit to the Secretary, at any time the Secretary may specify, any information the Secretary may request; and

(C) to account for the receipt and disbursement of all funds in the possession, or under the control, of the board.

(2) Audits.--Each order shall require the board established under the order to have--

at (A) its records audited by an independent auditor the end of each fiscal year; and

(B) <<NOTE: Reports.>> a report of the audit submitted directly to the Secretary.

(h) Periodic Evaluation.--In accordance with section 501(c), each order shall require the board established under the order

[[Page 110 STAT. 1040]]

to provide for the independent evaluation of all generic promotion, research, and information activities undertaken under the order.

(i) Books and Records of Persons Covered by Order.--

(1) In general.--Each order shall require that producers, first handlers and other persons in the marketing chain as appropriate, and importers covered by the order shall--

compliance

(A) maintain records sufficient to ensure

with the order and regulations;

(B) submit to the board established under the order any information required by the board to carry out its responsibilities under the order; and

(C) make the records described in subparagraph (A) available, during normal business hours, for inspection by employees or agents of the board or the Department, including any records necessary to verify information required under subparagraph (B).

(2) Time requirement.--Any record required to be maintained under paragraph (1) shall be maintained for such time period as the Secretary may prescribe.

(3) Other information.--The Secretary may use, and may authorize the board to use under this subtitle, information regarding persons subject to an order that is collected by the Department under any other law.

(4) Confidentiality of information.--

(A) In general.--Except as otherwise provided in this subtitle, all information obtained under paragraph (1) or as part of a referendum under section 518 shall be kept confidential by all officers, employees, and agents of the Department and of the board.

(B) Disclosure.--Information referred to in subparagraph (A) may be disclosed only if--

(i) the Secretary considers the information relevant; and

(ii) the information is revealed in a

judicial

proceeding or administrative hearing brought at the direction or on the request of the Secretary or to which the Secretary or any officer of the Department is a party.

(C) Other exceptions.--This paragraph shall not prohibit--

(i) the issuance of general statements based on reports or on information relating to a number of persons subject to an order if the statements do not identify the information furnished by any person; or

(ii) the publication, by direction of the Secretary, of the name of any person violating

any

order and a statement of the particular

provisions

of the order violated by the person.

(D) Penalty.--Any person who willfully violates

this

subsection shall be subject, on conviction, to a fine

of

not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both.

(5) Withholding information.--This subsection shall not authorize the withholding of information from Congress.

SEC. 516. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7415.>> PERMISSIVE TERMS IN ORDERS.

(a) Exemptions.--An order issued under this subtitle may contain--  
any

(1) authority for the Secretary to exempt from the order  
de minimis quantity of an agricultural commodity otherwise  
covered by the order; and

(2) authority for the board established under the order to  
require satisfactory safeguards against improper use of the  
exemption.

(b) Different Payment and Reporting Schedules.--An order issued  
under this subtitle may contain authority for the board established  
under the order to designate different payment and reporting schedules  
to recognize differences in agricultural commodity industry marketing  
practices and procedures used in different production and importing  
areas.

(c) Activities.--An order issued under this subtitle may contain  
authority to develop and carry out research, promotion, and information  
activities designed to expand, improve, or make more efficient the  
marketing or use of the agricultural commodity covered by the order in  
domestic and foreign markets. Section 515(e) shall apply with respect  
to  
activities authorized under this subsection.

(d) Reserve Funds.--An order issued under this subtitle may contain  
authority to reserve funds from assessments collected under section 517  
to permit an effective and continuous coordinated program of research,  
promotion, and information in years when the yield from assessments may  
be reduced, except that the amount of funds reserved may not exceed the  
greatest aggregate amount of the anticipated disbursements specified in  
budgets approved under section 515(e) by the Secretary for any 2 fiscal  
years.

(e) Credits.--

(1) Generic activities.--An order issued under this  
subtitle

may contain authority to provide credits of assessments for  
those individuals who contribute to other similar generic  
research, promotion, and information programs at the State,  
regional, or local level.

(2) Branded activities.--

(A) In general.--The Secretary may permit a farmer  
cooperative that engages in branded activities relating  
to the marketing of the products of members of the  
cooperative to receive an annual credit for the  
activities and related expenditures in the form of a  
deduction of the total cost of the activities and  
related expenditures from the amount of any assessment  
that would otherwise be required to be paid by the  
producer members of the cooperative under an order  
issued under this subtitle.

(B) Election by cooperative.--A farmer cooperative  
may elect to voluntarily waive the application of  
subparagraph (A) to the cooperative.

(f) Assessment of Imports.--An order issued under this subtitle may  
contain authority for the board established under the order to assess

under section 517 an imported agricultural commodity, or products of such an agricultural commodity, at a rate comparable to the rate determined by the appropriate board for the domestic agricultural commodity covered by the order.

(g) Other Authority.--An order issued under this subtitle may contain authority to take any other action that--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1042]]

(1) is not inconsistent with the purpose of this subtitle, any term or condition specified in section 515, or any rule issued to carry out this subtitle; and

(2) is necessary to administer the order.

SEC. 517. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7416.>> ASSESSMENTS.

(a) Assessments Authorized.--While an order issued under this subtitle is in effect with respect to an agricultural commodity, assessments shall be--

(1) paid by first handlers with respect to the agricultural commodity produced and marketed in the United States; and

(2) paid by importers with respect to the agricultural commodity imported into the United States, if the imported agricultural commodity is covered by the order pursuant to section 516(f).

(b) Collection.--Assessments required under an order shall be remitted to the board established under the order at the time and in the manner prescribed by the order.

(c) Limitation on Assessments.--Not more than 1 assessment may be levied on a first handler or importer under subsection (a) with respect to any agricultural commodity.

(d) Assessment Rates.--The board shall recommend to the Secretary 1 or more rates of assessment to be levied under subsection (a). If approved by the Secretary, the rates shall take effect. An order may provide that an assessment rate may not be increased unless approved by a referendum conducted pursuant to section 518.

(e) Late-Payment and Interest Charges.--

(1) In general.--Late-payment and interest charges may be levied on each person subject to an order who fails to remit an assessment in accordance with subsection (b).

(2) Rate.--The rate for the charges shall be specified by the Secretary.

(f) Investment of Assessments.--Pending disbursement of assessments under a budget approved by the Secretary, a board may invest assessments

collected under this section in--

(1) obligations of the United States or any agency of the United States;

(2) general obligations of any State or any political subdivision of a State;

(3) interest-bearing accounts or certificates of deposit of financial institutions that are members of the Federal Reserve System; or

(4) obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and

interest by the United States.

(g) Refund of Assessments From Escrow Account.--

(1) Escrow account.--During the period beginning on the effective date of an order and ending on the date the Secretary announces the results of a referendum that is conducted under section 518(b)(1) with respect to the order, the board established under the order shall--

refund

(A) establish and maintain an escrow account of the kind described in subsection (f)(3) to be used to

assessments; and

(B) deposit funds in the account in accordance with paragraph (2).

[[Page 110 STAT. 1043]]

(2) Amount to be deposited.--The board shall deposit in the account an amount equal to 10 percent of the assessments collected during the period referred to in paragraph (1).

(3) Right to receive refund.--Subject to paragraphs (4), (5), and (6), persons subject to an order shall be eligible to demand a refund of assessments collected during the period referred to in paragraph (1) if--

(A) the assessments were remitted on behalf of the person; and

(B) the order is not approved in the referendum.

(4) Form of demand.--The demand for a refund shall be made at such time and in such form as specified by the order.

(5) Payment of refund.--A person entitled to a refund shall be paid promptly after the board receives satisfactory proof that the assessment for which the refund is demanded was paid

on

behalf of the person who makes the demand.

(6) Proration.--If the funds in the escrow account required by paragraph (1) are insufficient to pay the amount of all refunds that persons subject to an order otherwise would have a right to receive under this subsection, the board shall prorate the amount of the funds among all the persons.

(7) Closing of escrow account.--If the order is approved in a referendum conducted under section 518(b)(1)--

(A) the escrow account shall be closed; and

(B) the funds shall be available to the board for disbursement as authorized in the order.

SEC. 518. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7417.>> REFERENDA.

(a) Initial Referendum.--

(1) Optional referendum.--For the purpose of ascertaining whether the persons to be covered by an order favor the order going into effect, the order may provide for the Secretary to conduct an initial referendum among persons to be subject to an assessment under section 517 who, during a representative

period

determined by the Secretary, engaged in--

(A) the production or handling of the agricultural commodity covered by the order; or

(B) the importation of the agricultural commodity.

(2) Procedure.--The results of the referendum shall be determined in accordance with subsection (e). The Secretary may require that the agricultural commodity industry involved post

a

bond or other collateral to cover the cost of the referendum.

(b) Required Referenda.--

the

(1) In general.--For the purpose of ascertaining whether

persons covered by an order favor the continuation, suspension, or termination of the order, the Secretary shall conduct a referendum among persons subject to assessments under section 517 who, during a representative period determined by the Secretary, have engaged in--

(A) the production or handling of the agricultural commodity covered by the order; or

(B) the importation of the agricultural commodity.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1044]]

(2) Time for referendum.--The referendum shall be conducted not later than 3 years after assessments first begin under the order.

(3) Exception.--This subsection shall not apply if an initial referendum was conducted under subsection (a).

(c) Subsequent Referenda.--The Secretary shall conduct a subsequent referendum--

(1) not later than 7 years after assessments first begin under the order;

order;  
(2) at the request of the board established under the

or

(3) at the request of 10 percent or more of the number of persons eligible to vote under subsection (b)(1);

to determine if the persons favor the continuation, suspension, or termination of the order.

(d) Other Referenda.--The Secretary may conduct a referendum at any time to determine whether the continuation, suspension, or termination of the order or a provision of the order is favored by persons eligible to vote under subsection (b)(1).

(e) Approval of Order.--An order may provide for its approval in a referendum--

(1) by a majority of those persons voting;

(2) by persons voting for approval who represent a majority of the volume of the agricultural commodity; or

(3) by a majority of those persons voting for approval who also represent a majority of the volume of the agricultural commodity.

(f) Costs of Referenda.--The board established under an order with respect to which a referendum is conducted under this section shall reimburse the Secretary for any expenses incurred by the Secretary to conduct the referendum.

(g) Manner of Conducting Referenda.--

(1) In general.--A referendum conducted under this section shall be conducted in the manner determined by the Secretary to be appropriate.

(2) Advance registration.--If the Secretary determines that an advance registration of eligible voters in a referendum is necessary before the voting period in order to facilitate the conduct of the referendum, the Secretary may institute the advance registration procedures by mail, or in person through the use of national and local offices of the Department.

(3) Voting.--Eligible voters may vote by mail ballot in the referendum or in person if so prescribed by the Secretary.

(4) Notice.--Not later than 30 days before a referendum is conducted under this section with respect to an order, the Secretary shall notify the agricultural commodity industry involved, in such manner as determined by the Secretary, of the period during which voting in the referendum will occur. The notice shall explain any registration and voting procedures established under this subsection.

SEC. 519. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7418.>> PETITION AND REVIEW OF ORDERS.

(a) Petition.--

(1) In general.--A person subject to an order issued under this subtitle may file with the Secretary a petition--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1045]]

(A) stating that the order, any provision of the order, or any obligation imposed in connection with the order, is not established in accordance with law; and

(B) requesting a modification of the order or an exemption from the order.

(2) Hearing.--The Secretary shall give the petitioner an opportunity for a hearing on the petition, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary.

(3) Ruling.--After the hearing, the Secretary shall make a ruling on the petition. The ruling shall be final, subject to review as set forth in subsection (b).

(4) Limitation on petition.--Any petition filed under this subsection challenging an order, any provision of the order, or any obligation imposed in connection with the order, shall be filed within 2 years after the effective date of the order, provision, or obligation subject to challenge in the petition.

(b) Review.--

(1) <<NOTE: Courts.>> Commencement of action.--The district

court of the United States for any district in which a person who is a petitioner under subsection (a) resides or carries on business shall have jurisdiction to review the final ruling on the petition of the person, if a complaint for that purpose is filed not later than 20 days after the date of the entry of the final ruling by the Secretary under subsection (a)(3).

made (2) Process.--Service of process in a proceeding may be

on the Secretary by delivering a copy of the complaint to the Secretary.



(3) Remands.--If the court determines that the ruling is not in accordance with law, the court shall remand the matter to the

Secretary with directions--

(A) to make such ruling as the court determines to be in accordance with law; or

(B) to take such further action as, in the opinion of the court, the law requires.

(c) Effect on Enforcement Proceedings.--The pendency of a petition filed under subsection (a) or an action commenced under subsection (b) shall not operate as a stay of any action authorized by section 520 to be taken to enforce this subtitle, including any rule, order, or penalty in effect under this subtitle.

SEC. 520. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7419.>> ENFORCEMENT.

(a) <<NOTE: Courts.>> Jurisdiction.--The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction specifically to enforce, and to prevent and restrain a person from violating, an order or regulation issued under this subtitle.

(b) Referral to Attorney General.--A civil action authorized to be brought under this section shall be referred to the Attorney General for appropriate action, except that the Secretary shall not be required to refer to the Attorney General a violation of this subtitle if the Secretary believes that the administration and enforcement of this subtitle would be adequately served by providing a suitable written notice or warning to the person who committed the violation or by an administrative action under this section.

(c) Civil Penalties and Orders.--

(1) Civil penalties.--A person who willfully violates an order or regulation issued by the Secretary under this Act

[[Page 110 STAT. 1046]]

may be assessed by the Secretary a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$10,000 for each violation.

(2) Separate offense.--Each violation and each day during which there is a failure to comply with an order or regulation issued by the Secretary shall be considered to be a separate offense.

(3) Cease-and-desist orders.--In addition to, or in lieu of, a civil penalty, the Secretary may issue an order requiring a person to cease and desist from violating the order or regulation.

(4) Notice and hearing.--No order assessing a penalty or cease-and-desist order may be issued by the Secretary under this subsection unless the Secretary provides notice and an opportunity for a hearing on the record with respect to the violation.

(5) Finality.--An order assessing a penalty or a cease-and-

desist order issued under this subsection by the Secretary shall be final and conclusive unless the person against whom the order is issued files an appeal from the order with the United States court of appeals, as provided in subsection (d).

(d) Review by Court of Appeals.--

(1) In general.--A person against whom an order is issued under subsection (c) may obtain review of the order by--

(A) filing, not later than 30 days after the person receives notice of the order, a notice of appeal in--

(i) the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which the person resides or carries on business; or  
(ii) the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit; and  
(B) simultaneously sending a copy of the notice of appeal by certified mail to the Secretary.

(2) Record.--The Secretary shall file with the court a certified copy of the record on which the Secretary has determined that the person has committed a violation.

(3) Standard of review.--A finding of the Secretary under this section shall be set aside only if the finding is found to be unsupported by substantial evidence on the record.

(e) Failure To Obey Cease-and-Desist Orders.--A person who fails to obey a valid cease-and-desist order issued by the Secretary under this section, after an opportunity for a hearing, shall be subject to a civil penalty assessed by the Secretary of not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$10,000 for each offense. Each day during which the failure continues shall be considered to be a separate violation of the cease-and-desist order.

(f) Failure To Pay Penalties.--If a person fails to pay a civil penalty imposed under this section by the Secretary, the Secretary shall refer the matter to the Attorney General for recovery of the amount assessed in the district court of the United States for any district in which the person resides or carries on business. In the action, the validity and appropriateness of the order imposing the civil penalty shall not be subject to review.

(g) Additional Remedies.--The remedies provided in this section shall be in addition to, and not exclusive of, other remedies that may be available.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1047]]

SEC. 521. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7420.>> INVESTIGATIONS AND POWER TO SUBPOENA.

(a) Investigations.--The Secretary may make such investigations as the Secretary considers necessary--

(1) for the effective administration of this subtitle; or

(2) to determine whether any person subject to this subtitle has engaged, or is about to engage, in any action that

constitutes or will constitute a violation of this subtitle or any order or regulation issued under this subtitle.

(b) Subpoenas, Oaths, and Affirmations.--For the purpose of any investigation under subsection (a), the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel the attendance of witnesses, take evidence, and require the production of any records or documents that are relevant to the inquiry. The attendance of witnesses and the production of records or documents may be required from any place in the United States.

(c) Aid of Courts.--In the case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to, any person, the Secretary may invoke the aid of any court of the United States within the jurisdiction of which the investigation or proceeding is carried on, or where the person resides or carries on business, in order to require the attendance and testimony of the person or the production of records or documents. The court may issue an order requiring the person to appear before the Secretary to produce records or documents or to give testimony regarding the matter under investigation.

(d) Contempt.--Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt of the court.

(e) Process.--Process in any case under this section may be served in the judicial district in which the person resides or carries on business or wherever the person may be found.

SEC. 522. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7421.>> SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION.

(a) Mandatory Suspension or Termination.--The Secretary shall suspend or terminate an order or a provision of an order if the Secretary finds that an order or a provision of an order obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the purpose of this subtitle, or if the Secretary determines that the order or a provision of an order is not favored by persons voting in a referendum conducted under section 518.

(b) Implementation of Suspension or Termination.--If, as a result of a referendum conducted under section 518, the Secretary determines that an order is not approved, the Secretary shall--

(1) not later than 180 days after making the determination, suspend or terminate, as the case may be, collection of assessments under the order; and

(2) as soon as practicable, suspend or terminate, as the case may be, activities under the order in an orderly manner.

SEC. 523. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7422.>> AMENDMENTS TO ORDERS.

The provisions of this subtitle applicable to an order shall be applicable to any amendment to an order, except that section 518 shall not apply to an amendment.

SEC. 524. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7423.>> EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.

This subtitle shall not affect or preempt any other Federal or State law authorizing promotion or research relating to an agricultural commodity.

SEC. 525. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7424.>> REGULATIONS.

The Secretary may issue such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this subtitle and the power vested in the Secretary under this subtitle.

SEC. 526. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7425.>> AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) In General.--There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this subtitle.

(b) Limitation on Expenditures for Administrative Expenses.--Funds appropriated to carry out this subtitle may not be expended for the payment of expenses incurred by a board to administer an order.

Subtitle C-- <<NOTE: Canola and Rapeseed Research, Promotion, and Consumer Information Act.>> Canola and Rapeseed

SEC. 531. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7401 note.>> SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the ``Canola and Rapeseed Research, Promotion, and Consumer Information Act''.

SEC. 532. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7441.>> FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY.

(a) Findings.--Congress finds that--

(1) canola and rapeseed products are an important and nutritious part of the human diet;

(2) the production of canola and rapeseed products plays a significant role in the economy of the United States in that--

(A) canola and rapeseed products are produced by thousands of canola and rapeseed producers and

processed

by numerous processing entities; and

(B) canola and rapeseed products produced in the United States are consumed by people throughout the United States and foreign countries;

(3) canola, rapeseed, and canola and rapeseed products should be readily available and marketed efficiently to ensure that consumers have an adequate supply of canola and rapeseed products at a reasonable price;

(4) the maintenance and expansion of existing markets and development of new markets for canola, rapeseed, and canola and rapeseed products are vital to the welfare of canola and rapeseed producers and processors and those persons concerned with marketing canola, rapeseed, and canola and rapeseed products, as well as to the general economy of the United States, and are necessary to ensure the ready availability and efficient marketing of canola, rapeseed, and canola and

rapeseed

products;

(5) there exist established State and national

organizations

conducting canola and rapeseed research, promotion, and

consumer

education programs that are valuable to the efforts of promoting the consumption of canola, rapeseed, and canola and rapeseed products;

(6) the cooperative development, financing, and implementation of a coordinated national program of canola and rapeseed research, promotion, consumer information, and industry information is necessary to maintain and expand existing markets and develop new markets for canola, rapeseed, and canola and rapeseed products; and

(7) canola, rapeseed, and canola and rapeseed products move in interstate and foreign commerce, and canola, rapeseed,

[[Page 110 STAT. 1049]]

and canola and rapeseed products that do not move in interstate or foreign commerce directly burden or affect interstate commerce in canola, rapeseed, and canola and rapeseed products.

(b) Policy.--It is the policy of this subtitle to establish an orderly procedure for developing, financing through assessments on domestically produced canola and rapeseed, and implementing a program of research, promotion, consumer information, and industry information designed to strengthen the position in the marketplace of the canola and rapeseed industry, to maintain and expand existing domestic and foreign markets and uses for canola, rapeseed, and canola and rapeseed products, and to develop new markets and uses for canola, rapeseed, and canola and rapeseed products.

(c) Construction.--Nothing in this subtitle provides for the control of production or otherwise limits the right of individual producers to produce canola, rapeseed, or canola or rapeseed products.

SEC. 533. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7442.>> DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle (unless the context otherwise requires):

(1) Board.--The term ``Board'' means the National Canola and

Rapeseed Board established under section 535(b).

(2) Canola; rapeseed.--The terms ``canola'' and ``rapeseed'' mean any brassica plant grown in the United States for the production of an oilseed, the oil of which is used for a food or nonfood use.

(3) Canola or rapeseed product.--The term ``canola or rapeseed product'' means a product produced, in whole or in part, from canola or rapeseed.

(4) Commerce.--The term ``commerce'' includes interstate, foreign, and intrastate commerce.

(5) Conflict of interest.--The term ``conflict of interest'' means a situation in which a member of the Board has a direct or indirect financial interest in a corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, joint venture, or other business entity dealing directly or indirectly with the Board.

(6) Consumer information.--The term ``consumer information'' means information that will assist consumers and other persons in making evaluations and decisions regarding the purchase, preparation, and use of canola, rapeseed, or canola or rapeseed products.

(7) Department.--The term ``Department'' means the Department of Agriculture.

(8) First purchaser.--The term ``first purchaser'' means--  
(A) except as provided in subparagraph (B), a person who buys or otherwise acquires canola, rapeseed, or canola or rapeseed products produced by a producer; or  
(B) the Commodity Credit Corporation, in a case in which canola or rapeseed is forfeited to the Commodity Credit Corporation as collateral for a loan issued under a price support loan program administered by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

(9) Industry information.--The term ``industry information'' means information or a program that will lead to the development of new markets, new marketing strategies, or increased efficiency for the canola and rapeseed industry, or an activity to enhance the image of the canola or rapeseed industry.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1050]]

(10) Industry member.--The term ``industry member'' means a member of the canola and rapeseed industry who represents--  
(A) manufacturers of canola or rapeseed products; or  
(B) persons who commercially buy or sell canola or rapeseed.

(11) Marketing.--The term ``marketing'' means the sale or other disposition of canola, rapeseed, or canola or rapeseed products in a channel of commerce.

(12) Order.--The term ``order'' means an order issued under section 534.

(13) Person.--The term ``person'' means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, cooperative, or any other legal entity.

(14) Producer.--The term ``producer'' means a person engaged in the growing of canola or rapeseed in the United States who owns, or who shares the ownership and risk of loss of, the canola or rapeseed.

(15) Promotion.--The term ``promotion'' means an action,

including paid advertising, technical assistance, or a trade servicing activity, to enhance the image or desirability of canola, rapeseed, or canola or rapeseed products in domestic

and

foreign markets, or an activity designed to communicate to consumers, processors, wholesalers, retailers, government officials, or other persons information relating to the

positive

attributes of canola, rapeseed, or canola or rapeseed products or the benefits of use or distribution of canola, rapeseed, or canola or rapeseed products.

(16) Research.--The term ``research'' means any type of test, study, or analysis to advance the image, desirability, marketability, production, product development, quality, or functional or nutritional value of canola, rapeseed, or canola or rapeseed products, including research activity designed to identify and analyze barriers to export sales of canola or rapeseed produced in the United States.

(17) Secretary.--The term ``Secretary'' means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(18) State.--The term ``State'' means any of the 50

States,

the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

(19) United states.--The term ``United States'' means collectively the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

SEC. 534. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7443.>> ISSUANCE AND AMENDMENT OF ORDERS.

(a) In General.--Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary shall issue 1 or more orders under this subtitle applicable to producers and first purchasers of canola, rapeseed, or canola or rapeseed products. The order shall be national in scope. Not more than 1 order shall be in effect under this subtitle at any 1 time.

(b) Procedure.--

(1) Proposal or request for issuance.--The Secretary may propose the issuance of an order under this subtitle, or an association of canola and rapeseed producers or any other

person

that would be affected by an order issued pursuant to this subtitle may request the issuance of, and submit a proposal

for,

an order.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1051]]

(2) <<NOTE: Publication.>> Notice and comment concerning proposed order.--Not later than 60 days after the receipt of a request and proposal for an order pursuant to paragraph (1), or whenever the Secretary determines to propose an order, the Secretary shall publish a proposed order and give due notice

and

opportunity for public comment on the proposed order.

(3) Issuance of order.--After notice and opportunity for public comment are given as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall issue an order, taking into consideration the comments received and including in the order provisions

necessary to ensure that the order is in conformity with the requirements of this subtitle. <<NOTE: Effective date.>> The order shall be issued and become effective not later than 180 days following publication of the proposed order.

(c) Amendments.--The Secretary may amend an order issued under this section.

SEC. 535. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7444.>> REQUIRED TERMS IN ORDERS.

(a) In General.--An order issued under this subtitle shall contain the terms and conditions specified in this section.

(b) Establishment and Membership of the National Canola and Rapeseed Board.--

(1) In general.--The order shall provide for the establishment of, and appointment of members to, a National Canola and Rapeseed Board to administer the order.

(2) Service to entire industry.--The Board shall carry out programs and projects that will provide maximum benefit to the canola and rapeseed industry in all parts of the United States and only promote canola, rapeseed, or canola or rapeseed products.

(3) Board membership.--The Board shall consist of 15 members, including--

(A) 11 members who are producers, including--

(i) 1 member from each of the 6 geographic regions comprised of States where canola or rapeseed is produced, as determined by the Secretary; and

(ii) 5 members from the geographic regions referred to in clause (i), allocated according to the production in each region; and

(B) 4 members who are industry members, including

at

least--

(i) 1 member who represents manufacturers of canola or rapeseed end products; and

(ii) 1 member who represents persons who commercially buy or sell canola or rapeseed.

(4) Limitation on state residence.--There shall be no more than 4 producer members of the Board from any 1 State.

(5) Modifying board membership.--In accordance with regulations approved by the Secretary, at least once each 3 years and not more than once each 2 years, the Board shall review the geographic distribution of canola and rapeseed production throughout the United States and, if warranted, recommend to the Secretary that the Secretary--

(A) reapportion regions in order to reflect the geographic distribution of canola and rapeseed production; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1052]]

(B) reapportion the seats on the Board to reflect the production in each region.

(6) Certification of organizations.--



(A) In general.--For the purposes of section 536, the eligibility of any State organization to represent producers shall be certified by the Secretary.

State  
history

(B) Criteria.--The Secretary shall certify any organization that the Secretary determines has a history of stability and permanency and meets at least 1 of the following criteria:

(i) Majority representation.--The total paid membership of the organization--

(I) is comprised of at least a majority of canola or rapeseed producers; or

(II) represents at least a majority of the canola or rapeseed producers in the State.

(ii) Substantial number of producers represented.--The organization represents a substantial number of producers that produce a substantial quantity of canola or rapeseed in the State.

(iii) Purpose.--The organization is a general farm or agricultural organization that has as a stated objective the promotion and development of the United States canola or rapeseed industry and the economic welfare of United States canola or rapeseed producers.

(C) Report.--The Secretary shall make a certification under this paragraph on the basis of a factual report submitted by the State organization.

(7) Terms of office.--

appointed

(A) In general.--A member of the Board shall serve for a term of 3 years, except that the members

to the initial Board shall serve, proportionately, for terms of 1, 2, and 3 years, as determined by the Secretary.

(B) Limitation on terms.--No individual may serve more than 2 consecutive 3-year terms as a member.

(C) Termination of terms.--Notwithstanding subparagraph (B), each member shall continue to serve until a successor is appointed by the Secretary.

without

(8) Compensation.--A member of the Board shall serve

without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for necessary and reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of duties for and approved by the Board.

(c) Powers and Duties of the Board.--The order shall define the powers and duties of the Board, which shall include the power and duty-

and

(1) to administer the order in accordance with the terms and conditions of the order;

(2) to issue regulations to effectuate the terms and conditions of the order;

(3) to meet, organize, and select from among members of the Board a chairperson, other officers, and committees and subcommittees, as the Board determines appropriate;

(4) to establish working committees of persons other than Board members;

the  
and  
(5) to employ such persons, other than Board members, as Board considers necessary, and to determine the compensation and define the duties of the persons;

[[Page 110 STAT. 1053]]

(6) to prepare and submit for the approval of the Secretary, when appropriate or necessary, a recommended rate of assessment under section 536, and a fiscal period budget of the anticipated

expenses in the administration of the order, including the probable costs of all programs and projects;

(7) to develop programs and projects, subject to subsection (d);

of  
(8) to enter into contracts or agreements, subject to subsection (e), to develop and carry out programs or projects research, promotion, industry information, and consumer information;

(9) to carry out research, promotion, industry information, and consumer information projects, and to pay the costs of the projects with assessments collected under section 536;

(10) to keep minutes, books, and records that reflect the actions and transactions of the Board, and promptly report minutes of each Board meeting to the Secretary;

(11) to appoint and convene, from time to time, working committees comprised of producers, industry members, and the public to assist in the development of research, promotion, industry information, and consumer information programs for canola, rapeseed, and canola and rapeseed products;

(12) to invest, pending disbursement under a program or project, funds collected through assessments authorized under section 536, or funds earned from investments, only in--

of  
(A) obligations of the United States or an agency the United States;

(B) general obligations of a State or a political subdivision of a State;

(C) an interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit of a bank that is a member of the Federal Reserve System; or

and  
(D) obligations fully guaranteed as to principal interest by the United States;

(13) to receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations of the order;

(14) to furnish the Secretary with such information as the Secretary may request;

(15) to recommend to the Secretary amendments to the order;

(16) to develop and recommend to the Secretary for approval such regulations as may be necessary for the development and execution of programs or projects, or as may otherwise be necessary, to carry out the order; and

(17) to provide the Secretary with advance notice of meetings.

(d) Programs and Budgets.--

(1) Submission to secretary.--The order shall provide that the Board shall submit to the Secretary for approval any program

or project of research, promotion, consumer information, or industry information. No program or project shall be implemented

prior to approval by the Secretary.

(2) Budgets.--The order shall require the Board, prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, or as may be necessary after the beginning of a fiscal year, to submit to the Secretary for approval budgets of anticipated expenses and disbursements in the implementation of the order, including projected costs

[[Page 110 STAT. 1054]]

of research, promotion, consumer information, and industry information programs and projects.

(3) Incurring expenses.--The Board may incur such expenses for programs or projects of research, promotion, consumer information, or industry information, and other expenses for the

administration, maintenance, and functioning of the Board as may

be authorized by the Secretary, including any implementation, administrative, and referendum costs incurred by the Department.

(4) Paying expenses.--The funds to cover the expenses referred to in paragraph (3) shall be paid by the Board from assessments collected under section 536 or funds borrowed pursuant to paragraph (5).

(5) Authority to borrow.--To meet the expenses referred to in paragraph (3), the Board shall have the authority to borrow funds, as approved by the Secretary, for capital outlays and startup costs.

(e) Contracts and Agreements.--

(1) In general.--To ensure efficient use of funds, the order

shall provide that the Board may enter into a contract or agreement for the implementation and carrying out of a program or project of canola, rapeseed, or canola or rapeseed products research, promotion, consumer information, or industry information, including a contract with a producer organization, and for the payment of the costs with funds received by the Board under the order.

(2) Requirements.--A contract or agreement under paragraph (1) shall provide that--

(A) the contracting party shall develop and submit

budget

to the Board a program or project together with a

that shall show the estimated costs to be incurred for the program or project;

(B) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> the program or project shall become effective on the approval of the Secretary; and

(C) <<NOTE: Records. Reports.>> the contracting party shall keep accurate records of all transactions, account for funds received and expended, make periodic reports to the Board of activities conducted, and make such other reports as the Board or the Secretary may require.

(3) Producer organizations.--The order shall provide that the Board may contract with a producer organization for any services required in addition to the services described in paragraph (1). The contract shall include provisions comparable to the provisions required by paragraph (2).

(f) Books and Records of the Board.--

(1) In general.--The order shall require the Board to--

(A) maintain such books and records (which shall be available to the Secretary for inspection and audit) as the Secretary may prescribe;

(B) <<NOTE: Reports.>> prepare and submit to the Secretary, from time to time, such reports as the Secretary may prescribe; and

(C) account for the receipt and disbursement of all funds entrusted to the Board.

(2) <<NOTE: Reports.>> Audits.--The Board shall cause the books and records of the Board to be audited by an independent auditor at the end of each fiscal year, and a report of the audit to be submitted to the Secretary.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1055]]

(g) Prohibition.--

(1) In general.--Subject to paragraph (2), the Board shall not engage in any action to, nor shall any funds received by

the

Board under this subtitle be used to--

(A) influence legislation or governmental action;

(B) engage in an action that would be a conflict of interest;

(C) engage in advertising that is false or misleading; or

(D) engage in promotion that would disparage other commodities.

(2) Action permitted.--Paragraph (1) does not preclude--

(A) the development and recommendation of

amendments

to the order;

(B) the communication to appropriate government officials of information relating to the conduct, implementation, or results of promotion, research, consumer information, or industry information

activities

under the order; or  
(C) any action designed to market canola or rapeseed products directly to a foreign government or political subdivision of a foreign government.

(h) Books and Records.--  
(1) In general.--The order shall require that each producer, first purchaser, or industry member shall--  
(A) maintain and submit to the Board any reports considered necessary by the Secretary to ensure compliance with this subtitle; and  
(B) make available during normal business hours, for inspection by employees of the Board or Secretary, such books and records as are necessary to carry out this subtitle, including such records as are necessary to verify any required reports.

(2) Confidentiality.--  
(A) In general.--Except as otherwise provided in this subtitle, all information obtained from books, records, or reports required to be maintained under paragraph (1) shall be kept confidential, and shall not be disclosed to the public by any person.  
(B) Disclosure.--Information referred to in subparagraph (A) may be disclosed to the public if--  
(i) the Secretary considers the information relevant;  
(ii) the information is revealed in a suit or administrative hearing brought at the direction or on the request of the Secretary or to which the Secretary or any officer of the Department is a party; and  
(iii) the information relates to this subtitle.

(C) Misconduct.--A knowing disclosure of confidential information in violation of subparagraph (A) by an officer or employee of the Board or Department, except as required by other law or allowed under subparagraph (B) or (D), shall be considered a violation of this subtitle.

(D) General statements.--Nothing in this paragraph prohibits--  
(i) the issuance of general statements based on the reports of a number of persons subject to an order

[[Page 110 STAT. 1056]]

or statistical data collected from the reports, if the statements do not identify the information furnished by any person; or  
(ii) the publication, by direction of the Secretary, of the name of a person violating the

order, together with a statement of the particular

provisions of the order violated by the person.

(3) Availability of information for law enforcement.-- Information obtained under this subtitle may be made available to another agency of the Federal Government for a civil or criminal law enforcement activity if the activity is authorized by law and if the head of the agency has made a written request to the Secretary specifying the particular information desired and the law enforcement activity for which the information is sought.

(4) Penalty.--Any person knowingly violating this subsection, on conviction, shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than 1 year,

or

both, and if an officer or employee of the Board or the Department, shall be removed from office or terminated from employment, as applicable.

(5) Withholding of information.--Nothing in this subtitle authorizes the withholding of information from Congress.

(i) Use of Assessments.--The order shall provide that the assessments collected under section 536 shall be used for payment of the expenses in implementing and administering this subtitle, with provision for a reasonable reserve, and to cover administrative costs incurred by the Secretary in implementing and administering this subtitle.

(j) Other Terms and Conditions.--The order shall contain such other terms and conditions, not inconsistent with this subtitle, as are determined necessary by the Secretary to effectuate this subtitle.

SEC. 536. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7445.>> ASSESSMENTS.

(a) In General.--

(1) First purchasers.--During the effective period of an order issued pursuant to this subtitle, assessments shall be--

(A) levied on all canola or rapeseed produced in the

United States and marketed; and

(B) deducted from the payment made to a producer for

all canola or rapeseed sold to a first purchaser.

(2) Direct processing.--The order shall provide that any person processing canola or rapeseed of that person's own production and marketing the canola or rapeseed, or canola or rapeseed products, shall remit to the Board or a State organization certified to represent producers under section 535(b)(6), in the manner prescribed by the order, an assessment established at a rate equivalent to the rate provided for under subsection (d).

(b) Limitation on Assessments.--No more than 1 assessment may be assessed under subsection (a) on any canola or rapeseed produced (as remitted by a first purchaser).

(c) Remitting of Assessments.--

(1) In general.--Assessments required under subsection (a)

shall be remitted to the Board by a first purchaser. The Board shall use State organizations certified to represent

[[Page 110 STAT. 1057]]

producers under section 535(b)(6) to collect the assessments.

If

an appropriate certified State organization does not exist to collect an assessment, the assessment shall be collected by the Board. There shall be only 1 certified State organization in each State.

(2) Times to remit assessment.--Each first purchaser shall remit the assessment to the Board as provided for in the order.

(d) Assessment Rate.--

(1) Initial rate.--The initial assessment rate shall be 4 cents per hundredweight of canola or rapeseed produced and marketed.

(2) Increase.--The assessment rate may be increased on recommendation by the Board to a rate not exceeding 10 cents

per

hundredweight of canola or rapeseed produced and marketed in a State, unless--

(A) after the initial referendum is held under section 537(a), the Board recommends an increase above 10 cents per hundredweight; and

(B) the increase is approved in a referendum under section 537(b).

(3) Credit.--A producer who demonstrates to the Board that the producer is participating in a program of a State organization certified to represent producers under section 535(b)(6) shall receive credit, in determining the assessment due from the producer, for contributions to the program of up

to

2 cents per hundredweight of canola or rapeseed marketed.

(e) Late Payment Charge.--

(1) In general.--There shall be a late payment charge imposed on any person who fails to remit, on or before the date provided for in the order, to the Board the total amount for which the person is liable.

(2) Amount of charge.--The amount of the late payment

charge

imposed under paragraph (1) shall be prescribed by the Board with the approval of the Secretary.

(f) Refund of Assessments From Escrow Account.--

(1) Establishment of escrow account.--During the period beginning on the date on which an order is first issued under section 534(b)(3) and ending on the date on which a referendum is conducted under section 537(a), the Board shall--

(A) establish and maintain an escrow account to be used for assessment refunds; and

(B) place funds in the account in accordance with paragraph (2).

(2) Placement of funds in account.--The Board shall place

in

the account, from assessments collected during the period referred to in paragraph (1), an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying the total amount of assessments collected during the period by 10 percent.

(3) Right to receive refund.--The Board shall refund to a producer the assessments paid by or on behalf of the producer if--

- (A) the producer is required to pay the assessment;
- (B) the producer does not support the program established under this subtitle; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1058]]

(C) the producer demands the refund prior to the conduct of the referendum under section 537(a).

(4) Form of demand.--The demand shall be made in accordance with such regulations, in such form, and within such time period as prescribed by the Board.

(5) Making of refund.--The refund shall be made on submission of proof satisfactory to the Board that the producer paid the assessment for which the refund is demanded.

(6) Proration.--If--

(A) the amount in the escrow account required by paragraph (1) is not sufficient to refund the total amount of assessments demanded by eligible producers; and

(B) the order is not approved pursuant to the referendum conducted under section 537(a); the Board shall prorate the amount of the refunds among all eligible producers who demand a refund.

(7) Program approved.--If the plan is approved pursuant to the referendum conducted under section 537(a), all funds in the escrow account shall be returned to the Board for use by the Board in accordance with this subtitle.

SEC. 537. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7446.>> REFERENDA.

(a) Initial Referendum.--

(1) Requirement.--During the period ending 30 months after the date on which an order is first issued under section 534(b)(3), the Secretary shall conduct a referendum among producers who, during a representative period as determined by the Secretary, have been engaged in the production of canola or rapeseed for the purpose of ascertaining whether the order then in effect shall be continued.

(2) Advance notice.--The Secretary shall, to the extent practicable, provide broad public notice in advance of any referendum. The notice shall be provided, without advertising expenses, by means of newspapers, county newsletters, the electronic media, and press releases, through the use of

notices

posted in State and county Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service offices and county

Consolidated

Farm Service Agency offices, and by other appropriate means specified in the order. The notice shall contain information on



when the referendum will be held, registration and voting requirements, rules regarding absentee voting, and other pertinent information.

if (3) Approval of order.--The order shall be continued only  
not the Secretary determines that the order has been approved by  
less than a majority of the producers voting in the referendum.

(4) <<NOTE: Termination date.>> Disapproval of order.--If continuation of the order is not approved by a majority of the producers voting in the referendum, the Secretary shall terminate collection of assessments under the order within 180 days after the referendum and shall terminate the order in an orderly manner as soon as practicable.

(b) Additional Referenda.--

(1) In general.--

an (A) Requirement.--After the initial referendum on  
referenda, order, the Secretary shall conduct additional  
as described in subparagraph (C), if requested by a rep

[[Page 110 STAT. 1059]]

representative group of producers, as described in subparagraph (B).

canola (B) Representative group of producers.--An additional referendum on an order shall be conducted if requested by 10 percent or more of the producers who, during a representative period as determined by the Secretary, have been engaged in the production of

or rapeseed.

(C) Eligible producers.--Each additional referendum shall be conducted among all producers who, during a representative period as determined by the Secretary, have been engaged in the production of canola or rapeseed to determine whether the producers favor the termination or suspension of the order.

referendum, (2) <<NOTE: Termination date.>> Disapproval of order.--If the Secretary determines, in a referendum conducted under paragraph (1), that suspension or termination of the order is favored by a majority of the producers voting in the  
the Secretary shall suspend or terminate, as appropriate, collection of assessments under the order within 180 days after the determination, and shall suspend or terminate the order, as appropriate, in an orderly manner as soon as practicable after the determination.

