COMPANY-COMMUNITY CONTRACTS FOR FOREST PRODUCTION IN SICHUAN: EXAMPLES AND LESSONS FROM EXPERIENCE 公司+农户经营:四川案例研究

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Introduction

1. History of company-community contracts

- After 1978, China shifted from a centrally planned economy to a market-oriented economy
- Before 1982, the only tenure arrangement was collective management
- After 1982, various forest tenure arrangements emerged, yielding company-community contracts

- Company-community contracts were a way for small-scale farmers to enter the market economy
- Reforestation schemes like the Yangtse Shelterbelt program and World Bank programs made room for companycommunity forest agreements

2. Company-Community Forestry Contracts in Sichuan

Evolution

- 1982 mid 1990s: emphasis on plantations
- after mid 1990s: expansion into processing and marketing

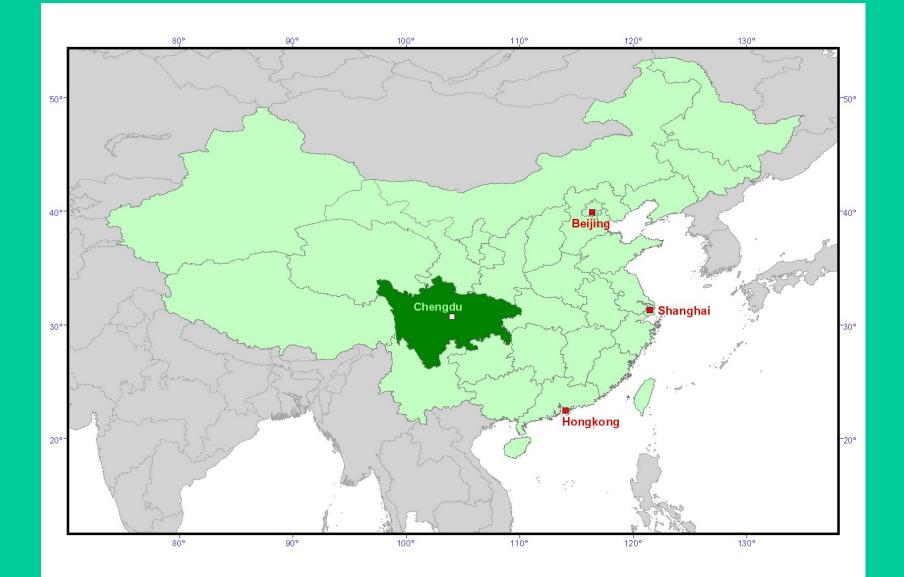
Major Types of Agreements

- Company + farmer association/village + households
- Company + middle agencies + households
- Company + production base + households
- Company + households

Project Purpose

- Reviews company-community contracts in China
- Describes Plantation Timber Product Groups' (PTP) out-grower scheme in Sichuan Province
- Reviews advantages, disadvantages and risks from a community perspective
- Makes recommendations for improvement to industry and policymakers

Sichuan Province



Forests and forestry industry in Leshan

- Forest coverage: 48.56 %, greater than national level (total area 12,826 km² forest area 6228 km²)
- Plantation stocking: 13.705 million m³, highest in Sichuan Province
- Forest industry: timber, paper, chemical and foodstuff

PTP Group + community forest contracts

- Plantation Timber Products Group is based in Shanghai
- PTP Leshan: Sino-foreign joint venture, set up in 1993
- At the time, largest foreign investment project in manufacturing of medium density fiberboard in China



Relationship between PTP and households Households Administrative village Leshan Huashong Farmer cooperation/ **Forest Company** association (middle agency) Provided 90% of PTP's PTP timber need

Quantity of Agreements

- 130,000 households have agreements with PTP
- percentage of total households: 16.25%

Roles of Stakeholders

<u>Government</u>

- Provide stable timber supply to PTP through control of harvest quota
- Bridge PTP and communities
- Mobilize farmers to plant trees
- Improve forest sector in its contribution to local economy and environment

Households

- Farmers are interested in being involved in agreements
- Less participation and a weak voice in the formation of the agreements

PTP

- Provide financial and technical support to farmers in their plantations
- Produce high quality products for domestic and international markets

PTP's contribution to the local economy

- Tax payment: 25 million RMB, which accounts for 5% of Leshan's fiscal budget
- Development of industry

Note: US\$1 = 8.28 RMB

PTP Contribution to farmers' livelihoods

- Total income to farmers: 60 million RMB (US\$ 7.2 million)
- 117 Yuan (US\$ 14.1) per farmer, accounting for 5% of per capita income

PTP contribution to forestation

 National Forestation Model City Award in 2004 (the only city in Sichuan, one of nine cities in the whole country)

Conclusion

- Company-community agreements play an important role in farmers' livelihood improvement and forest development
- Government-driven agreements may not set up mutually beneficial partnerships for stakeholders
- Informal agreements are not risk-free for both farmers and PTP

World Natural and Historical Heritage Site

thanks