(3) Opportunity to request additional referenda.--

(A) In general.--Beginning on the date that is 5 years after the conduct of a referendum under this subtitle, and every 5 years thereafter, the Secretary shall provide canola and rapeseed producers an opportunity to request an additional referendum.

(B) Method of making request.--

(i) In-person requests.--To carry out subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall establish a procedure under which a producer may make a request for a reconfirmation referendum in person at a county Cooperative State Research,

Education,

and Extension Service office or a county Consolidated Farm Service Agency office during a period established by the Secretary, or as provided in clause (ii).

(ii) Mail-in requests.--In lieu of making a request in person, a producer may make a request by mail. To facilitate the submission of requests by mail, the Secretary may make mail-in request forms available to producers.

(C) <<NOTE: Federal Register, publication.>> Notifications.--The Secretary shall publish a notice in the Federal Register, and the Board shall provide written notification to producers, not later than 60 days prior to the end of the period established under subparagraph (B)(i) for an in-person request, of the opportunity of producers to request an additional referendum. The notification shall explain the right of producers to an additional referendum, the procedure

for

a referendum, the purpose of a referendum, and the date and method by which producers may act to request an additional referendum under this paragraph. The Secretary shall take such other action as the Secretary determines is necessary to ensure that producers are made aware of the opportunity to request an additional referendum.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1060]]

(D) Action by secretary.--As soon as practicable following the submission of a request for an additional referendum, the Secretary shall determine whether a sufficient number of producers have requested the referendum, and take such steps as are necessary to conduct the referendum, as required under paragraph

(1).

(E) Time limit.--An additional referendum requested under the procedures provided in this paragraph shall

be

conducted not later than 1 year after the Secretary determines that a representative group of producers, as described in paragraph (1)(B), have requested the conduct of the referendum.

(c) Procedures.--

(1) Reimbursement of secretary.--The Secretary shall be reimbursed from assessments collected by the Board for any expenses incurred by the Secretary in connection with the conduct of an activity required under this section.

(2) Date.--Each referendum shall be conducted for a reasonable period of time not to exceed 3 days, established by

the Secretary, under a procedure under which producers  
intending to vote in the referendum shall certify that the producers were engaged in the production of canola, rapeseed, or canola or rapeseed products during the representative period and, at the same time, shall be provided an opportunity to vote in the referendum.

(3) Place.--Referenda under this section shall be conducted at locations determined by the Secretary. On request, absentee mail ballots shall be furnished by the Secretary in a manner prescribed by the Secretary.

SEC. 538. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7447.>> PETITION AND REVIEW.

(a) Petition.--

(1) In general.--A person subject to an order issued under this subtitle may file with the Secretary a petition--

(A) stating that the order, a provision of the order, or an obligation imposed in connection with the order is not established in accordance with law; and

(B) requesting a modification of the order or an exemption from the order.

(2) Hearings.--The petitioner shall be given the  
opportunity

for a hearing on a petition filed under paragraph (1), in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary.

(3) Ruling.--After a hearing under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall issue a ruling on the petition that is the subject of the hearing, which shall be final if the ruling is

in accordance with applicable law.

(4) Limitation on petition.--Any petition filed under this subtitle challenging an order, or any obligation imposed in connection with an order, shall be filed not later than 2 years after the effective date of the order or imposition of the obligation.

(b) Review.--

(1) <<NOTE: Courts.>> Commencement of action.--The  
district

court of the United States for any district in which the person who is a petitioner under subsection (a) resides or carries on business shall have jurisdiction to review a ruling on the petition, if a complaint is filed by the person not later than 20 days

[[Page 110 STAT. 1061]]

after the date of the entry of a ruling by the Secretary under subsection (a)(3).

(2) Process.--Service of process in a proceeding under paragraph (1) shall be conducted in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

(3) Remands.--If the court determines, under paragraph (1), that a ruling issued under subsection (a)(3) is not in accordance with applicable law, the court shall remand the matter to the Secretary with directions either--

determine (A) to make such ruling as the court shall

to be in accordance with law; or

(B) to take such further proceedings as, in the opinion of the court, the law requires.

(4) Enforcement.--The pendency of proceedings instituted under subsection (a) shall not impede, hinder, or delay the Attorney General or the Secretary from taking any action under section 539.

SEC. 539. <<NOTE: Courts. 7 USC 7448.>> ENFORCEMENT.

(a) Jurisdiction.--The district courts of the United States are vested with jurisdiction specifically to enforce, and to prevent and restrain any person from violating, an order or regulation made or issued under this subtitle.

(b) Referral to Attorney General.--A civil action authorized to be commenced under this section shall be referred to the Attorney General for appropriate action, except that the Secretary shall not be required to refer to the Attorney General a violation of this subtitle if the Secretary believes that the administration and enforcement of this subtitle would be adequately served by providing a suitable written notice or warning to the person committing the violation or by administrative action under subsection (c).

(c) Civil Penalties and Orders.--

(1) Civil penalties.--

(A) In general.--Any person who willfully violates any provision of an order or regulation issued by the Secretary under this subtitle, or who fails or refuses to pay, collect, or remit an assessment or fee required of the person under an order or regulation, may be assessed--

(i) a civil penalty by the Secretary of not more than \$1,000 for each violation; and

(ii) in the case of a willful failure to pay, collect, or remit an assessment as required by an order or regulation, an additional penalty equal to the amount of the assessment.

(B) Separate offense.--Each violation under subparagraph (A) shall be a separate offense.

(2) Cease-and-desist orders.--In addition to, or in lieu

of,

a civil penalty under paragraph (1), the Secretary may issue an order requiring a person to cease and desist from continuing a violation.

(3) Notice and hearing.--No penalty shall be assessed, or cease-and-desist order issued, by the Secretary under this subsection unless the person against whom the penalty is assessed or the cease-and-desist order is issued is given

notice

and opportunity for a hearing before the Secretary with respect to the violation.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1062]]

(4) Finality.--The order of the Secretary assessing a penalty or imposing a cease-and-desist order under this

subsection shall be final and conclusive unless the affected person files an appeal of the order in the appropriate district court of the United States in accordance with subsection (d).

(d) Review by District Court.--

(1) Commencement of action.--Any person who has been determined to be in violation of this subtitle, or against whom a civil penalty has been assessed or a cease-and-desist order issued under subsection (c), may obtain review of the penalty

or

cease-and-desist order by--

(A) filing, within the 30-day period beginning on the date the penalty is assessed or cease-and-desist order issued, a notice of appeal in--

(i) the district court of the United States for the district in which the person resides or carries on business; or

(ii) the United States District Court for the District of Columbia; and

(B) simultaneously sending a copy of the notice by certified mail to the Secretary.

(2) Record.--The Secretary shall file promptly, in the appropriate court referred to in paragraph (1), a certified

copy

of the record on which the Secretary determined that the person committed the violation.

(3) Standard of review.--A finding of the Secretary under this section shall be set aside only if the finding is found to be unsupported by substantial evidence.

(e) Failure To Obey Cease-and-Desist Orders.--Any person who fails to obey a cease-and-desist order issued under this section after the cease-and-desist order has become final and unappealable, or after the appropriate United States district court has entered a final judgment in

favor of the Secretary, shall be subject to a civil penalty assessed by the Secretary, after opportunity for a hearing and for judicial review under the procedures specified in subsections (c) and (d), of not more than \$5,000 for each offense. Each day during which the failure continues shall be considered as a separate violation of the cease-and-desist order.

(f) Failure To Pay Penalties.--If a person fails to pay an assessment of a civil penalty under this section after the assessment has become a final and unappealable order, or after the appropriate United States district court has entered final judgment in favor of the Secretary, the Secretary shall refer the matter to the Attorney General for recovery of the amount assessed in the district court of the United States for any district in which the person resides or carries on business. In an action for recovery, the validity and appropriateness of the final order imposing the civil penalty shall not be subject to review.

(g) Additional Remedies.--The remedies provided in this subtitle shall be in addition to, and not exclusive of, other remedies that may be available.

(a) Investigations.--The Secretary may make such investigations as the Secretary considers necessary--

(1) for the effective administration of this subtitle; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1063]]

(2) to determine whether any person has engaged or is engaging in an act that constitutes a violation of this subtitle, or an order, rule, or regulation issued under this subtitle.

(b) Subpoenas, Oaths, and Affirmations.--

(1) In general.--For the purpose of an investigation under subsection (a), the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, take evidence, and issue subpoenas to require the production of any records that are relevant to the inquiry. The attendance of witnesses and the production of records may be required from any place in the United States.

(2) Administrative hearings.--For the purpose of an administrative hearing held under section 538 or 539, the presiding officer is authorized to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena and compel the attendance of witnesses, take evidence, and require the production of any records that are relevant to the inquiry. The attendance of witnesses and

the

production of records may be required from any place in the United States.

(c) Aid of Courts.--In the case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to, any person, the Secretary may invoke the aid of any court of the United States within the jurisdiction of which the investigation or proceeding is carried on, or where the person resides or carries on business, in order to enforce a subpoena issued by the Secretary under subsection (b). The court may issue an order requiring the person to comply with the subpoena.

(d) Contempt.--A failure to obey an order of the court under this section may be punished by the court as contempt of the court.

(e) Process.--Process may be served on a person in the judicial district in which the person resides or carries on business or wherever the person may be found.

(f) Hearing Site.--The site of a hearing held under section 538 or 539 shall be in the judicial district where the person affected by the hearing resides or has a principal place of business.

SEC. 541. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7450.>> SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION.

The Secretary shall, whenever the Secretary finds that an order or a provision of an order obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the declared policy of this subtitle, suspend or terminate the operation of the order or provision. The suspension or termination of an order shall not be considered an order within the meaning of this subtitle.

SEC. 542. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7451.>> REGULATIONS.

The Secretary may issue such regulations as are necessary to carry out this subtitle.

SEC. 543. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7452.>> AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) In General.--There are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year such sums as are necessary to carry out this subtitle.

(b) Administrative Expenses.--Funds appropriated under subsection (a) shall not be available for payment of the expenses or expenditures of the Board in administering a provision of an order issued under this subtitle.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1064]]

Subtitle D <<NOTE: National Kiwifruit Research, Promotion, and Consumer Information Act.>> --Kiwifruit

SEC. 551. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7401 note.>> SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the ``National Kiwifruit Research, Promotion, and Consumer Information Act''.

SEC. 552. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7461.>> FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

(a) Findings.--Congress finds that--

(1) domestically produced kiwifruit are grown by many individual producers;

(2) virtually all domestically produced kiwifruit are grown in the State of California, although there is potential for production in many other areas of the United States;

(3) kiwifruit move in interstate and foreign commerce, and kiwifruit that do not move in channels of commerce directly burden or affect interstate commerce;

(4) in recent years, large quantities of kiwifruit have been imported into the United States;

(5) the maintenance and expansion of existing domestic and foreign markets for kiwifruit, and the development of additional

and improved markets for kiwifruit, are vital to the welfare of kiwifruit producers and other persons concerned with producing, marketing, and processing kiwifruit;

(6) a coordinated program of research, promotion, and consumer information regarding kiwifruit is necessary for the maintenance and development of the markets; and

(7) kiwifruit producers, handlers, and importers are unable to implement and finance such a program without cooperative action.

(b) Purposes.--The purposes of this subtitle are--

(1) to authorize the establishment of an orderly procedure for the development and financing (through an assessment) of an effective and coordinated program of research, promotion, and consumer information regarding kiwifruit;

(2) to use the program to strengthen the position of the kiwifruit industry in domestic and foreign markets and maintain,

develop, and expand markets for kiwifruit; and  
(3) to treat domestically produced kiwifruit and imported  
kiwifruit equitably.

SEC. 553. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7462.>> DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle (unless the context otherwise requires):

- (1) Board.--The term ``Board'' means the National Kiwifruit Board established under section 555.
- (2) Consumer information.--The term ``consumer information'' means any action taken to provide information to, and broaden the understanding of, the general public regarding the consumption, use, nutritional attributes, and care of kiwifruit.
- (3) Exporter.--The term ``exporter'' means any person from outside the United States who exports kiwifruit into the United States.
- (4) Handler.--The term ``handler'' means any person, excluding a common carrier, engaged in the business of buying and selling, packing, marketing, or distributing kiwifruit as specified in the order.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1065]]

- (5) Importer.--The term ``importer'' means any person who imports kiwifruit into the United States.
- (6) Kiwifruit.--The term ``kiwifruit'' means all varieties of fresh kiwifruit grown in or imported into the United States.
- (7) Marketing.--The term ``marketing'' means the sale or other disposition of kiwifruit into interstate, foreign, or intrastate commerce by buying, marketing, distribution, or otherwise placing kiwifruit into commerce.
- (8) Order.--The term ``order'' means a kiwifruit research, promotion, and consumer information order issued by the Secretary under section 554.
- (9) Person.--The term ``person'' means any individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation, association, cooperative, or other legal entity.
- (10) Processing.--The term ``processing'' means canning, fermenting, distilling, extracting, preserving, grinding, crushing, or in any manner changing the form of kiwifruit for the purpose of preparing the kiwifruit for market or marketing the kiwifruit.
- (11) Producer.--The term ``producer'' means any person who grows kiwifruit in the United States for sale in commerce.
- (12) Promotion.--The term ``promotion'' means any action taken under this subtitle (including paid advertising) to present a favorable image of kiwifruit to the general public for the purpose of improving the competitive position of kiwifruit and stimulating the sale of kiwifruit.
- (13) Research.--The term ``research'' means any type of research relating to the use, nutritional value, and marketing of kiwifruit conducted for the purpose of advancing the image, desirability, marketability, or quality of kiwifruit.



(14) Secretary.--The term ``Secretary'' means the Secretary of Agriculture.

50

(15) United states.--The term ``United States'' means the States of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

SEC. 554. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7463.>> ISSUANCE OF ORDERS.

(a) Issuance.--To effectuate the purposes of this subtitle specified in section 552(b), the Secretary shall issue an order applicable to producers, handlers, and importers of kiwifruit. Any such order shall be national in scope. Not more than 1 order shall be in effect under this subtitle at any 1 time.

(b) Procedure.--

(1) Proposal for issuance of order.--Any person that will be

affected by this subtitle may request the issuance of, and submit a proposal for, an order under this subtitle.

(2) <<NOTE: Publication.>> Proposed order.--Not later than 90 days after the receipt of a request and proposal for an order, the Secretary shall publish a proposed order and give due notice and opportunity for public comment on the proposed order.

(3) Issuance of order.--After notice and opportunity for public comment are provided under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall issue an order, taking into consideration the comments received and including in the order provisions necessary to ensure that the order is in conformity with this subtitle.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1066]]

(c) Amendments.--The Secretary may amend any order issued under this section. The provisions of this subtitle applicable to an order shall be applicable to an amendment to an order.

SEC. 555. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7464.>> NATIONAL KIWIFRUIT BOARD.

(a) Membership.--An order issued by the Secretary under section 554 shall provide for the establishment of a National Kiwifruit Board that consists of the following 11 members:

(1) 6 members who are producers (or representatives of producers) and who are not exempt from an assessment under section 556(b).

(2) 4 members who are importers (or representatives of importers) and who are not exempt from an assessment under section 556(b) or are exporters (or representatives of exporters).

(3) 1 member appointed from the general public.

(b) Adjustment of Membership.--

(1) In general.--Subject to the 11-member limit and to

paragraph (2), the Secretary may adjust membership on the Board to accommodate changes in production and import levels of kiwifruit.

(2) Number of producer members.--Producers shall comprise not less than 51 percent of the membership of the Board.

(c) Appointment and Nomination.--

(1) Appointment.--The Secretary shall appoint the members of the Board from nominations submitted in accordance with this subsection.

(a)(1) (2) Producers.--The members referred to in subsection shall be appointed from individuals nominated by producers.

(3) Importers and exporters.--The members referred to in subsection (a)(2) shall be appointed from individuals nominated by importers or exporters.

(4) Public representative.--The public representative shall be appointed from nominations submitted by other members of the Board.

(5) Failure to nominate.--If producers, importers, and exporters fail to nominate individuals for appointment, the Secretary may appoint members and alternates on a basis provided

for in the order. If the Board fails to nominate a public representative, the member may be appointed by the Secretary without a nomination.

(d) Alternates.--The Secretary shall appoint an alternate for each member of the Board. An alternate shall--

(1) be appointed in the same manner as the member for whom the individual is an alternate; and

(2) serve on the Board if the member is absent from a meeting or is disqualified under subsection (f).

(e) Terms.--A member of the Board shall be appointed for a term of 3 years. No member may serve more than 2 consecutive 3-year terms, except that of the members first appointed--

(1) 5 members shall be appointed for a term of 2 years; and

(2) 6 members shall be appointed for a term of 3 years.

(f) Disqualification.--If a member or alternate of the Board who was appointed as a producer, importer, exporter, or public representative member ceases to belong to the group for which

[[Page 110 STAT. 1067]]

the member was appointed, the member or alternate shall be disqualified from serving on the Board.

(g) Compensation.--A member or alternate of the Board shall serve without pay.

(h) General Powers and Duties.--The Board shall--

(1) administer an order issued by the Secretary under section 554, and an amendment to the order, in accordance with the order and amendment and this subtitle;

(2) <<NOTE: Regulations.>> prescribe rules and regulations to carry out the order;

(3) meet, organize, and select from among members of the Board a chairperson, other officers, and committees and subcommittees, as the Board determines appropriate;

(4) receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary accounts of violations of the order;

an  
amendment that should be made to the order; and

in  
are  
administering the order, except that, to reduce administrative costs and increase efficiency, the Board shall seek, to the extent practicable, to employ or contract with personnel who already associated with organizations involved in promoting kiwifruit that are chartered by a State, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

SEC. 556. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7465.>> REQUIRED TERMS IN ORDER.

(a) Budgets and Plans.--

(1) In general.--An order issued under section 554 shall provide for periodic budgets and plans in accordance with this subsection.

(2) Budgets.--The Board shall prepare and submit to the Secretary a budget prior to the beginning of the fiscal year of the anticipated expenses and disbursements of the Board in the administration of the order, including probable costs of research, promotion, and consumer information. A budget shall become effective on a  $\frac{2}{3}$ -vote of a quorum of the Board and approval by the Secretary.

on  
(3) Plans.--Each budget shall include a plan for research, promotion, and consumer information regarding kiwifruit. A plan under this paragraph shall become effective on approval by the Secretary. The Board may enter into contracts and agreements, approval by the Secretary, for--

(A) the development and carrying out of the plan;  
and

(B) the payment of the cost of the plan, with funds collected pursuant to this subtitle.

(b) Assessments.--

(1) In general.--The order shall provide for the imposition and collection of assessments with regard to the production and importation of kiwifruit in accordance with this subsection.

exceed  
(2) Rate.--The assessment rate shall be the rate that is recommended by a  $\frac{2}{3}$ -vote of a quorum of the Board and approved by the Secretary, except that the rate shall not \$0.10 per 7-pound tray of kiwifruit or an equivalent rate.

(3) Collection by first handlers.--Except as provided in paragraph (5), the first handler of kiwifruit shall--

(A) be responsible for the collection from the producer, and payment to the Board, of assessments required under this subsection; and

(B) maintain a separate record of the kiwifruit of each producer whose kiwifruit are so handled, including the kiwifruit owned by the handler.

(4) Importers.--The assessment on imported kiwifruit shall be paid by the importer to the United States Customs Service at the time of entry into the United States and shall be remitted to the Board.

(5) Exemption from assessment.--The following persons or activities are exempt from an assessment under this subsection:

(A) A producer who produces less than 500 pounds of kiwifruit per year.

(B) An importer who imports less than 10,000 pounds of kiwifruit per year.

(C) A sale of kiwifruit made directly from the producer to a consumer for a purpose other than resale.

(D) The production or importation of kiwifruit for processing.

(6) Claim of exemption.--To claim an exemption under paragraph (5) for a particular year, a person shall--

(A) submit an application to the Board stating the basis for the exemption and certifying that the

quantity

of kiwifruit produced, imported, or sold by the person will not exceed any poundage limitation required for

the

exemption in the year; or

by

(B) be on a list of approved processors developed

the Board.

(c) Use of Assessments.--

(1) Authorized uses.--The order shall provide that funds paid to the Board as assessments under subsection (b) may be used by the Board--

(A) to pay for research, promotion, and consumer information described in the budget of the Board under subsection (a) and for other expenses incurred by the Board in the administration of an order;

(B) to pay such other expenses for the administration, maintenance, and functioning of the Board (including any enforcement efforts for the collection of assessments) as may be authorized by the Secretary, including interest and penalties for late payments; and

(C) to fund a reserve established under section 557(d).

(2) Required uses.--The order shall provide that funds paid to the Board as assessments under subsection (b) shall be used by the Board--

(A) to pay the expenses incurred by the Secretary, including salaries and expenses of Federal Government employees, in implementing and administering the order; and

(B) to reimburse the Secretary for any expenses incurred by the Secretary in conducting referenda under this subtitle.

(3) Limitation on use of assessments.--Except for the first year of operation of the Board, expenses for the administra

[[Page 110 STAT. 1069]]

tion, maintenance, and functioning of the Board may not exceed 30 percent of the budget for a year.

(d) False Claims.--The order shall provide that any promotion funded

with assessments collected under subsection (b) may not make--

(1) any false claims on behalf of kiwifruit; and

(2) any false statements with respect to the attributes or use of any product that competes with kiwifruit for sale in commerce.

(e) Prohibition on Use of Funds.--The order shall provide that funds

collected by the Board under this subtitle through assessments may not, in any manner, be used for the purpose of influencing legislation or governmental policy or action, except for making recommendations to the Secretary as provided for under this subtitle.

(f) Books, Records, and Reports.--

(1) Board.--The order shall require the Board--

(A) to maintain books and records with respect to the receipt and disbursement of funds received by the Board;

(B) to submit to the Secretary from time to time such reports as the Secretary may require for appropriate accounting; and

(C) to submit to the Secretary at the end of each fiscal year a complete audit report by an independent auditor regarding the activities of the Board during

the

fiscal year.

(2) Others.--To make information and data available to the Board and the Secretary that is appropriate or necessary for

the

effectuation, administration, or enforcement of this subtitle (or any order or regulation issued under this subtitle), the order shall require handlers and importers who are responsible for the collection, payment, or remittance of assessments under subsection (b)--

(A) to maintain and make available for inspection by

the employees and agents of the Board and the Secretary such books and records as may be required by the order; and

(B) to file, at the times and in the manner and content prescribed by the order, reports regarding the collection, payment, or remittance of the assessments.

(g) Confidentiality.--

(1) In general.--The order shall require that all

information obtained pursuant to subsection (f)(2) be kept confidential by all officers, employees, and agents of the Department of Agriculture and of the Board. Only such information as the Secretary considers relevant shall be disclosed to the public and only in a suit or administrative hearing, brought at the request of the Secretary or to which

the

Secretary or any officer of the United States is a party, involving the order with respect to which the information was furnished or acquired.

(2) Limitations.--Nothing in this subsection prohibits--

(A) the issuance of general statements based on the reports of a number of handlers and importers subject

to

an order, if the statements do not identify the information furnished by any person; or

[[Page 110 STAT. 1070]]

(B) the publication, by direction of the Secretary, of the name of any person violating an order issued under section 554(a), together with a statement of the particular provisions of the order violated by the person.

(3) Penalty.--Any person who willfully violates this subsection, on conviction, shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than 1 year,

or

both, and, if the person is a member, officer, or agent of the Board or an employee of the Department of Agriculture, shall be removed from office.

(h) Withholding of Information.--Nothing in this subtitle authorizes the withholding of information from Congress.

SEC. 557. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7466.>> PERMISSIVE TERMS IN ORDER.

(a) Permissive Terms.--On the recommendation of the Board and with the approval of the Secretary, an order issued under section 554 may include the terms and conditions specified in this section and such additional terms and conditions as the Secretary considers necessary to effectuate the other provisions of the order and are incidental to, and not inconsistent with, this subtitle.

(b) Alternative Payment and Reporting Schedules.--The order may authorize the Board to designate different handler payment and reporting schedules to recognize differences in marketing practices and procedures.

(c) Working Groups.--The order may authorize the Board to convene working groups drawn from producers, handlers, importers, exporters, or the general public and utilize the expertise of the groups to assist in the development of research and marketing programs for kiwifruit.

(d) Reserve Funds.--The order may authorize the Board to accumulate reserve funds from assessments collected pursuant to section 556(b) to permit an effective and continuous coordinated program of research, promotion, and consumer information in years in which production and

assessment income may be reduced, except that any reserve fund may not exceed the amount budgeted for operation of this subtitle for 1 year.

(e) Promotion Activities Outside United States.--The order may authorize the Board to use, with the approval of the Secretary, funds collected under section 556(b) and funds from other sources for the development and expansion of sales in foreign markets of kiwifruit produced in the United States.

SEC. 558. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7467.>> PETITION AND REVIEW.

(a) Petition.--

(1) In general.--A person subject to an order may file with the Secretary a petition--

(A) stating that the order, a provision of the order, or an obligation imposed in connection with the order is not in accordance with law; and

(B) requesting a modification of the order or an exemption from the order.

(2) Hearings.--A person submitting a petition under paragraph (1) shall be given an opportunity for a hearing on the petition, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary.

(3) Ruling.--After the hearing, the Secretary shall issue a ruling on the petition which shall be final if the petition is in accordance with law.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1071]]

(4) Limitation on petition.--Any petition filed under this subtitle challenging an order, or any obligation imposed in connection with an order, shall be filed not later than 2 years after the effective date of the order or imposition of the obligation.

(b) <<NOTE: Courts.>> Review.--

(1) Commencement of action.--The district court of the United States for any district in which the person who is a petitioner under subsection (a) resides or carries on business is vested with jurisdiction to review the ruling on the petition of the person, if a complaint for that purpose is filed not later than 20 days after the date of the entry of a ruling by the Secretary under subsection (a).

(2) Process.--Service of process in the proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

(3) Remands.--If the court determines that the ruling is not in accordance with law, the court shall remand the matter to the Secretary with directions--

(A) to make such ruling as the court shall determine

to be in accordance with law; or

(B) to take such further action as, in the opinion

of the court, the law requires.

(4) Enforcement.--The pendency of a proceeding instituted pursuant to subsection (a) shall not impede, hinder, or delay the Attorney General or the Secretary from obtaining relief pursuant to section 559.

SEC. 559. <<NOTE: Courts. 7 USC 7468.>> ENFORCEMENT.

(a) Jurisdiction.--A district court of the United States shall have jurisdiction specifically to enforce, and to prevent and restrain any person from violating, any order or regulation made or issued by the Secretary under this subtitle.

(b) Referral to Attorney General.--A civil action authorized to be brought under this section shall be referred to the Attorney General for appropriate action, except that the Secretary is not required to refer to the Attorney General a violation of this subtitle, or any order or regulation issued under this subtitle, if the Secretary believes that the administration and enforcement of this subtitle would be adequately served by administrative action under subsection (c) or suitable written notice or warning to the person committing the violation.

(c) Civil Penalties and Orders.--

(1) Civil penalties.--Any person who willfully violates any provision of any order or regulation issued by the Secretary under this subtitle, or who fails or refuses to pay, collect, or remit any assessment or fee duly required of the person under the order or regulation, may be assessed a civil penalty by the Secretary of not less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000 for each such violation. Each violation shall be a separate offense.

(2) Cease-and-desist orders.--In addition to or in lieu of the civil penalty, the Secretary may issue an order requiring the person to cease and desist from continuing the violation.

(3) Notice and hearing.--No order assessing a civil penalty or cease-and-desist order may be issued by the Secretary under this subsection unless the Secretary gives the person

[[Page 110 STAT. 1072]]

against whom the order is issued notice and opportunity for a hearing on the record before the Secretary with respect to the violation.

(4) Finality.--The order of the Secretary assessing a penalty or imposing a cease-and-desist order shall be final and conclusive unless the person against whom the order is issued files an appeal of the order in the appropriate district court of the United States, in accordance with subsection (d).

(d) Review by United States District Court.--

(1) Commencement of action.--Any person against whom a violation is found and a civil penalty assessed or cease-and-desist order issued under subsection (c) may obtain review of the penalty or cease-and-desist order in the district court of the United States for the district in which the person resides or carries on business, or the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, by--



later (A) filing a notice of appeal in the court not than 30 days after the date on which the penalty is assessed or cease-and-desist order issued; and (B) simultaneously sending a copy of the notice by certified mail to the Secretary.

(2) Record.--The Secretary shall promptly file in the court a certified copy of the record on which the Secretary found that the person committed the violation.

be (3) Standard of review.--A finding of the Secretary shall set aside only if the finding is found to be unsupported by substantial evidence.

(e) Failure To Obey Cease-and-Desist Orders.--Any person who fails to obey a cease-and-desist order issued by the Secretary after the cease-and-desist order has become final and unappealable, or after the appropriate United States district court has entered a final judgment in favor of the Secretary, shall be subject to a civil penalty assessed by the Secretary, after opportunity for a hearing and for judicial review under the procedures specified in subsections (c) and (d), of not more than \$500 for each offense. Each day during which the failure continues shall be considered a separate violation of the cease-and-desist order.

(f) Failure To Pay Penalties.--If a person fails to pay an assessment of a civil penalty after the assessment has become a final and unappealable order issued by the Secretary, or after the appropriate United States district court has entered final judgment in favor of the Secretary, the Secretary shall refer the matter to the Attorney General for recovery of the amount assessed in the district court of the United States for any district in which the person resides or carries on business. In an action for recovery, the validity and appropriateness of the final order imposing the civil penalty shall not be subject to review.

SEC. 560. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7469.>> INVESTIGATIONS AND POWER TO SUBPOENA.

(a) In General.--The Secretary may make such investigations as the Secretary considers necessary--

- (1) for the effective carrying out of the responsibilities of the Secretary under this subtitle; or
- (2) to determine whether a person subject to this subtitle has engaged or is engaging in any act that constitutes a violation of this subtitle, or any order, rule, or regulation issued under this subtitle.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1073]]

(b) Power to Subpoena.--

- (1) Investigations.--For the purpose of an investigation made under subsection (a), the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations and may issue subpoenas to require the production of any records that are relevant to the inquiry. The

production of any such records may be required from any place  
in  
the United States.

(2) Administrative hearings.--For the purpose of an administrative hearing held under section 558 or 559, the presiding officer is authorized to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel the attendance of witnesses, take evidence, and require the production of any records that are relevant to the inquiry. The attendance of witnesses and the production of any such records may be required  
from any place in the United States.

(c) Aid of Courts.--In the case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpoena to, any person, the Secretary may invoke the aid of any court  
of the United States within the jurisdiction of which the investigation or proceeding is carried on, or where the person resides or carries on business, to enforce a subpoena issued by the Secretary under subsection

(b). The court may issue an order requiring the person to comply with the subpoena.

(d) Contempt.--Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt of the court.

(e) Process.--Process in any such case may be served in the judicial district in which the person resides or carries on business or wherever the person may be found.

(f) Hearing Site.--The site of any hearing held under section 558 or 559 shall be in the judicial district where the person affected by the hearing resides or has a principal place of business.

SEC. 561. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7470.>> REFERENDA.

(a) Initial Referendum.--

(1) Referendum required.--During the 60-day period immediately preceding the proposed effective date of an order issued under section 554, the Secretary shall conduct a referendum among kiwifruit producers and importers who will be subject to assessments under the order, to ascertain whether producers and importers approve the implementation of the order.

(2) Approval of order.--The order shall become effective, as provided in section 554, if the Secretary determines that--

(A) the order has been approved by a majority of the

producers and importers voting in the referendum; and

(B) the producers and importers favoring approval produce and import more than 50 percent of the total volume of kiwifruit produced and imported by persons voting in the referendum.

(b) Subsequent Referenda.--The Secretary may periodically conduct a referendum to determine if kiwifruit producers and importers favor the continuation, termination, or suspension of any order issued under

section 554 that is in effect at the time of the referendum.

(c) Required Referenda.--The Secretary shall hold a referendum under subsection (b)--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1074]]

(1) at the end of the 6-year period beginning on the effective date of the order and at the end of each subsequent 6-  
year period;

(2) at the request of the Board; or

(3) if not less than 30 percent of the kiwifruit producers and importers subject to assessments under the order submit a petition requesting the referendum.

(d) Vote.--On completion of a referendum under subsection (b), the Secretary shall suspend or terminate the order that was subject to the referendum at the end of the marketing year if--

(1) the suspension or termination of the order is favored by

not less than a majority of the producers and importers voting in the referendum; and

(2) the producers and importers produce and import more than

50 percent of the total volume of kiwifruit produced and imported by persons voting in the referendum.

(e) Confidentiality.--The ballots and other information or reports that reveal, or tend to reveal, the vote of any person under this subtitle and the voting list shall be held strictly confidential and shall not be disclosed.

SEC. 562. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7471.>> SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION.

(a) In General.--If the Secretary finds that an order issued under section 554, or a provision of the order, obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the purposes of this subtitle, the Secretary shall suspend or terminate the operation of the order or provision.

(b) Limitation.--The suspension or termination of any order, or any provision of an order, shall not be considered an order under this subtitle.

SEC. 563. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7472.>> REGULATIONS.

The Secretary may issue such regulations as are necessary to carry out this subtitle.

SEC. 564. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7473.>> AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year such sums as are necessary to carry out this subtitle.

Subtitle <<NOTE: Popcorn Promotion, Research, and Consumer Information Act.>> E--Popcorn

SEC. 571. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7401 note.>> SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the ``Popcorn Promotion, Research, and Consumer Information Act''.

SEC. 572. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7481.>> FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY.

(a) Findings.--Congress finds that--

(1) popcorn is an important food that is a valuable part of the human diet;

(2) the production and processing of popcorn plays a significant role in the economy of the United States in that popcorn is processed by several popcorn processors, distributed through wholesale and retail outlets, and consumed by millions of people throughout the United States and foreign countries;

(3) popcorn must be of high quality, readily available, handled properly, and marketed efficiently to ensure that the benefits of popcorn are available to the people of the United States;

[[Page 110 STAT. 1075]]

(4) the maintenance and expansion of existing markets and uses and the development of new markets and uses for popcorn are

vital to the welfare of processors and persons concerned with marketing, using, and producing popcorn for the market, as well as to the agricultural economy of the United States;

(5) the cooperative development, financing, and implementation of a coordinated program of popcorn promotion, research, consumer information, and industry information is necessary to maintain and expand markets for popcorn; and

(6) popcorn moves in interstate and foreign commerce, and popcorn that does not move in those channels of commerce directly burdens or affects interstate commerce in popcorn.

(b) Policy.--It is the policy of Congress that it is in the public interest to authorize the establishment, through the exercise of the powers provided in this subtitle, of an orderly procedure for developing, financing (through adequate assessments on unpopped popcorn processed domestically), and carrying out an effective, continuous, and coordinated program of promotion, research, consumer information, and industry information designed to--

(1) strengthen the position of the popcorn industry in the marketplace; and

(2) maintain and expand domestic and foreign markets and uses for popcorn.

(c) Purposes.--The purposes of this subtitle are to--

(1) maintain and expand the markets for all popcorn products

in a manner that--

(A) is not designed to maintain or expand any individual share of a producer or processor of the market;

(B) does not compete with or replace individual

advertising or promotion efforts designed to promote individual brand name or trade name popcorn products; and

(C) authorizes and funds programs that result in government speech promoting government objectives; and

(2) establish a nationally coordinated program for popcorn promotion, research, consumer information, and industry information.

(d) Statutory Construction.--This subtitle treats processors equitably. Nothing in this subtitle--

(1) provides for the imposition of a trade barrier to the entry into the United States of imported popcorn for the domestic market; or

(2) provides for the control of production or otherwise limits the right of any individual processor to produce popcorn.

SEC. 573. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7482.>> DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle (unless the context otherwise requires):

(1) Board.--The term ``Board'' means the Popcorn Board established under section 575(b).

(2) Commerce.--The term ``commerce'' means interstate, foreign, or intrastate commerce.

(3) Consumer information.--The term ``consumer information'' means information and programs that will assist consumers and other persons in making evaluations and decisions regarding the purchase, preparation, and use of popcorn.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1076]]

(4) Department.--The term ``Department'' means the Department of Agriculture.

(5) Industry information.--The term ``industry information'' means information or a program that will lead to the development of--

(A) new markets, new marketing strategies, or increased efficiency for the popcorn industry; or

(B) activities to enhance the image of the popcorn industry.

(6) Marketing.--The term ``marketing'' means the sale or other disposition of unpopped popcorn for human consumption in a channel of commerce, but does not include a sale or disposition to or between processors.

(7) Order.--The term ``order'' means an order issued under section 574.

(8) Person.--The term ``person'' means an individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation, association, or cooperative, or any other legal entity.

(9) Popcorn.--The term ``popcorn'' means unpopped popcorn (Zea Mays L) that is--

(A) commercially grown;

(B) processed in the United States by shelling, cleaning, or drying; and

(C) introduced into a channel of commerce.

(10) Process.--The term ``process'' means to shell, clean, dry, and prepare popcorn for the market, but does not include packaging popcorn for the market without also engaging in another activity described in this paragraph.

(11) Processor.--The term ``processor'' means a person engaged in the preparation of unpopped popcorn for the market who owns or shares the ownership and risk of loss of the popcorn and who processes and distributes over 4,000,000 pounds of popcorn in the market per year.

(12) Promotion.--The term ``promotion'' means an action, including paid advertising, to enhance the image or desirability of popcorn.

(13) Research.--The term ``research'' means any type of study to advance the image, desirability, marketability, production, product development, quality, or nutritional value of popcorn.

(14) Secretary.--The term ``Secretary'' means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(15) State.--The term ``State'' means each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

(16) United states.--The term ``United States'' means all of the States.

SEC. 574. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7483.>> ISSUANCE OF ORDERS.

(a) In General.--To effectuate the policy described in section 572(b), the Secretary, subject to subsection (b), shall issue 1 or more orders applicable to processors. An order shall be applicable to all popcorn production and marketing areas in the United States. Not more than 1 order shall be in effect under this subtitle at any 1 time.

(b) Procedure.--

(1) Proposal or request for issuance.--The Secretary may propose the issuance of an order, or an association of

[[Page 110 STAT. 1077]]

processors or any other person that would be affected by an order may request the issuance of, and submit a proposal for, an order.

(2) <<NOTE: Publication.>> Notice and comment concerning proposed order.--Not later than 60 days after the receipt of a request and proposal for an order under paragraph (1), or at such time as the Secretary determines to propose an order, the Secretary shall publish a proposed order and give due notice and opportunity for public comment on the proposed order.

(3) Issuance of order.--After notice and opportunity for public comment under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall issue an order, taking into consideration the comments received and

including in the order such provisions as are necessary to ensure that the order conforms to this subtitle. The order shall be issued and become effective not later than 150 days after the date of publication of the proposed order.

(c) Amendments.--The Secretary, as appropriate, may amend an order. The provisions of this subtitle applicable to an order shall be applicable to any amendment to an order, except that an amendment to an order may not require a referendum to become effective.

SEC. 575. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7484.>> REQUIRED TERMS IN ORDERS.

(a) In General.--An order shall contain the terms and conditions specified in this section.

(b) Establishment and Membership of Popcorn Board.--

(1) In general.--The order shall provide for the establishment of, and appointment of members to, a Popcorn Board that shall consist of not fewer than 4 members and not more than 9 members.

(2) Nominations.--The members of the Board shall be processors appointed by the Secretary from nominations submitted by processors in a manner authorized by the Secretary, subject to paragraph (3). Not more than 1 member may be appointed to the Board from nominations submitted by any 1 processor.

(3) Geographical diversity.--In making appointments, the Secretary shall take into account, to the extent practicable, the geographical distribution of popcorn production throughout the United States.

(4) Terms.--The term of appointment of each member of the Board shall be 3 years, except that the members appointed to the initial Board shall serve, proportionately, for terms of 2, 3, and 4 years, as determined by the Secretary.

(5) Compensation and expenses.--A member of the Board shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for the expenses of the member incurred in the performance of duties for the Board.

(c) Powers and Duties of Board.--The order shall define the powers and duties of the Board, which shall include the power and duty--

- and
- (1) to administer the order in accordance with the terms provisions of the order;
  - (2) to issue regulations to effectuate the terms and provisions of the order;
  - (3) to appoint members of the Board to serve on an executive committee;

(4) to propose, receive, evaluate, and approve budgets, plans, and projects of promotion, research, consumer information, and industry information, and to contract with appropriate persons to implement the plans or projects;

(5) to accept and receive voluntary contributions, gifts, and market promotion or similar funds;

project, (6) to invest, pending disbursement under a plan or funds collected through assessments authorized under subsection (f), only in--

of (A) obligations of the United States or an agency

the United States;

(B) general obligations of a State or a political subdivision of a State;

(C) an interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit of a bank that is a member of the Federal Reserve System; or

and (D) obligations fully guaranteed as to principal

interest by the United States;

(7) to receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations of the order; and

(8) to recommend to the Secretary amendments to the order.

(d) Plans and Budgets.--

(1) In general.--The order shall provide that the Board shall submit to the Secretary for approval any plan or project of promotion, research, consumer information, or industry information.

to (2) Budgets.--The order shall require the Board to submit the Secretary for approval budgets on a fiscal year basis of the anticipated expenses and disbursements of the Board in the implementation of the order, including projected costs of plans and projects of promotion, research, consumer information, and industry information.

(e) Contracts and Agreements.--

(1) In general.--The order shall provide that the Board may enter into contracts or agreements for the implementation and carrying out of plans or projects of promotion, research, consumer information, or industry information, including contracts with a processor organization, and for the payment of the cost of the plans or projects with funds collected by the Board under the order.

(2) Requirements.--A contract or agreement under paragraph (1) shall provide that--

(A) the contracting party shall develop and submit to the Board a plan or project, together with a budget that shows the estimated costs to be incurred for the plan or project;

(B) <<NOTE: Effective date.>> the plan or project shall become effective on the approval of the

Secretary;



and  
of (C) <<NOTE: Records. Reports.>> the contracting party shall keep accurate records of each transaction  
make the party, account for funds received and expended,  
periodic reports to the Board of activities conducted, and make such other reports as the Board or the Secretary may require.  
(3) Processor organizations.--The order shall provide that the Board may contract with processor organizations for any services required in addition to the services described in

[[Page 110 STAT. 1079]]

paragraph (1). The contract shall include provisions comparable to the provisions required by paragraph (2).

(f) Assessments.--

(1) Processors.--The order shall provide that each processor marketing popcorn in the United States or for export shall, in the manner prescribed in the order, pay assessments and remit the assessments to the Board.  
(2) Direct marketers.--A processor that markets popcorn produced by the processor directly to consumers shall pay and remit the assessments on the popcorn directly to the Board in the manner prescribed in the order.  
(3) Rate.--  
(A) In general.--The rate of assessment prescribed in the order shall be a rate established by the Board but not more than \$.08 per hundredweight of popcorn.  
(B) Adjustment of rate.--The order shall provide that the Board, with the approval of the Secretary, may raise or lower the rate of assessment annually up to a maximum of \$.08 per hundredweight of popcorn.  
(4) Use of assessments.--  
(A) In general.--Subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C) and subsection (c)(5), the order shall provide that the assessments collected shall be used by the Board--  
(i) to pay expenses incurred in implementing and administering the order, with provision for a reasonable reserve; and  
(ii) to cover such administrative costs as are incurred by the Secretary, except that the administrative costs incurred by the Secretary (other than any legal expenses incurred to defend and enforce the order) that may be reimbursed by the Board may not exceed 15 percent of the projected annual revenues of the Board.  
(B) Expenditures based on source of assessments.--  
In implementing plans and projects of promotion, research, consumer information, and industry information, the Board shall expend funds on--

in (i) plans and projects for popcorn marketed the United States or Canada in proportion to the amount of assessments collected on domestically marketed popcorn; and

(ii) plans and projects for exported popcorn in proportion to the amount of assessments collected on exported popcorn.

(C) Notification.--If the administrative costs incurred by the Secretary that are reimbursed by the Board exceed 10 percent of the projected annual

revenues of the Board, the Secretary shall notify as soon as practicable the Committee on Agriculture of the House

of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

(g) Prohibition on Use of Funds.--The order shall prohibit any funds collected by the Board under the order from being used to influence government action or policy, other than the use of funds by the Board for the development and recommendation to the Secretary of amendments to the order.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1080]]

(h) Books and Records of the Board.--The order shall require the Board to--

(1) maintain such books and records (which shall be available to the Secretary for inspection and audit) as the Secretary may prescribe;

(2) <<NOTE: Reports.>> prepare and submit to the Secretary, from time to time, such reports as the Secretary may prescribe; and

(3) account for the receipt and disbursement of all funds entrusted to the Board.

(i) Books and Records of Processors.--

(1) Maintenance and reporting of information.--The order shall require that each processor of popcorn for the market shall--

(A) maintain, and make available for inspection, such books and records as are required by the order; and

(B) <<NOTE: Reports.>> file reports at such time, in such manner, and having such content as is

prescribed in the order.

(2) Use of information.--The Secretary shall authorize the use of information regarding processors that may be accumulated under a law or regulation other than this subtitle or a regulation issued under this subtitle. The information shall be made available to the Secretary as appropriate for the administration or enforcement of this subtitle, the order, or

any regulation issued under this subtitle.

(3) Confidentiality.--

(A) In general.--Subject to subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D), all information obtained by the Secretary

under

paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be kept confidential by

all

officers, employees, and agents of the Board and the Department.

(B) Disclosure by secretary.--Information referred to in subparagraph (A) may be disclosed if--

(i) the Secretary considers the information relevant;

(ii) the information is revealed in a suit or administrative hearing brought at the request of the Secretary, or to which the Secretary or any officer of the United States is a party; and

(iii) the information relates to the order.

(C) Disclosure to other agency of federal government.--

under

(i) In general.--No information obtained

the authority of this subtitle may be made available to another agency or officer of the Federal Government for any purpose other than the implementation of this subtitle and any investigatory or enforcement activity necessary for the implementation of this subtitle.

violates

(ii) Penalty.--A person who knowingly

subject

this subparagraph shall, on conviction, be

to a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both, and if an officer, employee, or agent of the

Board

or the Department, shall be removed from office

or

terminated from employment, as applicable.

(D) General statements.--Nothing in this paragraph prohibits--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1081]]

(i) the issuance of general statements based on the reports of a number of persons subject to an order or statistical data collected from the reports, if the statements do not identify the information provided by any person; or

particular

(ii) the publication, by direction of the Secretary, of the name of a person violating the order, together with a statement of the

provisions of the order violated by the person.

(j) Other Terms and Conditions.--The order shall contain such other

terms and conditions, consistent with this subtitle, as are necessary to effectuate this subtitle, including regulations relating to the assessment of late payment charges.

SEC. 576. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7485.>> REFERENDA.

(a) Initial Referendum.--

(1) In general.--Within the 60-day period immediately preceding the effective date of an order, as provided in section 574(b)(3), the Secretary shall conduct a referendum among processors who, during a representative period as determined by the Secretary, have been engaged in processing, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the order shall go into effect.

(2) Approval of order.--The order shall become effective, as provided in section 574(b), only if the Secretary determines that the order has been approved by not less than a majority of the processors voting in the referendum and if the majority processed more than 50 percent of the popcorn certified as having been processed, during the representative period, by the processors voting.

(b) Additional Referenda.--

(1) In general.--Not earlier than 3 years after the effective date of an order approved under subsection (a), on the request of the Board or a representative group of processors, as described in paragraph (2), the Secretary may conduct additional referenda to determine whether processors favor the suspension or termination of the order.

(2) Representative group of processors.--An additional referendum on an order shall be conducted if the referendum is requested by 30 percent or more of the number of processors who, during a representative period as determined by the Secretary, have been engaged in processing.

(3) <<NOTE: Termination date.>> Disapproval of order.--If the Secretary determines, in a referendum conducted under paragraph (1), that suspension or termination of the order is favored by at least  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the processors voting in the referendum, the Secretary shall--

(A) suspend or terminate, as appropriate, collection of assessments under the order not later than 180 days after the date of determination; and  
(B) suspend or terminate the order, as appropriate, in an orderly manner as soon as practicable after the date of determination.

(c) Costs of Referendum.--The Secretary shall be reimbursed from assessments collected by the Board for any expenses incurred by the Secretary in connection with the conduct of any referendum under this section.

(d) Method of Conducting Referendum.--Subject to this section, a referendum conducted under this section shall be conducted in such manner as is determined by the Secretary.

(e) Confidentiality of Ballots and Other Information.--

(1) In general.--The ballots and other information or reports that reveal or tend to reveal the vote of any processor, or any business operation of a processor, shall be considered to be strictly confidential and shall not be disclosed.

(2) Penalty for violations.--An officer or employee of the Department who knowingly violates paragraph (1) shall be subject to the penalties described in section 575(i)(3)(C)(ii).

SEC. 577. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7486.>> PETITION AND REVIEW.

(a) Petition.--

(1) In general.--A person subject to an order may file with the Secretary a petition--

(A) stating that the order, a provision of the order, or an obligation imposed in connection with the order is not established in accordance with law; and

(B) requesting a modification of the order or obligation or an exemption from the order or

obligation.

(2) Statute of limitations.--A petition under paragraph (1) concerning an obligation may be filed not later than 2 years after the date of imposition of the obligation.

(3) Hearings.--The petitioner shall be given the opportunity for a hearing on a petition filed under paragraph (1), in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary.

(4) Ruling.--After a hearing under paragraph (3), the Secretary shall issue a ruling on the petition that is the subject of the hearing, which shall be final if the ruling is in accordance with applicable law.

(b) <<NOTE: Courts.>> Review.--

(1) Commencement of action.--The district court of the United States for any district in which a person who is a petitioner under subsection (a) resides or carries on business shall have jurisdiction to review a ruling on the petition, if the person files a complaint not later than 20 days after the date of issuance of the ruling under subsection (a)(4).

(2) Process.--Service of process in a proceeding under paragraph (1) may be made on the Secretary by delivering a copy of the complaint to the Secretary.

(3) Remands.--If the court determines, under paragraph (1), that a ruling issued under subsection (a)(4) is not in accordance with applicable law, the court shall remand the matter to the Secretary with directions--

(A) to make such ruling as the court shall determine

to be in accordance with law; or

(B) to take such further proceedings as, in the opinion of the court, the law requires.

(c) Enforcement.--The pendency of proceedings instituted under subsection (a) may not impede, hinder, or delay the Secretary or the Attorney General from taking action under section 578.

SEC. 578. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7487.>> ENFORCEMENT.

(a) In General.--The Secretary may issue an enforcement order to restrain or prevent any person from violating an order or regulation issued under this subtitle and may assess a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation of the enforce

[[Page 110 STAT. 1083]]

ment order, after an opportunity for an administrative hearing, if the Secretary determines that the administration and enforcement of the order and this subtitle would be adequately served by such a procedure.

(b) <<NOTE: Courts.>> Jurisdiction.--The district courts of the United States are vested with jurisdiction specifically to enforce, and to prevent and restrain any person from violating, an order or regulation issued under this subtitle.

(c) Referral to Attorney General.--A civil action authorized to be brought under this section shall be referred to the Attorney General for appropriate action.

SEC. 579. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7488.>> INVESTIGATIONS AND POWER TO SUBPOENA.

(a) Investigations.--The Secretary may make such investigations as the Secretary considers necessary--

- (1) for the effective administration of this subtitle; and
- (2) to determine whether any person subject to this

subtitle

has engaged, or is about to engage, in an act that constitutes or will constitute a violation of this subtitle or of an order or regulation issued under this subtitle.

(b) Oaths, Affirmations, and Subpoenas.--For the purpose of an investigation under subsection (a), the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel the attendance of witnesses, take evidence, and require the production of any records that are relevant to the inquiry. The attendance of witnesses and the production of records may be required from any place in the United States.

(c) Aid of Courts.--

- (1) Request.--In the case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to, any person, the Secretary may

request

the aid of any court of the United States within the

jurisdiction of which the investigation or proceeding is carried on, or where the person resides or carries on business, in requiring the attendance and testimony of the person and the production of records.

(2) Enforcement order of the court.--The court may issue an enforcement order requiring the person to appear before the Secretary to produce records or to give testimony concerning the matter under investigation.

(3) Contempt.--A failure to obey an enforcement order of the court under paragraph (2) may be punished by the court as a contempt of the court.

(4) Process.--Process in a case under this subsection may be served in the judicial district in which the person resides or carries on business or wherever the person may be found.

SEC. 580. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7489.>> RELATION TO OTHER PROGRAMS.

Nothing in this subtitle preempts or supersedes any other program relating to popcorn promotion organized and operated under the laws of the United States or any State.

SEC. 581. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7490.>> REGULATIONS.

The Secretary may issue such regulations as are necessary to carry out this subtitle.

SEC. 582. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7491.>> AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this subtitle. Amounts made available under

[[Page 110 STAT. 1084]]

this section or otherwise made available to the Department, and amounts made available under any other marketing or promotion order, may not be used to pay any administrative expense of the Board.

#### Subtitle F--Miscellaneous

SEC. 591. MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS FOR HONEY PROMOTION PROGRAM.

Section 9(f) of the Honey Research, Promotion, and Consumer Information Act (7 U.S.C. 4608(f)) is amended by inserting ``producers,`` after ``importers,``.

#### TITLE VI--CREDIT

##### Subtitle A--Farm Ownership Loans

SEC. 601. LIMITATION ON DIRECT FARM OWNERSHIP LOANS.

Section 302 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1922) is amended by striking subsection (b) and inserting the

following:

``(b) Direct Loans.--

``(1) In general.--Subject to paragraph (3), the Secretary may make a direct loan under this subtitle only to a farmer or rancher who has operated a farm or ranch for not less than 3 years and--

``(A) is a qualified beginning farmer or rancher;

``(B) has not received a previous direct farm ownership loan made under this subtitle; or

``(C) has not received a direct farm ownership loan under this subtitle more than 10 years before the date the new loan would be made.

``(2) Youth loans.--The operation of an enterprise by a youth under section 311(b) shall not be considered the operation of a farm or ranch for purposes of paragraph (1).

``(3) Transition rule.--

``(A) In general.--Subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C), the Secretary may make a direct loan under this subtitle to a farmer or rancher who has a direct loan outstanding under this subtitle on the date of

enactment

of this paragraph.

``(B) Less than 5 years.--If, as of the date of enactment of this paragraph, a farmer or rancher has

had

a direct loan outstanding under this subtitle for less than 5 years, the Secretary shall not make a loan to

the

farmer or rancher under subparagraph (A) after the date that is 10 years after the date of enactment of this paragraph.

``(C) 5 years or more.--If, as of the date of enactment of this paragraph, a farmer or rancher has

had

a direct loan outstanding under this subtitle for 5 years or more, the Secretary shall not make a loan to the farmer or rancher under subparagraph (A) after the date that is 5 years after the date of enactment of

this

paragraph.''.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1085]]

#### SEC. 602. PURPOSES OF LOANS.

(a) In General.--Section 303 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1923) is amended to read as follows:

#### ``SEC. 303. PURPOSES OF LOANS.

``(a) Allowed Purposes.--

``(1) Direct loans.--A farmer or rancher may use a direct loan made under this subtitle only for--

``(A) acquiring or enlarging a farm or ranch;

``(B) making capital improvements to a farm or ranch;



``(C) paying loan closing costs related to acquiring, enlarging, or improving a farm or ranch; or  
``(D) paying for activities to promote soil and water conservation and protection described in section 304 on a farm or ranch.

``(2) Guaranteed loans.--A farmer or rancher may use a loan guaranteed under this subtitle only for--

``(A) acquiring or enlarging a farm or ranch;  
``(B) making capital improvements to a farm or ranch;  
``(C) paying loan closing costs related to acquiring, enlarging, or improving a farm or ranch;  
``(D) paying for activities to promote soil and water conservation and protection described in section 304 on a farm or ranch; or  
``(E) refinancing indebtedness.

``(b) Preferences.--In making or guaranteeing a loan under this subtitle for purchase of a farm or ranch, the Secretary shall give preference to a person who--

``(1) has a dependent family;  
``(2) to the extent practicable, is able to make an initial down payment on the farm or ranch; or  
``(3) is an owner of livestock or farm or ranch equipment that is necessary to successfully carry out farming or ranching operations.

``(c) Hazard Insurance Requirement.--

``(1) In general.--After the Secretary makes the determination required by paragraph (2), the Secretary may not make a loan to a farmer or rancher under this subtitle unless the farmer or rancher has, or agrees to obtain, hazard insurance on any real property to be acquired or improved with the loan.

``(2) Determination.--Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, the Secretary shall determine the appropriate level of insurance to be required under paragraph (1).''.

(b) <<NOTE: 7 USC 1923 note.>> Transitional Provision.--Section 303(c)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act shall not apply until the Secretary of Agriculture makes the determination required by section 303(c)(2) of the Act.

#### SEC. 603. SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION AND PROTECTION.

Section 304 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1924) is amended--

(1) by striking subsections (b) and (c);  
(2) by striking ``Sec. 304. (a)(1) Loans'' and inserting the following:

[[Page 110 STAT. 1086]]

``SEC. 304. SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION AND PROTECTION.

``(a) In General.--Loans'';  
(3) by striking ``(2) In making or insuring'' and inserting  
the following:

``(b) Priority.--In making or guaranteeing'';  
(4) by striking ``(3) The Secretary'' and inserting the  
following:

``(c) Loan Maximum.--The Secretary'';  
(5) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) through (F) of  
subsection (a) (as amended by paragraph (2)) as paragraphs (1)  
through (6), respectively; and  
(6) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) of  
subsection  
(c) (as amended by paragraph (4)) as paragraphs (1) and (2),  
respectively.

#### SEC. 604. INTEREST RATE REQUIREMENTS.

Section 307(a)(3) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development  
Act  
(7 U.S.C. 1927(a)(3)) is amended--

(1) in subparagraph (B), by inserting ``subparagraph (D)  
and

in'' after ``Except as provided in''; and  
(2) by adding at the end the following:

``(D) Joint financing arrangement.--If a direct  
farm  
ownership loan is made under this subtitle as part of a  
joint financing arrangement and the amount of the  
direct  
farm ownership loan does not exceed 50 percent of the  
total principal amount financed under the arrangement,  
the interest rate on the direct farm ownership loan  
shall be at least 4 percent annually.''

#### SEC. 605. INSURANCE OF LOANS.

Section 308 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7  
U.S.C. 1928) is amended to read as follows:

#### ``SEC. 308. FULL FAITH AND CREDIT.

``(a) In General.--A contract of insurance or guarantee executed by  
the Secretary under this title shall be an obligation supported by the  
full faith and credit of the United States.

``(b) Contestability.--A contract of insurance or guarantee  
executed  
by the Secretary under this title shall be incontestable except for  
fraud or misrepresentation that the lender or any holder--

``(1) has actual knowledge of at the time the contract or  
guarantee is executed; or  
``(2) participates in or condones.''

#### SEC. 606. LOANS GUARANTEED.

Section 309(h) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act  
(7 U.S.C. 1929(h)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(4) Maximum guarantee of 90 percent.--Except as provided in paragraphs (5) and (6), a loan guarantee under this title shall be for not more than 90 percent of the principal and interest due on the loan.

``(5) Refinanced loans guaranteed at 95 percent.--The Secretary shall guarantee 95 percent of--

``(A) in the case of a loan that solely refinances a direct loan made under this title, the principal and interest due on the loan on the date of the refinancing;

or

[[Page 110 STAT. 1087]]

``(B) in the case of a loan that is used for multiple purposes, the portion of the loan that refinances the principal and interest due on a direct loan made under this title that is outstanding on the date the loan is guaranteed.

``(6) Beginning farmer loans guaranteed up to 95 percent.--The Secretary may guarantee not more than 95 percent of--

``(A) a farm ownership loan for acquiring a farm or ranch to a borrower who is participating in the down payment loan program under section 310E; or

``(B) an operating loan to a borrower who is participating in the down payment loan program under section 310E that is made during the period that the borrower has a direct loan outstanding under this subtitle for acquiring a farm or ranch.''.

#### Subtitle B--Operating Loans

#### SEC. 611. LIMITATION ON DIRECT OPERATING LOANS.

(a) In General.--Section 311 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1941) is amended by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:

``(c) Direct Loans.--

``(1) In general.--Subject to paragraph (3), the Secretary may make a direct loan under this subtitle only to a farmer or rancher who--

who ``(A) is a qualified beginning farmer or rancher

has not operated a farm or ranch, or who has operated a farm or ranch for not more than 5 years;

``(B) has not received a previous direct operating loan made under this subtitle; or

``(C) has received a previous direct operating loan made under this subtitle during 6 or fewer years.

``(2) Youth loans.--In this subsection, the term 'direct operating loan' shall not include a loan made to a youth under subsection (b).

``(3) Transition rule.--If, as of the date of enactment of

this paragraph, a farmer or rancher has received a direct operating loan under this subtitle during each of 4 or more previous years, the borrower shall be eligible to receive a direct operating loan under this subtitle during 3 additional years after the date of enactment of this paragraph.''.

(b) Youth Enterprises Not Farming or Ranching.--Section 311(b) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1941(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(4) Youth enterprises not farming or ranching.--The operation of an enterprise by a youth under this subsection shall not be considered the operation of a farm or ranch under this title.''.

#### SEC. 612. PURPOSES OF OPERATING LOANS.

(a) In General.--Section 312 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1942) is amended to read as follows:

[[Page 110 STAT. 1088]]

#### ``SEC. 312. PURPOSES OF LOANS.

``(a) In General.--A direct loan may be made under this subtitle only for--

``(1) paying the costs incident to reorganizing a farm or ranch for more profitable operation;

``(2) purchasing livestock, poultry, or farm or ranch equipment;

``(3) purchasing feed, seed, fertilizer, insecticide, or farm or ranch supplies, or to meet other essential farm or

ranch

operating expenses, including cash rent;

``(4) financing land or water development, use, or conservation;

``(5) paying loan closing costs;

``(6) assisting a farmer or rancher in changing the equipment, facilities, or methods of operation of a farm or ranch to comply with a standard promulgated under section 6 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 655) or a standard adopted by a State under a plan approved under section 18 of the Act (29 U.S.C. 667), if the Secretary determines that without assistance under this paragraph the farmer or rancher is likely to suffer substantial economic injury in complying with the standard;

``(7) training a limited-resource borrower receiving a loan under section 310D in maintaining records of farming and ranching operations;

``(8) training a borrower under section 359;

``(9) refinancing the indebtedness of a borrower, if the borrower--

``(A) has refinanced a loan under this subtitle not more than 4 times previously; and

``(B)(i) is a direct loan borrower under this title at the time of the refinancing and has suffered a qualifying loss because of a natural disaster declared

or  
by the Secretary under this title or a major disaster  
emergency designated by the President under the Robert  
T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance  
Act  
(42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.); or  
    (ii) is refinancing a debt obtained from a  
    creditor other than the Secretary; or  
    (10) providing other farm, ranch, or home needs,  
including  
    family subsistence.

    (b) Guaranteed Loans.--A loan may be guaranteed under this  
subtle only for--  
    (1) paying the costs incident to reorganizing a farm or  
    ranch for more profitable operation;  
    (2) purchasing livestock, poultry, or farm or ranch  
    equipment;  
    (3) purchasing feed, seed, fertilizer, insecticide, or  
ranch  
    farm or ranch supplies, or to meet other essential farm or  
operating expenses, including cash rent;  
    (4) financing land or water development, use, or  
conservation;  
    (5) refinancing indebtedness;  
    (6) paying loan closing costs;  
    (7) assisting a farmer or rancher in changing the  
equipment, facilities, or methods of operation of a farm or  
ranch to comply with a standard promulgated under section 6 of

[[Page 110 STAT. 1089]]

the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 655)  
or a standard adopted by a State under a plan approved under  
section 18 of the Act (29 U.S.C. 667), if the Secretary  
determines that without assistance under this paragraph the  
farmer or rancher is likely to suffer substantial economic  
injury due to compliance with the standard;  
    (8) training a borrower under section 359; or  
    (9) providing other farm, ranch, or home needs, including  
family subsistence.

    (c) Hazard Insurance Requirement.--  
    (1) In general.--After the Secretary makes the  
determination required by paragraph (2), the Secretary may not  
make a loan to a farmer or rancher under this subtitle unless  
the farmer or rancher has, or agrees to obtain, hazard  
insurance  
on the property to be acquired with the loan.  
    (2) Determination.--Not later than 180 days after the  
date  
of enactment of this paragraph, the Secretary shall determine  
the appropriate level of insurance to be required by paragraph  
(1).

    (d) Private Reserve.--  
    (1) In general.--Notwithstanding any other provision of

made under this subtitle to be placed in an unsupervised bank account that may be used at the discretion of the borrower for the basic family needs of the borrower and the immediate family of the borrower.

reserve       ``(2) Limit on size of the reserve.--The size of the shall not exceed the least of--  
                  ``(A) 10 percent of the loan;  
                  ``(B) \$5,000; or  
                  ``(C) the amount needed to provide for the basic family needs of the borrower and the borrower's immediate family for 3 calendar months.''.

(b) <<NOTE: 7 USC 1942 note.>> Transitional Provision.--Section 312(c)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act shall not apply until the Secretary of Agriculture makes the determination required by section 312(c)(2) of the Act.

#### SEC. 613. PARTICIPATION IN LOANS.

Section 315 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1945) is repealed.

#### SEC. 614. LINE-OF-CREDIT LOANS.

Section 316 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1946) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(c) Line-of-Credit Loans.--  
      ``(1) In general.--A loan made or guaranteed by the Secretary under this subtitle may be in the form of a line-of-credit loan.  
      ``(2) Term.--A line-of-credit loan under paragraph (1) shall terminate not later than 5 years after the date that the loan is made or guaranteed.  
      ``(3) Eligibility.--For purposes of determining eligibility for a farm operating loan under this subtitle, each year during which a farmer or rancher takes an advance or draws on a line-of-credit loan the farmer or rancher shall be considered to have received an operating loan for 1 year.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1090]]

      ``(4) Termination of delinquent loans.--If a borrower does not pay an installment on a line-of-credit loan on schedule, the borrower may not take an advance or draw on the line-of-credit, unless the Secretary determines that--  
          ``(A) the borrower's failure to pay on schedule was due to unusual conditions that the borrower could not control; and

``(B) the borrower will reduce the line-of-credit balance to the scheduled level at the end of--

``(i) the production cycle; or

``(ii) the marketing of the borrower's agricultural products.

``(5) Agricultural commodities.--A line-of-credit loan may be used to finance the production or marketing of an agricultural commodity that--

the ``(A) is eligible for a price support program of

Department of Agriculture; or

date ``(B) was eligible for a price support program of the Department of Agriculture on the day before the

of enactment of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996.''.

#### SEC. 615. INSURANCE OF OPERATING LOANS.

Section 317 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1947) is repealed.

#### SEC. 616. SPECIAL ASSISTANCE FOR BEGINNING FARMERS AND RANCHERS.

(a) In General.--Section 318 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1948) is repealed.

and (b) Conforming Amendment.--Section 310F of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1936) is repealed.

#### SEC. 617. LIMITATION ON PERIOD FOR WHICH BORROWERS ARE ELIGIBLE FOR GUARANTEED ASSISTANCE.

Section 319 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1949) is amended by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

``(b) Limitation on Period Borrowers Are Eligible for Guaranteed Assistance.--

Secretary ``(1) General rule.--Subject to paragraph (2), the

shall not guarantee a loan under this subtitle for a borrower for any year after the 15th year that a loan is made to, or a guarantee is provided with respect to, the borrower under this subtitle.

farmer ``(2) Transition rule.--If, as of October 28, 1992, a

operating or rancher has received a direct or guaranteed operating loan under this subtitle during each of 10 or more previous years, the borrower shall be eligible to receive a guaranteed

October loan under this subtitle during 5 additional years after

28, 1992.''.

SEC. 621. HAZARD INSURANCE REQUIREMENT.

(a) In General.--Section 321 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1961) is amended by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

``(b) Hazard Insurance Requirement.--

``(1) In general.--After the Secretary makes the determination required by paragraph (2), the Secretary may not make a loan to a farmer or rancher under this subtitle to cover a property loss unless the farmer or rancher had hazard insurance that insured the property at the time of the loss.

``(2) Determination.--Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this paragraph, the Secretary shall determine the appropriate level of insurance to be required under paragraph (1).''.

(b) <<NOTE: 7 USC 1961 note.>> Transitional Provision.--Section 321(b)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act shall not apply until the Secretary of Agriculture makes the determination required by section 321(b)(2) of the Act.

SEC. 622. NARROWING OF AUTHORITY TO WAIVE APPLICATION OF THE CREDIT ELSEWHERE TEST.

The second proviso of section 322(b) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1962(b)) is amended by striking ``\$300,000 or less'' and inserting ``\$100,000 or less''.

SEC. 623. LINKING OF EMERGENCY LOANS FOR CROP OR LIVESTOCK CHANGES TO NATURAL DISASTERS.

Section 323 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1963) is amended by inserting ``that are necessitated by a natural disaster, major disaster, or emergency and that are'' after ``livestock changes''.

SEC. 624. MAXIMUM EMERGENCY LOAN INDEBTEDNESS.

Section 324 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1964) is amended by striking ``Sec. 324. (a) No loan'' and all that follows through the end of subsection (a) and inserting the following:

``SEC. 324. TERMS OF LOANS.

``(a) Maximum Amount of Loan.--The Secretary may not make a loan under this subtitle to a borrower who has suffered a loss in an amount that--

``(1) exceeds the actual loss caused by a disaster; or  
``(2) would cause the total indebtedness of the borrower under this subtitle to exceed \$500,000.''.

SEC. 625. ESTABLISHMENT OF DATE FOR EMERGENCY LOAN ASSET VALUATION.

The last sentence of section 324(d) of the Consolidated Farm and



Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1964(d)) is amended by striking ``value the assets'' and all that follows through the period and inserting ``establish the value of the assets as of the day before the occurrence of the natural disaster, major disaster, or emergency that is the basis for a request for assistance under

[[Page 110 STAT. 1092]]

this subtitle or the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.).''.

SEC. 626. INSURANCE OF EMERGENCY LOANS.

Section 328 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1968) is repealed.

Subtitle D--Administrative Provisions

SEC. 631. TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO CONTRACTS.

Section 331 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1981) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(d) Temporary Authority To Enter Into Contracts.--

``(1) Definitions.--In this subsection:

``(A) Eligible financial institution.--The term `eligible financial institution' means a financial institution with substantial experience in farm, ranch, or aquaculture lending that is regulated by the Comptroller of the Currency, the Farm Credit Administration, or a similar regulatory body.

``(B) Pilot project.--The term `pilot project' includes services related to borrower loan documentation, financial information, credit history, and appraisals of real estate and chattel.

``(2) Authority.--The Secretary may enter into a contract with an eligible financial institution for servicing a farmer program loan under this title, including 1 or more pilot projects.

``(3) Report.--Not later than September 30, 1997, and September 30 of each year thereafter, the Secretary shall

report

to Congress on--

``(A) the Secretary's experience in using contracts under paragraph (2); and

``(B) recommendations for legislation related to this subsection, if any.

``(4) Savings clause.--Nothing in this subsection shall limit the authority of the Secretary or an eligible financial institution to contract for any services under this Act or any other law.

``(5) Sunset provision.--This subsection shall be effective until September 30, 2002.''.

SEC. 632. USE OF COLLECTION AGENCIES.

Section 331 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7

U.S.C. 1981) (as amended by section 631) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(e) Private Collection Agency.--The Secretary may use a private collection agency to collect a claim or obligation described in subsection (b)(5).''.

SEC. 633. NOTICE OF LOAN SERVICE PROGRAMS.

Section 331D(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1981d(a)) is amended by striking ``180 days delinquent in'' and inserting ``90 days past due on''.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1093]]

SEC. 634. CLARIFICATION OF WRITTEN STATEMENT REQUIRED OF BORROWERS.

Section 333(1)(B) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1983(1)(B)) is amended by striking ``a written statement showing the applicant's net worth'' and inserting ``an appropriate written financial statement''.

SEC. 635. ANNUAL REVIEW OF THE CREDIT HISTORY, BUSINESS OPERATION, AND CONTINUED ELIGIBILITY OF A BORROWER.

(a) In General.--Section 333 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1983) is amended--

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) as paragraphs (3), (4), and (5), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

``(2) except with respect to a loan under section 306, 310B, or 314, the county or area committee established under section 8(b)(5)(B) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)(5)(B)) to certify in writing--

``(A) that an annual review of the credit history and business operation of the borrower has been conducted; and

``(B) that a review of the continued eligibility of the borrower for the loan has been conducted;''.

(b) Conforming Amendment.--The third sentence of section 310B(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(a)) is amended by striking ``(3) of'' and inserting ``(4) of''.

SEC. 636. EXTENSION OF VETERANS PREFERENCE.

Section 333 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1983) (as amended by section 635(a)) is amended by striking paragraph (5) and inserting the following:

``(5) the application of a person who is a veteran of any war, as defined in section 101(12) of title 38, United States Code, for a loan under subtitle A or B to be given preference over a similar application from a person who is not a veteran

of

any war, if the applications are on file in a county or area

office at the same time.''.

SEC. 637. VERIFICATION OF THE CREDIT ELSEWHERE TEST.

Section 333A(f)(4) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1983a(f)(4)) is amended--

(1) by striking ``4) With'' and all that follows through ``seasoned'' and inserting the following:

``(4) Verification.--

``(A) In general.--The Secretary shall provide a prospectus of a seasoned''; and

(2) by striking ``If the Secretary'' and inserting the following:

``(B) Notification.--The Secretary shall notify

each

borrower of a loan that a prospectus has been provided to a lender under subparagraph (A).

``(C) Credit extended.--If the Secretary''.

SEC. 638. SALE OF PROPERTY.

Section 335 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1985) is amended--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1094]]

(1) in subsection (b), by striking ``subsection (e)'' and inserting ``subsections (c) and (e)'';

(2) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:

``(c) Sale of Property.--

subsection ``(1) In general.--Subject to this subsection and

(e)(1)(A), the Secretary shall offer to sell real property that is acquired by the Secretary under this title using the following order and method of sale:

``(A) Advertisement.--Not later than 15 days after acquiring real property, the Secretary shall publicly advertise the property for sale.

``(B) Beginning farmer or rancher.--

``(i) In general.--Not later than 75 days after acquiring real property, the Secretary

shall

offer to sell the property to a qualified beginning farmer or rancher at current market value based on a current appraisal.

``(ii) Random selection.--If more than 1 qualified beginning farmer or rancher offers to purchase the property, the Secretary shall select between the qualified applicants on a random basis.

``(iii) Appeal of random selection.--A random selection or denial by the Secretary of a beginning farmer or rancher for farm inventory property under this subparagraph shall be final and not administratively appealable.

``(C) Public sale.--If no acceptable offer is

received from a qualified beginning farmer or rancher under subparagraph (B) not later than 75 days after acquiring the real property, the Secretary shall, not later than 30 days after the 75-day period, sell the property after public notice at a public sale, and, if no acceptable bid is received, by negotiated sale, at the best price obtainable.

``(2) Transitional rules.--

``(A) Previous lease.--In the case of real property acquired prior to the date of enactment of this subparagraph that the Secretary leased prior to the

date

of enactment of this subparagraph, not later than 60 days after the lease expires, the Secretary shall offer to sell the property in accordance with paragraph (1).

``(B) Previously in inventory.--In the case of real property acquired prior to the date of enactment of

this

subparagraph that the Secretary has not leased, not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this subparagraph, the Secretary shall offer to sell the property in accordance with paragraph (1).

``(3) Interest.--

``(A) In general.--Subject to subparagraph (B), any conveyance of real property under this subsection shall include all of the interest of the United States in the property, including mineral rights.

``(B) Conservation.--The Secretary may for conservation purposes grant or sell an easement, restriction, development right, or similar legal right to real property to a State, a political subdivision of a State, or a private nonprofit organization separately from the underlying fee or other rights to the property owned by the United States.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1095]]

``(4) Other law.--The Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 471 et seq.) shall not apply to any exercise of authority under this title.

``(5) Lease of property.--

``(A) In general.--Subject to subparagraph (B), the Secretary may not lease any real property acquired

under

this title.

``(B) Exception.--

``(i) Beginning farmer or rancher.--The Secretary may lease or contract to sell to a beginning farmer or rancher a farm or ranch acquired by the Secretary under this title if the beginning farmer or rancher qualifies for a

credit

sale or direct farm ownership loan under subtitle A but credit sale authority for loans or direct farm ownership loan funds, respectively, are not available.

``(ii) Term.--The term of a lease or contract

to sell to a beginning farmer or rancher under clause (i) shall be until the earlier of--  
    ``(I) the date that is 18 months after the date of the lease or sale; or  
    ``(II) the date that direct farm ownership loan funds or credit sale authority for loans becomes available

to

the beginning farmer or rancher.

    ``(iii) Income-producing capability.--In determining the rental rate on real property leased under this subparagraph, the Secretary shall consider the income-producing capability of the property during the term that the property is leased.

``(6) Expedited determination.--

    ``(A) In general.--On the request of an applicant, not later than 30 days after denial of the applicant's application, the appropriate State director shall provide an expedited review and determination of

whether

the applicant is a beginning farmer or rancher for the purpose of acquiring farm inventory property.

Director

    ``(B) Appeal.--The determination of a State

under subparagraph (A) shall be final and not administratively appealable.

    ``(C) Effects of determinations.--

        ``(i) <<NOTE: Records.>> In general.--The Secretary shall maintain statistical data on the number and results of determinations made under subparagraph (A) and the effect of the determinations on--

            ``(I) selling farm inventory property to beginning farmers and ranchers; and

in

            ``(II) disposing of real property

inventory.

        ``(ii) Notification.--The Secretary shall notify the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the

Senate

if the Secretary determines that the review process under subparagraph (A) is adversely affecting the selling of farm inventory property to beginning farmers or ranchers or the disposing of real property in inventory.''; and

(3) in subsection (e)--

    (A) in paragraph (1)--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1096]]

(C);

(i) by striking subparagraphs (A) through

(ii) by redesignating subparagraphs (D)

through (G) as subparagraphs (A) through (D),  
respectively;  
(iii) in subparagraph (A) (as redesignated by  
clause (ii))--

(I) in clause (i)--  
(aa) in the matter

preceding

subclause (I), by striking  
``(G)'' and inserting ``(D)'';  
(bb) by striking subclause  
(I) and inserting the

following:

``(I) the Secretary acquires property under this title that  
is located within an Indian reservation; and'';

(cc) in subclause (II), by  
striking `` , and'' at the end  
and inserting a semicolon; and  
(dd) by striking subclause  
(III); and

(II) in clause (iii), by striking  
``The Secretary shall'' and all that  
follows through ``of subparagraph

(A),''

and inserting ``Not later than 90 days  
after acquiring the property, the  
Secretary shall''; and

(iv) in subparagraph (D) (as redesignated by  
clause (ii))--

(I) in clause (i), by striking  
``(D)'' in the matter following  
subclause (IV) and inserting ``(A)'';  
(II) in clause (iii)(I), by

striking

``subparagraphs (C)(i), (C)(ii), and  
(D)'' and inserting ``subparagraph  
(A)''; and

(III) by striking clause (v) and  
inserting the following:

``(v) <<NOTE: Native Americans.>>

Foreclosure

procedures.--

``(I) Notice to borrower.--If an  
Indian borrower-owner does not  
voluntarily convey to the Secretary

real

property described in clause (i), not  
less than 30 days before a foreclosure  
sale of the property, the Secretary  
shall provide the Indian borrower-owner  
with the option of--

``(aa) requiring the  
Secretary to assign the loan

and

security instruments to the  
Secretary of the Interior, if  
the Secretary of the Interior  
agrees to an assignment

releasing the Secretary of  
Agriculture from all further  
responsibility for collection

of

any amounts with regard to the  
loan secured by the real  
property; or

and           ``(bb) requiring the  
Secretary to assign the loan

security instruments to the  
tribe having jurisdiction over  
the reservation in which the  
real property is located, if

the           tribe agrees to the assignment.

              ``(II) Notice to tribe.--If an  
Indian borrower-owner does not  
voluntarily convey to the Secretary

real           property described in clause (i), not  
less than 30 days before a foreclosure  
sale of the property, the Secretary  
shall provide written notice to the  
Indian tribe that has jurisdiction over  
the reservation in which the real  
property is located of--

              ``(aa) the sale;

[[Page 110 STAT. 1097]]

              ``(bb) the fair market

value           of the property; and

              ``(cc) the requirements of  
this subparagraph.

Indian         ``(III) Assumed loans.--If an

tribe assumes a loan under subclause  
(I)--

              ``(aa) the Secretary shall  
not foreclose the loan because  
of any default that occurred  
prior to the date of the  
assumption;

for            ``(bb) the loan shall be

the lesser of the outstanding  
principal and interest of the  
loan or the fair market value

of

the property; and

              ``(cc) the loan shall be  
treated as though the loan was  
made under Public Law 91-229

(25            U.S.C. 488 et seq.).'';

- (B) by striking paragraph (3);
- (C) in paragraph (4)--
  - (i) by striking subparagraph (B);
  - (ii) in subparagraph (A)--
    - (I) in clause (i), by striking ``i)''; and
    - (II) by redesignating clause (ii)

as

- subparagraph (B); and
- (iii) in subparagraph (B) (as redesignated by clause (ii)(II)), by striking ``clause (i)'' and inserting ``subparagraph (A)'';
- (D) by striking paragraphs (5), (6), and (9); and
- (E) by redesignating paragraphs (4), (7), (8), and (10) as paragraphs (3), (4), (5), and (6),

respectively.

SEC. 639. EASEMENTS ON INVENTORIED PROPERTY.

Section 335(g) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1985(g)) is amended--

- (1) in paragraph (1)--
  - (A) by striking ``(g)(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) through (5)'' and inserting the following:

- ``(g) Easements on Inventoried Property.--
  - ``(1) In general.--Subject to paragraph (2)''; and
  - (B) by striking ``, as determined'' and all that follows through ``3801 et seq.)'';
  - (2) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
    - ``(2) Limitation.--The Secretary shall not establish a wetland conservation easement on an inventoried property that--
      - ``(A) was cropland on the date the property entered the inventory of the Secretary; or
      - ``(B) was used for farming at any time during the period beginning on the date 5 years before the

property

entered the inventory of the Secretary and ending on

the

date the property entered the inventory of the Secretary.'';

- (3) by striking paragraphs (3), (4), (5), and (8);
- (4) by striking ``(6) The Secretary'' and inserting the following:

- ``(3) Notification.--The Secretary''; and

- (5) by striking ``(7) The appraised'' and inserting the following:

- ``(4) Appraised value.--The appraised''.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1098]]

SEC. 640. DEFINITIONS.

Section 343(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1991(a)) is amended--



- (1) in paragraph (11)--  
    (A) in the text preceding subparagraph (A), by striking ``applicant--'' and inserting ``applicant, regardless of whether the applicant is participating in a program under section 310E--''; and  
    (B) in subparagraph (F)--  
        (i) by striking ``15 percent'' and inserting ``25 percent''; and  
        (ii) by inserting before the semicolon at the end the following: `` , except that this subparagraph shall not apply to a loan made or guaranteed under subtitle B''; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

``(12) Debt forgiveness.--

    ``(A) In general.--Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the term `debt forgiveness' means reducing or terminating a farmer program loan made or guaranteed under this title, in a manner that results

in

    a loss to the Secretary, through--

under

        ``(i) writing down or writing off a loan

        section 353;

        ``(ii) compromising, adjusting, reducing, or charging-off a debt or claim under section 331;

        ``(iii) paying a loss on a guaranteed loan under section 357; or

        ``(iv) discharging a debt as a result of bankruptcy.

    ``(B) Loan restructuring.--The term `debt forgiveness' does not include consolidation, rescheduling, reamortization, or deferral.''

#### SEC. 641. AUTHORIZATION FOR LOANS.

Section 346 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1994) is amended--

- (1) in the second sentence of subsection (a), by striking ``with or without'' and all that follows through ``administration''; and

(2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

``(b) Authorization for Loans.--

loans

    ``(1) In general.--The Secretary may make or guarantee

    under subtitles A and B from the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund provided for in section 309 in not more than the following amounts:

        ``(A) Fiscal year 1996.--For fiscal year 1996, \$3,085,000,000, of which--

            ``(i) \$585,000,000 shall be for direct loans, of which--

                ``(I) \$85,000,000 shall be for farm ownership loans under subtitle A; and

                ``(II) \$500,000,000 shall be for operating loans under subtitle B; and

            ``(ii) \$2,500,000,000 shall be for guaranteed

loans, of which--

``(I) \$600,000,000 shall be for  
guarantees of farm ownership loans

under

subtitle A; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1099]]

``(II) \$1,900,000,000 shall be for  
guarantees of operating loans under  
subtitle B.

``(B) Fiscal year 1997.--For fiscal year 1997,  
\$3,165,000,000, of which--

``(i) \$585,000,000 shall be for direct loans,  
of which--

``(I) \$85,000,000 shall be for farm  
ownership loans under subtitle A; and

``(II) \$500,000,000 shall be for  
operating loans under subtitle B; and

``(ii) \$2,580,000,000 shall be for guaranteed  
loans, of which--

``(I) \$630,000,000 shall be for  
guarantees of farm ownership loans

under

subtitle A; and

``(II) \$1,950,000,000 shall be for  
guarantees of operating loans under  
subtitle B.

``(C) Fiscal year 1998.--For fiscal year 1998,  
\$3,245,000,000, of which--

``(i) \$585,000,000 shall be for direct loans,  
of which--

``(I) \$85,000,000 shall be for farm  
ownership loans under subtitle A; and

``(II) \$500,000,000 shall be for  
operating loans under subtitle B; and

``(ii) \$2,660,000,000 shall be for guaranteed  
loans, of which--

``(I) \$660,000,000 shall be for  
guarantees of farm ownership loans

under

subtitle A; and

``(II) \$2,000,000,000 shall be for  
guarantees of operating loans under  
subtitle B.

``(D) Fiscal year 1999.--For fiscal year 1999,  
\$3,325,000,000, of which--

``(i) \$585,000,000 shall be for direct loans,  
of which--

``(I) \$85,000,000 shall be for farm  
ownership loans under subtitle A; and

``(II) \$500,000,000 shall be for  
operating loans under subtitle B; and

``(ii) \$2,740,000,000 shall be for guaranteed  
loans, of which--

``(I) \$690,000,000 shall be for

under

guarantees of farm ownership loans

subtitle A; and

``(II) \$2,050,000,000 shall be for  
guarantees of operating loans under  
subtitle B.

``(E) Fiscal year 2000.--For fiscal year 2000,  
\$3,435,000,000, of which--

``(i) \$585,000,000 shall be for direct loans,  
of which--

``(I) \$85,000,000 shall be for farm  
ownership loans under subtitle A; and

``(II) \$500,000,000 shall be for  
operating loans under subtitle B; and

``(ii) \$2,850,000,000 shall be for guaranteed  
loans, of which--

``(I) \$750,000,000 shall be for  
guarantees of farm ownership loans

under

subtitle A; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1100]]

``(II) \$2,100,000,000 shall be for  
guarantees of operating loans under  
subtitle B.

``(F) Fiscal year 2001.--For fiscal year 2001,  
\$3,435,000,000, of which--

``(i) \$585,000,000 shall be for direct loans,  
of which--

``(I) \$85,000,000 shall be for farm  
ownership loans under subtitle A; and

``(II) \$500,000,000 shall be for  
operating loans under subtitle B; and

``(ii) \$2,850,000,000 shall be for guaranteed  
loans, of which--

``(I) \$750,000,000 shall be for  
guarantees of farm ownership loans

under

subtitle A; and

``(II) \$2,100,000,000 shall be for  
guarantees of operating loans under  
subtitle B.

``(G) Fiscal year 2002.--For fiscal year 2002,  
\$3,435,000,000, of which--

``(i) \$585,000,000 shall be for direct loans,  
of which--

``(I) \$85,000,000 shall be for farm  
ownership loans under subtitle A; and

``(II) \$500,000,000 shall be for  
operating loans under subtitle B; and

``(ii) \$2,850,000,000 shall be for guaranteed  
loans, of which--

``(I) \$750,000,000 shall be for  
guarantees of farm ownership loans

under

subtitle A; and

``(II) \$2,100,000,000 shall be for guarantees of operating loans under subtitle B.

``(2) Beginning farmers and ranchers.--

``(A) Direct loans.--

``(i) Farm ownership loans.--

``(I) In general.--Of the amounts made available under paragraph (1) for direct farm ownership loans, the Secretary shall reserve 70 percent for qualified beginning farmers and ranchers.

``(II) Down payment loans.--Of the amounts reserved for a fiscal year

under

subclause (I), the Secretary shall reserve 60 percent for the down payment loan program under section 310E until April 1 of the fiscal year.

``(ii) Operating loans.--Of the amounts made available under paragraph (1) for direct

operating

loans, the Secretary shall reserve for qualified beginning farmers and ranchers--

``(I) for each of fiscal years 1996 through 1998, 25 percent;

``(II) for fiscal year 1999, 30 percent; and

``(III) for each of fiscal years 2000 through 2002, 35 percent.

``(iii) Funds reserved until september 1.--Except as provided in clause (i)(II), funds reserved for qualified beginning farmers or ranchers under this subparagraph for a fiscal

year

shall be reserved only until September 1 of the fiscal year.

``(B) Guaranteed loans.--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1101]]

``(i) Farm ownership loans.--Of the amounts made available under paragraph (1) for guarantees of farm ownership loans, the Secretary shall reserve 25 percent for qualified beginning

farmers

and ranchers.

``(ii) Operating loans.--Of the amounts made available under paragraph (1) for guarantees of operating loans, the Secretary shall reserve 40 percent for qualified beginning farmers and ranchers.

``(iii) Funds reserved until april 1.--Funds reserved for qualified beginning farmers or ranchers under this subparagraph for a fiscal

year

fiscal

shall be reserved only until April 1 of the  
year.

``(C) Reserved funds for all qualified beginning farmers and ranchers.--If a qualified beginning farmer or rancher meets the eligibility criteria for receiving a direct or guaranteed loan under section 302, 310E, or 311, the Secretary shall make or guarantee the loan if sufficient funds reserved under this paragraph are available to make or guarantee the loan.

``(3) Transfer for down payment loans.--

``(A) In general.--Notwithstanding subsection (a), subject to subparagraph (B)--

``(i) beginning on August 1 of each fiscal year, the Secretary shall use available unsubsidized guaranteed farm operating loan funds to provide direct farm ownership loans approved

by

the Secretary to qualified beginning farmers and ranchers under the down payment loan program established under section 310E, if sufficient direct farm ownership loan funds are not

otherwise

available; and

<<NOTE: Effective date.>> ``(ii) beginning on September 1 of each fiscal year, the Secretary shall use available unsubsidized guaranteed farm operating loan funds to provide direct farm ownership loans approved by the Secretary to qualified beginning farmers and ranchers, if sufficient direct farm ownership loan funds are not otherwise available.

``(B) Limitation.--The Secretary shall limit the transfer of funds under subparagraph (A) so that all guaranteed farm operating loans that have been

approved,

or will be approved, by the Secretary during the fiscal year will be made to the extent of available amounts.

``(4) Transfer for credit sales of farm inventory property.--

``(A) In general.--Notwithstanding subsection (a), subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C), beginning on September 1 of each fiscal year, the Secretary may use available funds made available under subtitle C for the fiscal year to fund the credit sale of farm real estate in the inventory of the Secretary.

``(B) Supplemental appropriations.--The transfer authority provided under subparagraph (A) shall not apply to any funds made available to the Secretary for any fiscal year under an Act making supplemental appropriations.

``(C) Limitation.--The Secretary shall limit the transfer of funds under subparagraph (A) so that all emergency disaster loans that have been approved, or will be approved,

by the Secretary during the fiscal year will be made to the extent of available amounts.''.

SEC. 642. CONTRACTS ON LOAN SECURITY PROPERTIES.

Section 349 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1997) is amended--

(1) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

``(b) Contracts on Loan Security Properties.--Subject to subsection (c), the Secretary may enter into a contract related to real property for conservation, recreation, or wildlife purposes.'';

(2) in subsection (c)--

(A) by striking ``(c) Such easement'' and all that follows through ``if--'' and inserting the following:

``(c) Limitations.--The Secretary may enter into a contract under subsection (b) if--'';

(B) in paragraph (2), by adding ``and'' at the end;

(C) in paragraph (3)--

(i) by striking subparagraph (B);

(ii) by striking ``(3)(A)(i)'' and inserting ``(3)(A)'';

(iii) by striking ``Farmers Home Administration'' and inserting ``Secretary'';

(iv) by striking ``(ii) such easement'' and inserting ``(B) such contract''; and

(v) by striking ``; or'' and inserting a period; and

(D) by striking paragraph (4);

(3) in subsection (d), by striking ``easement'' each place it appears and inserting ``contract'';

(4) in subsection (e)--

(A) in paragraph (1)--

(i) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking ``purchase any such easement from the borrower--'' and inserting ``reduce or forgive

the

outstanding debt of a borrower--'';

(ii) by striking ``easement'' each place it appears and inserting ``contract''; and

(iii) by striking ``Farmers Home Administration'' each place it appears and inserting ``Secretary''; and

(B) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking ``easement is acquired'' and inserting ``contract is entered into'';

(5) in subsection (f)--

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking ``acquire easements'' and inserting ``enter into contracts''; and

(B) in paragraphs (2) and (3), by striking ``easements'' each place it appears and inserting ``contracts''; and

(6) in subsection (g), by striking ``an easement acquired'' and inserting ``a contract entered into''.

SEC. 643. LIST OF CERTIFIED LENDERS AND INVENTORY PROPERTY  
DEMONSTRATION  
PROJECT.

(a) In General.--Section 351 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural  
Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1999) is amended--

(1) in subsection (f)--

(A) by striking ``Each Farmers Home Administration  
county supervisor'' and inserting ``The Secretary'';

(B) by striking ``approved lenders'' and inserting  
``lenders''; and

(C) by striking ``the Farmers Home  
Administration'';  
and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1103]]

(2) by striking subsection (h).

(b) Technical Amendment.--Section 1320 of the Food Security Act of  
1985 (Public Law 99-198; 7 U.S.C. 1999 note) is amended by striking  
``Effective only'' and all that follows through ``1995, the'' and  
inserting ``The''.

SEC. 644. HOMESTEAD PROPERTY.

Section 352(c) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act  
(7  
U.S.C. 2000(c)) is amended--

(1) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking ``90'' each place it  
appears and inserting ``30''; and

(2) in paragraph (6)--

(A) in the first sentence, by striking ``Within  
30''

and all that follows through ``title,'' and insert  
``Not

later than the date of acquisition of the property  
securing a loan made under this title (or, in the case  
of real property in inventory on the date of enactment  
of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act

of  
1996, not later than 5 days after the date of enactment  
of the Act),''; and

(B) by striking the second sentence.

SEC. 645. RESTRUCTURING.

Section 353 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7  
U.S.C. 2001) is amended--

(1) in subsection (c)--

(A) in paragraph (3), by striking subparagraph (C)  
and inserting the following:

``(C) Cash flow margin.--For the purpose of  
assessing under subparagraph (A) the ability of a  
borrower to meet debt obligations and continue farming  
operations, the Secretary shall assume that the

borrower

needs up to 110 percent of the amount indicated for payment of farm operating expenses, debt service obligations, and family living expenses.''; and

(B) by striking paragraph (6) and inserting the following:

``(6) Termination of loan obligations.--The obligations of

a

borrower to the Secretary under a loan shall terminate if--

``(A) the borrower satisfies the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b);

``(B) the value of the restructured loan is less than the recovery value; and

``(C) not later than 90 days after receipt of the notification described in paragraph (4)(B), the

borrower

pays (or obtains third-party financing to pay) the Secretary an amount equal to the current market value.'';

(2) by striking subsection (k); and

(3) by redesignating subsections (l) through (p) as subsections (k) through (o), respectively.

#### SEC. 646. TRANSFER OF INVENTORY LAND FOR CONSERVATION PURPOSES.

Section 354 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2002) is amended--

(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking

``The

Secretary, without reimbursement,' and inserting the following:

[[Page 110 STAT. 1104]]

``(a) In General.--Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary'';

(2) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

``(2) that is eligible to be disposed of in accordance with section 335; and''; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

``(b) Conditions.--The Secretary may not transfer any property or interest in property under subsection (a) unless--

``(1) at least 2 public notices are given of the transfer;

``(2) if requested, at least 1 public meeting is held prior to the transfer; and

of  
``(3) the Governor and at least 1 elected county official

the State and county where the property is located are consulted

prior to the transfer.''.

#### SEC. 647. IMPLEMENTATION OF TARGET PARTICIPATION RATES.

Section 355 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2003) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(f) Implementation Consistent With Supreme Court Holding.--Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, the Secretary shall ensure that the implementation of this section is



consistent with the holding of the Supreme Court in *Adarand Constructors, Inc. v. Federico Pena, Secretary of Transportation*, 115 S. Ct. 2097 (1995).''.

SEC. 648. DELINQUENT BORROWERS.

(a) Payment of Interest as a Condition of Loan Servicing for Borrowers.--The Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``SEC. 372. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2008g.>> PAYMENT OF INTEREST AS A CONDITION OF LOAN SERVICING FOR BORROWERS.

``The Secretary may not reschedule or reamortize a loan for a borrower under this title who has not requested consideration under section 331D(e) unless the borrower pays a portion, as determined by the Secretary, of the interest due on the loan.''.

(b) Loan and Loan Servicing Limitations.--The Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) (as amended by subsection (a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``SEC. 373. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2008h.>> LOAN AND LOAN SERVICING LIMITATIONS.

``(a) Delinquent Borrowers Prohibited From Obtaining Direct Operating Loans.--The Secretary may not make a direct operating loan under subtitle B to a borrower who is delinquent on any loan made or guaranteed under this title.

``(b) Loans Prohibited for Borrowers That Have Received Debt Forgiveness.--

``(1) In general.--Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary may not make or guarantee a loan under this title to a borrower who received debt forgiveness on a loan made or guaranteed under this title.

``(2) Exception.--The Secretary may make a direct or guaranteed farm operating loan for paying annual farm or ranch operating expenses of a borrower who was restructured with a write-down under section 353.

``(c) No More Than 1 Debt Forgiveness For A Borrower On A Direct Loan.--The Secretary may not provide to a borrower debt forgiveness on a direct loan made under this title if the

[[Page 110 STAT. 1105]]

borrower has received debt forgiveness on another direct loan made under this title.''.

SEC. 649. SHORT FORM CERTIFICATION OF FARM PROGRAM BORROWER COMPLIANCE.

The Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) (as amended by section 648) is amended by adding at the end the

following:

``SEC. 374. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2008i.>> SHORT FORM CERTIFICATION OF FARM PROGRAM BORROWER COMPLIANCE.

``The Secretary shall develop and utilize a consolidated short form for farm program borrowers to use in certifying compliance with any applicable provision of law (including a regulation) that serves as an eligibility prerequisite for a loan made under this title.''.

SEC. 650. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2001 note.>> CREDIT STUDY.

(a) <<NOTE: Reports.>> In General.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study and report to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate on the demand for and availability of credit in rural areas for agriculture, housing, and rural development.

(b) Purpose.--The purpose of the study shall be to ensure that Congress has current and comprehensive information to consider as Congress deliberates on rural credit needs and the availability of credit to satisfy the needs of rural areas of the United States.

(c) Items in Study.--In conducting the study, the Secretary shall base the study on the most current available data and analyze--

- (1) rural demand for credit from the Farm Credit System, the ability of the Farm Credit System to meet the demand, and the extent to which the Farm Credit System provides loans to satisfy the demand;
- (2) rural demand for credit from the United States banking system, the ability of banks to meet the demand, and the extent to which banks provide loans to satisfy the demand;
- (3) rural demand for credit from the Secretary, the ability of the Secretary to meet the demand, and the extent to which the Secretary provides loans to satisfy the demand;
- (4) rural demand for credit from other Federal agencies, the ability of the agencies to meet the demand, and the extent to which the agencies provide loans to satisfy the demand;
- (5) what measure or measures exist to gauge the overall demand for rural credit, the extent to which rural demand for credit is satisfied, and what the measures have demonstrated;
- (6) a comparison of the interest rates and terms charged by the Farm Credit System Farm Credit Banks, production credit associations, and banks for cooperatives with the rates and terms charged by the banks of the United States for credit of comparable risk and maturity;
- (7) the advantages and disadvantages of the modernization and expansion proposals of the Farm Credit System on the Farm Credit System, the United States banking system, rural

[[Page 110 STAT. 1106]]

users of credit, local rural communities, and the Federal Government, including--

(A) any added risk to the safety and soundness of the Farm Credit System that may result from approval of a proposal; and

(B) any positive or adverse impacts on competition between the Farm Credit System and the banks of the United States in providing credit to rural users;

(8) the nature and extent of the unsatisfied rural credit need that the Farm Credit System proposals are supposed to address and what aspects of the present Farm Credit System prevent the Farm Credit System from meeting the need;

(9) the advantages and disadvantages of the proposal by commercial bankers to allow banks access to the Farm Credit System as a funding source on the Farm Credit System, the

United

States banking system, rural users of credit, local rural communities, and the Federal Government, including--

(A) any added risk to the safety and soundness of the Farm Credit System that may result from approval of the proposal; and

(B) any positive or adverse impacts on competition between the Farm Credit System and the banks of the United States in providing credit to rural users; and

(10) problems that commercial banks have in obtaining capital for lending in rural areas, how access to Farm Credit System funds would improve the availability of capital in rural areas in ways that cannot be achieved in the system in

existence

on the date of enactment of this Act, and the possible effects on the viability of the Farm Credit System of granting banks access to Farm Credit System funds.

(d) Interagency Task Force.--In completing the study, the Secretary shall use, among other things, data and information obtained by the interagency task force on rural credit.

#### Subtitle E--General Provisions

#### SEC. 661. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

(a) Section 307(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1927(a)) is amended--

(1) in paragraph (4), by striking ``304(b), 306(a)(1), and 310B'' and inserting ``306(a)(1) and 310B''; and

(2) in paragraph (6)(B)--

(A) by striking clauses (i), (ii), (iv), and (vii);

(B) in clause (v), by adding ``and'' at the end;

(C) in clause (vi), by striking `` , and'' at the

end

and inserting a period; and

(D) by redesignating clauses (iii), (v), and (vi)

as

clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), respectively.

(b) The second sentence of section 309(g)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1929(g)(1)) is amended by striking ``section 308,''.

(c) Section 309A of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act

(7 U.S.C. 1929a) is amended--

(1) in the second sentence of subsection (a), by striking ``304(b), 306(a)(1), 306(a)(14), 310B, and 312(b)'' and inserting ``306(a)(1), 306(a)(14), and 310B''; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1107]]

(2) in the first sentence of subsection (b), by striking ``and section 308''.

(d) Section 310B(d) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(d)) is amended--

(1) by striking ``sections 304(b), 310B, and 312(b)'' each place it appears in paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) and inserting ``this section''; and

(2) in paragraph (6), by striking ``this section, section 304, or section 312'' and inserting ``this section''.

(e) The first sentence of section 310D(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1934(a)) is amended by striking ``paragraphs (1) through (5) of section 303(a), or subparagraphs (A) through (E) of section 304(a)(1)'' and inserting ``section 303(a), or paragraphs (1) through (5) of section 304(a)''.

(f) Section 311(b)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1941(b)(1)) is amended by striking ``and for the purposes specified in section 312''.

(g) Section 316(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1946(a)) is amended by striking paragraph (3).

(h) Section 343 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1991) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a)(10), by striking ``recreation loan (RL) under section 304,''; and

(2) in subsection (b)--

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking ``351(h),''; and

(B) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:

``(4) Preservation loan service program.--The term 'preservation loan service program' means homestead retention

as

authorized under section 352.''.

(i) The first sentence of section 344 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1992) is amended by striking ``304(b), 306(a)(1), 310B, 312(b), or 312(c)'' and inserting ``306(a)(1), 310B, or 312(c)''.

(j) Section 353(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (as redesignated by section 645(3)) is amended by striking ``and subparagraphs (A)(i) and (C)(i) of section 335(e)(1),''.

#### SEC. 662. ELECTRONIC FILING OF EFFECTIVE FINANCING STATEMENTS UNDER THE CLEAR TITLE PROVISIONS OF THE FOOD SECURITY ACT OF 1985.

Section 1324(c)(4) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1631(c)(4)) is amended--

(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking ``thereof'' and inserting ``of the statement, or, in the case of a State which (under the applicable State law provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code) allows the electronic filing of financing statements without the signature of the debtor, is an electronically reproduced copy of the statement''; and  
(2) in each of subparagraphs (B) and (C), by inserting ``other than in the case of an electronically reproduced copy of the statement,'' before ``is''.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1108]]

SEC. 663. <<NOTE: 7 USC 1922 note.>> EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) In General.--Except as provided in subsection (b), the amendments made by this title shall become effective on the date of enactment of this Act.

(b) Delayed Effective Dates.--The amendments made by sections 601, 606, 611, 612, 622, 623, 625, 633, 640(1), 642, 645(1), 648(a), and 649 shall become effective 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

(c) Transition Provision.--The amendments made by sections 638 and 644 shall not apply with respect to a complete application to acquire inventory property submitted prior to the date of enactment of this Act.

(d) Regulations.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, regulations to implement the amendments made by this title shall be published as interim final rules with request for comments and may be made effective immediately on publication.

## TITLE VII--RURAL DEVELOPMENT

Subtitle A--Amendments to the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade

Act of 1990

### CHAPTER 1--GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 701. RURAL INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIPS.

Subtitle B of title XXIII of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 2007 et seq.) is repealed.

SEC. 702. WATER AND WASTE FACILITY FINANCING.

Section 2322 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 1926-1) is repealed.

SEC. 703. RURAL WASTEWATER CIRCUIT RIDER PROGRAM.

Section 2324 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 7 U.S.C. 1926 note) is repealed.

SEC. 704. TELEMEDICINE AND DISTANCE LEARNING SERVICES IN RURAL AREAS.

Chapter 1 of subtitle D of title XXIII of the Food, Agriculture,

Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 950aaa et seq.) is amended to read as follows:

``CHAPTER 1--TELEMEDICINE AND DISTANCE LEARNING SERVICES IN RURAL AREAS

``SEC. 2331. <<NOTE: 7 USC 950aaa.>> PURPOSE.

``The purpose of this chapter is to encourage and improve telemedicine services and distance learning services in rural areas through the use of telecommunications, computer networks, and related advanced technologies by students, teachers, medical professionals, and rural residents.

<<NOTE: 7 USC 950aaa-1.>> ``SEC. 2332. DEFINITIONS.

``In this chapter:

[[Page 110 STAT. 1109]]

``(1) Construct.--The term 'construct' means to construct, acquire, install, improve, or extend a facility or system.

``(2) Cost of money loan.--The term 'cost of money loan' means a loan made under this chapter bearing interest at a rate equal to the then current cost to the Federal Government of loans of similar maturity.

``(3) Secretary.--The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Agriculture.

``SEC. 2333. <<NOTE: 7 USC 950aaa-2.>> TELEMEDICINE AND DISTANCE LEARNING SERVICES IN RURAL AREAS.

``(a) Services to Rural Areas.--The Secretary may provide financial assistance for the purpose of financing the construction of facilities and systems to provide telemedicine services and distance learning services in rural areas.

``(b) Financial Assistance.--

``(1) In general.--Financial assistance shall consist of grants or cost of money loans, or both.

``(2) Form.--The Secretary shall determine the portion of the financial assistance provided to a recipient that consists of grants and the portion that consists of cost of money loans so as to result in the maximum feasible repayment to the

Federal

Government of the financial assistance, based on the ability to repay of the recipient and full utilization of funds made available to carry out this chapter.

``(c) Recipients.--

``(1) In general.--The Secretary may provide financial assistance under this chapter to--

``(A) entities using telemedicine services or distance learning services; and

``(B) entities providing or proposing to provide telemedicine service or distance learning service to other persons at rates calculated to ensure that the

benefit of the financial assistance is passed through  
to the other persons.

``(2) Electric or telecommunications borrowers.--

``(A) Loans to borrowers.--Subject to subparagraph (B), the Secretary may provide a cost of money loan under this chapter to a borrower of an electric or telecommunications loan under the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 901 et seq.). A borrower

receiving

a cost of money loan under this paragraph shall--

``(i) make the funds provided available to entities that qualify under paragraph (1) for projects satisfying the requirements of this chapter;

``(ii) use the funds provided to acquire, install, improve, or extend a system referred to in subsection (a); or

``(iii) use the funds provided to install, improve, or extend a facility referred to in subsection (a).

``(B) Limitations.--A borrower of an electric or telecommunications loan under the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 shall--

``(i) make a system or facility funded under subparagraph (A) available to entities that qualify under paragraph (1); and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1110]]

``(ii) neither retain from the proceeds of a loan provided under subparagraph (A), nor assess

a

qualifying entity under paragraph (1), any amount except as may be required to pay the actual costs incurred in administering the loan or making the system or facility available.

``(3) Appeal.--If the Secretary rejects the application of

a

borrower who applies for a cost of money loan or grant under this section, the borrower may appeal the decision to the Secretary not later than 10 days after the borrower is notified of the rejection.

``(4) Assistance to provide or improve services.--Financial assistance may be provided under this chapter for a facility regardless of the location of the facility if the Secretary determines that the assistance is necessary to provide or improve telemedicine services or distance learning services in

a

rural area.

``(d) Priority.--The Secretary shall establish procedures to prioritize financial assistance under this chapter considering--

``(1) the need for the assistance in the affected rural area;

``(2) the financial need of the applicant;

``(3) the population sparsity of the affected rural area;

``(4) the local involvement in the project serving the affected rural area;

financial      ``(5) geographic diversity among the recipients of assistance;

                ``(6) the utilization of the telecommunications facilities of any telecommunications provider serving the affected rural area;

the             ``(7) the portion of total project financing provided by applicant from the funds of the applicant;

                ``(8) the portion of project financing provided by the applicant with funds obtained from non-Federal sources;

                ``(9) the joint utilization of facilities financed by other financial assistance;

                ``(10) the coordination of the proposed project with regional projects or networks;

                ``(11) service to the greatest practical number of persons within the general geographic area covered by the financial assistance;

                ``(12) conformity with the State strategic plan as prepared under section 381D of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act; and

                ``(13) other factors determined appropriate by the Secretary.

``(e) <<NOTE: Federal Register, publication.>> Maximum Amount of Assistance to Individual Recipients.--The Secretary may establish the maximum amount of financial assistance to be made available to an individual recipient for each fiscal year under this chapter, by publishing notice of the maximum amount in the Federal Register not more than 45 days after funds are made available for the fiscal year to carry out this chapter.

``(f) Use of Funds.--Financial assistance provided under this chapter shall be used for--

                ``(1) the development and acquisition of instructional programming;

                ``(2) the development and acquisition, through lease or purchase, of computer hardware and software, audio and visual

[[Page 110 STAT. 1111]]

equipment, computer network components, telecommunications terminal equipment, telecommunications transmission facilities, data terminal equipment, or interactive video equipment, or other facilities that would further telemedicine services or distance learning services;

the             ``(3) providing technical assistance and instruction for development or use of the programming, equipment, or facilities referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2); or

                ``(4) other uses that are consistent with this chapter, as determined by the Secretary.



``(g) Salaries and Expenses.--Notwithstanding subsection (f), financial assistance provided under this chapter shall not be used for paying salaries or administrative expenses.

``(h) Expediting Coordinated Telephone Loans.--

``(1) In general.--The Secretary may establish and carry out procedures to ensure that expedited consideration and determination is given to applications for loans and advances of funds submitted by local exchange carriers under this chapter and the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 901 et seq.) to enable the exchange carriers to provide advanced telecommunications services in rural areas in conjunction with any other projects carried out under this chapter.

``(2) Deadline imposed on secretary. <<NOTE: Notification.>> --Not later than 45 days after the receipt of a completed application for an expedited telephone loan under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall notify the applicant in writing of the decision of the Secretary regarding the application.

``(i) Notification of Local Exchange Carrier.--

``(1) Applicants.--Each applicant for a grant for a telemedicine or distance learning project established under this chapter shall notify the appropriate local telephone exchange carrier regarding the application filed with the Secretary for the grant.

``(2) Secretary.--The Secretary shall--

``(A) publish notice of applications received for grants under this chapter for telemedicine or distance learning projects; and

``(B) make the applications available for inspection.

``SEC. 2334. <<NOTE: 7 USC 950aaa-3.>> ADMINISTRATION.

``(a) Nonduplication.--The Secretary shall ensure that facilities constructed using financial assistance provided under this chapter do not duplicate adequate established telemedicine services or distance learning services.

``(b) Loan Maturity.--The maturities of cost of money loans shall be determined by the Secretary, based on the useful life of the facility being financed, except that the loan shall not be for a period of more than 10 years.

``(c) Loan Security and Feasibility.--The Secretary shall make a cost of money loan only if the Secretary determines that the security for the loan is reasonably adequate and that the loan will be repaid within the period of the loan.

``(d) Encouraging Consortia.--The Secretary shall encourage the development of consortia to provide telemedicine services or distance learning services through telecommunications in rural areas served by a telecommunications provider.

((e) Coordination With Other Agencies.--The Secretary shall coordinate, to the extent practicable, with other Federal and State agencies with similar grant or loan programs to pool resources for funding meritorious proposals in rural areas.

((f) Informational Efforts.--The Secretary shall establish and implement procedures to carry out informational efforts to advise potential end users located in rural areas of each State about the program authorized by this chapter.

SEC. 2335. <<NOTE: 7 USC 950aaa-4.>> REGULATIONS.

Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996, the Secretary shall issue regulations to carry out this chapter.

SEC. 2335A. <<NOTE: 7 USC 950aaa-5.>> AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this chapter \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002.''

SEC. 705. LIMITATION ON AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR RURAL TECHNOLOGY GRANTS.

Section 2347 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 104 Stat. 4034) is amended--

- (1) <<NOTE: 7 USC 1932.>> by striking ((a) In General.--''; and
- (2) by striking subsection (b).

SEC. 706. DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.

Section 2348 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 2662a) is repealed.

SEC. 707. MONITORING THE ECONOMIC PROGRESS OF RURAL AMERICA.

Section 2382 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 13 U.S.C. 141 note) is repealed.

SEC. 708. ANALYSIS BY OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT.

Section 2385 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 7 U.S.C. 950aaa-4 note) is repealed.

SEC. 709. RURAL HEALTH INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT.

Section 2391 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 7 U.S.C. 2662 note) is repealed.

SEC. 710. CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE.

Section 2392 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 104 Stat. 4057) <<NOTE: 13 USC 142 note.>> is repealed.

SEC. 711. <<NOTE: 15 USC 714 note.>> STUDY OF THE TRANSPORTATION OF FERTILIZER AND AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS TO FARMERS.

Section 2517 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 104 Stat. 4077) is repealed.

CHAPTER 2--ALTERNATIVE AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND COMMERCIALIZATION

SEC. 721. DEFINITIONS.

Section 1657(c) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5901(c)) is amended--

(1) by striking paragraphs (3) and (4);

[[Page 110 STAT. 1113]]

(2) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (3);

(3) by redesignating paragraphs (6) through (12) as paragraphs (7) through (13), respectively; and

(4) by inserting after paragraph (3) (as redesignated by paragraph (2)) the following:

``(4) Corporate board.--The term `Corporate Board' means the Board of Directors of the Corporation described in section 1659.

``(5) Corporation.--The term `Corporation' means the Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization Corporation established under section 1658.

``(6) Executive director.--The term `Executive Director' means the Executive Director of the Corporation appointed under section 1659(e).''.

SEC. 722. ALTERNATIVE AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND COMMERCIALIZATION CORPORATION.

(a) In General.--Section 1658 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5902) is amended to read as follows:

``SEC. 1658. ALTERNATIVE AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND COMMERCIALIZATION CORPORATION.

``(a) Establishment.--To carry out this subtitle, there is created a body corporate to be known as the Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization Corporation, which shall be an agency of the United States, within the Department of Agriculture, subject to the general supervision and direction of the Secretary, except as specifically provided for in this subtitle.

``(b) Purpose.--The purpose of the Corporation is to--

``(1) expedite the development and market penetration of industrial, nonfood, nonfeed products from agricultural and forestry materials; and

``(2) assist the private sector in bridging the gap between the results of research into nonfood, nonfeed products and the commercialization of the research.

``(c) Place of Incorporation. <<NOTE: District of Columbia.>> --The Corporation shall be incorporated in the District of Columbia.

``(d) Central Office.--The Secretary shall provide facilities for the principal office of the Corporation within the Washington, D.C., metropolitan area.

``(e) Wholly-Owned Government Corporation.--The Corporation shall be considered a wholly-owned government corporation in accordance with chapter 91 of title 31, United States Code.

``(f) General Powers.--In addition to any other powers granted to the Corporation under this subtitle, the Corporation--

``(1) shall have succession in its corporate name;

``(2) may adopt, alter, and rescind any bylaw and adopt and alter a corporate seal, which shall be judicially noticed;

``(3) may enter into any agreement or contract with a person

or private or governmental agency, except that the Corporation shall not provide any financial assistance unless specifically authorized by this subtitle;

``(4) may lease, purchase, accept a gift or donation of, or otherwise acquire, use, own, hold, improve, or otherwise deal in

or with, and sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, or

otherwise dispose of, any property or interest in property, as the Corporation considers necessary in the transaction of

[[Page 110 STAT. 1114]]

the business of the Corporation, except that this paragraph shall not provide authority for carrying out a program of real estate investment;

``(5) may sue and be sued in the corporate name of the Corporation, except that--

``(A) no attachment, injunction, garnishment, or similar process shall be issued against the Corporation or property of the Corporation; and

``(B) <<NOTE: Courts.>> exclusive original jurisdiction shall reside in the district courts of the United States, but the Corporation may intervene in any court in any suit, action, or proceeding in which the Corporation has an interest;

``(6) may independently retain legal representation;

``(7) may provide for and designate such committees, and the

functions of the committees, as the Corporate Board considers necessary or desirable;

``(8) may indemnify the Executive Director and other officers of the Corporation, as the Corporate Board considers necessary and desirable, except that the Executive Director and officers shall not be indemnified for an act outside the scope of employment;

``(9) may, with the consent of any board, commission, independent establishment, or executive department of the Federal Government, including any field service, use

information, services, facilities, officials, and employees in carrying out this subtitle, and pay for the use, which payments shall be transferred to the applicable appropriation account that incurred the expense;

``(10) may obtain the services and fix the compensation of any consultant and otherwise procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code;

and  
``(11) may use the United States mails on the same terms conditions as the Executive agencies of the Federal Government;  
``(12) shall have the rights, privileges, and immunities of the United States with respect to the right to priority of payment with respect to debts due from bankrupt, insolvent, or deceased creditors;

to  
``(13) may collect or compromise any obligations assigned or held by the Corporation, including any legal or equitable rights accruing to the Corporation;

``(14) shall determine the character of, and necessity for, obligations and expenditures of the Corporation and the manner in which the obligations and expenditures shall be incurred, allowed, and paid, subject to provisions of law specifically applicable to Government corporations;

``(15) may make final and conclusive settlement and adjustment of any claim by or against the Corporation or a fiscal officer of the Corporation;

acquired  
``(16) may sell assets, loans, and equity interests in connection with the financing of projects funded by the Corporation; and  
``(17) may exercise all other lawful powers necessarily or reasonably related to the establishment of the Corporation to carry out this subtitle and the powers, purposes, functions, duties, and authorized activities of the Corporation.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1115]]

``(g) Specific Powers.--To carry out this subtitle, the Corporation may--

``(1) make grants to, and enter into cooperative agreements and contracts with, eligible applicants for research, development, and demonstration projects in accordance with section 1660;

``(2) make loans and interest subsidy payments and invest venture capital in accordance with section 1661;

``(3) collect and disseminate information concerning State, regional, and local commercialization projects;

``(4) search for new nonfood, nonfeed products that may be produced from agricultural commodities and for processes to produce the products;

Fund  
``(5) administer, maintain, and dispense funds from the to facilitate the conduct of activities under this subtitle;

and  
``(6) engage in other activities incident to carrying out the functions of the Corporation.''.

(b) Wholly-Owned Government Corporation.--Section 9101(3) of title 31, United States Code, is amended--

- (1) by redesignating subparagraph (N) (relating to the Uranium Enrichment Corporation) as subparagraph (O); and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:

``(Q) the Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization Corporation.''

(c) Conforming Amendment.--Section 211(b)(5) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6911(b)(5)) is amended by striking ``Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization Board'' and inserting ``Corporate Board of the Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization Corporation''.

SEC. 723. BOARD OF DIRECTORS, EMPLOYEES, AND FACILITIES.

(a) In General.--Section 1659 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5903) is amended to read as follows:

``SEC. 1659. BOARD OF DIRECTORS, EMPLOYEES, AND FACILITIES.

``(a) In General.--The powers of the Corporation shall be vested in a Corporate Board.

``(b) Members of the Corporate Board.--The Corporate Board shall consist of 11 members as follows:

``(1) The Under Secretary of Agriculture for Rural Development.

``(2) The Under Secretary of Agriculture for Research, Education, and Economics.

``(3) 5 members appointed by the Secretary, of whom--

``(A) at least 1 member shall be a representative of

the leading scientific disciplines relevant to the activities of the Corporation;

``(B) at least 1 member shall be a producer or processor of agricultural commodities;

``(C) at least 1 member shall be a person who is privately engaged in the commercialization of new nonfood, nonfeed products from agricultural

commodities;

and

``(D) at least 1 member shall have expertise in financial management.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1116]]

A different member shall be appointed pursuant to each subparagraph of this paragraph.

``(4) 2 members appointed by the Secretary who--

``(A) have expertise in areas of applied research relating to the development or commercialization of new nonfood, nonfeed products; and

``(B) shall be appointed from a group of at least 4 individuals nominated by the Director of the National Science Foundation if the nominations are made not

later

than 60 days after the date a vacancy occurs.  
``(5) 2 members appointed by the Secretary who--  
``(A) have expertise in financial and managerial matters; and  
``(B) shall be appointed from a group of at least 4 individuals nominated by the Secretary of Commerce if the nominations are made not later than 60 days after the date a vacancy occurs.

``(c) Responsibilities of the Corporate Board.--

``(1) In general.--The Corporate Board shall--

``(A) be responsible for the general supervision of the Corporation and Regional Centers established under section 1663;

``(B) determine (in consultation with Regional Centers) high priority commercialization areas to receive assistance under section 1663;

``(C) review any grant, contract, or cooperative agreement to be made or entered into by the Corporation under section 1660 and any financial assistance to be provided under section 1661;

``(D) make the final decision, by majority vote, on whether and how to provide assistance to an applicant; and

``(E) develop and establish a budget plan and a long-term operating plan to carry out this subtitle.

``(2) Authority of the secretary.--

``(A) In general.--The Secretary shall vacate and remand to the Corporate Board for reconsideration any decision made pursuant to paragraph (1)(D) if the Secretary determines that there has been a violation of subsection (j), or any conflict of interest provisions of the bylaws of the Corporate Board, with respect to the decision.

``(B) Reasons.--In the case of any violation and referral of a funding decision to the Corporate Board, the Secretary shall inform the Corporate Board of the reasons for any remand pursuant to subparagraph (A).

``(d) Chairperson.--The members of the Corporate Board shall select a Chairperson from among the members of the Corporate Board. The term of office of the Chairperson shall be 2 years. The members referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b) may not serve as Chairperson.

``(e) Executive Director.--

``(1) Appointment.--The Corporate Board shall appoint an Executive Director, subject to the approval of the Secretary.

``(2) Duties.--The Executive Director shall be the chief executive officer of the Corporation, with such power and authority as may be conferred by the Corporate Board.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1117]]

``(3) Compensation.--The Executive Director shall receive basic pay at the rate provided for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.

``(f) Officers.--The Corporate Board shall establish the offices and appoint the officers of the Corporation, including a Secretary, and define the duties of the officers in a manner consistent with this subtitle.

``(g) Meetings.--The Corporate Board shall meet at least 3 times each fiscal year at the call of the Chairperson or at the request of the Executive Director. The location of the meetings shall be subject to approval of the Executive Director. A quorum of the Corporate Board shall consist of a majority of the members. The decisions of the Corporate Board shall be made by majority vote.

``(h) Term; Vacancies.--

``(1) In general.--The term of office of a member of the Corporate Board shall be 4 years, except that the members initially appointed shall be appointed to serve staggered terms.

A member appointed to fill a vacancy for an unexpired term may be appointed only for the remainder of the term. A vacancy on the Corporate Board shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment. The Secretary may remove a member of the Corporate Board only for cause.

``(2) Transition measure.--The Secretary may appoint to the Corporate Board an individual who, on the day before the date of

enactment of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996, was serving on the former Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization Board, for a term that does not exceed the term for which the individual was appointed to the former Board.

``(i) Compensation.--A member of the Corporate Board who is an officer or employee of the United States shall not receive any additional compensation by reason of service on the Corporate Board. Any other member shall receive, for each day (including travel time) the member is engaged in the performance of the functions of the Corporate Board, compensation at a rate not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate in effect for Level IV of the Executive Schedule. A member of the Corporate Board shall be reimbursed for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred by the member in the performance of the duties of the member.

``(j) Conflict of Interest; Financial Disclosure.--

``(1) Conflict of interest.--Except as provided in paragraph

(3), no member of the Corporate Board shall vote on any matter respecting any application, contract, claim, or other particular

matter pending before the Corporation, in which, to the knowledge of the member, the member, spouse, or child of the member, partner, or organization in which the member is serving as officer, director, trustee, partner, or employee, or any person or organization with whom the member is negotiating or has any arrangement concerning prospective employment, has a financial interest.

``(2) Violations.--Violation of paragraph (1) by a member of



the Corporate Board shall be cause for removal of the member, but shall not impair or otherwise affect the validity of any otherwise lawful action by the Corporation in which the member participated.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1118]]

``(3) Exceptions.--The prohibitions contained in paragraph (1) shall not apply if a member of the Corporate Board advises the Corporate Board of the nature of the particular matter in which the member proposes to participate, and if the member makes a full disclosure of the financial interest, prior to any participation, and the Corporate Board determines, by majority vote, that the financial interest is too remote or too inconsequential to affect the integrity of the member's services to the Corporation in that matter. The member involved shall not vote on the determination.

``(4) Financial disclosure.--A Board member shall be subject to the financial disclosure requirements set forth in subchapter B of chapter XVI of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations (or any corresponding or similar regulation or ruling), applicable to a special Government employee (as defined in section 202(a) of title 18, United States Code).

``(k) Delegation of Authority.--

``(1) In general.--The Corporate Board may, by resolution, delegate to the Chairperson, the Executive Director, or any other officer or employee any function, power, or duty assigned to the Corporation under this subtitle, other than a function, power, or duty expressly vested in the Corporate Board by subsections (c) through (n).

``(2) Prohibition on delegation.--Notwithstanding any other law, the Secretary and any other officer or employee of the United States shall not make any delegation to the Corporate Board, the Chairperson, the Executive Director, or the Corporation of any power, function, or authority not expressly authorized by this subtitle, unless the delegation is made pursuant to an authority in law that expressly makes reference to this section.

``(3) Reorganization act.--Notwithstanding any other law, the President (through authorities provided under chapter 9 of title 5, United States Code) may not authorize the transfer to the Corporation of any power, function, or authority in addition to powers, functions, and authorities provided by law.

``(1) Bylaws.--Notwithstanding section 1658(f)(2), the Corporate Board shall adopt, and may from time to time amend, any bylaw that is necessary for the proper management and functioning of the Corporation. The Corporate Board shall not adopt any bylaw that has not been reviewed and approved by the Secretary.

``(m) Organization.--The Corporate Board shall provide a system of organization to fix responsibility and promote efficiency.

``(n) Personnel and Facilities of Corporation.--

``(1) Appointment and compensation of personnel.--The Corporation may select and appoint officers, attorneys, employees, and agents, who shall be vested with such powers and duties as the Corporation may determine.

``(2) Use of facilities and services of the department of agriculture.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, to perform the responsibilities of the Corporation under this subtitle, the Corporation may partially or jointly utilize the facilities of and the services of employees of the Department

of

Agriculture, without cost to the Corporation.

of

``(3) Government employment laws.--An officer or employee of the Corporation shall be subject to all laws of the United States relating to governmental employment.''.  
''.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1119]]

(b) Conforming Amendment.--Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

``Executive Director of the Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization Corporation.''.  
''.

#### SEC. 724. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT GRANTS, CONTRACTS, AND AGREEMENTS.

Section 1660 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5904) is amended--

(1) by striking ``Center'' each place it appears and inserting ``Corporation'';

(2) in subsection (c), by striking ``Board'' and inserting ``Corporate Board''; and

(3) in subsection (f), by striking ``non-Center'' and inserting ``non-Corporation''.

#### SEC. 725. COMMERCIALIZATION ASSISTANCE.

Section 1661 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5905) is amended--

(1) by striking ``Center'' each place it appears and inserting ``Corporation'';

(2) by striking ``Board'' each place it appears and inserting ``Corporate Board'';

(3) by striking subsection (c);

(4) by redesignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as subsections (c), (d), and (e), respectively; and

(5) in subsection (c) (as so redesignated)--

(A) in the subsection heading of paragraph (1), by striking ``director'' and inserting ``executive director''; and

(B) by striking ``Director'' each place it appears and inserting ``Executive Director''.

#### SEC. 726. GENERAL RULES REGARDING THE PROVISION OF ASSISTANCE.

Section 1662 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5906) is amended--

(1) by striking ``Center'' each place it appears (except in subsection (b)) and inserting ``Corporation'';

(2) by striking ``Board'' each place it appears and inserting ``Corporate Board''; and

(3) in subsection (b)--

(A) in the second sentence, by striking ``Board, a Regional Center, or the Advisory Council'' and

inserting

``Board or a Regional Center''; and

(B) by striking the third sentence.

#### SEC. 727. REGIONAL CENTERS.

Section 1663 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5907) is amended--

(1) by striking ``Board'' each place it appears and inserting ``Corporate Board'';

(2) in subsection (e)(8), by striking ``Center'' and inserting ``Corporation''; and

(3) in subsection (f)--

(A) in paragraph (2), by striking ``in consultation with the Advisory Council appointed under section 1661(c)''; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1120]]

(B) by striking paragraphs (3) and (4) and

inserting

the following:

``(3) Recommendation.--The Regional Director, based on the comments of the reviewers, shall make and submit a recommendation to the Board, which shall not be binding on the Board.''.

#### SEC. 728. ALTERNATIVE AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND COMMERCIALIZATION REVOLVING FUND.

Section 1664 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5908) is amended to read as follows:

#### ``SEC. 1664. ALTERNATIVE AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND COMMERCIALIZATION REVOLVING FUND.

``(a) Establishment.--There is established in the Treasury of the United States a revolving fund to be known as the Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization Revolving Fund. The Fund shall be available to the Corporation, without fiscal year limitation, to carry out this subtitle.

``(b) Contents of Fund.--There shall be deposited in the Fund--

``(1) such amounts as may be appropriated or transferred to support programs and activities of the Corporation;

``(2) payments received from any source for products, services, or property furnished in connection with the activities of the Corporation;

``(3) fees and royalties collected by the Corporation from

licensing or other arrangements relating to commercialization  
of  
products developed through projects funded in whole or part by  
grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements executed by the  
Corporation;  
    ``(4) proceeds from the sale of assets, loans, and equity  
interests made in furtherance of the purposes of the  
Corporation;  
    ``(5) donations or contributions accepted by the  
Corporation  
    to support authorized programs and activities; and  
    ``(6) any other funds acquired by the Corporation.

    ``(c) Funding Allocations.--Funding of projects and activities  
under

this subtitle shall be subject to the following restrictions:

    ``(1) Of the total amount of funds made available for a  
fiscal year under this subtitle--

        ``(A) not more than the lesser of 15 percent or  
\$3,000,000 may be set aside to be used for authorized  
administrative expenses of the Corporation;

        ``(B) not more than 1 percent may be set aside to  
be

used for generic studies and specific reviews of  
individual proposals for financial assistance; and

        ``(C) except as provided in subsection (e), not  
less

than 84 percent shall be set aside to be awarded to  
qualified applicants who file project applications

with,  
or respond to requests for proposals from, the  
Corporation under sections 1660 and 1661.

    ``(2) Any funds remaining uncommitted at the end of a  
fiscal  
year shall be credited to the Fund and added to the total  
program funds available to the Corporation for the next fiscal  
year.

    ``(d) Authorized Administrative Expenses.--For the purposes of this  
section, authorized administrative expenses shall include

[[Page 110 STAT. 1121]]

all ordinary and necessary expenses, including all compensation for  
personnel and consultants, expenses for computer usage, or space needs  
of the Corporation and similar expenses. Funds authorized for  
administrative expenses shall not be available for the acquisition of  
real property.

    ``(e) Project Monitoring.--The Corporate Board may establish, in  
the  
bylaws of the Corporate Board, that a percentage (which shall not  
exceed

1 percent) of the funds provided under subsection (c) for any  
commercialization project shall be expended to ensure that project  
funds

are being utilized in accordance with the project agreement.

    ``(f) Termination of the Fund.--On expiration of the authority

provided by this subtitle, all assets (after payment of all outstanding obligations) of the Fund shall revert to the general fund of the Treasury.

``(g) Authorization of Appropriations; Capitalization.--

``(1) Authorization of appropriation.--There are authorized to be appropriated to the Fund \$75,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002.

``(2) Capitalization.--The Executive Director may pay in as capital of the Corporation, out of dollar receipts made available through annual appropriations, \$75,000,000 for each

of

fiscal years 1996 through 2002. On the payment of an amount of capital by the Executive Director, the Corporation shall issue an equivalent amount of capital stock to the Secretary of the Treasury.

``(3) Transfer.--All obligations, assets, and related

rights

and responsibilities of the former Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization Center established under former section 1658 of this Act (as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996) are transferred to the Corporation.''.

#### SEC. 729. PROCUREMENT PREFERENCES FOR PRODUCTS RECEIVING CORPORATION ASSISTANCE.

Subtitle G of title XVI of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5901 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``SEC. 1665. <<NOTE: 7 USC 5909.>> PROCUREMENT OF ALTERNATIVE AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND COMMERCIALIZATION PRODUCTS.

``(a) Definition of Executive Agency.--In this section, the term 'executive agency' has the meaning provided the term in section 4(1) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(1)).

``(b) Procurement.--To further the achievement of the purposes specified in section 1657(b), an executive agency may, for any procurement involving the acquisition of property, establish set-asides and preferences for property that has been commercialized with assistance provided under this subtitle.

``(c) Set-Asides.--Procurements solely for property may be set aside

exclusively for products developed with commercialization assistance provided under section 1661.

``(d) Preferences.--Preferences for property developed with assistance provided under this subtitle in procurements involving the acquisition of property may be--

``(1) a price preference, if the procurement is solely for property, of not greater than a percentage to be determined

[[Page 110 STAT. 1122]]

within the sole discretion of the head of the procuring agency;  
or

``(2) a technical evaluation preference included as an

award

factor or subfactor as determined within the sole discretion of the head of the procuring agency.

((e) Notice.--Each competitive solicitation or invitation for bids selected by an executive agency for a set-aside or preference under this section shall contain a provision notifying offerors where a list of products eligible for the set-aside or preference may be obtained.

((f) Eligibility.--Offerors shall receive the set-aside or preference required under this section if, in the case of products developed with financial assistance under--

((1) section 1660, less than 10 years have elapsed since the expiration of the grant, cooperative agreement, or contract;

((2) paragraph (1) or (2) of section 1661(a), less than 5 years have elapsed since the date the loan was made or insured;

((3) section 1661(a)(3), less than 5 years have elapsed since the date of sale of any remaining government equity interest in the company; or

((4) section 1661(a)(4), less than 5 years have elapsed since the date of the final payment on the repayable grant.').

SEC. 730. <<NOTE: 7 USC 5902 note.>> BUSINESS PLAN AND FEASIBILITY STUDY AND REPORT.

(a) Business Plan.--Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization Corporation established by section 1658 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 shall--

(1) develop a 5-year business plan pursuant to section 1659(c)(1)(E) of the Act; and

(2) submit the plan to the Secretary of Agriculture, the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

(b) Feasibility Study and Report.--

(1) Study.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study of, and prepare a report on, the continued feasibility of the Alternative Agricultural Research and Commercialization Corporation. In conducting the study, the Secretary shall examine options for privatizing the Corporation and converting the Corporation to a Government-sponsored enterprise.

(2) Report.--Not later than December 31, 2001, the Secretary shall transmit the report required by paragraph (1) to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

Subtitle B--Amendments to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act

#### CHAPTER 1--GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 741. WATER AND WASTE FACILITY LOANS AND GRANTS.

(a) In General.--Section 306(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)) is amended--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1123]]

(1) in the first sentence of paragraph (2), by striking ``\$500,000,000'' and inserting ``\$590,000,000'';

(2) by striking paragraph (7) and inserting the following:

``(7) Definition of rural and rural areas.--For the purpose of water and waste disposal grants and direct and guaranteed loans provided under paragraphs (1) and (2), the terms `rural' and `rural area' mean a city, town, or unincorporated area that has a population of no more than 10,000 inhabitants.'';

(3) by striking paragraphs (9), (10), and (11) and inserting

the following:

``(9) Conformity with state drinking water standards.--No Federal funds shall be made available under this section for a water system unless the Secretary determines that the water system will make significant progress toward meeting the standards established under title XIV of the Public Health Service Act (commonly known as the `Safe Drinking Water Act') (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.).

``(10) Conformity with federal and state water pollution control standards.--No Federal funds shall be made available under this section for a water treatment discharge or waste disposal system unless the Secretary determines that the effluent from the system conforms with applicable Federal and State water pollution control standards.

``(11) Rural business opportunity grants.--

``(A) In general.--The Secretary may make grants, not to exceed \$1,500,000 annually, to public bodies, private nonprofit community development corporations or entities, or such other agencies as the Secretary may select to enable the recipients--

``(i) to identify and analyze business opportunities, including opportunities in export markets, that will use local rural economic and human resources;

``(ii) to identify, train, and provide technical assistance to existing or prospective rural entrepreneurs and managers;

``(iii) to establish business support centers and otherwise assist in the creation of new rural businesses, the development of methods of financing local businesses, and the enhancement

of

the capacity of local individuals and entities to engage in sound economic activities;

``(iv) to conduct regional, community, and local economic development planning and coordination, and leadership development; and

``(v) to establish centers for training, technology, and trade that will provide training to rural businesses in the utilization of

develop interactive communications technologies to international trade opportunities and markets.  
``(B) Criteria.--In awarding the grants, the Secretary shall consider, among other criteria to be established by the Secretary--  
service ``(i) the extent to which the applicant provides development services in the rural area of the applicant; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1124]]

provided ``(ii) the capability of the applicant to accomplish the activities described in the relevant clauses of subparagraph (A).  
``(C) Coordination.--The Secretary shall ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that assistance under this paragraph is coordinated with and delivered in cooperation with similar services or assistance provided to rural residents by the Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service or other Federal agencies.

``(D) Authorization of appropriations.--There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this paragraph \$7,500,000 for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002.'';  
(4) by striking paragraphs (14) and (15);  
(5) by redesignating paragraphs (16) through (20) as paragraphs (14) through (18), respectively; and  
(6) in paragraph (14) (as so redesignated)--  
(A) by striking ``(14)(A) The'' and inserting the following:  
``(14) Rural water and wastewater technical assistance and training programs.--  
``(A) In general.--The'';  
(B) in subparagraph (A)--  
(i) by striking ``(i) identify'' and

inserting the following:  
``(i) identify'';  
(ii) by striking ``(ii) prepare'' and inserting the following:  
``(ii) prepare''; and  
(iii) by striking ``(iii) improve'' and inserting the following:  
``(iii) improve'';  
(C) in subparagraph (B), by striking ``(B) In'' and inserting the following:  
``(B) Selection priority.--In''; and  
(D) in subparagraph (C)--  
(i) by striking ``(C) Not'' and inserting the following:  
``(C) Funding.--Not''; and  
(ii) by striking ``2 per centum of any funds provided in appropriations Acts'' and inserting



``3 percent of any funds appropriated''.

(b) Conforming Amendment.--The second sentence of section 309A(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1929a(a)) (as amended by section 661(c)(1)) is amended by striking `` , 306(a)(14), ''.

SEC. 742. EMERGENCY COMMUNITY WATER ASSISTANCE GRANT PROGRAM FOR SMALL COMMUNITIES.

Section 306A of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926a) is amended--

(1) in subsection (e)--

(A) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking ``15,000'' and inserting ``10,000''; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking ``5,000'' and inserting ``3,000''; and

(2) by striking subsection (i) and inserting the following:

[[Page 110 STAT. 1125]]

``(i) Authorization of Appropriations.--There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$35,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002.''

SEC. 743. EMERGENCY COMMUNITY WATER ASSISTANCE GRANT PROGRAM FOR SMALLEST COMMUNITIES.

Section 306B of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926b) is repealed.

SEC. 744. AGRICULTURAL CREDIT INSURANCE FUND.

Section 309(f) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1929(f)) is amended--

(1) by striking paragraph (1); and

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (6) as paragraphs (1) through (5), respectively.

SEC. 745. RURAL DEVELOPMENT INSURANCE FUND.

Section 309A(g) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1929a(g)) is amended--

(1) by striking paragraph (1); and

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (8) as paragraphs (1) through (7), respectively.

SEC. 746. INSURED WATERSHED AND RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT LOANS.

Section 310A of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1931) is repealed.

SEC. 747. RURAL INDUSTRIALIZATION ASSISTANCE.

(a) In General.--Section 310B of the Consolidated Farm and Rural

Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932) is amended--

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (a)--

(A) by striking ``and'' at the end of clause (2);

and

(B) by inserting before the period the following:

`` , and (4) to facilitate economic opportunity for industries undergoing adjustment from terminated

Federal

agricultural price and income support programs or increased competition from foreign trade'';

(2) in subsection (b), by striking ``(b)(1)'' and all that follows through ``(2) The'' and inserting the following:

``(b) Solid Waste Management Grants.--The'';

(3) in subsection (c)--

(A) by striking ``(c)(1) The'' and inserting the following:

``(c) Rural Business Enterprise Grants.--

``(1) In general.--The'';

(B) in paragraph (1), by inserting ``(including nonprofit entities)'' after ``private business enterprises'';

(C) in paragraph (2)--

(i) by striking ``(2) The'' and inserting the following:

``(2) Passenger transportation services or facilities.--

The''; and

(ii) by striking ``make grants'' and

inserting

``award grants on a competitive basis''; and

(D) by adding at the end the following:

``(3) Grants to aid industries in adjusting to terminated federal agricultural programs or increased foreign competition.--The Secretary may make grants under this section to facilitate economic opportunity for industries

[[Page 110 STAT. 1126]]

undergoing adjustment from terminated Federal agricultural

price

and income support programs or increased competition from foreign trade.'';

(4) by striking subsection (e) and inserting the following:

``(e) Rural Cooperative Development Grants.--

``(1) Definitions.--In this subsection:

``(A) Nonprofit institution.--The term `nonprofit institution' means any organization or institution, including an accredited institution of higher

education,

no part of the net earnings of which inures, or may lawfully inure, to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

``(B) United states.--The term `United States'

means

the several States, the District of Columbia, the

Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the other territories and possessions of the United States.

enabling (2) Grants.--The Secretary shall make grants under this subsection to nonprofit institutions for the purpose of

the institutions to establish and operate centers for rural cooperative development.

(3) Goals.--The goals of a center funded under this subsection shall be to facilitate the creation of jobs in rural areas through the development of new rural cooperatives, value added processing, and rural businesses.

(4) Application.--Any nonprofit institution seeking a grant under paragraph (2) shall submit to the Secretary an application containing a plan for the establishment and operation by the institution of a center or centers for cooperative development. The Secretary may approve the application if the plan contains the following:

center (A) A provision that substantiates that the will effectively serve rural areas in the United

States.

(B) A provision that the primary objective of the center will be to improve the economic condition of rural areas through cooperative development.

(C) A description of the activities that the center will carry out to accomplish the objective. The activities may include the following:

(i) Programs for applied research and feasibility studies that may be useful to individuals, cooperatives, small businesses, and other similar entities in rural areas served by the center.

(ii) Programs for the collection, interpretation, and dissemination of information that may be useful to individuals, cooperatives, small businesses, and other similar entities in rural areas served by the center.

(iii) Programs providing training and instruction for individuals, cooperatives, small businesses, and other similar entities in rural areas served by the center.

(iv) Programs providing loans and grants to individuals, cooperatives, small businesses, and other similar entities in rural areas served by the center.

assistance, (v) Programs providing technical

research services, and advisory services to individuals, cooperatives, small businesses, and other similar entities in rural areas served by the center.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1127]]

coordination (vi) Programs providing for the

of services and sharing of information among the center.

((D) A description of the contributions that the activities are likely to make to the improvement of the economic conditions of the rural areas for which the center will provide services.

((E) Provisions that the center, in carrying out the activities, will seek, where appropriate, the advice, participation, expertise, and assistance of representatives of business, industry, educational institutions, the Federal Government, and State and local governments.

((F) Provisions that the center will take all practicable steps to develop continuing sources of financial support for the center, particularly from sources in the private sector.

((G) Provisions for--

activities ((i) monitoring and evaluating the

center; by the nonprofit institution operating the

and

((ii) accounting for money received by the institution under this section.

((5) Awarding grants.--Grants made under paragraph (2) shall be made on a competitive basis. In making grants under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall give preference to grant applications providing for the establishment of centers for rural cooperative development that--

((A) demonstrate a proven track record in administering a nationally coordinated, regionally or State-wide operated project;

((B) demonstrate previous expertise in providing technical assistance in rural areas;

((C) demonstrate the ability to assist in the retention of businesses, facilitate the establishment

of

cooperatives and new cooperative approaches, and generate employment opportunities that will improve the economic conditions of rural areas;

((D) demonstrate the ability to create horizontal linkages among businesses within and among various sectors in rural areas of the United States and

vertical

linkages to domestic and international markets;

((E) commit to providing technical assistance and other services to underserved and economically distressed areas in rural areas of the United States; and

((F) commit to providing greater than a 25 percent matching contribution with private funds and in-kind contributions.

((6) 1-year grants; authority to approve grant for 1 additional year without application.--The Secretary shall make grants under this subsection for a period of 1 year. The Secretary shall evaluate programs receiving assistance under this subsection. If the Secretary determines it to be in the

best interest of the program, the Secretary may award an additional grant to the program for the immediately succeeding year without application for the grant.

unemployment  
``(7) Technical assistance to prevent excessive or underemployment.--In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary may provide technical assistance to alleviate or prevent conditions of excessive unemployment,

[[Page 110 STAT. 1128]]

underemployment, outmigration, or low employment growth in economically distressed rural areas that the Secretary determines have a substantial need for the assistance. The assistance may include planning and feasibility studies, management and operational assistance, and studies evaluating the need for development potential of projects that increase employment and improve economic growth in the areas.

of  
``(8) Grants to defray administrative costs.--The Secretary may make grants to defray not to exceed 75 percent of the costs incurred by organizations and public bodies to carry out projects for which grants or loans are made under this subsection. For purposes of determining the non-Federal share of the costs, the Secretary shall consider contributions in cash and in kind, fairly evaluated, including premises, equipment, and services.

authorized  
``(9) Authorization of appropriations.--There are to be appropriated to carry out this subsection \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002.'';  
(5) by striking subsections (f), (g), (h), and (i);  
(6) by redesignating subsection (j) as subsection (f); and  
(7) by adding at the end the following:

``(g) Loan Guarantees for the Purchase of Cooperative Stock.--  
``(1) Definition of farmer.--In this subsection, the term 'farmer' means any farmer that the Secretary determines is a family farmer.  
``(2) Loan guarantees.--The Secretary may guarantee loans under this section to individual farmers for the purpose of purchasing start-up capital stock of a farmer cooperative established for the purpose of processing an agricultural commodity.  
``(3) Eligibility.--To be eligible for a loan guarantee under this subsection, a farmer must produce the agricultural commodity that will be processed by the cooperative.''.  
(b) Conforming Amendments.--

Consolidated  
(1) Clause (iii) of section 307(a)(6)(B) of the Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1927(a)(6)(B)) (as redesignated by section 661(a)(2)) is amended by striking ``subsections (d) and (e) of section 310B'' and inserting ``section 310B(d)''.  
(2) Section 232(c)(2) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6942(c)(2)) is amended--

(A) by striking ``310B(b)(2)'' and inserting ``310B(b)''; and

(B) by striking ``1932(b)(2)'' and inserting ``1932(b)''.

(3) Section 233(b) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6943(b)) is amended--

(A) by striking paragraph (2); and

(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph

(2).

#### SEC. 748. ADMINISTRATION.

Section 331(b)(4) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act

(7 U.S.C. 1981(b)(4)) is amended--

(1) by inserting after ``claims'' the following:

``(including debts and claims arising from loan guarantees)'';

(2) by striking ``Farmers Home Administration or'' and inserting ``Consolidated Farm Service Agency, Rural Utilities

[[Page 110 STAT. 1129]]

Service, Rural Housing Service, Rural Business-Cooperative Service, or a successor agency, or''; and

(3) <<NOTE: Notification.>> by inserting after ``activities

of

under the Housing Act of 1949.'' the following: ``In the case of a security instrument entered into under the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 901 et seq.), the Secretary shall notify the Attorney General of the intent of

the

Secretary to exercise the authority of the Secretary under this paragraph.''.

#### SEC. 749. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) In General.--Section 338 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1988) is amended--

(1) by striking subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e); and

(2) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (b).

(b) Conforming Amendments.--

(1) The first sentence of section 309(g)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1929(g)(1)) is amended by inserting after ``section 338(c)''

the

following: ``(before the amendment made by section 749(a)(1) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996)''.

(2) Section 343(b) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1991(b)) is amended by striking ``338(f),'' and inserting ``338(b),''.

#### SEC. 750. TESTIMONY BEFORE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.

Section 345 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1993) is repealed.

SEC. 751. PROHIBITION ON USE OF LOANS FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES.

Section 363 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2006e) is amended by adding at the end the following: ``This section shall not apply to a loan made or guaranteed under this title for a utility line.'`.

SEC. 752. RURAL DEVELOPMENT CERTIFIED LENDERS PROGRAM.

The Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act is amended by inserting after section 363 (7 U.S.C. 2006e) the following:

``SEC. 364. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2006f.>> RURAL DEVELOPMENT CERTIFIED LENDERS PROGRAM.

``(a) Certified Lenders Program.--

``(1) In general.--The Secretary may establish a program under which the Secretary may guarantee a loan for any rural development program that is made by a lender certified by the Secretary.

certify  
to  
properly make, service, and liquidate the guaranteed loans of the lender.

undertake  
less  
stringent than generally accepted banking standards concerning loan servicing that are used by prudent commercial or cooperative lenders.

``(4) Guarantee.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may guarantee not more than 80 percent of a loan made by a certified lender described in paragraph

[[Page 110 STAT. 1130]]

that  
are established by the Secretary.

by  
the Secretary)--

``(A) relating to issues such as creditworthiness, repayment ability, adequacy of collateral, and feasibility of the operation; and

the  
requirements of law, including regulations issued by

Secretary.

“(6) Relationship to other requirements.--This subsection shall not affect the responsibility of the Secretary to determine eligibility, review financial information, and otherwise assess an application.

“(b) Preferred Certified Lenders Program.--

“(1) In general.--The Secretary may establish a preferred certified lenders program for lenders who establish their--

“(A) knowledge of, and experience under, the program established under subsection (a);

“(B) knowledge of the regulations concerning the particular guaranteed loan program; and

“(C) proficiency related to the certified lender program requirements.

“(2) Additional lending institutions.--The Secretary may certify any lending institution as a preferred certified lender if the institution meets such additional criteria as the Secretary may prescribe by regulation.

“(3) Revocation of designation.--The designation of a lender as a preferred certified lender shall be revoked if the Secretary determines that the lender is not adhering to the rules and regulations applicable to the program or if the loss experiences of the preferred certified lender are greater than other preferred certified lenders, except that the suspension

or

revocation shall not affect any outstanding guarantee.

“(4) Condition of certification.--As a condition of the preferred certification, the Secretary shall require the lender to undertake to service the loan guaranteed by the Secretary under this subsection using generally accepted banking

standards

concerning loan servicing employed by prudent commercial or cooperative lenders. The Secretary shall, at least annually, monitor the performance of each preferred certified lender to ensure that the conditions of the certification are being met.

“(5) Effect of preferred lender certification.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may--

“(A) guarantee not more than 80 percent of any approved loan made by a preferred certified lender as described in this subsection, if the borrower meets the eligibility requirements and such other criteria as may be applicable to loans guaranteed by the Secretary; and

all

“(B) permit preferred certified lenders to make decisions, with respect to loans to be guaranteed by

the

Secretary under this subsection relating to creditworthiness, the closing, monitoring, collection, and liquidation of loans, and to accept appropriate certifications, as provided in regulations issued by

the

Secretary, that the borrower is

in compliance with all requirements of law and



regulations issued by the Secretary.''.

SEC. 753. SYSTEM FOR DELIVERY OF CERTAIN RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS.

(a) In General.--Section 365 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2008) is repealed.

(b) Conforming Amendments.--

(1) Section 2375 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and

Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6613) is amended--

in (A) in subsection (e), by striking ``', as defined

section 365(b)(2) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act,''; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

``(g) Definition of Designated Rural Development Program.--In this section, the term `designated rural development program' means a program

carried out under section 304(b), 306(a), or 310B(e) of the Consolidated

Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1924(b), 1926(a), and 1932(e)) for which funds are available at any time during the fiscal year.''.

(2) Paragraph (2) of section 233(b) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6943(b)) (as redesignated by section 747(b)(3)(B)) is amended by striking ``sections 365 through 369 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2008-2008d)'' and inserting ``section 369 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7

U.S.C.

2008d)''.

SEC. 754. STATE RURAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT REVIEW PANEL.

Section 366 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2008a) is repealed.

SEC. 755. LIMITED TRANSFER AUTHORITY OF LOAN AMOUNTS.

Section 367 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2008b) is repealed.

SEC. 756. ALLOCATION AND TRANSFER OF LOAN GUARANTEE AUTHORITY.

Section 368 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2008c) is repealed.

SEC. 757. WATER SYSTEMS FOR RURAL AND NATIVE VILLAGES IN ALASKA.

The Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act is amended by inserting after section 306C (7 U.S.C. 1926c) the following:

``SEC. 306D. <<NOTE: 7 USC 1926d.>> WATER SYSTEMS FOR RURAL AND NATIVE VILLAGES IN ALASKA.

``(a) In General.--The Secretary may make grants to the State of Alaska for the benefit of rural or Native villages in Alaska to provide

for the development and construction of water and wastewater systems to improve the health and sanitation conditions in those villages.

``(b) Matching Funds.--To be eligible to receive a grant under subsection (a), the State of Alaska shall provide equal matching funds from non-Federal sources.

``(c) Consultation With the State of Alaska.--The Secretary shall consult with the State of Alaska on a method of prioritizing

[[Page 110 STAT. 1132]]

the allocation of grants under subsection (a) according to the needs of,  
and relative health and sanitation conditions in, each village.

``(d) Authorization of Appropriations.--There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002.''.

SEC. 758. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO WATER AND WASTE DISPOSAL  
LOAN AND GRANT PROGRAMS.

Section 306(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act  
(7  
U.S.C. 926(a)) <<NOTE: 7 USC 1926.>> is amended by inserting after  
paragraph (4) the following:

``(5) Application requirements.--Not earlier than 60 days  
before a preliminary application is filed for a loan under  
paragraph (1) or a grant under paragraph (2) for a water or  
waste disposal purpose, a notice of the intent of the applicant  
to apply for the loan or grant shall be published in a general  
circulation newspaper. The selection of engineers for a project  
design shall be done by a request for proposals by the  
applicant.''.

SEC. 759. NATIONAL SHEEP INDUSTRY IMPROVEMENT CENTER.

The Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (as amended by  
section 649) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``SEC. 375. <<NOTE: Goats. 7 USC 2008j.>> NATIONAL SHEEP INDUSTRY  
IMPROVEMENT CENTER.

``(a) Definitions.--In this section:

``(1) Board.--The term `Board' means the Board of Directors  
established under subsection (f).

``(2) Center.--The term `Center' means the National Sheep  
Industry Improvement Center established under subsection (b).

``(3) Eligible entity.--The term `eligible entity' means an  
entity that promotes the betterment of the United States sheep  
or goat industries and that is--

``(A) a public, private, or cooperative  
organization;

``(B) an association, including a corporation not  
operated for profit;

``(C) a federally recognized Indian Tribe; or

``(D) a public or quasi-public agency.

``(4) Fund.--The term `Fund' means the National Sheep  
Industry Improvement Center Revolving Fund established under

subsection (e).

``(b) Establishment of Center.--The Secretary shall establish a National Sheep Industry Improvement Center.

``(c) Purposes.--The purposes of the Center shall be to--

``(1) promote strategic development activities and collaborative efforts by private and State entities to maximize the impact of Federal assistance to strengthen and enhance production and marketing of sheep or goat products in the

United

States;

``(2) optimize the use of available human capital and resources within the sheep or goat industries;

``(3) provide assistance to meet the needs of the sheep or goat industry for infrastructure development, business development, production, resource development, and market and environmental research;

capacity

of the United States sheep or goat industry to design unique

[[Page 110 STAT. 1133]]

responses to the special needs of the sheep or goat industries on both a regional and national basis; and

``(5) adopt flexible and innovative approaches to solving the long-term needs of the United States sheep or goat

industry.

``(d) Strategic Plan.--

``(1) In general.--The Center shall submit to the Secretary an annual strategic plan for the delivery of financial assistance provided by the Center.

``(2) Requirements.--A strategic plan shall identify--

``(A) goals, methods, and a benchmark for measuring the success of carrying out the plan and how the plan relates to the national and regional goals of the Center;

``(B) the amount and sources of Federal and non-Federal funds that are available for carrying out the plan;

``(C) funding priorities;

``(D) selection criteria for funding; and

``(E) a method of distributing funding.

``(e) Revolving Fund.--

``(1) Establishment.--There is established in the Treasury the National Sheep Industry Improvement Center Revolving Fund. The Fund shall be available to the Center, without fiscal year limitation, to carry out the authorized programs and activities of the Center under this section.

``(2) Contents of fund.--There shall be deposited in the Fund--

``(A) such amounts as may be appropriated, transferred, or otherwise made available to support programs and activities of the Center;

``(B) payments received from any source for

products, services, or property furnished in connection with the activities of the Center;

``(C) fees and royalties collected by the Center from licensing or other arrangements relating to commercialization of products developed through

projects

funded, in whole or part, by grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements executed by the Center;

``(D) proceeds from the sale of assets, loans, and equity interests made in furtherance of the purposes of the Center;

``(E) donations or contributions accepted by the Center to support authorized programs and activities; and

``(F) any other funds acquired by the Center.

``(3) Use of fund.--

the

``(A) In general.--The Center may use amounts in

Fund to make grants and loans to eligible entities in accordance with a strategic plan submitted under subsection (d).

``(B) Continued existence.--The Center shall manage the Fund in a manner that ensures that sufficient amounts are available in the Fund to carry out subsection (c).

``(C) Diverse area.--The Center shall, to the maximum extent practicable, use the Fund to serve broad geographic areas and regions of diverse production.

``(D) Variety of loans and grants.--The Center shall, to the maximum extent practicable, use the Fund to provide a variety of grants and intermediate- and long-term loans.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1134]]

``(E) Administration.--The Center may not use more than 3 percent of the amounts in the Fund for a fiscal year for the administration of the Center.

``(F) Influencing legislation.--None of the amounts in the Fund may be used to influence legislation.

amounts

``(G) Accounting.--To be eligible to receive

from the Fund, an entity must agree to account for the amounts using generally accepted accounting principles.

``(H) Uses of fund.--The Center may use amounts in the Fund to--

``(i) participate with Federal and State agencies in financing activities that are in accordance with a strategic plan submitted under subsection (d), including participation with several States in a regional effort;

``(ii) participate with other public and private funding sources in financing activities that are in accordance with the strategic plan, including participation in a regional effort;

``(iii) provide security for, or make principal or interest payments on, revenue or

the general obligation bonds issued by a State, if proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the Fund;

- ``(iv) accrue interest;
- ``(v) guarantee or purchase insurance for local obligations to improve credit market access or reduce interest rates for a project that is in accordance with the strategic plan; or
- ``(vi) sell assets, loans, and equity interests acquired in connection with the financing of projects funded by the Center.

``(4) Loans.--

``(A) Rate.--A loan from the Fund may be made at an interest rate that is below the market rate or may be interest free.

``(B) Term.--The term of a loan may not exceed the shorter of--

- ``(i) the useful life of the activity financed; or

- ``(ii) 40 years.

``(C) Source of repayment.--The Center may not make a loan from the Fund unless the recipient establishes

an assured source of repayment.

``(D) Proceeds.--All payments of principal and interest on a loan made from the Fund shall be

deposited into the Fund.

``(5) Maintenance of effort.--The Center shall use the Fund only to supplement and not to supplant Federal, State, and private funds expended for rural development.

``(6) Funding.--

Federal section ``(A) Deposit of funds.--All Federal and non-amounts received by the Center to carry out this shall be deposited in the Fund.

``(B) Mandatory funds.--Out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the Secretary of the Treasury shall provide to the Center not to exceed \$20,000,000 to carry out this section.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1135]]

``(C) Additional funds.--In addition to any funds provided under subparagraph (B), there is authorized to be appropriated \$30,000,000 to carry out this section.

``(D) Privatization.--No additional Federal funds shall be used to carry out this section beginning on

the earlier of--

date ``(i) the date that is 10 years after the

of enactment of this section; or

- ``(ii) the day after a total of \$50,000,000 has been made available under subparagraphs (B)

and (C) to carry out this section.

``(f) Board of Directors.--

``(1) In general.--The management of the Center shall be vested in a Board of Directors.

``(2) Powers.--The Board shall--

``(A) be responsible for the general supervision of the Center;

``(B) review any grant, loan, contract, or cooperative agreement to be made or entered into by the Center and any financial assistance provided to the Center;

``(C) make the final decision, by majority vote, on whether and how to provide assistance to an applicant; and

``(D) develop and establish a budget plan and a long-term operating plan to carry out the goals of the Center.

``(3) Composition.--The Board shall be composed of--

``(A) 7 voting members, of whom--

``(i) 4 members shall be active producers of sheep or goats in the United States;

``(ii) 2 members shall have expertise in finance and management; and

``(iii) 1 member shall have expertise in

lamb,

wool, goat, or goat product marketing; and

``(B) 2 nonvoting members, of whom--

``(i) 1 member shall be the Under Secretary

of

Agriculture for Rural Development; and

``(ii) 1 member shall be the Under Secretary of Agriculture for Research, Education, and Economics.

``(4) Nomination.--

``(A) Nominating body.--The Secretary shall appoint the voting members of the Board from nominations submitted by organizations described in subparagraph (B).

``(B) National organizations.--A national organization is described in this subparagraph if the organization--

``(i) consists primarily of active sheep or goat producers in the United States; and

``(ii) has as the primary interest of the organization the production of sheep or goats in the United States.

``(5) Term of office.--

``(A) In general.--Subject to subparagraph (B), the term of office of a voting member of the Board shall be 3 years.

``(B) Staggered initial terms.--The initial voting members of the Board (other than the chairperson of the initially established Board) shall serve for staggered terms of 1, 2, and 3 years, as determined by the Secretary.

``(C) Reelection.--A voting member may be reelected for not more than 1 additional term.

``(6) Vacancy.--

``(A) In general.--A vacancy on the Board shall be filled in the same manner as the original Board.

``(B) Reelection.--A member elected to fill a vacancy for an unexpired term may be reelected for 1 full term.

``(7) Chairperson.--

``(A) In general.--The Board shall select a chairperson from among the voting members of the Board.

``(B) Term.--The term of office of the chairperson shall be 2 years.

``(8) Annual meeting.--

``(A) In general.--The Board shall meet not less than once each fiscal year at the call of the chairperson or at the request of the executive director appointed under subsection (g)(1).

``(B) Location.--The location of a meeting of the Board shall be established by the Board.

``(9) Voting.--

``(A) Quorum.--A quorum of the Board shall consist of a majority of the voting members.

``(B) Majority vote.--A decision of the Board shall be made by a majority of the voting members of the Board.

``(10) Conflicts of interest.--

``(A) In general.--Except as provided in subparagraph (D), a member of the Board shall not vote on any matter respecting any application, contract, claim, or other particular matter pending before the Board in which, to the knowledge of the member, an interest is held by--

``(i) the member;

``(ii) any spouse of the member;

``(iii) any child of the member;

``(iv) any partner of the member;

``(v) any organization in which the member is serving as an officer, director, trustee,

partner,

or employee; or

``(vi) any person with whom the member is negotiating or has any arrangement concerning prospective employment or with whom the member

has

a financial interest.

``(B) Removal.--Any action by a member of the Board that violates subparagraph (A) shall be cause for removal from the Board.

``(C) Validity of action.--An action by a member of the Board that violates subparagraph (A) shall not impair or otherwise affect the validity of any

otherwise

lawful action by the Board.

``(D) Disclosure.--

``(i) In general.--If a member of the Board makes a full disclosure of an interest and, prior to any participation by the member, the Board determines, by majority vote, that the interest

is

too remote or too inconsequential to affect the integrity of any participation by the member, the member may participate in the matter relating to the interest, except as provided in subparagraph (E)(iii).

[[Page 110 STAT. 1137]]

``(ii) Vote.--A member that discloses an interest under clause (i) shall not vote on a determination of whether the member may participate in the matter relating to the interest.

``(E) Remands.--

``(i) In general.--The Secretary may vacate and remand to the Board for reconsideration any decision made pursuant to subsection (e)(3)(H) if the Secretary determines that there has been a violation of this paragraph or any conflict of interest provision of the bylaws of the Board

with

respect to the decision.

``(ii) Reasons.--In the case of any violation and remand of a funding decision to the Board under clause (i), the Secretary shall inform the Board of the reasons for the remand.

``(iii) Conflicted members not to vote on remanded decisions.--If a decision with respect

to

a matter is remanded to the Board by reason of a conflict of interest faced by a Board member, the member may not participate in any subsequent decision with respect to the matter.

``(11) Compensation.--

``(A) In general.--A member of the Board shall not receive any compensation by reason of service on the Board.

``(B) Expenses.--A member of the Board shall be reimbursed for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred by the member in the performance of a duty of the member.

``(12) Bylaws.--The Board shall adopt, and may from time to time amend, any bylaw that is necessary for the proper management and functioning of the Center.

``(13) Public hearings.--Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, the Board shall hold public hearings on policy objectives of the program established under this section.

``(14) Organizational system.--The Board shall provide a system of organization to fix responsibility and promote efficiency in carrying out the functions of the Board.

``(15) Use of department of agriculture.--The Board may,



with the consent of the Secretary, utilize the facilities of  
and the services of employees of the Department of Agriculture,  
without cost to the Center.

``(g) Officers and Employees.--

``(1) Executive director.--

``(A) In general.--The Board shall appoint an  
executive director to be the chief executive officer of  
the Center.

at ``(B) Tenure.--The executive director shall serve  
the pleasure of the Board.

``(C) Compensation.--Compensation for the executive  
director shall be established by the Board.

shall ``(2) Other officers and employees.--The Board may select  
and appoint officers, attorneys, employees, and agents who  
be vested with such powers and duties as the Board may  
determine.

to or ``(3) Delegation.--The Board may, by resolution, delegate  
the chairperson, the executive director, or any other officer  
employee any function, power, or duty of the Board other

[[Page 110 STAT. 1138]]

than voting on a grant, loan, contract, agreement, budget, or  
annual strategic plan.

``(h) Consultation.--To carry out this section, the Board may  
consult with--

- ``(1) State departments of agriculture;
- ``(2) Federal departments and agencies;
- ``(3) nonprofit development corporations;
- ``(4) colleges and universities;
- ``(5) banking and other credit-related agencies;
- ``(6) agriculture and agribusiness organizations; and
- ``(7) regional planning and development organizations.

``(i) Oversight.--

``(1) In general.--The Secretary shall review and monitor  
compliance by the Board and the Center with this section.

a not ``(2) Sanctions.--If, following notice and opportunity for  
hearing, the Secretary finds that the Board or the Center is  
not

in compliance with this section, the Secretary may--

- ``(A) cease making deposits to the Fund;
- ``(B) suspend the authority of the Center to  
withdraw funds from the Fund; or
- ``(C) impose other appropriate sanctions, including  
recoupment of money improperly expended for purposes  
prohibited or not authorized by this Act and  
disqualification from receipt of financial assistance  
under this section.

``(3) Rescission of sanctions.--The Secretary shall rescind sanctions imposed under paragraph (2) on a finding by the Secretary that there is no longer any failure by the Board or the Center to comply with this section or that the noncompliance will be promptly corrected.''.

SEC. 759A. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.

Section 607(b) of the Rural Development Act of 1972 (7 U.S.C. 2204b(b)) is amended by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:

``(4) Cooperative agreements.--  
``(A) In general.--Notwithstanding chapter 63 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary may enter into cooperative agreements with other Federal agencies, State and local governments, and any other organization or individual to improve the coordination and effectiveness of Federal programs, services, and actions affecting rural areas, including the establishment and financing of interagency groups, if the Secretary determines that the objectives of the agreement will serve the mutual interest of the parties in rural development activities.  
``(B) Cooperators.--Each cooperator, including each Federal agency, to the extent that funds are otherwise available, may participate in any cooperative agreement or working group established pursuant to this paragraph by contributing funds or other resources to the Secretary to carry out the agreement or functions of the group.''.

SEC. 759B. ELIGIBILITY FOR GRANTS TO BROADCASTING SYSTEMS.

Section 310B(f) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(f)) (as redesignated by section 747(a)(6)) is amended by striking ``Systems.--The'' and inserting ``Systems.--

``(1) Definition of statewide.--In this subsection, the term `statewide' means having a coverage area of not less

[[Page 110 STAT. 1139]]

than 90 percent of the population of a State and not less than 80 percent of the rural land area of the State (as determined by the Secretary).

``(2) Grants.--The''.

CHAPTER 2--RURAL COMMUNITY ADVANCEMENT PROGRAM

SEC. 761. RURAL COMMUNITY ADVANCEMENT PROGRAM.

The Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et

seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``Subtitle E--Rural Community Advancement Program

``SEC. 381A. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009.>> DEFINITIONS.

``In this subtitle:

``(1) Rural and rural area.--The terms `rural' and `rural area' mean, subject to section 306(a)(7), a city, town, or unincorporated area that has a population of 50,000 inhabitants or less, other than an urbanized area immediately adjacent to a city, town, or unincorporated area that has a population in excess of 50,000 inhabitants.

``(2) State.--The term `State' means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and the Federated States of Micronesia.

with  
``(3) State director.--The term `State director' means, with respect to a State, the Director of the Rural Economic and Community Development State Office.

``SEC. 381B. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009a.>> ESTABLISHMENT.

``The Secretary shall establish a rural community advancement program to provide grants, loans, loan guarantees, and other assistance to meet the rural development needs of local communities in States and federally recognized Indian tribes.

``SEC. 381C. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009b.>> NATIONAL OBJECTIVES.

``The national objectives of the program established under this subtitle shall be to--

``(1) promote strategic development activities and collaborative efforts by State and local communities, and federally recognized Indian tribes, to maximize the impact of Federal assistance;

``(2) optimize the use of resources;

``(3) provide assistance in a manner that reflects the complexity of rural needs, including the needs for business development, health care, education, infrastructure, cultural resources, the environment, and housing;

``(4) advance activities that empower, and build the capacity of, State and local communities to design unique responses to the special needs of the State and local communities, and federally recognized Indian tribes, for rural development assistance; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1140]]

``(5) adopt flexible and innovative approaches to solving rural development problems.

``SEC. 381D. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009c.>> STRATEGIC PLANS.

``(a) In General.--The Secretary shall direct each of the Directors of Rural Economic and Community Development State Offices to prepare a strategic plan--

``(1) for each State for the delivery of assistance under this subtitle in the State; and

``(2) for each federally recognized Indian tribe for the delivery of assistance under this subtitle to the Indian tribe.

``(b) Assistance.--

``(1) In general.--Financial assistance for rural development provided under this subtitle for a State or a federally recognized Indian tribe shall be used only for orderly community development that is consistent with the strategic plan of the State or Indian tribe.

``(2) Rural area.--Assistance under this subtitle may only be provided in a rural area.

``(3) Small communities.--In carrying out this subtitle in a State, the Secretary shall give priority to communities with the smallest populations and lowest per capita income.

``(c) Review.--The Secretary shall review the strategic plan of each State and federally recognized Indian tribe not later than 60 days after receiving the plan, and at least once every 5 years thereafter.

``(d) Contents.--A strategic plan of a State or federally recognized

Indian tribe under this section shall be a plan that--

development ``(1) coordinates economic, human, and community plans and related activities proposed for an affected area;

Indian ``(2) provides that the State or federally recognized tribe, as appropriate, and an affected community (including local institutions and organizations that have contributed to the planning process) shall act as full partners in the process of developing and implementing the plan;

``(3) identifies goals, methods, and benchmarks for measuring the success of carrying out the plan and how the plan relates to local or regional ecosystems;

``(4) in the case of a State, provides for the involvement, in the preparation of the plan, of State, local, private, and public persons, State rural development councils, federally recognized Indian tribes in the State, and community-based organizations;

``(5) identifies the amount and source of Federal and non-Federal resources that are available for carrying out the plan; and

``(6) includes such other information as may be required by the Secretary.

``SEC. 381E. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009d.>> RURAL DEVELOPMENT TRUST FUND.

``(a) Establishment.--There is established in the Treasury of the United States a trust fund which shall be known as the Rural Development

Trust Fund (in this subtitle referred to as the `Trust Fund').

``(b) Accounts.--There are established in the Trust Fund the following accounts:

``(1) The rural community facilities account.

``(2) The rural utilities account.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1141]]

``(3) The rural business and cooperative development account.

``(4) The national reserve account.

``(5) The federally recognized Indian tribe account.

``(c) Deposits Into Accounts.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each fiscal year--

``(1) all amounts made available to carry out the authorities described in subsection (d)(1) for the fiscal year shall be deposited into the rural community facilities account of the Trust Fund;

``(2) all amounts made available to carry out the authorities described in subsection (d)(2) for the fiscal year shall be deposited into the rural utilities account of the

Trust

Fund; and

``(3) all amounts made available to carry out the authorities described in subsection (d)(3) for the fiscal year shall be deposited into the rural business and cooperative development account of the Trust Fund.

``(d) Function Categories.--The function categories described in this subsection are the following:

``(1) Rural community facilities.--The rural community development category consists of all amounts made available for--

loans

``(A) community facility direct and guaranteed

under section 306(a)(1); or

``(B) community facility grants under section 306(a)(19).

``(2) Rural utilities.--The rural utilities category consists of all amounts made available for--

``(A) water or waste disposal grants or direct or guaranteed loans under paragraph (1) or (2) of section 306(a);

assistance

``(B) rural water or wastewater technical

and training grants under section 306(a)(14);

``(C) emergency community water assistance grants under section 306A; or

``(D) solid waste management grants under section 310B(b).

rural

``(3) Rural business and cooperative development.--The

business and cooperative development category consists of all amounts made available for--

- ``(A) rural business opportunity grants under section 306(a)(11)(A);
- ``(B) business and industry guaranteed loans under section 310B(a)(1); or
- ``(C) rural business enterprise grants or rural educational network grants under section 310B(c).

``(e) National Reserve Account.--

``(1) Transfers into account.--

account

``(A) Initial transfer.--Each fiscal year, the Secretary shall transfer to the national reserve

of the Trust Fund from each account specified in subsection (c) not more than the applicable percentage of the amount deposited in each such account for the fiscal year under subsection (c).

among

``(B) Repooling of unobligated funds allocated

the states.--Not earlier than July 15 of each fiscal year, the Secretary shall transfer to the national reserve account from each account specified in subsection (c) any amount in the account that is allocated for any

[[Page 110 STAT. 1142]]

State, and has not been obligated by the State director or obligated for specific approved projects in the State.

``(2) Use.--The Secretary may use amounts in the national reserve account of the Trust Fund, pursuant to any authority described in subsection (d)--

fiscal

``(A) in the case of a fiscal year other than

year 2001 or 2002--

``(i) to meet situations of exceptional need;

``(ii) to meet emergency situations; or

``(iii) to provide funds to entities whose applications for funds provided under this subtitle have been approved and who have not received funds sufficient to meet the needs of

the

projects described in the applications; or

``(B) in the case of fiscal years 2001 and 2002--

``(i) to meet situations of exceptional need;

or

``(ii) to meet emergency situations.

``(3) Applicable percentage defined.--In paragraph (1), the term 'applicable percentage' means, with respect to a fiscal year--

``(A) 15 percent for fiscal year 1997;

``(B) 12.5 percent for fiscal year 1998;

``(C) 10 percent for fiscal year 1999;

``(D) 7.5 percent for fiscal year 2000;

``(E) 5 percent for fiscal year 2001; and

``(F) 5 percent for fiscal year 2002.

``(f) Federally Recognized Indian Tribe Account.--

``(1) Transfers into account.--Each fiscal year, the Secretary shall transfer to the federally recognized Indian tribe account of the Trust Fund 3 percent of the amount deposited into the Trust Fund for the fiscal year under subsection (d).

``(2) Use of funds.--The Secretary shall make available to federally recognized Indian tribes the amounts in the federally recognized Indian tribe account for use pursuant to any authority described in subsection (d).

``(g) Allocation Among States.--The Secretary shall allocate the amounts in each account specified in subsection (c) among the States in a fair, reasonable, and appropriate manner that takes into consideration rural population, levels of income, unemployment, and other relevant factors, as determined by the Secretary.

``(h) Availability of Funds Allocated for States.--The Secretary shall make available to each State the total amount allocated for the State under subsection (g) of this section that remains after applying section 381G.

``SEC. 381F. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009e.>> TRANSFERS OF FUNDS.

``(a) General Authority.--Subject to subsection (b) of this section, the State Director of any State may, during any fiscal year, transfer from each account specified in section 381E(c) a total of not more than 25 percent of the amount in the account that is allocated for the State for the fiscal year to any other account in which amounts are allocated for the State for the fiscal year.

``(b) Limitation.--Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, a transfer otherwise authorized by subsection (a) of this section to be made during a fiscal year may not be made to the extent that the sum of the amount to be transferred and all amounts

[[Page 110 STAT. 1143]]

so transferred by State directors under subsection (a) of this section during the fiscal year exceeds 10 percent of the total amount made available to carry out the authorities described in section 381E(d) for the fiscal year.

``(c) Exceptions.--Subsections (a) and (b) shall not apply to a transfer of funds by a State director if the State director certifies to the Secretary that--

``(1) there is an approved application for a project in the function category to which the funds are to be transferred but funds are not available for the project in the function category; and

``(2)(A) there is no such approved application in the function category from which the funds are to be transferred;

or

``(B) the community that would benefit from the project has a smaller population and a lesser per capita income than any

community that would benefit from a project in the function category from which the funds are to be transferred.

``SEC. 381G. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009f.>> GRANTS TO STATES.

``(a) Simple Grants.--

``(1) Mandatory grant.--The Secretary shall make a grant to any eligible State for any fiscal year for which the State requests a grant under this section in an amount equal to 5 percent of the total amount allocated for the State under section 381E(g).

year, ``(2) Permissive grant.--Before July 15 of each fiscal year, the Secretary may make a grant to any State to defray the cost of any subsidy associated with a guarantee provided by an eligible public entity of the State under section 381H in an amount that does not exceed 5 percent of the total amount allocated for the State under section 381E(g).

a ``(3) Source of funds.--The Secretary shall make grants to State under paragraphs (1) and (2) from amounts allocated for the State in the accounts specified in section 381E(c), by reducing each such allocated amount by the same percentage.

``(b) Matching Grants.--

for ``(1) In general.--Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary shall make a grant to any eligible State for any fiscal year amount which the State requests a grant under this section in an the equal to 5 percent of the amount allocated for the State for fiscal year under section 381E(h).

``(2) Eligibility.--A State shall be eligible for a grant under paragraph (1) if the State makes commitments to the Secretary to--

subsection ``(A) expend from non-Federal sources in accordance with subsection (c) an amount that is not less than 200 percent of the amount of the grant; and

``(B) maintain the amounts paid to the State under this subsection and the amount referred to in subparagraph (A) in an account separate from all other State funds until expended in accordance with

(c).

under ``(3) Source of funds.--If the Secretary makes a grant shall paragraph (1) before July 15 of the fiscal year, the grant be made from amounts allocated for the State in the accounts specified in section 381E(c) for the fiscal year, by reducing each allocated amount by the same percentage.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1144]]

``(c) Use of Funds.--A State to which funds are provided under this section shall use the funds in rural areas for any activity authorized



under the authorities described in section 381E(d) in accordance with the State strategic plan referred to in section 381D.

((d) Maintenance of Effort.--The State shall provide assurances to the Secretary that funds provided to the State under this section will be used only to supplement, not to supplant, the amount of Federal, State, and local funds otherwise expended for rural development assistance in the State.

((e) Appeals.--The Secretary shall provide to a State an opportunity to appeal any action taken with respect to the State under this section.

((f) Administrative Costs.--Federal funds shall not be used for any administrative costs incurred by a State in carrying out this subtitle.

((g) Expenditure of Funds by State.--

((1) In general.--Payments to a State from a grant under this section for a fiscal year shall be obligated by the State in the fiscal year or in the succeeding fiscal year. A State shall obligate funds under this section to provide assistance

to

rural areas.

((2) Failure to obligate.--If a State fails to obligate payments in accordance with paragraph (1), the Secretary shall make an equal reduction in the amount of payments provided to the State under this section for the immediately succeeding fiscal year.

((3) Noncompliance.--

((A) Review.--The Secretary shall review and monitor State compliance with this section.

((B) Penalty.--If the Secretary finds that there has been misuse of grant funds provided under this section, or noncompliance with any of the terms and conditions of a grant, after reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing--

((i) the Secretary shall notify the State of the finding; and

((ii) no further payments to the State shall be made with respect to the programs funded under this section until the Secretary is satisfied

that

there is no longer any failure to comply or that the noncompliance will be promptly corrected.

((C) Other sanctions.--In the case of a finding of noncompliance made pursuant to subparagraph (B), the Secretary may, in addition to, or in lieu of, imposing the sanctions described in subparagraph (B), impose other appropriate sanctions, including recoupment of money improperly expended for purposes prohibited or

not

authorized by this section and disqualification from

the

receipt of financial assistance under this section.

((h) No Entitlement to Contract, Grant, or Assistance.--Nothing in this subtitle--

((1) entitles any person to assistance or a contract or grant; or

((2) limits the right of a State to impose additional

limitations or conditions on assistance or a contract or grant under this section.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1145]]

``SEC. 381H. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009g.>> GUARANTEE AND COMMITMENT TO GUARANTEE LOANS.

``(a) Definition of Eligible Public Entity.--In this section, the term 'eligible public entity' means any unit of general local government.

``(b) Guarantee and Commitment.--The Secretary, on such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, may guarantee and make commitments to guarantee notes or other obligations issued by eligible public entities, or by public agencies designated by the eligible public entities, for the purposes of financing rural development activities authorized and funded under section 381G.

``(c) Limitation.--The Secretary may not make a guarantee or commitment to guarantee with respect to a note or other obligation if the total amount of outstanding notes or obligations guaranteed under this section (excluding any amount repaid under the contract entered into under subsection (e)(1)(A)) for issuers in the State would exceed an amount equal to 5 times the sum of the total amount of grants made to the State under section 381G.

``(d) Payment of Principal, Interest, and Costs.--Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle, a State to which a grant is made under section 381G may use the grant (including program income derived from the grant) to pay principal and interest due (including such servicing, underwriting, or other costs as may be specified in regulations of the Secretary) on any note or other obligation guaranteed under this section.

``(e) Repayment Contract; Security.--

``(1) In general.--To ensure the repayment of notes or other obligations and charges incurred under this section and as a condition for receiving the guarantees, the Secretary shall require the issuer to--

to  
``(A) enter into a contract, in a form acceptable to the Secretary, for repayment of notes or other obligations guaranteed under this section;  
``(B) pledge any grant for which the issuer may become eligible under this subtitle; and  
``(C) furnish, at the discretion of the Secretary, such other security as may be considered appropriate by the Secretary in making the guarantees.

``(2) Security.--To assist in ensuring the repayment of notes or other obligations and charges incurred under this section, a State shall pledge any grant for which the State may become eligible under this subtitle as security for notes or other obligations and charges issued under this section by any eligible public entity in the State.

``(f) Pledged Grants for Repayments.--Notwithstanding any other

provision of this subtitle, the Secretary may apply grants pledged pursuant to paragraphs (1)(B) and (2) of subsection (e) to any repayments due the United States as a result of the guarantees.

``(g) Outstanding Obligations.--The total amount of outstanding obligations guaranteed on a cumulative basis by the Secretary pursuant to subsection (b) shall not at any time exceed such amount as may be authorized to be appropriated for such purpose for any fiscal year.

``(h) Purchase of Guaranteed Obligations by Federal Financing Bank.--Notes or other obligations guaranteed under this section may not be purchased by the Federal Financing Bank.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1146]]

``(i) Full Faith and Credit.--The full faith and credit of the United States is pledged to the payment of all guarantees made under this section. Any such guarantee made by the Secretary shall be conclusive evidence of the eligibility of the obligations for the guarantee with respect to principal and interest. The validity of the guarantee shall be incontestable in the hands of a holder of the guaranteed obligations.

``SEC. 381I. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009h.>> LOCAL INVOLVEMENT.

``An application for assistance under this subtitle shall include evidence of significant community support for the project for which the assistance is requested. In the case of assistance for a community facilities or infrastructure project, the evidence shall be in the form of a certification of support for the project from each affected general purpose local government.

``SEC. 381J. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009i.>> INTERSTATE COLLABORATION.

``The Secretary shall permit the establishment of voluntary pooling arrangements among States, and regional fund-sharing agreements, to carry out projects receiving assistance under this subtitle.

``SEC. 381K. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009j.>> ANNUAL REPORT.

``(a) In General.--The Secretary, in collaboration with State, local, public, and private entities, State rural development councils, and community-based organizations, shall prepare an annual report that contains evaluations, assessments, and performance outcomes concerning the rural community advancement programs carried out under this subtitle.

``(b) Submission.--Not later than March 1 of each year, the Secretary shall--

``(1) submit the report required by subsection (a) to Congress and the chief executives of the States participating in the program established under this subtitle; and  
``(2) make the report available to State and local participants.

``SEC. 381L. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009k.>> RURAL DEVELOPMENT INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP.

``(a) In General.--The Secretary shall provide leadership within the Executive branch for, and assume responsibility for, establishing an interagency working group chaired by the Secretary.

``(b) Duties.--The working group shall establish policy for, coordinate, make recommendations with respect to, and evaluate the performance of, all Federal rural development efforts.

``SEC. 381M. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009l.>> DUTIES OF RURAL ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT STATE OFFICES.

``In carrying out this subtitle, the Director of a Rural Economic and Community Development State Office shall--

``(1) to the maximum extent practicable, ensure that the State strategic plan referred to in section 381D is implemented;

``(2) coordinate community development objectives within the State;

``(3) establish links between local, State, and field office program administrators of the Department of Agriculture;

``(4) ensure that recipient communities comply with applicable Federal and State laws and requirements; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1147]]

``(5) integrate State development programs with assistance under this subtitle.

``SEC. 381N. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009m.>> ELECTRONIC TRANSFER.

``The Secretary shall transfer funds in accordance with this subtitle through electronic transfer as soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this subtitle.

``SEC. 381O. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2009n.>> RURAL VENTURE CAPITAL DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.

``(a) In General.--The Secretary may designate for each fiscal year up to 10 community development venture capital organizations to demonstrate the utility of guarantees to attract increased private investment in rural private business enterprises.

``(b) Rural Business Investment Pool.--

``(1) Establishment.--To be eligible to participate in the demonstration program, an organization referred to in subsection

(a) shall establish a rural business private investment pool (referred to in this subsection as a `pool') for the purpose of making equity investments in rural private business enterprises.

``(2) Guarantee.--From amounts in the national reserve account of the Trust Fund, the Secretary shall guarantee the funds in a pool against loss, except that the guarantee shall not exceed an amount equal to 30 percent of the total funds in the pool.

covering           ``(3) Amount.--The Secretary shall issue guarantees  
not more than \$15,000,000 of contingent liabilities for each of  
fiscal years 1996 through 2002.

                  ``(4) Term.--The term of a guarantee provided under this  
subsection shall not exceed 10 years.

                  ``(5) Submission of plan.--To be eligible to participate in  
the demonstration program, an organization referred to in  
subsection (a) shall submit a plan that describes--

                          ``(A) potential sources and uses of the pool to be  
established by the organization;

                          ``(B) the utility of the guarantee authority in  
attracting capital for the pool; and

                          ``(C) on selection, mechanisms for notifying State,  
local, and private nonprofit business development  
organizations and businesses of the existence of the  
pool.

                  ``(6) Competition.--

                          ``(A) In general.--The Secretary shall conduct a  
competition for the designation and establishment of  
pools.

                          ``(B) Priority.--In conducting the competition, the  
Secretary shall give priority to organizations that--

                                  ``(i) have a demonstrated record of  
performance, or have a board and executive  
director with experience, in venture capital,  
small business equity investment, or community  
development finance;

                                  ``(ii) propose to serve low-income  
communities;

                                  ``(iii) propose to maintain an average  
investment of not more than \$500,000 from the

pool  
of the organization;

                                  ``(iv) invest funds statewide or in a  
multicounty region; and

                                  ``(v) propose to target job opportunities  
resulting from the investments primarily to  
economically dis

[[Page 110 STAT. 1148]]

                          advantaged individuals, as determined by the  
Secretary.

                          ``(C) Geographic diversity.--To the extent  
practicable, the Secretary shall designate

organizations  
in diverse geographic areas.''.

SEC. 762. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2204b note.>> SIMPLIFIED, UNIFORM APPLICATION  
FOR ASSISTANCE FROM ALL FEDERAL RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS.

Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the  
Secretary of Agriculture shall develop a streamlined, simplified, and  
uniform application which shall be used in applying for assistance  
under  
all of the following:

(1) Sections 304(b), 306, 306A, 306C, 306D, 310B, and 375 and subtitle E of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1924(b), 1926, 1926a, 1926c, 1926d, and 1932).

(2) Subtitle G of title XVI and sections 2281, 2333, and 2381 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5901-5908, 5177a, 950aaa-2, and 3125b).

(3) Subtitle C of title IX of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act Amendments of 1991 (Public Law 102-237: 7 U.S.C. 5930 note).

(4) Section 1323(b) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-198; 7 U.S.C. 1932 note).

(5) Title V and section 603(c) of the Rural Development Act of 1972 (7 U.S.C. 2661-2669 and 2204a(c)).

(6) Sections 5 and 311 and title IV of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 905, 940a, and 941-950b).

#### SEC. 763. COMMUNITY FACILITIES GRANT PROGRAM.

Section 306(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)) (as amended by section 741(a)(5)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(19) Community facilities grant program.--

“(A) In general.--The Secretary may make grants, in

a total amount not to exceed \$10,000,000 for any fiscal year, to associations, units of general local government, nonprofit corporations, and federally recognized Indian tribes to provide the Federal share

of the cost of developing specific essential community facilities in rural areas.

“(B) Federal share.--

“(i) In general.--Except as provided in clauses (ii) and (iii), the Secretary shall, by regulation, establish the amount of the Federal share of the cost of the facility under this paragraph.

“(ii) Maximum amount.--The amount of a grant shall

not exceed 75 percent of the cost of developing the facility.

“(iii) Graduated scale.--The Secretary shall provide for a graduated scale for the amount of the Federal share provided under this paragraph, with higher Federal shares for facilities in communities that have lower community population and income levels, as determined by the Secretary.’’.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1149]]

Subtitle C--Amendments to the Rural Electrification Act of 1936

#### SEC. 771. PURPOSES; INVESTIGATIONS AND REPORTS.

Section 2 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 902) is amended--

(1) by striking ``Sec. 2. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture is'' and inserting the following:

``SEC. 2. GENERAL AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.

``(a) Loans.--The Secretary of Agriculture (referred to in this Act as the `Secretary') is'';

(2) in subsection (a)--

(A) by striking ``and the furnishing'' the first place it appears and all that follows through ``central station service''; and

(B) by striking ``systems; to make'' and all that follows and inserting ``systems.''; and

(3) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

``(b) Investigations and Reports.--The Secretary may make, or cause to be made, studies, investigations, and reports regarding matters, including financial, technological, and regulatory matters, affecting the condition and progress of electric, telecommunications, and economic development in rural areas, and publish and disseminate information with respect to the matters.''.

SEC. 772. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) In General.--Section 3 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 903) is amended to read as follows:

``SEC. 3. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

``There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act.''.

(b) Conforming Amendments.--

(1) Section 301(a) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 931(a)) is amended--

(A) by striking ``(a)'' the first place the term appears; and

(B) in paragraph (3), by striking ``notwithstanding section 3(a) of title I,''.

(2) Section 302(b)(2) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 932(b)(2)) is amended by striking ``pursuant to section 3(a) of this Act''.

(3) The last sentence of section 406(a) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 946(a)) is amended by striking ``pursuant to section 3(a) of this Act''.

SEC. 773. LOANS FOR ELECTRICAL PLANTS AND TRANSMISSION LINES.

Section 4 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 904) is amended--

(1) in the first sentence--

(A) by striking ``for the furnishing of'' and all that follows through ``central station service and''; and

(B) by striking ``the provisions of sections 3(d) and 3(e) but without regard to the 25 per centum limitation therein contained,'' and inserting ``section 3, '';

[[Page 110 STAT. 1150]]

(2) in the second sentence, by striking ``: Provided further, That all'' and all that follows through ``loan: And provided further, That'' and inserting `` , except that''; and

(3) in the third sentence, by striking ``and section 5''.

#### SEC. 774. LOANS FOR ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING EQUIPMENT.

(a) In General.--Section 5 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 905) is repealed.

(b) Conforming Amendments.--Section 12(a) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 912(a)) is amended--

(1) by striking ``: Provided, however, That'' and inserting `` , except that, ''; and

(2) by striking `` , and with respect to any loan made under section 5, '' and all that follows through ``section 3''.

#### SEC. 775. TESTIMONY ON BUDGET REQUESTS.

Section 6 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 906) is amended by striking the second sentence.

#### SEC. 776. TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS OF ADMINISTRATION CREATED BY EXECUTIVE ORDER.

Section 8 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 908) is repealed.

#### SEC. 777. ANNUAL REPORT.

Section 10 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 910) is repealed.

#### SEC. 778. PROHIBITION ON RESTRICTING WATER AND WASTE FACILITY SERVICES TO ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS.

The Rural Electrification Act of 1936 is amended by inserting after section 16 (7 U.S.C. 916) the following:

``SEC. 17. <<NOTE: 7 USC 917.>> PROHIBITION ON RESTRICTING WATER AND WASTE FACILITY SERVICES TO ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS.

``(a) Prohibition.--Assistance under any rural development program administered by the Secretary or any agency of the Department of Agriculture shall not be conditioned on any requirement that the



recipient of the assistance accept or receive electric service from any particular utility, supplier, or cooperative.

``(b) <<NOTE: Regulations.>> Ensuring Compliance.--The Secretary shall establish, by regulation, adequate safeguards to ensure that assistance under any rural development program is not subject to such a condition. The safeguards shall include periodic certifications and audits, and appropriate measures and sanctions against any person violating, or attempting to violate subsection (a).

``(c) Definition of Rural Development Programs.--In this section, the term `rural development program' means the following:

``(1) Sections 304(b), 306, 306A, 306C, 306D, 310B, and 375 and subtitle E of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1924(b), 1926, 1926a, 1926c, 1926d, and 1932).

``(2) Subtitle G of title XVI and sections 2281, 2333, and 2381 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5901-5908, 5177a, 950aaa-2, and 3125b).

``(3) Subtitle C of title IX of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act Amendments of 1991 (Public Law 102-237; 7 U.S.C. 5930 note).

[[Page 110 STAT. 1151]]

``(4) Section 1323(b) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-198; 7 U.S.C. 1932 note).

``(5) Title V and section 603(c) of the Rural Development Act of 1972 (7 U.S.C. 2661-2669 and 2204a(c)).

``(6) Sections 5 and 311 and title IV of this Act (7 U.S.C. 905, 940a, and 941-950b).

``(d) Regulations.--Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996, the Secretary shall issue final regulations to ensure compliance with subsection (a).''.

#### SEC. 779. TELEPHONE LOAN TERMS AND CONDITIONS.

Section 309 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 939) is amended--

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking ``(a) In General.--'';
- and
- (2) by striking subsection (b).

#### SEC. 780. PRIVATIZATION PROGRAM.

Section 311 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 940a) is repealed.

#### SEC. 781. RURAL BUSINESS INCUBATOR FUND.

(a) In General.--Section 502 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950aa-1) is repealed.

(b) Conforming Amendments.--Section 501 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950aa) is amended--

- (1) in paragraph (5), by inserting ``and'' at the end;
- (2) in paragraph (6), by striking ``; and'' at the end and inserting a period; and
- (3) by striking paragraph (7).

Subtitle D--Miscellaneous Rural Development Provisions

SEC. 791. INTEREST RATE FORMULA.

(a) Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act.--Section 32(e) of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (7 U.S.C. 1011) is amended by striking the fifth sentence and inserting the following: ``A loan under this subsection shall be made under a contract that provides, under such terms and conditions as the Secretary considers appropriate, for the repayment of the loan in not more than 30 years, with interest at a rate not to exceed the current market yield for outstanding municipal obligations with remaining periods to maturity comparable to the average maturity for the loan, adjusted to the nearest  $\frac{1}{8}$  of 1 percent.''

(b) Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act.--Section 8 of the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act (16 U.S.C. 1006a) is amended by striking the second sentence and inserting the following: ``A

loan or advance under this section shall be made under a contract or agreement that provides, under such terms and conditions as the Secretary considers appropriate, for the repayment of the loan or advance in not more than 50 years from the date when the principal benefits of the works of improvement first become available, with interest at a rate not to exceed the current market yield for outstanding municipal obliga

[[Page 110 STAT. 1152]]

tions with remaining periods to maturity comparable to the average maturity for the loan, adjusted to the nearest  $\frac{1}{8}$  of 1 percent.''

SEC. 792. GRANTS FOR FINANCIALLY STRESSED FARMERS, DISLOCATED FARMERS, AND RURAL FAMILIES.

(a) In General.--Section 502 of the Rural Development Act of 1972 (7 U.S.C. 2662) is amended by striking subsection (f).

(b) Conforming Amendments.--

(1) Section 2389 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and

Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 7 U.S.C. 2662 note) is amended by striking subsection (d).

(2) Section 503(c) of the Rural Development Act of 1972 (7 U.S.C. 2663(c)) is amended--

(A) in paragraph (1)--

(i) by striking ``(1)'';

(ii) by striking ``section 502(e)'' and all that follows through ``shall be distributed'' and inserting ``subsections (e), (h), and (i) of section 502 shall be distributed''; and

(iii) by striking ``objectives of'' and all that follows through ``title'' and inserting

``objectives of subsections (e), (h), and (i) of section 502''; and  
(B) by striking paragraph (2).

SEC. 793. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2204f.>> FUND FOR RURAL AMERICA.

(a) In General.--There is established in the Treasury of the United States an account to be known as the Fund for Rural America (referred to in this section as the ``Account'') to provide funds for activities described in subsection (c).

(b) Funding.--

(1) In general.--On January 1, 1997, October 1, 1998, and October 1, 1999, out of any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer \$100,000,000 to the Account.

(2) Entitlement.-- The Secretary of Agriculture (referred to in this section as the ``Secretary'')--

(A) shall be entitled to receive the funds transferred to the Account under paragraph (1);

(B) shall accept the funds; and

(C) shall use the funds to carry out this section.

(3) Purposes.--Subject to subsection (d), of the amounts transferred to the Account for a fiscal year, the Secretary shall make available--

(A) for activities described in subsection (c)(1), not less than  $\frac{1}{3}$  and not more than  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the funds

in the Account; and

(B) for activities described in subsection (c)(2), all funds in the Account not made available by the Secretary for activities described in subsection

(c)(1).

(c) Activities.--

(1) Rural development.--

(A) In general.--The Secretary may use the funds in the Account for a rural development activity--

(i) authorized under the Housing Act of 1949 for--

(I) direct loans to low-income borrowers under section 502 (42 U.S.C. 1472);

[[Page 110 STAT. 1153]]

(II) loans for financial assistance for housing for domestic farm laborers under section 514 (42 U.S.C. 1484);

(III) financial assistance for housing for domestic farm laborers

under

section 516 (42 U.S.C. 1486);

(IV) payments for elderly who are not now receiving rental assistance under section 521 (42 U.S.C. 1490a);

(V) grants and contracts for mutual and self-help housing under section 523(b)(1)(A) (42 U.S.C.

1490c(b)(1)(A));

or

(VI) grants for rural housing preservation under section 533 (42 U.S.C. 1490m); or

(ii) conducted under any rural development program, including a program authorized under--

(I) the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et

seq.);

(II) subtitle G of title XVI and title XXIII of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990;

(III) title V of the Rural Development Act of 1971 (7 U.S.C. 2661 et seq.); or

(IV) section 1323(b) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-

198;

7 U.S.C. 1932 note).

(B) Limitation on programs funded.--The Secretary may not expend funds made available to carry out activities described in subparagraph (A) for any activity that did not receive appropriations for fiscal year 1995. Funds expended under this section for any program purpose shall be spent in accordance with and subject to the applicable program limitations, restrictions, and priorities found in the underlying program authority and this Act.

than

(C) Limitation on housing assistance.--Not more

20 percent of the funds made available to carry out activities described in subparagraph (A) shall be made available to carry out activities described in subparagraph (A)(i).

funds

(D) Disclosure of allocation.--For any fiscal year, the Secretary shall not disclose the allocation of

under this section for any activity described in subparagraph (A) until the date that is 1 day after the date of enactment of legislation authorizing appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for

any

period in the fiscal year.

(2) Research.--

(A) In general.--The Secretary may use the funds in the Account for research, extension, and education grants to--

(i) increase international competitiveness, efficiency, and farm profitability;

(ii) reduce economic and health risks;

(iii) conserve and enhance natural resources;

(iv) develop new crops, new crop uses, and

new

- agricultural applications of biotechnology;
- (v) enhance animal agricultural resources;
- (vi) preserve plant and animal germplasm;

[[Page 110 STAT. 1154]]

- (vii) increase economic opportunities in farming and rural communities; and
- (viii) expand locally-owned value-added processing.

(B) Eligible grantee.--The Secretary may make a grant under this paragraph to--

- (i) a Federal research agency;
- (ii) a national laboratory;
- (iii) a college or university or a research foundation maintained by a college or university; or
- (iv) a private research organization with an established and demonstrated capacity to perform research or technology transfer.

(C) Use of grant.--

- (i) In general.--A grant made under this paragraph may be used by a grantee for 1 or more of the following uses:

(I) Outcome-oriented research at

the

discovery end of the spectrum to

provide

breakthrough results.

(II) Exploratory and advanced development and technology with well-identified outcomes.

(III) A national, regional, or multi-State program oriented primarily toward extension programs and education programs demonstrating and supporting the competitiveness of United States agriculture.

- (ii) Smaller institutions.--Of the amounts made available for activities described in this paragraph, not less than 15 percent shall be awarded to colleges, universities, or research foundations eligible for a grant under subparagraph (B)(iii) that rank in the lowest  $\frac{1}{3}$  of such colleges, universities, and

foundations

on the basis of Federal research funds received under a provision of law other than this section.

(D) Administration.--

- (i) Priority.--In administering this paragraph, the Secretary shall--

(I) establish criteria for allocating grants based on the priorities in subparagraph (A) and in consultation with the National Agricultural Research, Extension, Education, and Economics Advisory Board

established under section 1408 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3123);

(II) seek and accept proposals for grants;

(III) determine the relevance and merit of proposals through a system of peer review and review by the National Agricultural Research, Extension, Education, and Economics Advisory

Board;

and

(IV) award grants on the basis of merit, quality, and relevance to advancing the purposes of federally supported agricultural research, extension, and education provided in section 1402 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3101).

[[Page 110 STAT. 1155]]

(ii) Competitive basis.--A grant under this paragraph shall be awarded on a competitive basis.

(iii) Terms.--A grant under this paragraph shall have a term that does not exceed 5 years.

(iv) Matching funds.--As a condition of making a grant under this paragraph, the Secretary shall require the funding of the grant with equal matching funds from a non-Federal source if the grant is--

(I) for applied research that is commodity-specific; and

(II) not of national scope.

(v) Delegation.--The Secretary shall administer this section through the Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service of the Department of Agriculture.

(vi) Availability of funds.--Funds shall be available for obligation under this paragraph for a 2-year period.

(vii) Administrative costs.--The Secretary may use not more than 4 percent of the funds made available for activities described in this paragraph for administrative costs incurred by

the Secretary in carrying out this paragraph.

(viii) Buildings.--Funds made available for activities described in this paragraph shall not be used for the construction of a new building or the acquisition, expansion, remodeling, or

alteration of an existing building (including site grading and improvement and architect fees).

(d) Limitations.--Amounts in the Account may not be used for an activity described in subsection (c) for a fiscal year if the program funding level for the fiscal year for the activity is less than 90 percent of the amount appropriated for the activity for fiscal year 1996, adjusted for inflation.

SEC. 794. UNDER SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE FOR RURAL ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT RENAMED THE UNDER SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE FOR RURAL DEVELOPMENT.

(a) In General.--Section 231 of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6941) is amended--  
(1) in the section heading, by striking ``economic and community''; and  
(2) by striking ``Economic and Community'' each place such term appears in subsections (a), (b), and (c).

(b) Conforming Amendment.--Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking ``Economic and Community''.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1156]]

TITLE VIII--RESEARCH, EXTENSION, AND EDUCATION

Subtitle A--Modification and Extension of Activities Under 1977 Act

SEC. 801. PURPOSES OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH, EXTENSION, AND EDUCATION.

Section 1402 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3101) is amended to read as follows:

``SEC. 1402. PURPOSES OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH, EXTENSION, AND EDUCATION.

``The purposes of federally supported agricultural research, extension, and education are to--

- ``(1) enhance the competitiveness of the United States agriculture and food industry in an increasingly competitive world environment;
- ``(2) increase the long-term productivity of the United States agriculture and food industry while maintaining and enhancing the natural resource base on which rural America and the United States agricultural economy depend;
- ``(3) develop new uses and new products for agricultural commodities, such as alternative fuels, and develop new crops;
- ``(4) support agricultural research and extension to

promote

economic opportunity in rural communities and to meet the increasing demand for information and technology transfer throughout the United States agriculture industry;

- ``(5) improve risk management in the United States agriculture industry;

using           ``(6) improve the safe production and processing of, and adding of value to, United States food and fiber resources  
methods that maintain the balance between yield and environmental soundness;  
          ``(7) support higher education in agriculture to give the next generation of Americans the knowledge, technology, and applications necessary to enhance the competitiveness of United States agriculture; and  
          ``(8) maintain an adequate, nutritious, and safe supply of food to meet human nutritional needs and requirements.''

SEC. 802. NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH, EXTENSION, EDUCATION, AND ECONOMICS ADVISORY BOARD.

(a) In General.--Section 1408 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3123) is amended to read as follows:

``SEC. 1408. NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH, EXTENSION, EDUCATION, AND ECONOMICS ADVISORY BOARD.

``(a) Establishment.--The Secretary shall establish within the Department of Agriculture a board to be known as the `National Agricultural Research, Extension, Education, and Economics Advisory Board'.

``(b) Membership.--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1157]]

``(1) In general.--The Advisory Board shall consist of 30 members, appointed by the Secretary.

``(2) Selection of members.--The Secretary shall appoint members of the Advisory Board from nominations submitted by organizations, associations, societies, councils, federations, groups, and companies fitting the criteria specified in paragraph (3).

``(3) Membership categories.--The Advisory Board shall consist of members from each of the following categories:

    ``(A) 1 member representing a national farm organization.

    ``(B) 1 member representing farm cooperatives.

of           ``(C) 1 member actively engaged in the production  
a food animal commodity.

of           ``(D) 1 member actively engaged in the production  
a plant commodity.

    ``(E) 1 member representing a national animal commodity organization.

    ``(F) 1 member representing a national crop commodity organization.

    ``(G) 1 member representing a national aquaculture association.

    ``(H) 1 member representing a national food animal



science society.

``(I) 1 member representing a national crop, soil, agronomy, horticulture, or weed science society.

``(J) 1 member representing a national food science organization.

``(K) 1 member representing a national human health association.

``(L) 1 member representing a national nutritional science society.

``(M) 1 member representing the land-grant colleges and universities eligible to receive funds under the

Act

of July 2, 1862 (7 U.S.C. 301 et seq.).

``(N) 1 member representing the land-grant colleges and universities eligible to receive funds under the

Act

of August 30, 1890 (7 U.S.C. 321 et seq.), including Tuskegee University.

``(O) 1 member representing the 1994 Institutions (as defined in section 532 of the Equity in Educational Land-Grant Status Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-382; 7 U.S.C. 301 note)).

``(P) 1 member representing Hispanic-serving institutions.

of

``(Q) 1 member representing the American Colleges Veterinary Medicine.

``(R) 1 member representing that portion of the scientific community not closely associated with agriculture.

food

``(S) 1 member engaged in the transportation of and agricultural products to domestic and foreign markets.

``(T) 1 member representing food retailing and marketing interests.

``(U) 1 member representing food and fiber processors.

``(V) 1 member actively engaged in rural economic development.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1158]]

``(W) 1 member representing a national consumer interest group.

``(X) 1 member representing a national forestry group.

``(Y) 1 member representing a national conservation or natural resource group.

``(Z) 1 member representing private sector organizations involved in international development.

``(AA) 1 member representing an agency within the Department of Agriculture that lacks research capabilities.

``(BB) 1 member representing a research agency of the Federal Government (other than the Department of Agriculture).

``(CC) 1 member representing a national social science association.

``(DD) 1 member representing national organizations directly concerned with agricultural research, education, and extension.

``(4) Ex officio members.--The Secretary, the Under Secretary of Agriculture for Research, Education, and Economics, the Administrator of the Agricultural Research Service, the Administrator of the Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service, the Administrator of the Economic Research Service, and the Administrator of the National Agricultural Statistics Service shall serve as ex officio members of the Advisory Board.

``(5) Officers.--At the first meeting of the Advisory Board each year, the members shall elect from among the members of the Advisory Board a chairperson, vice chairperson, and 7 additional members to serve on the executive committee established under paragraph (6).

``(6) Executive committee.--The Advisory Board shall establish an executive committee charged with the responsibility of working with the Secretary and officers and employees of the Department of Agriculture to summarize and disseminate the recommendations of the Advisory Board.

``(c) Duties.--The Advisory Board shall--

``(1) review and provide consultation to the Secretary and land-grant colleges and universities on long-term and short-term national policies and priorities, as set forth in section 1402, relating to agricultural research, extension, education, and economics;

``(2) evaluate the results and effectiveness of agricultural research, extension, education, and economics with respect to the policies and priorities;

``(3) review and make recommendations to the Under Secretary of Agriculture for Research, Education, and Economics on the research, extension, education, and economics portion of the draft strategic plan required under section 306 of title 5, United States Code; and

``(4) review the mechanisms of the Department of Agriculture

for technology assessment (which should be conducted by qualified professionals) for the purposes of--

``(A) performance measurement and evaluation of the implementation by the Secretary of the strategic plan required under section 306 of title 5, United States Code;

``(B) implementation of the national research policies and priorities set forth in section 1402; and

``(C) the development of mechanisms for the assessment of emerging public and private agricultural research and technology transfer initiatives.

``(d) Consultation.--In carrying out this section, the Advisory Board shall solicit opinions and recommendations from persons who will benefit from and use federally funded agricultural research, extension, education, and economics.

``(e) Appointment.--A member of the Advisory Board shall be appointed by the Secretary for a term of up to 3 years. The members of the Advisory Board shall be appointed to serve staggered terms.

``(f) Federal Advisory Committee Act.--The Advisory Board shall be deemed to have filed a charter for the purpose of section 9(c) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).

``(g) Termination.--The Advisory Board shall remain in existence until September 30, 2002.''

(b) Conforming Amendments.--

(1) Section 1404(1) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103(1))

is

amended by striking ``National Agricultural Research and Extension Users Advisory Board'' and inserting ``National Agricultural Research, Extension, Education, and Economics Advisory Board''.

(2) Section 1410(2) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3125(2))

is

amended by striking ``the recommendations of the Advisory Board developed under section 1408(g),'' and inserting ``any recommendations of the Advisory Board''.

(3) The last sentence of section 4(a) of the Renewable Resources Extension Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 1673(a)) is amended by striking ``National Agricultural Research and Extension

Users

Advisory Board'' and inserting ``National Agricultural Research, Extension, Education, and Economics Advisory Board''.

#### SEC. 803. FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT EXEMPTION FOR FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAMS.

Section 1409A of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3124a) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(e) Applicability of Federal Advisory Committee Act.--

described ``(1) Public meetings.--All meetings of any entity

in paragraph (3) shall be publicly announced in advance and shall be open to the public. <<NOTE: Records.>> Detailed minutes of meetings and other appropriate records of the activities of such an entity shall be kept and made available

to

the public on request.

``(2) Exemption.--The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) and title XVIII of this Act shall not apply to any

entity described in paragraph (3).

“(3) Entities described.--This subsection shall apply to any committee, board, commission, panel, or task force, or similar entity that--

“(A) is created for the purpose of cooperative efforts in agricultural research, extension, or teaching; and

“(B) consists entirely of--

“(i) full-time Federal employees; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1160]]

“(ii) one or more individuals who are employed by, or are officials of--

“(I) a State cooperative institution or State cooperative

agency;

or

“(II) a public college or university or other postsecondary institution.”.

SEC. 804. COORDINATION AND PLANNING OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH,  
EXTENSION,  
AND EDUCATION.

The National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 is amended by inserting after section 1413 (7 U.S.C. 3128) the following:

“SEC. 1413A. <<NOTE: 7 USC 3129.>> ACCOUNTABILITY.

“(a) Review of Information Technology Systems.--The Secretary shall conduct a comprehensive review of state-of-the-art information technology systems that are available for use in developing the system required by subsection (b).

“(b) Monitoring and Evaluation System.--The Secretary shall develop and carry out a system to monitor and evaluate agricultural research and extension activities conducted or supported by the Department of Agriculture that will enable the Secretary to measure the impact and effectiveness of research, extension, and education programs according to priorities, goals, and mandates established by law. In developing the system, the Secretary shall incorporate information transfer technologies to optimize public access to research information.

“(c) Consistency With Other Requirements.--The Secretary shall develop and implement the system in a manner consistent with the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993 (Public Law 103-62; 107 Stat. 285) and amendments made by the Act.

“(d) Authorization of Appropriations.--There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this section.

“SEC. 1413B. <<NOTE: 7 USC 3129a.>> FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT

EXEMPTION FOR COMPETITIVE RESEARCH, EXTENSION, AND  
EDUCATION  
PROGRAMS.

``The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) and title XVIII of this Act shall not apply to any committee, board, commission, panel, or task force, or similar entity, created solely for the purpose of reviewing applications or proposals requesting funding under any competitive research, extension, or education program carried out by the Secretary.''.

SEC. 805. GRANTS AND FELLOWSHIPS FOR FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES  
EDUCATION.

(a) Purpose of Grants.--Section 1417(b) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3152(b)) is amended by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:

``(4) to design and implement food and agricultural programs to build teaching and research capacity at colleges and universities having significant minority enrollments;''.

(b) Research Foundations.--Section 1417(c) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3152(c)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

[[Page 110 STAT. 1161]]

``(3) Research foundations.--An eligible college or university under subsection (b) includes a research foundation maintained by the college or university.''.

(c) Extension of Program.--Section 1417(i) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3152(i)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

(d) Secondary Education and 2-Year Postsecondary Education Teaching Programs.--Section 1417 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3152) is amended--

- (1) by redesignating subsections (h) and (i) as subsections (i) and (j), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (g) the following:

``(h) Secondary Education and 2-Year Postsecondary Education Teaching Programs.--

``(1) Definitions.--In this subsection:

``(A) Institution of higher education.--The term `institution of higher education' has the meaning given the term in section 1201(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1141(a)).

``(B) Secondary school.--The term `secondary school'

has the meaning given the term in section 14101(25) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8801(25)).

Secretary            ``(2) Agriscience and agribusiness education.--The  
shall--  
and                    ``(A) promote and strengthen secondary education  
2-year postsecondary education in agriscience and  
the United States of a qualified workforce to serve the  
food and agricultural sciences system; and  
linkages                ``(B) promote complementary and synergistic  
among secondary, 2-year postsecondary, and higher  
education programs in the food and agricultural  
sciences                in order to promote excellence in education and  
encourage more young Americans to pursue and complete a  
baccalaureate or higher degree in the food and  
agricultural sciences.  
                      ``(3) Grants.--The Secretary may make competitive or  
noncompetitive grants, for grant periods not to exceed 5 years,  
to public secondary schools, and institutions of higher  
education that award an associate's degree, that the Secretary  
determines have made a commitment to teaching agriscience and  
agribusiness--  
                      ``(A) to enhance curricula in agricultural  
education;  
                      ``(B) to increase faculty teaching competencies;  
                      ``(C) to interest young people in pursuing higher  
education in order to prepare for scientific and  
professional careers in the food and agricultural  
sciences;  
                      ``(D) to promote the incorporation of agriscience  
and agribusiness subject matter into other  
instructional            programs, particularly classes in science, business,  
and                    consumer education;  
                      ``(E) to facilitate joint initiatives by the grant  
recipient with other secondary schools, institutions of  
higher education that award an associate's degree, and  
institutions

[[Page 110 STAT. 1162]]

of higher education that award a bachelor's degree to  
maximize the development and use of resources, such as  
faculty, facilities, and equipment, to improve  
agriscience and agribusiness education; and  
                      ``(F) to support other initiatives designed to meet  
local, State, regional, or national needs related to  
promoting excellence in agriscience and agribusiness  
education.''.  
''.

SEC. 806. GRANTS FOR RESEARCH ON THE PRODUCTION AND MARKETING OF  
ALCOHOLS AND INDUSTRIAL HYDROCARBONS FROM AGRICULTURAL  
COMMODITIES AND FOREST PRODUCTS.

Section 1419(d) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3154(d)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

SEC. 807. POLICY RESEARCH CENTERS.

The National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 is amended by inserting after section 1419 (7 U.S.C. 3154) the following:

``SEC. 1419A. <<NOTE: 7 USC 3155.>> POLICY RESEARCH CENTERS.

``(a) In General.--Consistent with this section, the Secretary may make grants, competitive grants, and special research grants to, and enter into cooperative agreements and other contracting instruments with, policy research centers described in subsection (b) to conduct research and education programs that are objective, operationally independent, and external to the Federal Government and that concern the effect of public policies on--

- ``(1) the farm and agricultural sectors;
- ``(2) the environment;
- ``(3) rural families, households, and economies; and
- ``(4) consumers, food, and nutrition.

``(b) Eligible Recipients.--State agricultural experiment stations, colleges and universities, other research institutions and organizations, private organizations, corporations, and individuals shall be eligible to apply for funding under subsection (a).

``(c) Activities.--Under this section, funding may be provided for disciplinary and interdisciplinary research and education concerning policy research activities consistent with this section, including activities that--

- ``(1) quantify the implications of public policies and regulations;
- ``(2) develop theoretical and research methods;
- ``(3) collect and analyze data for policymakers, analysts, and individuals; and
- ``(4) develop programs to train analysts.

``(d) Authorization of Appropriations.--There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this section for fiscal years 1996 and 1997.''

SEC. 808. HUMAN NUTRITION INTERVENTION AND HEALTH PROMOTION RESEARCH PROGRAM.

The National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 is amended by striking section 1424 (7 U.S.C. 3174) and inserting the following:

[[Page 110 STAT. 1163]]

``SEC. 1424. <<NOTE: 7 USC 3174.>> HUMAN NUTRITION INTERVENTION AND HEALTH PROMOTION RESEARCH PROGRAM.

``(a) Authority of Secretary.--The Secretary may establish, and

award grants for projects for, a multi-year research initiative on human nutrition intervention and health promotion.

``(b) Emphasis of Initiative.--In administering human nutrition research projects under this section, the Secretary shall give specific emphasis to--

``(1) coordinated longitudinal research assessments of nutritional status; and

intervention  
``(2) the implementation of unified, innovative strategies,

to identify and solve problems of nutritional inadequacy and contribute to the maintenance of health, well-being, performance, and productivity of individuals, thereby reducing the need of the individuals to use the health care system and social programs of the United States.

``(c) Administration of Funds.--The Administrator of the Agricultural Research Service shall administer funds made available to carry out this section to ensure a coordinated approach to health and nutrition research efforts.

``(d) Authorization of Appropriations.--There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this section for fiscal years 1996 and 1997.

``SEC. 1424A. <<NOTE: 7 USC 3174a.>> PILOT RESEARCH PROGRAM TO COMBINE MEDICAL AND AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH.

``(a) Findings.--Congress finds the following:

``(1) Although medical researchers in recent years have demonstrated that there are several naturally occurring compounds in many vegetables and fruits that can aid in the prevention of certain forms of cancer, coronary heart disease, stroke, and atherosclerosis, there has been almost no research conducted to enhance these compounds in food plants by modern breeding and molecular genetic methods.

``(2) By linking the appropriate medical and agricultural research scientists in a highly-focused, targeted research program, it should be possible to develop new varieties of vegetables and fruits that would provide greater prevention of diet-related diseases that are a major cause of death in the United States.

``(b) Pilot Research Program.--The Secretary shall conduct, through the Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service, a pilot research program to link major cancer and heart and other circulatory disease research efforts with agricultural research efforts to identify compounds in vegetables and fruits that prevent these diseases. Using information derived from such combined research efforts, the Secretary shall assist in the development of new varieties of vegetables and fruits having enhanced therapeutic properties for disease prevention.

``(c) Agreements.--The Secretary shall carry out the pilot program through agreements entered into with land-grant colleges or universities, other universities, State agricultural experiment stations, the State cooperative extension services, nonprofit



organizations with demonstrable expertise, or Federal or State governmental entities. The Secretary shall enter into the agreements on a competitive basis.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1164]]

``(d) Authorization of Appropriations.--There are authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 1997 to carry out the pilot program.''.

SEC. 809. FOOD AND NUTRITION EDUCATION PROGRAM.

Section 1425(c)(3) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3175(c)(3)) is amended by striking ``\$63,000,000'' and all that follows through ``fiscal year 1995'' and inserting ``, \$83,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1996 and 1997''.

SEC. 810. PURPOSES AND FINDINGS RELATING TO ANIMAL HEALTH AND DISEASE RESEARCH.

Section 1429 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3191) is amended to read as follows:

``SEC. 1429. PURPOSES AND FINDINGS RELATING TO ANIMAL HEALTH AND DISEASE RESEARCH.

``(a) Purposes.--The purposes of this subtitle are to--

``(1) promote the general welfare through the improved health and productivity of domestic livestock, poultry, aquatic animals, and other income-producing animals that are essential to the food supply of the United States and the welfare of producers and consumers of animal products;

``(2) improve the health of horses;

``(3) facilitate the effective treatment of, and, to the extent possible, prevent animal and poultry diseases in both domesticated and wild animals that, if not controlled, would be disastrous to the United States livestock and poultry

industries

and endanger the food supply of the United States;

``(4) improve methods for the control of organisms and residues in food products of animal origin that could endanger the human food supply;

``(5) improve the housing and management of animals to improve the well-being of livestock production species;

``(6) minimize livestock and poultry losses due to transportation and handling;

``(7) protect human health through control of animal diseases transmissible to humans;

predators  
and other animals; and

expanded  
``(9) otherwise promote the general welfare through

programs of research and extension to improve animal health.

``(b) Findings.--Congress finds that--

``(1) the total animal health and disease research and extension efforts of State colleges and universities and of the Federal Government would be more effective if there were close coordination between the efforts; and

or  
``(2) colleges and universities having accredited schools  
colleges of veterinary medicine and State agricultural experiment stations that conduct animal health and disease research are especially vital in training research workers in animal health and related disciplines.''.  
[[Page 110 STAT. 1165]]

SEC. 811. ANIMAL HEALTH AND DISEASE CONTINUING RESEARCH.

Section 1433 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3195) is amended--

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (a), by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997'';

(2) in subsection (b)(2)--

(A) by striking ``domestic livestock and poultry'' each place it appears and inserting ``domestic livestock, poultry, and commercial aquaculture species''; and

(B) in the second sentence, by striking ``horses, and poultry'' and inserting ``horses, poultry, and commercial aquaculture species'';

(3) in subsection (d), by striking ``domestic livestock and poultry'' and inserting ``domestic livestock, poultry, and commercial aquaculture species''; and

(4) in subsection (f), by striking ``domestic livestock and poultry'' and inserting ``domestic livestock, poultry, and commercial aquaculture species''.

SEC. 812. ANIMAL HEALTH AND DISEASE NATIONAL OR REGIONAL RESEARCH.

Section 1434 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3196) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a)--

(A) by inserting ``or national or regional problems relating to pre-harvest, on-farm food safety, or animal well-being,'' after ``problems,``; and

(B) by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997'';

(2) in subsection (b), by striking ``eligible institutions''  
and inserting ``State agricultural experiment stations,  
colleges  
and universities, other research institutions and  
organizations,  
Federal agencies, private organizations or corporations, and  
individuals'';

(3) in subsection (c)--

(A) in the first sentence, by inserting ``, food safety, and animal well-being'' after ``animal health

and disease''; and

(B) in the fourth sentence--

(i) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3)

as

paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively; and

(ii) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

``(2) any food safety problem that has a significant pre-harvest (on-farm) component and is recognized as posing a significant health hazard to the consuming public;

``(3) issues of animal well-being related to production methods that will improve the housing and management of animals to improve the well-being of livestock production species;'';

(4) in the first sentence of subsection (d), by striking ``to eligible institutions''; and

(5) by adding at the end the following:

``(f) Applicability of Federal Advisory Committee Act.--The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) and title XVIII of this Act shall

not apply to a panel or board created solely for the purpose of reviewing applications or proposals submitted under this subtitle.''.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1166]]

SEC. 813. GRANT PROGRAM TO UPGRADE AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD SCIENCES FACILITIES AT 1890 LAND-GRANT COLLEGES.

Section 1447(b) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3222b(b)) is amended by striking ``\$8,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1991 through 1995'' and inserting ``, \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1996 and 1997''.

SEC. 814. NATIONAL RESEARCH AND TRAINING CENTENNIAL CENTERS.

Section 1448 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3222c) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by inserting ``, or fiscal years 1996 and 1997,'' after ``1995''; and

(2) in subsection (f), by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

SEC. 815. PROGRAMS FOR HISPANIC-SERVING INSTITUTIONS.

(a) In General.--The National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 is amended by inserting after section 1448 (7 U.S.C. 3222c) the following:

``Subtitle H--Programs for Hispanic-Serving Institutions

``SEC. 1455. <<NOTE: 7 USC 3241.>> EDUCATION GRANTS PROGRAMS FOR HISPANIC-SERVING INSTITUTIONS.

``(a) Grant Authority.--The Secretary may make competitive grants (or grants without regard to any requirement for competition) to Hispanic-serving institutions for the purpose of promoting and strengthening the ability of Hispanic-serving institutions to carry out

education, applied research, and related community development programs.

``(b) Use of Grant Funds.--Grants made under this section shall be used--

``(1) to support the activities of consortia of Hispanic-serving institutions to enhance educational equity for underrepresented students;

``(2) to strengthen institutional educational capacities, including libraries, curriculum, faculty, scientific instrumentation, instruction delivery systems, and student recruitment and retention, in order to respond to identified State, regional, national, or international educational needs

in

the food and agricultural sciences;

``(3) to attract and support undergraduate and graduate students from underrepresented groups in order to prepare them for careers related to the food, agricultural, and natural resource systems of the United States, beginning with the mentoring of students at the high school level and continuing with the provision of financial support for students through their attainment of a doctoral degree; and

``(4) to facilitate cooperative initiatives between 2 or more Hispanic-serving institutions, or between Hispanic-serving institutions and units of State government or the private sector, to maximize the development and use of resources, such as faculty, facilities, and equipment, to improve food and agricultural sciences teaching programs.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1167]]

``(c) Authorization of Appropriations.--There are authorized to be appropriated to make grants under this section \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 1997.''

(b) Hispanic-Serving Institution Defined.--Paragraph (9) of section 1404 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103) is amended to read as follows:

``(9) the term 'Hispanic-serving institution' has the meaning given the term by section 316(b)(1) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b)(1));''.

#### SEC. 816. INTERNATIONAL AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND EXTENSION.

Section 1458(a)(8) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3291(a)(8)) is amended--

- (1) by striking ``establish'' and inserting ``continue'';
- and
- (2) by striking ``to be''.

#### SEC. 817. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH PROGRAMS.

Section 1463 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3311) is amended by striking ``1995'' both places it appears and inserting ``1997''.

#### SEC. 818. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR EXTENSION EDUCATION.

Section 1464 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3312) is amended by striking ``fiscal year 1995'' and inserting ``each of fiscal years 1995 through 1997''.

SEC. 819. SUPPLEMENTAL AND ALTERNATIVE CROPS RESEARCH.

(a) Extension of Program.--Section 1473D(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3319d(a)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

(b) Elimination of Pilot Nature of Program.--Section 1473D of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3319d) is amended--

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking ``and pilot'';
- (2) in subsection (c)(2)(B), by striking ``at pilot sites'' and all that follows through ``the area'';
- (3) in subsection (c)(2)(C), by striking ``from pilot sites'';
- (4) in subsection (c)(2)(D)--
  - (A) by striking ``near such pilot sites''; and
  - (B) by striking ``successful pilot program'' and inserting ``successful program''; and
- (5) in paragraph (3), by striking ``pilot''.

(c) Additional Authority.--Section 1473D(c)(3) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3319d(c)(3)) is amended--

- (1) in subparagraph (C), by striking ``and'' at the end;
- (2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:  
``(E) to conduct fundamental and applied research related

to

the development of new commercial products derived from

[[Page 110 STAT. 1168]]

natural plant material for industrial, medical, and agricultural

applications; and

``(F) to participate with colleges and universities, other Federal agencies, and private sector entities in conducting research described in subparagraph (E).''.

SEC. 820. AQUACULTURE ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.

(a) Definition.--Section 1404(3) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103(3)) is amended by inserting ``ornamental fish,''' after ``reptile,'''.

(b) Reports.--Section 1475 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3322) is amended--

- (1) by striking subsection (e); and
- (2) by redesignating subsections (f) and (g) as subsections (e) and (f), respectively.

(c) Authorization of Appropriations for Aquaculture Research Facilities.--Section 1476(b) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3323(b)) is amended

by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

(d) Authorization of Appropriations for Research and Extension.--Section 1477 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3324) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

SEC. 821. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR RANGELAND RESEARCH.

Section 1483(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3336(a)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

Subtitle B--Modification and Extension of Activities Under 1990 Act

SEC. 831. WATER QUALITY RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND COORDINATION.

Section 1481(d) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5501(d)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

SEC. 832. NATIONAL GENETICS RESOURCES PROGRAM.

(a) Functions.--Section 1632(d) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5841(d)) is amended by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:

``(4) unless otherwise prohibited by law, have the right to make available on request, without charge and without regard to the country from which the request originates, the genetic material that the program assembles;''.

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.--Section 1635(b) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5844(b)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

SEC. 833. NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL WEATHER INFORMATION SYSTEM.

Section 1641(c) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5855(c)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1169]]

SEC. 834. LIVESTOCK PRODUCT SAFETY AND INSPECTION PROGRAM.

Section 1670(e) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5923(e)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

SEC. 835. PLANT GENOME MAPPING PROGRAM.

Section 1671(g) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5924(g)) is amended by inserting ``for fiscal years 1996 and 1997'' after ``appropriated''.

SEC. 836. CERTAIN SPECIALIZED RESEARCH PROGRAMS.

Subsections (d)(4), (e)(4), and (i) of section 1672 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5925) are each amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

SEC. 837. AGRICULTURAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS PROGRAM.

Section 1673(h) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5926(h)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

SEC. 838. NATIONAL CENTERS FOR AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT QUALITY RESEARCH.

(a) Purposes of National Centers.--Section 1675(a) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5928(a)) is amended--

- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (5) and (6) as paragraphs (6) and (7), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:  
``(5) enhance agricultural competitiveness through product quality research and technology implementation;''.

(b) Regional Basis of Centers.--Section 1675(b) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5928(b)) is amended by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:

``(1) Regional basis.--The centers shall be regionally based units that conduct a broad spectrum of research, development, and education programs to enhance the competitiveness, quality, safety and wholesomeness of agricultural products.''

(c) Program Plan and Review.--Section 1675(d) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5928(b)) is amended--

- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking the second sentence; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking `` , but not less'' and all that follows through ``the Secretary''.

(d) Authorization of Appropriations.--Section 1675(g)(1) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5928(g)(1)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

SEC. 839. RED MEAT SAFETY RESEARCH CENTER.

Section 1676 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5929) is amended to read as follows:

``SEC. 1676. RED MEAT SAFETY RESEARCH CENTER.

``(a) <<NOTE: Grants.>> Establishment of Center.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall award a grant, on a competitive basis, to a research facility described in subsection (b) to establish a red meat safety research center.

``(b) Eligible Research Facility Described.--A research facility eligible for a grant under subsection (a) is a research facility that--

``(1) is part of a land-grant college or university, or other federally supported agricultural research facility, located in close proximity to a livestock slaughter and processing facility; and

``(2) is staffed by professionals with a wide diversity of scientific expertise covering all aspects of meat science.

``(c) Research Conducted.--The red meat safety research center established under subsection (a) shall carry out research related to general food safety, including--

``(1) the development of intervention strategies that reduce

microbiological contamination of carcass surfaces;

``(2) research regarding microbiological mapping of carcass surfaces; and

``(3) the development of model hazard analysis and critical control point plans.

``(d) Administration of Funds.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall administer funds appropriated to carry out this section.

``(e) Authorization of Appropriations.--There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary for fiscal year 1997 to carry out this section.''.

#### SEC. 840. INDIAN RESERVATION EXTENSION AGENT PROGRAM.

Section 1677 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5930) is amended--

- (1) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (g); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (e) the following:

``(f) Reduced Regulatory Burden.--On a determination by the Secretary of Agriculture that a program carried out under this section has been satisfactorily administered for not less than 2 years, the Secretary shall implement a reduced reapplication process for the continued operation of the program in order to reduce regulatory burdens

on participating university and tribal entities.''.

#### SEC. 841. ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM FOR FARMERS WITH DISABILITIES.

Section 1680 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5933) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a)(6)(B), by striking ``1996'' and inserting ``1997''; and

(2) in subsection (b)(2), by striking ``1996'' and inserting  
``1997''.

#### SEC. 842. NATIONAL RURAL INFORMATION CENTER CLEARINGHOUSE.

Section 2381(e) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 3125b(e)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and



inserting ``1997''.

SEC. 843. GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE.

Section 2412 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6710) is amended by striking ``1996'' and inserting ``1997''.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1171]]

Subtitle C--Repeal of Certain Activities and Authorities

SEC. 851. SUBCOMMITTEE ON FOOD, AGRICULTURAL, AND FORESTRY RESEARCH.

Section 401(h) of the National Science and Technology Policy, Organization, and Priorities Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6651(h)) is amended by striking the second through fifth sentences.

SEC. 852. JOINT COUNCIL ON FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES.

(a) Repeal.--Section 1407 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3122) is repealed.

(b) Conforming Amendments.--

(1) Section 1405 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3121) is amended--

(A) in paragraph (5), by striking ``Joint Council, Advisory Board,'' and inserting ``Advisory Board''; and

(B) in paragraph (11), by striking ``the Joint Council,''

(2) Section 1410(2) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3125(2))

is

amended by striking ``the recommendations of the Joint Council developed under section 1407(f),''

(3) Section 1412 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3127) is amended--

(A) in the section heading, by striking ``the joint council, advisory board,'' and inserting ``advisory board'';

(B) in subsection (a)--

(i) by striking ``Joint Council, the Advisory Board,'' and inserting ``Advisory Board'';

(ii) by striking ``the cochairpersons of the Joint Council and'' each place it appears; and

(iii) in paragraph (2), by striking ``one shall serve as the executive secretary to the Joint Council, one shall serve as the executive secretary to the Advisory Board,'' and inserting ``one shall serve as the executive secretary to the Advisory Board''; and

(C) in subsections (b) and (c), by striking ``Joint Council, Advisory Board,'' each place it appears and inserting ``Advisory Board''.

(4) Section 1413 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3128) is

amended--

(A) in subsection (a), by striking ``Joint Council, the Advisory Board,`` and inserting ``Advisory Board``; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking ``Joint Council, Advisory Board,`` and inserting ``Advisory Board``.

(5) Section 1434(c) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3196(c))

is

amended--

(A) in the second sentence, by striking ``Joint Council, the Advisory Board,`` and inserting ``Advisory Board``; and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1172]]

(B) in the fourth sentence, by striking ``the Joint Council,``.

#### SEC. 853. AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY REVIEW BOARD.

(a) Repeal.--Section 1408A of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3123a) is repealed.

(b) Conforming Amendments.--

(1) Section 1404 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103) is amended--

(A) in paragraph (16)(F), by adding ``and`` at the end;

(B) in paragraph (17), by striking ``; and`` at the end and inserting a period; and

(C) by striking paragraph (18).

(2) Section 1405(12) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3121(12)) is amended by striking ```, after coordination with the Technology Board,``.

(3) Section 1410(2) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3125(2)) (as amended by section 802(b)(2)) is amended by striking ``and the recommendations of the Technology Board developed under section 1408A(d)``.

(4) Section 1412 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3127) (as amended by section 852(b)(3)) is amended--

(A) in the section heading, by striking ``and technology board``;

(B) in subsection (a)--

(i) by striking ``and the Technology Board`` each place it appears; and

(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking ``and one shall serve as the executive secretary to the Technology Board``; and

(C) in subsections (b) and (c), by striking ``and Technology Board`` each place it appears.

(5) Section 1413 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3128) (as

amended by section 852(b)(4)) is amended--

(A) in subsection (a), by striking ``or the Technology Board''; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking ``and the Technology Board''.

SEC. 854. ANIMAL HEALTH SCIENCE RESEARCH ADVISORY BOARD.

Section 1432 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3194) is repealed.

SEC. 855. RESIDENT INSTRUCTION PROGRAM AT 1890 LAND-GRANT COLLEGES.

Section 1446 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3222a) is repealed.

SEC. 856. GRANTS TO STATES FOR INTERNATIONAL TRADE DEVELOPMENT CENTERS.

Section 1458A of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3292) is repealed.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1173]]

SEC. 857. RANGELAND RESEARCH.

(a) Reports.--Section 1481 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3334) is repealed.

(b) Advisory Board.--Section 1482 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3335) is repealed.

SEC. 858. COMPOSTING RESEARCH AND EXTENSION PROGRAM.

Section 1456 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 3130) is repealed.

SEC. 859. EDUCATION PROGRAM REGARDING HANDLING OF AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS

AND AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL CONTAINERS.

(a) Repeal.--Section 1499A of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 3125c) is repealed.

(b) Conforming Amendment.--Section 1499(b) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5506(b)) is amended by striking ``and section 1499A''.

SEC. 860. PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION REGARDING SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE RESEARCH AND EDUCATION.

(a) Reporting Requirement.--Section 1622 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5812) is amended by striking subsection (b).

(b) Advisory Council.--Section 1622 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5812) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a)--

(A) by striking paragraph (2);

(B) in paragraph (3), by striking ``subsection (e)'' and inserting ``subsection (b)''; and  
(C) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (2) and (3), respectively;  
(2) by striking subsections (c) and (d);  
(3) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (b); and  
(4) in subsection (b)(2) (as so redesignated)--  
(A) by striking subparagraph (A); and  
(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) through (F) as subparagraphs (A) through (E), respectively.

(c) Conforming Amendments.--

(1) Section 1619(b) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5801(b)) is amended--

(A) by striking paragraph (7); and

(B) by redesignating paragraphs (8), (9), and (10) as paragraphs (7), (8), and (9), respectively.

(2) Section 1621(c) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5811(c)) is amended--

(A) in paragraph (1)--

(i) by striking subparagraph (A); and

(ii) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) through (E) as subparagraphs (A) through (D), respectively; and

(B) in paragraph (2)--

(i) by striking subparagraph (A); and

(ii) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) through (F) as subparagraphs (A) through (E), respectively.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1174]]

(3) Section 1628(b) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5831(b)) is amended by striking ``Advisory Council, the Soil Conservation Service,'' and inserting ``Natural Resources Conservation Service''.

SEC. 861. RESEARCH REGARDING PRODUCTION, PREPARATION, PROCESSING, HANDLING, AND STORAGE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

Subtitle E of title XVI of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5871 et seq.) is repealed.

SEC. 862. PLANT AND ANIMAL PEST AND DISEASE CONTROL PROGRAM.

(a) Repeal.--Subtitle F of title XVI of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5881 et seq.) is repealed.

(b) Conforming Amendments.--

(1) Section 28(b)(2)(A) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136w-3(b)(2)(A)) is amended by striking ``and the information required by section 1651 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990''.

(2) Section 1627(a)(3) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5821(a)(3)) is

amended by striking ``and section 1650''.

and (3) Section 1628 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5831) is amended by striking ``section 1650,'' each place it appears in subsections (a) and (d).

and (4) Section 1629 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5832) is amended by striking ``section 1650,'' each place it appears in subsections (f) and (g)(11).

SEC. 863. CERTAIN SPECIALIZED RESEARCH PROGRAMS.

Section 1672 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5925) is amended--

and (1) by striking subsections (a), (f), (g), (h), and (j);

(2) by redesignating subsections (i) and (k) as subsections (f) and (g), respectively.

SEC. 864. COMMISSION ON AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH FACILITIES.

Section 1674 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5927) is repealed.

SEC. 865. SPECIAL GRANT TO STUDY CONSTRAINTS ON AGRICULTURAL TRADE.

Section 1678 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5931) is repealed.

SEC. 866. PILOT PROJECT TO COORDINATE FOOD AND NUTRITION EDUCATION PROGRAMS.

Section 1679 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5932) is repealed.

SEC. 867. DEMONSTRATION AREAS FOR RURAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

Section 2348 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 2662a) is repealed.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1175]]

SEC. 868. TECHNICAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE REGARDING GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE.

Section 2404 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6703) is repealed.

SEC. 869. COMMITTEE OF NINE UNDER HATCH ACT OF 1887.

Section 3(c)3 of the Act of March 2, 1887 (commonly known as the ``Hatch Act of 1887''; 7 U.S.C. 361c(c)3) is amended by striking ``and shall be used'' and all that follows through ``by this paragraph''.

SEC. 870. COTTON CROP REPORTS.

The Act of May 3, 1924 (43 Stat. 115, chapter 149; 7 U.S.C. 475), is repealed.

SEC. 871. RURAL ECONOMIC AND BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AND ADDITIONAL RESEARCH GRANTS UNDER TITLE V OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1972.

Section 502 of the Rural Development Act of 1972 (7 U.S.C. 2662) is amended by striking subsections (g) and (j).

SEC. 872. HUMAN NUTRITION RESEARCH.

Section 1452 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1985 (Public Law 99-198; 7 U.S.C. 3173 note) is repealed.

SEC. 873. GRANTS TO UPGRADE 1890 LAND-GRANT COLLEGE EXTENSION FACILITIES.

Section 1416 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 3224) is repealed.

SEC. 874. INDIAN SUBSISTENCE FARMING DEMONSTRATION GRANT PROGRAM.

Subtitle C of title IX of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act Amendments of 1991 (Public Law 102-237; 7 U.S.C. 5930 note) is repealed.

Subtitle D--Miscellaneous Research Provisions

SEC. 881. CRITICAL AGRICULTURAL MATERIALS RESEARCH.

(a) Reports.--Section 4 of the Critical Agricultural Materials Act (7 U.S.C. 178b) is amended--

- (1) by striking subsection (g); and
- (2) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (g).

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.--Section 16(a) of the Critical Agricultural Materials Act (7 U.S.C. 178n(a)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

SEC. 882. MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT REGARDING 1994 INSTITUTIONS.

Section 533 of the Equity in Educational Land-Grant Status Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-382; 7 U.S.C. 301 note) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(d) <<NOTE: Native Americans.>> Memorandum of Agreement.--Not later than January 6, 1997, the Secretary shall develop and implement a formal memo

randum of agreement with the 1994 Institutions to establish programs to ensure that tribally controlled colleges and Native American communities equitably participate in Department of Agriculture employment, programs, services, and resources.''.

SEC. 883. SMITH-LEVER ACT FUNDING FOR 1890 LAND-GRANT COLLEGES, INCLUDING TUSKEGEE UNIVERSITY.

(a) Eligibility for Funds.--Section 3(d) of the Act of May 8, 1914 (commonly known as the ``Smith-Lever Act''; 7 U.S.C. 343(d)), is amended

by adding at the end the following: ``A college or university eligible to receive funds under the Act of August 30, 1890 (7 U.S.C. 321 et seq.), including Tuskegee University, may apply for and receive directly

from the Secretary of Agriculture--

``(1) amounts made available under this subsection after September 30, 1995, to carry out programs or initiatives for which no funds were made available under this subsection for fiscal year 1995, or any previous fiscal year, as determined by the Secretary; and

``(2) amounts made available after September 30, 1995, to carry out programs or initiatives funded under this subsection prior to that date that are in excess of the highest amount

made

available for the programs or initiatives under this subsection for fiscal year 1995, or any previous fiscal year, as

determined

by the Secretary.''.

(b) Conforming Amendment.--The third sentence of section 1444(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3221(a)) is amended by inserting before the period at the end the following: ``, except that for the purpose of this calculation, the total appropriations shall not include amounts made available after September 30, 1995, under section 3(d) of that Act (7 U.S.C. 343(d)), to carry out programs or initiatives for which no funds were made available under section 3(d) of that Act for fiscal year 1995,

or any previous fiscal year, as determined by the Secretary, and shall not include amounts made available after September 30, 1995, to carry out programs or initiatives funded under section 3(d) of that Act prior to that date that are in excess of the highest amount made available for

the programs or initiatives for fiscal year 1995, or any previous fiscal

year, as determined by the Secretary''.

SEC. 884. AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH FACILITIES.

(a) Research Facilities.--The Research Facilities Act (7 U.S.C. 390 et seq.) is amended to read as follows:

``SECTION 1. <<NOTE: 7 USC 390 note.>> SHORT TITLE.

``This Act may be cited as the `Research Facilities Act'.

``SEC. 2. <<NOTE: 7 USC 390.>> DEFINITIONS.

``In this Act:

``(1) Agricultural research facility.--The term `agricultural research facility' means a proposed facility for research in food and agricultural sciences for which Federal funds are requested by a college, university, or nonprofit institution to assist in the construction, alteration, acquisition, modernization, renovation, or remodeling of the facility.

``(2) Congressional agriculture committees.--The term `congressional agriculture committees' means the Committee

[[Page 110 STAT. 1177]]

on Appropriations and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

``(3) Food and agricultural sciences.--The term `food and agricultural sciences' means--

``(A) agriculture, including soil and water conservation and use, the use of organic materials to improve soil tilth and fertility, plant and animal production and protection, and plant and animal health;

``(B) the processing, distribution, marketing, and utilization of food and agricultural products;

``(C) forestry, including range management, production of forest and range products, multiple use

of

forests and rangelands, and urban forestry;

``(D) aquaculture (as defined in section 1404(3) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103(3));

``(E) human nutrition;

``(F) production inputs, such as energy, to improve productivity; and

``(G) germ plasm collection and preservation.

``(4) Secretary.--The term `Secretary' means the Secretary of Agriculture.

``(5) Task force.--The term `task force' means the Strategic

Planning Task Force established under section 4.

``SEC. 3. <<NOTE: 7 USC 390a.>> REVIEW PROCESS.

``(a) Submission to Secretary.--Each proposal for an agricultural research facility shall be submitted to the Secretary for review. The Secretary shall review the proposals in the order in which the proposals are received.

``(b) Application Process.--In consultation with the congressional agriculture committees, the Secretary shall establish an application process for the submission of proposals for agricultural research facilities.



``(c) Criteria for Approval.--

``(1) Determination by secretary.--With respect to each proposal for an agricultural research facility submitted under subsection (a), the Secretary shall determine whether the proposal meets the criteria set forth in paragraph (2).

``(2) Criteria.--A proposal for an agricultural research facility shall meet the following criteria:

certify  
share  
facility  
facility

``(A) Non-federal share.--The proposal shall the availability of at least a 50 percent non-Federal share of the cost of the facility. The non-Federal share shall be paid in cash and may include funding from private sources or from units of State or local government.

``(B) Nonduplication of facilities.--The proposal shall demonstrate how the agricultural research facility would be complementary to, and not duplicative of, facilities of colleges, universities, and nonprofit institutions, and facilities of the Agricultural Research Service, within the State and region.

``(C) National research priorities.--The proposal shall demonstrate how the agricultural research facility would serve--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1178]]

``(i) 1 or more of the national research policies and priorities set forth in section 1402 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3101); and

``(ii) regional needs.

``(D) Long-term support.--The proposal shall demonstrate that the recipient college, university, or nonprofit institution has the ability and commitment to support the long-term, ongoing operating costs of--

after

``(i) the agricultural research facility the facility is completed; and

``(ii) each program to be based at the facility.

``(d) Evaluation of Proposals.--Not later than 90 days after receiving a proposal under subsection (a), the Secretary shall--

``(1) evaluate and assess the merits of the proposal, including the extent to which the proposal meets the criteria set forth in subsection (c); and

``(2) <<NOTE: Reports.>> report to the congressional agriculture committees on the results of the evaluation and assessment.

``SEC. 4. <<NOTE: 7 USC 390b.>> TASK FORCE ON 10-YEAR STRATEGIC PLAN FOR AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH FACILITIES.

``(a) Establishment.--Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996, the Secretary shall establish a task force, to be known as the `Strategic Planning Task Force'. The task force shall be comprised of 15 members.

``(b) Composition.--The Secretary shall select the members of the task force from a list of individuals recommended by the Advisory Board established under section 1408 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3123). In submitting the list to the Secretary, the Board may recommend for selection individuals (including members of the Advisory Board) who have expertise in facilities development, modernization, construction, consolidation, and closure.

``(c) Duties.--The task force shall review all currently operating agricultural research facilities constructed in whole or in part with Federal funds, and all planned agricultural research facilities proposed to be constructed with Federal funds, pursuant to criteria established by the Secretary, to ensure that a comprehensive research capacity is maintained.

``(d) 10-Year Strategic Plan.--Not later than 2 years after the task force is established, the task force shall prepare and submit to the Secretary and the congressional agriculture committees a 10-year strategic plan, reflecting both national and regional perspectives, for development, modernization, construction, consolidation, and closure of Federal agricultural research facilities and agricultural research facilities proposed to be constructed with Federal funds.

``(e) Applicability of Federal Advisory Committee Act.--

``(1) Public meetings.--All meetings of the task force shall be publicly announced in advance and shall be open to the public. <<NOTE: Records.>> Detailed minutes of meetings and other appropriate records of the activities of the task force shall be kept and made available to the public on request.

``(2) Exemption.--The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) and title XVIII of the Food and Agriculture Act

[[Page 110 STAT. 1179]]

of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2281 et seq.) shall not apply to the task force.

``(f) Definition of Agricultural Research Facility.-- Notwithstanding section 2(1), in this section the term `agricultural research facility' means a facility for research in food and agricultural sciences.

``SEC. 5. <<NOTE: 7 USC 390c.>> APPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.

``The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) and title XVIII of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2281 et seq.) shall

not apply to a panel or board created solely for the purpose of reviewing applications or proposals submitted under this Act.

``SEC. 6. <<NOTE: 7 USC 390d.>> AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

``(a) In General.--Subject to subsection (b), there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary for fiscal years 1996 and 1997 for the study, plan, design, structure, and related costs of agricultural research facilities under this Act.

``(b) Allowable Administrative Costs.--Not more than 3 percent of the funds made available for any project for an agricultural research facility shall be available for administration of the project.''.

(b) <<NOTE: 7 USC 390 note.>> Application of Amendment.--The amendment made by subsection (a), other than section 4 of the Research Facilities Act (as amended by subsection (a)), shall not apply to any project for an agricultural research facility for which funds have been made available for a feasibility study or for any phase of the project prior to October 1, 1995.

(c) Authorization of Appropriations for Federal Facilities.--  
Section

1431 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1985 (Public Law 99-198; 99 Stat. 1556) is amended--

(1) in subsection (a)--

(A) by striking ``(a)''; and

(B) by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997'';

and

(2) by striking subsection (b).

(d) Conforming Amendment.--Section 1463(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3311(a)) is amended by striking ``1416,''.

SEC. 885. NATIONAL COMPETITIVE RESEARCH INITIATIVE.

(a) Authorization of Appropriations for Competitive Grants.--  
Subsection (b)(10) of the Competitive, Special, and Facilities Research Grant Act (7 U.S.C. 450i(b)(10)) is amended--

(1) by striking ``fiscal year 1995'' and inserting ``each  
of

fiscal years 1995 through 1997''; and

(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking ``20 percent'' and  
inserting ``40 percent''.

(b) Availability of Funds.--Subsection (b) of the Competitive, Special, and Facilities Research Grant Act (7 U.S.C. 450i(b)) is amended

by adding at the end the following:

``(11) Availability of Funds.--Funds made available under paragraph (10) shall be available for obligation for a 2-year period beginning on October 1 of the fiscal year for which the funds are made available.''.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1180]]

SEC. 886. RURAL DEVELOPMENT RESEARCH AND EDUCATION.

Section 502(a) of the Rural Development Act of 1972 (7 U.S.C. 2662(a)) is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following:

``The rural development extension programs shall also promote coordinated and integrated rural community initiatives that advance and empower capacity building through leadership development, entrepreneurship, business development and management training, and strategic planning to increase jobs, income, and quality of life in rural communities.''.

SEC. 887. DAIRY GOAT RESEARCH PROGRAM.

Section 1432(b)(5) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1981 (Public Law 97-98; 7 U.S.C. 3222 note) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``1997''.

SEC. 888. COMPETITIVE GRANTS FOR RESEARCH TO ERADICATE AND CONTROL BROWN

CITRUS APHID AND CITRUS TRISTEZA VIRUS.

Section 1672 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5925) (as amended by section 863) is amended by inserting before subsection (b) the following:

``(a) Brown Citrus Aphid and Citrus Tristeza Virus.--

``(1) Research grants authorized.--The Secretary of Agriculture may make competitive grants available to support research for the purpose of--

``(A) developing methods to eradicate the brown citrus aphid and the citrus tristeza virus from citrus crops grown in the United States; or

``(B) adapting citrus crops grown in the United States to the brown citrus aphid and the citrus

tristeza

virus.

``(2) Method of providing grants.--Grants authorized under this subsection shall be made in the same manner, and shall be subject to the same conditions, as provided for competitive grants under the Competitive, Special, and Facilities Research Grant Act (7 U.S.C. 450i).

authorized  
``(3) Authorization of appropriations.--There are

to be appropriated to carry out this subsection \$3,000,000 for fiscal year 1997.''.

SEC. 889. <<NOTE: Arkansas.>> STUTTGART NATIONAL AQUACULTURE RESEARCH CENTER.

(a) Transfer of Functions to Secretary of Agriculture.--

(1) Purpose.--The first section of Public Law 85-342 (16 U.S.C. 778) is amended--

(A) by striking ``Secretary of the Interior'' and all that follows through ``directed to'' and inserting ``Secretary of Agriculture shall'';

(B) by striking ``an experiment station or stations'' and inserting ``1 or more centers''; and

(C) in paragraph (5), by striking ``Department of

Agriculture'' and inserting ``Secretary of the Interior''.

(2) Authority.--Section 2 of Public Law 85-342 (16 U.S.C. 778a) is amended by striking `` , the Secretary'' and all that follows through ``authorized'' and inserting `` , the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized''.

(3) Assistance.--Section 3 of Public Law 85-342 (16 U.S.C. 778b) is amended--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1181]]

(A) by striking ``Secretary of the Interior'' and inserting ``Secretary of Agriculture''; and

(B) by striking ``Department of Agriculture'' and inserting ``Secretary of the Interior''.

(b) Transfer of Fish Farming Experimental Laboratory to Department of Agriculture.--

(1) Designation of stuttgart national aquaculture research center.--

(A) In general.--The Fish Farming Experimental Laboratory in Stuttgart, Arkansas (including the facilities in Kelso, Arkansas), shall be known and designated as the ``Stuttgart National Aquaculture Research Center''.

(B) References.--Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the laboratory referred to in subparagraph (A) shall be deemed to be a reference to the ``Stuttgart National Aquaculture Research Center''.

(2) Transfer of laboratory to department of agriculture.-- Subject to section 1531 of title 31, United States Code, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, there are transferred to the Department of Agriculture--

(A) the personnel employed in connection with the laboratory referred to in paragraph (1)(A);

(B) the assets, liabilities, contracts, and real

and

personal property of the laboratory;

(C) the records of the laboratory; and

(D) the unexpended balance of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds employed

in

connection with, held in connection with, arising from, available to, or to be made available in connection

with

the laboratory.

(3) Nonduplication of facilities.--The research center referred to in paragraph (1)(A) shall be complementary to, and not duplicative of, facilities of colleges, universities, and nonprofit institutions, and facilities of the Agricultural Research Service, within the State and region, as determined by the Administrator of the Service.

#### SEC. 890. EXPANSION OF AUTHORITIES RELATED TO NATIONAL ARBORETUM.

(a) Solicitation of Gifts, Benefits, and Devises.--The first

sentence of section 5 of the Act of March 4, 1927 (20 U.S.C. 195), is amended by inserting ``solicit,' after ``authorized to''.

(b) Concessions, Fees, and Voluntary Services.--The Act of March 4, 1927 (20 U.S.C. 191 et seq.), is amended by adding at the end the following:

``SEC. 6. <<NOTE: 20 USC 196.>> CONCESSIONS, FEES, AND VOLUNTARY SERVICES.

``(a) In General.--Notwithstanding the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 471 et seq.) and section 321 of the Act of June 30, 1932 (40 U.S.C. 303b), the Secretary of Agriculture, in furtherance of the mission of the National Arboretum, may--

``(1) negotiate agreements granting concessions at the National Arboretum to nonprofit scientific or educational organizations the interests of which are complementary to the mission of the National Arboretum, except that the net proceeds

[[Page 110 STAT. 1182]]

of the organizations from the concessions shall be used exclusively for research and educational work for the benefit of

the National Arboretum;

``(2) provide by concession, on such terms as the Secretary of Agriculture considers appropriate and necessary, for commercial services for food, drink, and nursery sales, if an agreement for a permanent concession under this paragraph is negotiated with a qualified person submitting a proposal after due consideration of all proposals received after the Secretary of Agriculture provides reasonable public notice of the intent of the Secretary to enter into such an agreement;

``(3) dispose of excess property, including excess plants and fish, in a manner designed to maximize revenue from any sale of the property, including by way of public auction, except

that this paragraph shall not apply to the free dissemination of new varieties of seeds and germ plasm in accordance with section

520 of the Revised Statutes (commonly known as the `Department of Agriculture Organic Act of 1862') (7 U.S.C. 2201);

``(4) charge such fees as the Secretary of Agriculture considers reasonable for temporary use by individuals or groups of National Arboretum facilities and grounds for any purpose consistent with the mission of the National Arboretum;

``(5) charge such fees as the Secretary of Agriculture considers reasonable for the use of the National Arboretum for commercial photography or cinematography;

``(6) publish, in print and electronically and without regard to laws relating to printing by the Federal Government, informational brochures, books, and other publications concerning the National Arboretum or the collections of the Arboretum; and

``(7) license use of the National Arboretum name and logo for public service or commercial uses.

``(b) Use of Funds.--Any funds received or collected by the Secretary of Agriculture as a result of activities described in subsection (a) shall be retained in a special fund in the Treasury for the use and benefit of the National Arboretum as the Secretary of Agriculture considers appropriate.

``(c) Acceptance of Voluntary Services.--The Secretary of Agriculture may accept the voluntary services of organizations described in subsection (a)(1), and the voluntary services of individuals (including employees of the National Arboretum), for the benefit of the National Arboretum.''.

SEC. 891. <<NOTE: Alabama.>> TRANSFER OF AQUACULTURAL RESEARCH CENTER.

(a) Transfer of Fish Culture Laboratory to Department of Agriculture.--

(1) Designation of Claude Harris National Aquacultural Research Center.--

(A) In general.--The Southeastern Fish Culture Laboratory in Marion, Alabama, shall be known and designated as the ``Claude Harris National Aquacultural Research Center''.

(B) References.--Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the laboratory referred to in subparagraph (A) shall

[[Page 110 STAT. 1183]]

be deemed to be a reference to the ``Claude Harris National Aquacultural Research Center''.

(2) Transfer of laboratory to department of agriculture.-- Subject to section 1531 of title 31, United States Code, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior may transfer, in whole or in part, to the Department of Agriculture, with the consent of the

Secretary

of Agriculture--

(A) the personnel employed in connection with the laboratory referred to in paragraph (1);

and (B) the assets, liabilities, contracts, and real personal property of the laboratory;

(C) the records of the laboratory; and

in (D) the unexpended balance of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds employed

with connection with, held in connection with, arising from, available to, or to be made available in connection

the laboratory.

(b) Nonduplication of Facilities.--The research center designated by subsection (a) shall be complementary to, and not duplicative of, facilities of colleges, universities, and nonprofit institutions, and

facilities of the Agricultural Research Service, within the State and region, as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture.

SEC. 892. <<NOTE: 7 USC 5935.>> USE OF REMOTE SENSING DATA AND OTHER DATA TO ANTICIPATE POTENTIAL FOOD, FEED, AND FIBER SHORTAGES

OR EXCESSES AND TO PROVIDE TIMELY INFORMATION TO ASSIST FARMERS WITH PLANTING DECISIONS.

(a) Findings.--Congress finds that--

(1) remote sensing data can be useful to predict impending famine problems and forest infestations in time to allow remedial action;

(2) remote sensing data can inform the agricultural community as to the condition of crops and the land that sustains those crops; and

(3) remote sensing data and other data can be valuable,

when

received on a timely basis, in determining the need for additional plantings of a particular crop or a substitute crop.

(b) Information Development.--The Secretary of Agriculture and the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, maximizing private funding and involvement, shall provide farmers and other interested persons with timely information, through remote sensing, on crop conditions, fertilization and irrigation needs, pest infiltration, soil conditions, projected food, feed, and fiber production, and any other information available through remote sensing.

(c) Coordination.--The Secretary of Agriculture and the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall

jointly develop a proposal to provide farmers and other prospective users with supply and demand information for food and fibers.

(d) Sunset.--The authorities provided by this section shall expire 5

years after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 893. SENSE OF SENATE REGARDING METHYL BROMIDE ALTERNATIVE RESEARCH AND EXTENSION ACTIVITIES.

It is the sense of the Senate that--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1184]]

(1) the Department of Agriculture should continue to make methyl bromide alternative research and extension activities a high priority of the Department; and

(2) the Department of Agriculture, the Environmental Protection Agency, producer and processor organizations, environmental organizations, and State agencies should continue their dialogue on the risks and benefits of extending the 2001 phaseout deadline.

Subtitle E--Research Authority After Fiscal Year 1997

SEC. 897. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.



Subject to section 898, there are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years 1998 through 2002 such sums as are necessary to carry out the agricultural research, extension, and education activities and initiatives of the Department of Agriculture.

SEC. 898. ACTIVITIES SUBJECT TO AVAILABILITY OF APPROPRIATIONS.

During each of fiscal years 1998 through 2002, the Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct only those agricultural research, extension, and education activities and initiatives of the Department of Agriculture for which funds are specifically provided for the fiscal year in an appropriation Act.

TITLE IX--MISCELLANEOUS

Subtitle A <<NOTE: 7 USC 1901 note.>> --Commercial Transportation of Equine for Slaughter

SEC. 901. FINDINGS.

Because of the unique and special needs of equine being transported to slaughter, Congress finds that it is appropriate for the Secretary of Agriculture to issue guidelines for the regulation of the commercial transportation of equine for slaughter by persons regularly engaged in that activity within the United States.

SEC. 902. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

(1) Commercial transportation.--The term ``commercial transportation'' means the regular operation for profit of a transport business that uses trucks, tractors, trailers, or semitrailers, or any combination thereof, propelled or drawn by mechanical power on any highway or public road.

(2) Equine for slaughter.--The term ``equine for slaughter'' means any member of the Equidae family being transferred to a slaughter facility, including an assembly point, feedlot, or stockyard.

(3) Person.--The term ``person''--

(A) means any individual, partnership, corporation, or cooperative association that regularly engages in

the commercial transportation of equine for slaughter; but

(B) does not include any individual or other entity referred to in subparagraph (A) that occasionally transports

[[Page 110 STAT. 1185]]

equine for slaughter incidental to the principal activity of the individual or other entity in production agriculture.

SEC. 903. REGULATION OF COMMERCIAL TRANSPORTATION OF EQUINE FOR

## SLAUGHTER.

(a) In General.--Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary of Agriculture may issue guidelines for the regulation of the commercial transportation of equine for slaughter by persons regularly engaged in that activity within the United States.

(b) Issues for Review.--In carrying out this section, the Secretary of Agriculture shall review the food, water, and rest provided to equine for slaughter in transit, the segregation of stallions from other equine during transit, and such other issues as the Secretary considers appropriate.

(c) Additional Authority.--In carrying out this section, the Secretary of Agriculture may--

(1) require any person to maintain such records and reports as the Secretary considers necessary;

(2) conduct such investigations and inspections as the Secretary considers necessary; and

(3) establish and enforce appropriate and effective civil penalties.

## SEC. 904. LIMITATION OF AUTHORITY TO EQUINE FOR SLAUGHTER.

Nothing in this subtitle authorizes the Secretary of Agriculture to regulate the routine or regular transportation, to slaughter or elsewhere, of--

(1) livestock other than equine; or

(2) poultry.

## SEC. 905. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This subtitle shall become effective on the first day of the first month that begins 30 days or more after the date of enactment of this Act.

## Subtitle B--General Provisions

## SEC. 911. INTERSTATE QUARANTINE.

The fourth sentence of section 8 of the Act of August 20, 1912 (7 U.S.C. 161), is amended by inserting after ``Provided, That'' the following: ``if the Secretary of Agriculture determines under this section that it is necessary to quarantine a State entirely comprised of islands, the Secretary of Agriculture, in implementing the restrictions authorized under this section, shall give consideration to enhancing passenger movement and commerce on and between islands in the State: Provided further, That''.

## SEC. 912. COTTON CLASSIFICATION SERVICES.

(a) Extension of Authorization.--The first sentence of section 3a of the Act of March 3, 1927 (commonly known as the ``Cotton Statistics and Estimates Act'') (7 U.S.C. 473a), is amended by striking ``1996'' and inserting ``2002''.

(b) <<NOTE: Missouri.>> Cotton Classing Office Locations.--Section 4 of the Act of March 3, 1927 (commonly known as the ``Cotton Statistics and Estimates Act'') (7 U.S.C. 474), is amended by adding at the end the following: ``The Secretary of Agriculture shall maintain

[[Page 110 STAT. 1186]]

until at least January 1, 1999, all cotton classing office locations in the State of Missouri that existed on January 1, 1996.''.

SEC. 913. PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT VARIETIES.

(a) In General.--Section 42(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Plant Variety Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 2402(a)(1)(B)(i)) is amended by inserting after ``filing'' the following: ``, except that in the case of a tuber propagated plant variety the Secretary may waive the 4-year limitation for a period ending 1 year after the date of enactment of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996''.

(b) Term of Protection.--Section 83(b) of the Plant Variety Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 2483(b)) is amended--

(1) by striking ``(b) The term'' and inserting the following:

``(b) Term.--

``(1) In general.--Except as provided in paragraph (2), the term'';

(2) in the second sentence, by striking ``If the certificate'' and inserting the following:

``(2) Exceptions.--If the certificate''; and

(3) in paragraph (2) (as so designated), by striking ``except that, in the case'' and inserting the following: ``except that--

``(A) in the case of a tuber propagated plant variety subject to a waiver granted under section 42(a)(1)(B)(i), the term of the plant variety

protection

shall expire 20 years after the date of the original grant of the plant breeder's rights to the variety outside the United States; and

``(B) in the case''.

SEC. 914. SWINE HEALTH PROTECTION.

(a) Termination of State Primary Enforcement Responsibility.--Section 10 of the Swine Health Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 3809) is amended--

(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and  
(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:

``(c) Request of State Official.--

``(1) In general.--On request of the Governor or other appropriate official of a State, the Secretary may terminate, effective as soon as the Secretary determines is practicable,

the primary enforcement responsibility of a State under subsection (a). In terminating the primary enforcement responsibility under this subsection, the Secretary shall work with the appropriate State official to determine the level of support to be provided to the Secretary by the State under this Act.

``(2) Reassumption.--Nothing in this subsection shall prevent a State from reassuming primary enforcement responsibility if the Secretary determines that the State meets the requirements of subsection (a).''.

(b) Advisory Committee.--The Swine Health Protection Act is amended--

(1) by striking section 11 (7 U.S.C. 3810); and  
(2) by redesignating sections 12, 13, and 14 (7 U.S.C. 3811, 3812, and 3813) as sections 11, 12, and 13, respectively.

[[Page 110 STAT. 1187]]

SEC. 915. DESIGNATION OF MOUNT PLEASANT NATIONAL SCENIC AREA.

Sections 1, 2, and 3(a)(1) of the George Washington National Forest Mount Pleasant Scenic Area Act (Public Law 103-314; 16 U.S.C. 545 note) are each amended by striking ``George Washington National Forest Mount Pleasant Scenic Area'' and inserting ``Mount Pleasant National Scenic Area''.

SEC. 916. PSEUDORABIES ERADICATION PROGRAM.

Section 2506(d) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (21 U.S.C. 114i(d)) is amended by striking ``1995'' and inserting ``2002''.

SEC. 917. COLLECTION AND USE OF AGRICULTURAL QUARANTINE AND INSPECTION FEES.

Section 2509 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (21 U.S.C. 136a) is amended by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:

``(a) Quarantine and Inspection Fees.--

``(1) Fees authorized.--The Secretary of Agriculture may prescribe and collect fees sufficient--

``(A) to cover the cost of providing agricultural quarantine and inspection services in connection with the arrival at a port in the customs territory of the United States, or the preclearance or preinspection at

a

site outside the customs territory of the United

States,

of an international passenger, commercial vessel, commercial aircraft, commercial truck, or railroad car;

``(B) to cover the cost of administering this subsection; and

``(C) through fiscal year 2002, to maintain a reasonable balance in the Agricultural Quarantine Inspection User Fee Account established under paragraph

(5).

respect  
to passengers as a class includes the costs of related inspections of the aircraft or other vehicle.

such  
manner and at such times as the Secretary may prescribe.

title  
31, United States Code.

-  
` `(5) Agricultural quarantine inspection user fee account.-

the  
` `(A) Establishment.--There is established in the Treasury of the United States a fund, to be known as

this  
` `Agricultural Quarantine Inspection User Fee Account', which shall contain all of the fees collected under

[[Page 110 STAT. 1188]]

subsection and late payment penalties and interest charges collected under paragraph (4) through fiscal year 2002.

1996  
` `(B) Use of account.--For each of fiscal years

through 2002, funds in the Agricultural Quarantine Inspection User Fee Account shall be available, in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriations Acts, to cover the costs associated with the provision of agricultural quarantine and inspection services and the administration of this subsection. Amounts made available under this subparagraph shall be available until expended.

collected  
` `(C) Excess fees.--Fees and other amounts

under this subsection in any of fiscal years 1996 through 2002 in excess of \$100,000,000 shall be available for the purposes specified in subparagraph

(B)  
until expended, without further appropriation.

and  
` `(6) Use of amounts collected after fiscal year 2002.--After September 30, 2002, the unobligated balance in the Agricultural Quarantine Inspection User Fee Account and fees

other amounts collected under this subsection shall be credited to the Department of Agriculture accounts that incur the costs

associated with the provision of agricultural quarantine and inspection services and the administration of this subsection. The fees and other amounts shall remain available to the Secretary until expended without fiscal year limitation.

and `` (7) Staff years.--The number of full-time equivalent positions in the Department of Agriculture attributable to the provision of agricultural quarantine and inspection services

the administration of this subsection shall not be counted toward the limitation on the total number of full-time equivalent positions in all agencies specified in section 5(b) of the Federal Workforce Restructuring Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-226; 5 U.S.C. 3101 note) or other limitation on the total number of full-time equivalent positions.''.

SEC. 918. MEAT AND POULTRY INSPECTION.

(a) Establishment of Safe Meat and Poultry Inspection Panel.--

(1) In general.--The Federal Meat Inspection Act is amended--

(A) by redesignating section 410 (21 U.S.C. 680) as section 411; and

(B) by inserting after section 409 (21 U.S.C. 679) the following:

``SEC. 410. <<NOTE: 21 USC 679a.>> SAFE MEAT AND POULTRY INSPECTION PANEL.

``(a) Establishment.--There is established in the Department of Agriculture a permanent advisory panel to be known as the `Safe Meat and Poultry Inspection Panel' (referred to in this section as the `panel').

``(b) Duties.--

``(1) Review and evaluation.--The panel shall review and evaluate, as the panel considers necessary, the adequacy, necessity, safety, cost-effectiveness, and scientific merit of-

``(A) inspection procedures of, and work rules and worker relations involving Federal employees employed in, plants inspected under this Act;

[[Page 110 STAT. 1189]]

in ``(B) informal petitions or proposals for changes

inspection procedures, processes, and techniques of plants inspected under this Act;

``(C) formal changes in meat inspection regulations promulgated under this Act, whether in notice,

proposed,

or final form; and

``(D) such other matters as may be referred to the panel by the Secretary regarding the quality or effectiveness of a safe and cost-effective meat inspection system under this Act.

``(2) Reports.--

``(A) In general.--The panel shall submit to the

Secretary a report on the results of each review and evaluation carried out under paragraph (1), including such recommendations as the panel considers appropriate.

``(B) Reports on formal changes.--In the case of a report concerning a formal change in meat inspection regulations, the report shall be made within the time limits prescribed for formal comments on such changes.

``(C) Publication in federal register.--Each report of the panel to the Secretary shall be published in the Federal Register.

``(c) <<NOTE: Federal Register, publication.>> Secretarial Response.--Not later than 90 days after the publication of a panel report under subsection (b)(2)(C), the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register any response required of the Secretary to the report.

``(d) Composition of Panel.--The panel shall be composed of 7 members, not fewer than 5 of whom shall be from the food science, meat science, or poultry science profession, appointed to staggered terms not to exceed 3 years by the Secretary from nominations received from the National Institutes of Health and the Federation of American Societies of Food Animal Science and based on the professional qualifications of the nominees.

``(e) Nominations.--

``(1) Initial panel.--In constituting the initial panel, the

Secretary shall solicit 6 nominees from the National Institutes of Health and 6 nominees from the Federation of American Societies of Food Animal Science for membership on the panel.

``(2) Vacancies.--Any subsequent vacancy on the panel shall be filled by the Secretary after soliciting 2 nominees from the National Institutes of Health and 2 nominees from the Federation of American Societies of Food Animal Science.

``(3) Requirements for nominees.--

``(A) In general.--Each nominee provided under paragraph (1) or (2) shall have a background in public health issues and a scientific expertise in food, meat, or poultry science or in veterinary science.

``(B) Submission of information.--The Secretary may require nominees to submit such information as the Secretary considers necessary prior to completing the selection process.

``(4) Additional nominees.--If any list of nominees provided

under paragraph (1) or (2) is unsatisfactory to the Secretary, the Secretary may request the nominating entities to submit an additional list of nominees.

``(f) Travel Expenses.--While away from the home or regular place of business of a member of the panel in the performance

of services for the panel, the member shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at the same rate as a person employed intermittently in the Government service would be allowed under

section 5703 of title 5, United States Code.

``(g) <<NOTE: Regulations.>> Conflicts of Interest.--The Secretary shall promulgate regulations regarding conflicts of interest with respect to the members of the panel.

``(h) Exemption.--The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) and title XVIII of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2281 et seq.) shall not apply to the panel.

``(i) Funding.--From funds available to the Secretary to carry out this Act and the Poultry Products Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 451 et seq.), the Secretary shall allocate such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.''.  
(2) Cross reference in poultry products inspection act.--

The

Poultry Products Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 451 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``SEC. 30. <<NOTE: 21 USC 471.>> SAFE MEAT AND POULTRY INSPECTION PANEL.

``(a) Review and Evaluation.--The advisory panel known as the 'Safe Meat and Poultry Inspection Panel' established by section 410 of the Federal Meat Inspection Act shall review and evaluate, as the panel considers necessary, the adequacy, necessity, safety, cost-effectiveness, and scientific merit of--

``(1) inspection procedures of, and work rules and worker relations involving Federal employees employed in, plants inspected under this Act;

``(2) informal petitions or proposals for changes in inspection procedures, processes, and techniques of plants inspected under this Act;

``(3) formal changes in poultry inspection regulations promulgated under this Act, whether in notice, proposed, or final form; and

``(4) such other matters as may be referred to the panel by the Secretary regarding the quality or effectiveness of a safe and cost-effective poultry inspection system under this Act.

``(b) Reports.--

``(1) In general.--The Safe Meat and Poultry Inspection Panel shall submit to the Secretary a report on the results of each review and evaluation carried out under paragraph (1), including such recommendations as the panel considers appropriate.

``(2) Reports on formal changes.--In the case of a report concerning a formal change in poultry inspection regulations, the report shall be made within the time limits prescribed for formal comments on such changes.''.  
(b) Interstate Shipment of State-Inspected Meat and Poultry.--Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit to Congress recommendations



concerning the steps necessary to achieve interstate shipment of--  
    (1) meat inspected under a State meat inspection program  
    developed and administered under section 301 of the Federal  
Meat  
    Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 661); and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1191]]

    (2) poultry inspected under a State poultry product  
inspection program developed and administered under section 5  
of  
    the Poultry Products Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 454).

SEC. 919. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2260a.>> REIMBURSABLE AGREEMENTS.

(a) In General.--The Secretary of Agriculture (referred to in this  
section as the ``Secretary'') may enter into reimbursable fee  
agreements  
with persons for preclearance at locations outside the United States of  
plants, plant products, animals, and articles for movement into the  
United States.

(b) Overtime, Night, and Holiday Work.--Notwithstanding any other  
provision of law, the Secretary may pay an employee of the Department  
of  
Agriculture performing services relating to imports into and exports  
from the United States for overtime, night, and holiday work performed  
by the employee at a rate of pay established by the Secretary.

(c) Reimbursement.--

(1) In general.--The Secretary may require persons for whom  
preclearance services are performed to reimburse the Secretary  
for any amounts paid by the Secretary for performance of the  
services.

(2) Crediting of funds.--All funds collected under  
paragraph

(1) shall be credited to the account that incurs the costs and  
shall remain available until expended without fiscal year  
limitation.

(3) Late payment penalty.--

(A) In general.--On failure of a person to  
reimburse

the Secretary for the costs of performance of  
preclearance services--

(i) the Secretary may assess a late payment  
penalty; and

(ii) the overdue funds shall accrue interest  
in accordance with section 3717 of title 31,  
United States Code.

(B) Crediting of funds.--Any late payment penalty  
and any accrued interest collected under this paragraph  
shall be credited to the account that incurs the costs  
and shall remain available until expended without  
fiscal  
year limitation.

SEC. 920. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2262a.>> OVERSEAS TORT CLAIMS.

(a) In General.--The Secretary of Agriculture may pay a tort claim

in the manner authorized by section 2672 of title 28, United States Code, if the claim arises outside the United States in connection with activities of individuals who are performing services for the Secretary.

(b) Period for Presentation of Claim.--A claim may not be allowed under this section unless the claim is presented in writing to the Secretary of Agriculture within 2 years after the date on which the claim accrues.

(c) Finality.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an award or denial of a claim by the Secretary of Agriculture under this section is final.

SEC. 921. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2279b.>> OPERATION OF GRADUATE SCHOOL OF DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AS NONAPPROPRIATED FUND INSTRUMENTALITY.

(a) Definitions.--In this section:

[[Page 110 STAT. 1192]]

(1) Graduate school.--The term ``Graduate School'' means the

Graduate School of the Department of Agriculture.

(2) Board.--The term ``Board'' means the General Administration Board of the Graduate School.

(3) Director.--The term ``Director'' means the Director of the Graduate School.

(4) Secretary.--The term ``Secretary'' means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(b) Operation as Nonappropriated Fund Instrumentality.--On and after the date of enactment of this Act, the Graduate School of the Department

of Agriculture shall continue to operate as a nonappropriated fund instrumentality of the United States under the jurisdiction of the Department of Agriculture.

(c) Activities of Graduate School.--Under the general supervision of the Secretary, the Graduate School shall develop, administer, and provide educational, training, and professional development activities, including educational activities for Federal agencies, Federal employees, nonprofit organizations, other entities, and members of the general public.

(d) Fees and Donations.--

(1) Collection of fees.--The Graduate School may charge and retain fair and reasonable fees for the activities provided by the Graduate School. The amount of the fees shall be based on the cost of the activities to the Graduate School.

(2) Acceptance of donations.--

(A) Acceptance and use authorized.--The Graduate School may accept, use, hold, dispose, and administer gifts, bequests, and devises of money, securities, and other real or personal property made for the benefit

of,

or in connection with, the Graduate School.

accept (B) Exception.--The Graduate School shall not a donation from a person that is actively engaged in a procurement activity with the Graduate School or has an interest that may be substantially affected by the performance or nonperformance of an official duty of a member of the Board or an employee of the Graduate School.

considered (3) Not federal funds.--Fees collected under paragraph (1) and amounts received under paragraph (2) shall not be to be Federal funds and shall not be required to be deposited in the Treasury of the United States.

(e) General Administration Board and Director.--

to (1) Appointment as governing board.--The Secretary shall appoint a General Administration Board to serve as a governing board for the Graduate School and to supervise and direct the activities of the Graduate School. The Board shall be subject regulation by the Secretary.

(2) Duties of board.--The Board shall--

by (A) formulate broad policies in accordance with which the Graduate School shall be administered; (B) take all steps necessary to ensure that the highest possible educational standards are maintained

the Graduate School;

(C) exercise general supervision over the administration of the Graduate School; and

(D) establish such bylaws, rules, and procedures as may be necessary for the fulfillment of the duties described in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C).

[[Page 110 STAT. 1193]]

(3) Appointment of director and other officers.--The Board shall select a Director and such other officers as the Board considers necessary to administer the Graduate School. The Director and other officers shall serve on such terms and perform such duties as the Board may prescribe.

(4) Duties of director.--The Director shall be responsible, subject to the supervision and direction of the Board, for carrying out the functions of the Graduate School.

(5) Borrowing and investment authority.--The Board may authorize the Director--

(A) to borrow money on the credit of the Graduate School; and

(B) to invest funds held in excess of the current operating requirements of the Graduate School for purposes of maintaining a reasonable reserve.

(6) Liability.--The Director and the members of the Board shall not be held personally liable for any loss or damage that may accrue to the funds of the Graduate School as the result of any act or exercise of discretion performed in carrying out their duties under this section.

(f) Employees.--Employees of the Graduate School are employees of a nonappropriated fund instrumentality and shall not be considered to be Federal employees.

(g) Not a Federal Agency.--The Graduate School shall not be considered to be a Federal agency for purposes of--

- (1) the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.);
- (2) section 552 or 552a of title 5, United States Code; or
- (3) chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code.

(h) Acquisition and Disposal of Property.--In order to carry out the activities of the Graduate School, the Graduate School may--

- (1) acquire real property in the District of Columbia and in other places by lease, purchase, or otherwise;
- (2) maintain, enlarge, or remodel any such property;
- (3) have sole control of any such property; and
- (4) dispose of real and personal property without regard to the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 471 et seq.).

(i) Contract Authority.--The Graduate School may enter into contracts without regard to the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 471 et seq.) or any other law that prescribes procedures for the procurement of property or services by an executive agency.

(j) Use of Department Facilities and Resources.--The Graduate School may use the facilities and resources of the Department of Agriculture, on the condition that any costs incurred by the Department that are attributable solely to Graduate School operations and all costs incurred by the Graduate School arising out of such operations shall be paid using funds of the Graduate School. Federal funds may not be used to pay the costs.

SEC. 922. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2279c.>> STUDENT INTERNSHIP PROGRAMS.

(a) Student Intern Subsistence Program.--

- (1) Definition of student intern.--In this subsection, the term ``student intern'' means a person who--

[[Page 110 STAT. 1194]]

(A) is employed by the Department of Agriculture (referred to in this section as the ``Department'') to assist scientific, professional, administrative, or technical employees of the Department; and

(B) is a student in good standing at an institution of higher education (as defined in section 1201 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1141)) pursuing a course of study related to the field in which the person is employed by the Department.

- (2) Payment of certain expenses by the secretary.--The

Secretary of Agriculture (referred to in this section as the ``Secretary'') may, out of user fee funds or funds appropriated to any agency of the Department, pay for lodging expenses, subsistence expenses, and transportation expenses of a student intern at the agency (including expenses of transportation to and from the student intern's residence at or near the institution of higher education attended by the student intern and the official duty station at which the student intern is employed).

(b) Cooperation With Associations of Colleges and Universities.--

(1) Authority to cooperate.--Notwithstanding chapter 63 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary may enter into cooperative agreements on an annual basis with 1 or more associations of institutions of higher education (as defined in section 1201 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1141)) for the purpose of providing for Department participation

in internship programs for graduate and undergraduate students who are selected by the associations from students attending member institutions of the associations and other institutions of higher education.

(2) Internship program.--An internship program supported under this subsection (referred to in this subsection as an ``internship program'') shall provide work assignments for students within the Department and such other activities as the association that enters into the cooperative agreement under paragraph (1) with respect to the internship program (referred to in this subsection as the ``cooperating association'') and the Secretary shall determine. The nature of Department participation in an internship program shall be developed jointly by the Secretary and the cooperating association.

(3) Program coordination.--The cooperating association shall coordinate an internship program, including--

- (A) the recruitment of students;
- (B) arrangements for travel of the students to Washington, District of Columbia, and to agency field locations;
- (C) the provision of housing for students, if required; and
- (D) all activities for the students that take place outside the Department work assignments of the

students.

(4) Number and selection of students.--

(A) Number.--A cooperative agreement entered into under paragraph (1) shall specify the number of students

that the Department will host each year and a list of work assignments to be provided for the students.

(B) Selection.--The cooperating association shall provide the Department with a pool of student candidates

meeting the requirements for each work assignment

identified by the Secretary. Final selection of the students for Department internship positions shall be made by the Secretary.

(5) Cost reimbursement.--From such amounts as the Secretary determines are available each fiscal year for internship programs, and subject to such regulations as the Secretary may issue, the Secretary may reimburse a cooperating association for the Department share of all direct and indirect costs of an internship program, including student stipends, transportation costs to the internship site, and other costs of an internship program.

(6) Lead agency.--The Secretary may designate a lead agency within the Department to carry out this subsection.

(7) Interagency agreements.--Agencies and offices within the Department other than the lead agency--

(A) may enter into interagency agreements with the lead agency to provide work assignments for students participating in an internship program; and

(B) shall reimburse the lead agency for the direct and indirect costs of each student assigned to the agency under an internship program.

(8) Federal employee status.--A student who participates in an internship program shall not be considered a Federal employee, except for purposes of chapter 81 of title 5, and chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code.

SEC. 923. <<NOTE: 7 USC 2206a.>> CONVEYANCE OF EXCESS FEDERAL PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture may--

(1) convey title to excess Federal personal property owned by the Department of Agriculture, with or without monetary compensation and for such purposes as are determined by the Secretary, to--

(A) any of the 1994 Institutions (as defined in section 532 of the Equity in Educational Land-Grant Status Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-382; 7 U.S.C. 301 note));

(B) any Hispanic-serving institution (as defined in section 316(b) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b))); and

(C) any college or university eligible to receive funds under the Act of August 30, 1890 (7 U.S.C. 321 et seq.), including Tuskegee University; and

(2) acquire from, exchange with, or dispose of personal property to other Federal departments and agencies without monetary compensation in furtherance of the purposes of this section.

SEC. 924. <<NOTE: Arkansas.>> CONVEYANCE OF LAND TO WHITE OAK CEMETERY.

(a) In General.--

(1) Release of interest.--After execution of the agreement

described in subsection (b), the Secretary of Agriculture shall release the condition stated in the deed on the land described in subsection (c) that the land be used for public purposes, and that if the land is not so used, that the land revert to the United States. The release shall be on the condition that the land be used exclusively for cemetery purposes,

[[Page 110 STAT. 1196]]

and that if the land is not so used, that the land revert to the United States.

(2) Bankhead-jones farm tenant act.--Section 32(c) of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (7 U.S.C. 1011(c)) shall not apply to the release under paragraph (1).

(b) Agreement.--The Secretary of Agriculture shall make the release under subsection (a) on execution by the Board of Trustees of the University of Arkansas, in consideration of the release, of an agreement, satisfactory to the Secretary of Agriculture, that--

(1) the Board of Trustees will not sell, lease, exchange, or

otherwise dispose of the land described in subsection (c) except

to the White Oak Cemetery Association of Washington County, Arkansas, or a successor organization, for exclusive use for an expansion of the cemetery maintained by the Association or successor organization; and

(2) the proceeds of such a disposition of the land will be deposited and held in an account open to inspection by the Secretary of Agriculture, and used, if withdrawn from the account, for public purposes.

(c) Land Description.--The land described in this subsection is the land conveyed to the Board of Trustees of the University of Arkansas, with certain other land, by deed dated November 18, 1953, comprising approximately 2.2 acres located within property of the University of Arkansas in Washington County, Arkansas, commonly known as the ``Savor property'' and described as follows:

The part of Section 20, Township 17 north, range 31 west, beginning at the north corner of the White Oak Cemetery and the University of Arkansas Agricultural Experiment Station farm at Washington County road #874, running west approximately 330 feet, thence south approximately 135 feet, thence southeast approximately 384 feet, thence north approximately 330 feet to the point of beginning.

#### SEC. 925. SALE OF LAND BY THE UNIVERSITY OF ARKANSAS.

The Act of March 2, 1887 (commonly known as the ``Hatch Act of 1887'') (7 U.S.C. 361a et seq.) shall not apply to the sale by the University of Arkansas of the approximately 103.52 acres of land in Washington County, Arkansas, owned by the University and commonly known as the ``Walker Tract'', if the sale is made on the condition that all of the proceeds of the sale are used for agricultural research facilities and programs of the University of Arkansas.

SEC. 926. <<NOTE: Arkansas.>> DESIGNATION OF DALE BUMPERS SMALL FARMS RESEARCH CENTER.

(a) In General.--The small farms research facility of the Agricultural Research Service located near Booneville, Arkansas, shall be known and designated as the ``Dale Bumpers Small Farms Research Center''.

(b) References.--Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the research facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the ``Dale Bumpers Small Farms Research Center''.

SEC. 927. <<NOTE: Maryland.>> DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WASHINGTON AREA STRATEGIC SPACE PLAN.

The Secretary of Agriculture may obligate not more than \$5,000,000, from funds appropriated for agriculture buildings and

[[Page 110 STAT. 1197]]

facilities and rental payments, for the improvement of State and local roads relating to the construction of an office complex at the Beltsville Agriculture Research Center, Maryland, as part of the implementation of the Department of Agriculture Washington Area Strategic Space Plan.

SEC. 928. <<NOTE: 7 USC 7201 note.>> SEVERABILITY.

If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be given effect without regard to the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.

Approved April 4, 1996.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY--H.R. 2854 (S. 1541):

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HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 104-462, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Agriculture) and 104-494 (Comm. of Conference).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 142 (1996):

Jan. 31, Feb. 1, 6, 7, S. 1541 considered and passed Senate.

Feb. 28, 29, H.R. 2854 considered and passed House.

Mar. 12, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1541.

Mar. 27, Senate considered conference report.

Mar. 28, Senate and House agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 32 (1996):

Apr. 4, Presidential statement.

<all>



